PERISH WHEN SHIP BURNS Terrible Scenes Follow Fire on

HUNDRED OR MORE

Board Steamer off the Island of Malta.

CAPTAIN CREMATED AT HELM

Majority of Those Dead Are Arab Pilgrims - Survivor Tells Story of Disaster.

The number of workers is two hun-dred and forty. The explosion occurred at 10:55 o'clock Saturday. The cause is not definitely known, but it is believed that a pocket of gas was struck by a miner, inducing the explosion. The explosion came just as a big force of men were completing the connection between the two 500-foot shafts of the mine. One of these shafts was intended as the fan or gir shaft, but the fans were not working, the shaft being filed with heavy tim-ber. The connection of the two shafts was practically the last thing to be done before starting mining opera-tions. Valetta Island of Malta.-A terrible Valetta Island of Målta.—A terrible disaster, fi which more than 100 per-sons lost their lives, occurred at the entrance to this port on the morning of November 25, within sight of the whole population of the city who were powerless to give aid. The British steamer Sardinia of the Ellerman-line, from Liverpool for Alexandria, with a crew of 44 Englishmen, 11 first and six second-cabin pilgrims aboard, caught fire and with a few minutes was a roaring furnace. Safety lay only in the sea, for no one could save himself except by jumping overboard and taking chances of being picked up. Assistance was

The first intimation that a catastro The first initiation that a catastro-phe impended was a deep rumbling and trembling of the earth. Almost at the same instant tons of debris shot from the mouths of the two deep shafts and as the walls of the shafts crumbled, filling the deep holes and being covered with tons of dislodged earth, those on the surface realized that their fellow-workers were en-tombed with but little hope that they could be reached in time to save their lives. jumping overboard and taking chances of being picked up. Assistance was hurried to the burning vessel from the warships in the harbor and from shore, but the work of rescue was greatly impeded by the strong tide that was running. Even the naval launches were unable to go along side. Among the Arabs there was a panic that could not be controlled. Many of them were too terrified to jump and they were burned to death. Others were drowned. casting themselves into the waves lives. Rescue work began as soon as pos-sible. One man was found alive and by midnight Sunday 138 bodies -had been found.

they were burned to death. Others were drowned. The crew behaved with admirable courage, serving our life preservers to the last and working the pumps. When the pumps became useless, Cap-tain Charles Little, commander of the Sardinia, took the helm and directed his ship towards the shore so long as it could be navigated. He perished at his post. First Officer Frank Wat-son, all three engineers, Seagraves, Hislop and Neell, 18 of the ship's company and two first-class passen-gers, one of them a boy named Grant, are missing.

Fifty or more bodies have been re covered and 70 persons rescued. impossible at present to say just ow nany were drowned or burned death, because the list of Arab pilgrims is incomplete, but the num will doubtiess far exceed 100. After the vessel refused to obey her helm, she drifted around three times and

the vessel related to three times and finally was beached broadside on the rocks at the mouth of the harbor. The British Vice Admiral, Sir As-sheton, Curzon-Howe and Admiral Fisher directed the rescuing boa's, which did gallant work in saving those who were yet alive and bringing the bodies of the dead ashore. Cap-tain Little's body, which was terribly multitated, was landed in the after-noon in the presence of great crowds, who stood uncovered. The other bodies were also mutilated and burn-ed. The injured are being cared for in hospitals. One of the rescued passengers gave a graphic account of the disaster.

ANARCHY IN HAITI

Wholesale Butcheries by Both Sides Privately Reported.

New Orleans.—Private cable ad vices from Port-au-Prince say the cen-sored dispatches from Halli give only a faint idea of the reign of terror now existing on that island. Anarchy reigns throughout Halti; the country is literally running with blood and foreigners are making frantic appeals to their government for protection. French and German representatives are said to have cabled their govern-ments for ships. Wholesale executions are in pro-gress, both by the Government forces and the revolutionists. Persons sus-pected of sympathy with the insur-gents are being summarily shot by order of President Nord Alexis. The same course is being followed by the revolutionists, who have control of the southern portion of the republic. Every person in that section who sympathies with the government is prompily put to death when his sym-pathies become known to General S¹¹. It is the general ophion in fst. Thomas that intervention by the United States is necessary to protect life and property in Hauit. WRECKED BY CYCLONE

GUILTY OF ARSON KILLS HUNDREDS Sentenced to Prison for Burning Terrible Loss of Life in Works of House of Mrs. Gunness Pittsburg-Buffalo Company. Monongahela, Pa. — An explosion took place in the Marianna mine of the Pittsburg-Buffalo Company in Washington county in which all the men in mine except one were killed. NEW TRIAL WILL BE ASKED FOR

MINE EXPLOSION

but the highest estimate is two hun

Some Members of the Jury Held Out men in mine except one were killed The number of workmen is not known for Murder in the First Degree.

LAMPHERE FOUND

La Porte, Ind.-Ray Lamphere charged with arson and the murder of Mrs. Belle Gunness and her three children by setting fire to the Gun-ness house April 28, was wound guilty

ness nouse April 28, was wound guilty of arson by the jury, which had the case under consideration for 24 hours. Within five minutes after the ver-dict was reported Judge Richter sen-tenced the defendant to the State pen-tication of With Chief and itentiary at Michigan City for an in determinate term of from two to 21 years. He will be taken to Michigan to 21

dict was reported Jugge Richter sen-tenced the defendant to the State pen-itentiary at Michigan City for an in-determinate term of from two to 21 years. He will be taken to Michigan City to begin his sentence. Previous to the handing of the ver-dict to Judge Richter Foreman Hill said he wished to make a statement to the court, but Judge Richter in-formed him he could not hear any statement until after the verdict had been received and read. After it had been received and read. After it had been received and read. After it had been received and read. After of the jury Judge Richter bade Lamphere to stand up. The prisoner's face looked haggard and his eyes were downcast. He held his hands before him as if his wrists wre still shackled and then, just as the church bells of the city were ringing out, Judge Richter a sked him if he had any reason to state why sentence should not be pronounced. He replied slowly but distinctly: "I have none." "Attorney Worden, for the defense said a motion for a new trial would be made, and should it be refused an appeal to the Indiana Supreme Court would follow. Mr. Worden declared the verdict to be ridiculous. "If he was guilty at all," said the attorney, "he was guilty of murder. He should have been acquitted." The motion for a new trial will be based on the Court's instruction, tell-ing the jurors they could find Lamp-here guilty of arson under the indict-ment. Should the verdict be re-versed in any way the State will like-ly try Lamphere on one of the other indictments against him. But for two jurors Lamphere would have been found guilty of murder, it he first degree with a life sen-tence. So far as could be learned none was for hanging. Lamphere said he is confident the dead body in the fire twas that of Mrs. Gunness, although his counsel had tried to prove otherwise. He reliter-ated his innocence of setting fire to the house, though admitting he was on the road and saw the fire that night. He also declared he did not see Mrs. Gunness kill Andrew Helge-lein." Theve NATION'S WILL ACT TOGETHER

Will Respect Each Other's Posses-sions, Maintain Open Door by Peaceful Means. Washington, D. C.—Despite official reficence information from reliable sources has been obtained of an agreement between the United States and Janan covering the policy of the and Japan, covering the policy of the two countries in the Pacific. The agreement is based upon the idea of encouraging and defending

idea of encouraging and defending free and peaceful commercial develop ment in the Pacific. It contains no

The agreement has been drawn up

Five Articles in Agreement The agreement has been drawn up in the form of a declaration and con-sists of five articles, of which the following is an accurate and faithful description: night. He also declared he did not see Mrs. Gunness kill Andrew Helge

lein. "I have no complaint to make

Steamer Sinks.

New York. — Fog, the heaviest known for years, which has paralyzed traffic in the New York harbor for four days, caused the loss of four lives when the Panama Railroads steamer Finance, bound for Colon with 85 pas-sengers on board, was sunk in colli-sion with the White Star freight stamer Georgic in the main ship channel off Sandy Hook. William Todd, the third assistant engineer, was partially overcome by the fumes, and, staggering to the rail, threw himself overboard. He was

NO JAPANESE TREATY Secretary Root Declares None Has Been Signed and None Is Contemplated.

Washington.—Secretary Root de-nied that a treaty has been signed by the United States and Japan regard-ing the protection of the principle of Chances independence and the regula-tion of immigration between the two countries, as stated by the Hawaii Shinpo in a recent issue, and he added that no such freaty was in contempla-tion.

tion. The report of the signing of o treaty regarding Chinese independ-ence probably had its basis in the publications respecting diplomatic ex-changes with Japan on the proposed re-statement of the position of both the United States and Japan regard-ing China. As for immunity

ing China. As for immigration question, the present understanding with Japan is working satisfactorily in keeping down Japanese immigration.

IOWA'S NEW SENATOR

Governor Cummins Will Fill Vacancy Caused by William B. Allison's Death.

Des Moines, Ia.—By a strict vote of 109 to 35, Governor Albert B. Cum-mins was elected United States Senator to full the vocancy by the death of Senator William B. Allison, whose terin would have expired on March 4, 1909. The joint session of the Legis-lature quietly fulfilled the mandate of the recent primary vote. The Democratic minority voted solidly for Claude Porter

Democratic minority total Claude Porter. Following the election of Governor Cummins to the Senate, he resigned the Governorship, and Lleutenant Governor Garst was installed as Gov-ernor for the remainder of Governor Cummins' term, which will end Jan-

STOLE FOR SEVENTEEN YEARS

Friends Fail to Save Chicago Letter-Thief, Superintendent of Sun-day School.

Chicago.—The most servere sen-tence ever given by the Federal court in Chicago to a létter thief was meted out to Robert F. Palmer. Palmer, who was president of the City Letter Carriers' Association of Illinois, and superintendent of a Sunday school at Joliet. Ill., admitted that he had been pilfering money from letters intrust-ed to him during the last 17 years. He pleaded guilty and despite pleas for leniency by a banker, two State senators and other prominent friends, he was sentenced to serve three and one-half years in the house of correc-tion.

MAN SHOULD LIVE 150 YEARS

Prof. Metchninoff Will Devote His

Noble Prize Money to Furthering Longevity.

Taris.—Prof Metchnikoff, the fam-ous sub-director of the Pasteur insti-tue, who will receive half the Nolle prize this year for medico-physiolog-ical research, said that he will devote the sum, \$19,000, to further study of means to promote longevity. The old savant believes, in spite of all discouragement, that men ought to live "at least 150 years" under ideal conditions, as that is the normal per-iod of the body's power of resistance. He says that if, through discoveries, power effectively to fight certain in-testinal germs can be secured, this dream will be realized.

Uncle Joe and the Tariff.

Uncle Joe and the Tariff. Washington.—Declaring that there will be an honest revision of the tariff and that there is no present need of "fretting" about the selection of a speaker for the House in the Sixty-first Congress, Speaker Cannon arriv-ed here from his home in Illinois for the approaching session of Congress. He added to the newspaper men who greeted him that he believed that the people would get the sort of tariff re-vision that they voted for.

Catholics Demand Liberty.

Catholics Demand Liberty. London.—The House of Commons by a vote of 255 to 48, agreed to the first reading of the bill introduced by William Redmond to remove the ex-isting Catholic disabilities, including the prohibition of street processions, and to abolish the anti-Catholic clause in the oath taken by the sovereign. This bill has practically no chance of further consideration during the pres-ent session.

TWO COLORED MEN MEET SWIFT JUSTICE

Hastily Instituted Court Passes the Sentence Wanted.

TROOPS ARRIVE TOO LATE

Governor Was Advised of Situation and Ordered Militia to Proceed at Once to Scene.

Union City, Tenn. — Tiptonville, bordering on Reelfoot lake, which recently has been the scene of many stirring incidents, witnessed the "le-galized" lynching of three negroes who were arrested for murdering on Saturday Special Deputy Sheriff Rich-ard Burruss and wounding John Hall, a deputy sheriff. The execution of the negroes was given a semblance of legality by a hurried "trial" arranged with the un-derstanding that the men would be condemned to death as soon as the "trial" was over.

green

condemned to death as soon as the "trial" was over. The negroes lynched were Mar-shall, Edward and James Stineback. These brothers created a disturbance at a religious meeting near Tipton-ville Saturday night. When Officers. Burruss and Hall attempted to arrest them, the negroes shot the officers. Tuesday morning they were surround-ed and captured in a swamp near Ridgely. The negroes, covered by a hundred guns, were quickly placed in jail at Tiptonville. The negroes, when arrested, had two guns but were out of ammunition. Soon the jail was surrounded by a mob which had no hesitancy in threatening a lynching in broad day-light.

threatening a lynching in broad day-light. J. L. Burnette, a lawyer, begged the mob to let the law take its course, promising that full justice would be done the three black men. This met with a long growl of disapproval, and Mr. Burnette, seeing that his remarks were of no avail, pleaded with the men if they were determined to lynch the negrees, to wait until nightfall. Taylor Hall, a brother of the wound-ed deputy sherift, seconded Mr. Bur-nette. The mob, however, was rest-less and it was apparent that delay would not be brooked. As a last resort, S. J. Caldwell and Sheriff Haynes went before Justice Lee Davis and explained the situation, Justice Davis at once agreed to "open court" at 5 o'clock, "summon a jury" and allow the negroes, after "all avail-able evidence" was heard, to be "duly sentenced to death."

Meantime, Governor Patterson was advised by telephone of the situation and he ordered a company of militia to proceed from Union City with all haste to Tipfonville, seize the three negroes and conduct them to a place of safety. The troops started at once, but failed to arrive in time to prevent the lunghing

once, but failed to arrive in time to prevent the lynching. At the "trial" all the evidence of those who had seen the killing was heard, and in an incredibly short time the "case" was given to the "jury." which in a few minutes "re-turned a verdict of guilty," and "fa-ed the penalty at death." The "sentence" had barely been passed on the three negroes when the mob, with a wild whoop, swarmed into the court room, seized the pris-oners, rushed them to a large tree near the edge of the town and "duly executed the sentence of death" by hanging them, firing volley after vol-ley into the eart as the bodies were drawn up from the earth.

FLOOD DROWNS MANY

Thousands of Houses in Costa Rica Destroyed—Rain Pours for Thirty Days.

San Francisco, Cal.—According to C. C. Smith, a mining engineer who returned from South America, floods of a terrife nature have done great damage in the interior of Costa Rica, compelling many mines to suspend operations. Smith tells of a storm during which the rain poured down continuous fa-

the rain poured down continuously for 30 days, washing out railroads and completely altering the appearance of the country. Thousands of native houses were destroyed and many natives killed. the

PRAYING FOR TARIFF

NEW COUNTERFEITS FOUND "Indian Head" \$5 Silver Certificates

Closely Resemble Genuine.

Washington.—Chief Wilkie, of the ecret service, announced that a new conterfeit \$5 silver certificate (Indian ead) has been detected in circulacounterfeit \$5 sliver certificate (Indian head) has been detected in circula-tion, having first made its appearance in Providence, R: I. The counterfeit note purports to be one of those au-thorized by the act of August 4, 1886, series of 1899, check letter D, face plate number 2, back plate number 666, with portrait of Onepapa. The officials declare it is a dan-gerous photo-mechanical production printed on one piece of heavy bond paper, but a defect in the plate gives the Indian chef a cross-cyced expres-sion:

the indian chief a cross-cycel expres-sion. The back of the note is a very de-ceptive piece of work, and except for being lighter in color, appears much like the genuine. A new counterfeit \$5 United States note also has been discovered. It purports to be one authorized by the act of March 3, 1863, series of 1907, with a portrait of Jackson, check let-ter D, number A524176. This pro-duction is a straight photograph with the seal and denominational design on the face of the note touched up with color and the back painted a muddy green.

HOW CONGRESS STANDS

Republicans Lost 10 Votes on the Full Number.

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The Republicans in the lower house of congress will lose 10 votes on full roll call at the next term. 'Now the majority is 57; then it will be 47. The full number of congressmen now is 389; next congress it will be 391, consisting of 219 Republicans and 172 Democrats. This is a net loss of four Republicans and a net gain of six Democrats. In the 4ast election the Democrats galned 17 districts and the Republicans 12. The most Re-publicans slaughter was over in In-diana, where before, there were eight Republicans and three Democrats; now there are two of the former and 11 of the latter. Colorado changed to netirely—from three Republicans to three Democrats. The most in-teresting Republicans gains were in North Carolina, where three were elected, and in Oklahoma which transferred two from the Democratic to the Republican column. The Republicans in the lower house

BRYAN CAMPAIGN FUND

Report Says It Was \$620,000 and There Was \$1,000 Over.

Chicago.—The Democratic National Committee received in all §620,544.77, and spent \$619,410.06 during the re-cent Presidential campaign, leaving a balance in hand of \$1,234.71. So reads a statement made public by the officers of the committee, and the itemized statement will be filed for record in the office of the Secretary of State of New York in compliance with the resloution adopted by the national committee at Lincoln, Neb., in July. in July.

Rockefeller Is Modest.

Rockefeller is Modest. New York.—Credit for the creation of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey was given by John D. Rocke-feller, as a witness under cross-exam-ination in the federal suit to dissolve the Standard, to two men.—Henry M. Flagler and Samuel C. T. Todd. Mr. Rockefeller gives them full credit, saying he was sure it was not himself as he did not possess the ability for so progressive a move. While under cross-examination Mr. Rockefeller was questioned closely re-garding rebates which the Standard the exception of the agreement with the exception of the agreement with the exception of the agreement with Rockefeller could not recall any other rebates, though he thought it was like by that he might have heard of it at the time.

Weman Operated in Chicago.

Woman Operated in Chicago. Denver, Col.—Through the medium of a photograph and her handwriting on the hotel register of the Auditorium Annex in Chicago, Mrs. Allen F. Read, who attempted to blackmail Mrs. Genevieve Pithps for \$20,000, has been positively identified as the woman who went under the name of Alice Cheney Brown and procured Thom a brokerage firm in Chicago on

description: The first article gives expression to the wish of the two governments to encourage the free and peaceful de-velopment of their commerce in the Pacific "I have no complaint to make about the verdict," said Lamphere. "Things looked pletty blue, but the verdict might have been worse." All the members of the jury made the following signed statement: "We, the undersigned jurors, here-by say that it was our judgment in the sonsideration of this case that the ault body found in the ruins of the fire was that of Belle Gunness, and that the case was decided by us on an entirely different proposition." The second is a mutual disclaimer The second is a mutual discialmer of any aggressive design, and con-tains also a definition of the policy of each government, both as directed to the maintenance of the existing status quo n the Pacific and the de-fense of the principle of equal op-portunity for commerce and industry in China.

FOUR LIVES LOST

Heavy Fog Causes Collision and One

Sweeps Through Wisconsin Town. Damage Estimated at \$150,000.

Philippine Coasting Steamer Comes to Grief in a Storm. Bodies Float Ashore.

Stevens Point, Wis.—A cyclone which passed through this city killed one man, made 20 families homeless, partially wrecked the plants of the Polish Brewing Company, the Coye Furniture Manufacturing Company and the Joerns Manufacturing Com-pany, unroofed more than 25 houses and leveled almost two score of barns. The damage is estimated at fi150,000. The path of the storm was about 175 feet wide along the Wisconsin river. It followed a day which had been unusually warm for the season of the year. It had rained intermit-tently during the evening hours and

Float Ashore. Manila.—The coasting steamer Ponting, carrying a large number of laborers from Narvacan to the rice fields in Pangasinan province, struck a rock and sank during a storm off the town of San Fernando in Union province. It is estimated that 100 of the pas-sengers and crew were drowned. The steamer Viscaya rescued 55. A patrc' of constabulary, which was established immediately after the ac-cident, picked up 15 bodies and many were coming ashore. It is not known whether any Ameri-cans or Europeans were aboard the wrecked steamer. of the year. It had rained intermit-tently during the evening hours and

the atmospheric conditions had given rise to apprehension to many people.

Pacific.

\$3.000 Is Secured by Bank Robbers.

Immigration Fund Short.

El Dodaro, Kan. — Robbers blew the vault of the State bank of Towanda. a town near here and secured \$3,000. The men escaped on a hand-car going toward Wichita. Posses are in pur-Washington.—Congress will face a deficit in the immigration fund by rea son of the extraordinary expenditures by the immigration commission, which

by the immigration commission, which has been carrying on its work under an indefinite appropriation. The fund already has been overdrawn and the shortage will amount, its said, to about \$160,000. Immigration com-missioners at the principal ports of the United States are being hampered seriously in the conduct of the regular business of their stations, it is assert-ed, on account of the money shortage. Washington.—Argentina took action which the officials of the State depart-ment here believe will bring about a crisis in the rlations between that re-public and Brazil. Her senate passed a bill appropriating \$55,000,000 for naval armament.

threw himself overboard. He was not again seen. Three passengers also are missing. They are Miss Irene Campbell of Colon, Henry Mull-ner, a conductor on the Panama **Rei**l-road, and Policeman Rhineland of the Canal Zone police.

100 DROWN WHEN SHIP HITS ROCK

VICTIM OF BLACK HAND

Wealthy Italian Murdered After Receiving Theatening Letters.

Salvatore Baldona, a wealthy Italian grocer, was found murdered on a side-walk near his home in Chestnut Hill, a suburb. His head had been crush-ed and he had been shot twice. Sev-eral arrests have been made. Baldona recently received a num-ber of threatening letters demanding money and the police believe he was the victim of a Black 'Hand plot. He was returning from a visit to his mother when attacked. It is be was returning from a visit to his mother when attacked. It is be-lieved he was followed from the city and killed on his refusal to accede to the demands contained in the letters.

Gavley's Resignation Accepted.

New York.—The resignation Accepted. New York.—The resignation of James Gayley as vice president and director of the United States Steel Corporation was accepted by the board of directors of the corporation. Al-fred Clifford of St. Louis was elected a director to succeed Mr. Gayley.

Hartzelie, Ala.—The home of Tom Richardson, at Woodland Mills, 17 miles east of here ,was burned to the ground at night, and Richardson's wife, mother and three children were burned to death.

Persian Shah Backs Down

Persian Shah Backs Down. Teheran, Persia.—The Shah already has repented of his proclamation, 're-fusing to revive the constitution. He sent out urgent orders to withdraw this proclamation from circulation and to destroy all copies of it, which was done. This sudden change of front is attributed here to vigorous repre-sentations by the British and Russian legations.

Mound Builders' Bones Found.

East St. Louis, Ill.—Human bones believed to be those of 16 mound builders were found in East St. Louis builders were found in East St. Louis by workmen digging an excavation. Despite efforts to keep the bones to-gether most of them were carried away by persons living nearby. In the bottom of the chief's tomb were found five pottery bowls, two fint ar-row heads and stone hatchet.

Cannon Favors Revision.

Cannon Favors Revision. Chicago.—Joseph G. Cannon, speak er of the House of Representatives while in Chicago en route to Wash ington, placed himself on record in favor of a revision of the tariff in ac cordance with the promise of the Re cordance with the promise of the publican party platform.

Berlin .--- Various chambers of cor Bernin.—Various chambers of com-merce in Germany are petitioning the Imperial Secretary of Posts to estab-lish in the interests of trade a 2-cent postal rate between Germany and the

for Duty on Zinc.

for Duty on Zinc. Joplin, Mo.—The Rev. Dean C. Dut. ton of Webb City and the Rev. C. M. Davenport of Joplin, both in the Union Thanksgiving services held by the churches in the two towns peti-tioned the Almighty to grant a tariff on zinc and to direct the actions of the representatives of the minings of the representatives of the minings of this region before the ways and means committee at Washington. Several ministers in the smaller towns in this region also made this petition part of their prayers. November 2, \$20,000 worth of bonds. Post Office Report. Washington.—In his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1908. Postmaster General Meyer gives the total receipts for the year as \$191,478.-531,386, thereby showing a deficit of \$16,873,222.74, the largest in the his tory of the department, with an addi-tional loss from fire, burglary, etc.. of \$37,056. The deficit of 1909 fit is estimated agah. will exceed \$16,000.-00.

Can Get Drinks on Boat.

Can Get Drinks on Boat. Ripley.—Thirsty citizens in dry counties along the Ohio river are now afforded relief by a newly started line of boats. The large gasoline boat Kitty Southgate has been chartered and licensed to ply between Cincinna-ti and Rome, a hamlet on the Ohio river in Adams county. She is load-ed with whisky and beer. Drinks con he obtained on board. ed with whisky and beer. can be obtained on board.

Mr. Bryan Shies at Jaguar

Mr. Bryan Shies at Jaguar. Monterey, Mex.-William J. Bryan has balked on the proposition of go-ing on a jaguar hunt in the mountains southeast of Monterey. The tenta-tive plans which had been made for this character of entertainment for him have been abandoned and we will confine his sport to duck shooting confine his sport to duck while in Mexico.

Missouri Clergymen Send Up Petition for Duty on Zinc.

Austrians Are Denounced. Rome.—About 20,000 people gather-ed in a mass meeting held for the purpose of expressing disapproval of the atitude of Austria. Three depu-ties delivered violent speeches, de-nouncing the Austrian policy. After the meeting rioters attempted to nouncing the Austrian poner, the meeting rioters attempted to storm the Austrian embassy, but were prevented by troops, who are guard ing all the territory near the embassy

Balloon Travels 250 Miles.

Republicans Gain in Tennessee.

Berlin.—An official census of Berlin and its suburbs shows that there are in this territory 40,124 persons with-out employment. Nashville, Tenn.—Tennessee's of-ficial vote in the recent national elec-tion follows. For President, Bryan, 135,630; Taft, 118,287; Watson, 1,081; Debs, 1,878; Hisgen, 332; Chafin, 360.