

CHILDREN KILLED IN RUSH

Sixteen Dead and Many Injured in English Town.

THE SCENE WAS TERRIBLE

Cries of the Injured and Moans of the Dying Caused Intense Excitement.

Sixteen children were trampled to death and 40 others, several of whom cannot live, were injured in a mad rush for better seats at an entertainment given in the public hall at Barnsley, Eng., January 11.

There was a great crush to secure admittance to the entertainment, and when the show opened every seat was taken and the gallery was literally packed with children, who filled the aisles and were dangerously massed against the lower railing. With a view to relieving this crowding in the gallery the attendants decided to transfer some of the children to the body of the house, and one of the ushers called out:

"Some of you children come downstairs."

Immediately the rush started, and within a few seconds hundreds of children were being trampled under foot. Even those who had seats in the gallery, doubtless being panic-stricken by the screams and struggles of the crowds fighting to reach the staircase, joined in the stampede.

The scene was terrible, the cries of the injured and moans of the dying causing the greatest excitement among those gathered in the body of the hall of the staircase, which were literally strewn with dead and dying, and by the most desperate efforts managed to drag scores of the children to the corridors below.

BLACKHAND WORK

Attempt to Kill Italian Who Did Not Heed Threats.

"Black Hand" operators dynamited the home of George Satarano in the rear of 812 West Diamond street, Norridgewood, Pittsburgh, at 11:30 at night, demolishing part of the building and nearly killing Satarano, his wife and two children. Satarano's back window and kitchen were shattered.

What appeared to be a dynamite bomb was also found in the street near the Satarano home. This will be experimented upon by Detective Peter Angelo today. Angelo was notified shortly after the explosion and he and many detectives and policemen searched for the dynamite, but no arrest was made.

Satarano has been receiving black hand letters for several months, threatening to blow up his home if he did not forfeit \$2,000. All the letters were written with red ink in Italian, bore rude sketches of crosses and daggers and described horrible deaths the writers were selecting for their victims.

A literal translation of one of the letters, dated July 17, 1907, follows: "You know we have a big company. If you don't do what we ask, we will make sausage out of you. If you don't send the money, your house and family will be blown up. We did not forget yet you have to pay \$2,000. You had better not lose any more money. We will kill you, all right. We have been giving you good time for the money. If you do not send it, it will be the worse for you."

ABYSSINIANS DESTROY TOWN

Italian Government Orders Red Sea Fleet to Protect Cities on the Coast.

Rome.—News has been received here of serious trouble in Italian Somaliland, on the east coast of Africa, which has resulted in pitched battles between the Italian forces there and the Abyssinians.

A raid was made by 2,000 Abyssinians near Lugh, the furthestmost Italian station in the interior, the Abyssinians robbing, killing and imprisoning many of the merchants, and destroying the town after killing the defenders.

It is believed here that the Italian government is concealing a severe reverse in order to prepare the public for graver news.

The Italian government has ordered the squadron now in the Red Sea to proceed to the coast of Somaliland in order to protect the towns along the coast, as the entire territory is garrisoned by not more than 2,000 natives, under the command of Italian officers.

RIDGELY IS HOPEFUL

Business Bound to Revive, But It Must Be Given Time.

Chicago.—Comptroller of the Currency W. B. Ridgely, who passed a few hours in Chicago, en route to Springfield, Ill., his former home, said that so far as the banks of the country are concerned conditions today are almost normal.

"The financial crisis has been passed successfully," he said, "and it has only served to demonstrate the general strength and soundness of the banking institutions. The situation has cleared, and business is bound to revive, though we must give it time to come back naturally to its former high-water mark."

NEW U. S. STEEL LINE

Corporation Has Taken Over the Wisconsin Central Road.

Washington.—Word reached Washington that the United States Steel Corporation has bought the Wisconsin Central Railroad, which will give it a direct all-rail route from the Mesabi range to Chicago and its big new plant at Gary, Ill.

It is reported that as a result of this purchase President Bradford will retire and former President Whitcomb will be reinstated.

CARTER'S CLAIM DENIED

Judge Kohlsaat Decides Convicted Officer Has No Right to Securities.

Chicago.—Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States circuit court, rendered a decision in favor of the government in the suit against Captain Oberlin M. Carter, former United States Army engineer, charged with having defrauded the federal government to the extent of \$700,000, through conspiracy with Contractors Greene and Gaynor.

The court ruled that Carter was not entitled to the \$400,000 in unregistered railroad bonds and other securities traced by the government to safety deposit vaults and banks in various parts of the country.

Under the decision, the government will retain these securities and the famous case, which resulted in the conviction of Captain Carter and of Greene and Gaynor, and the imposing penitentiary sentences, is brought to a close.

Funds of Captain Carter, which the government claims were proceeds of Carter's collusion with Greene and Gaynor, are tied up by suits pending in the federal courts of New York, Georgia, New Jersey, West Virginia, Illinois and Indiana.

By agreement, all of these suits were consolidated and tried before Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States circuit court, in Chicago, about a year ago.

It is the claim of Carter that the funds in question were given him by his father-in-law, the late Robert F. Westcott of New York.

The case grew out of the construction of certain river and harbor improvements on the coast of Georgia. The government prosecutors contended that the army officer and the contractor defrauded the government in the sum of \$2,225,000, and that one-third of this amount, or about \$750,000, went to Captain Carter.

Special Assistant to the United States Attorney General Marion Erwin was assigned to the prosecution of the cases, and after several years' work, \$400,000, invested by Carter in various states, was traced and seized.

VERDICT SET ASIDE

Suit Should Have Been Against Ramsey Syndicate, It Says Instead of Goulds.

New York.—The appellate division of the supreme court set aside a verdict for \$460,000 obtained against George J. Gould and others, by John S. Jones, an Ohio coal operator.

S. Jones, according to the complaint, was employed by Gould, William E. Guy and Joseph Ramsey, Jr., who composed the "Little Kanawha syndicate," to acquire coal lands in Ohio for the corporation. He was to advance the necessary funds, which were to be returned to him, together with his expenses and a commission.

The plaintiff provided funds to the amount of \$37,000, incorporated a company to which the lands were conveyed and presented a claim for \$90,000 for expenses.

The syndicate, however, declined to take over the property and Jones brought suit. He secured a verdict, which was set aside today, on the ground that the action should have been brought against the syndicate as a whole and not against the men as individuals.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY

Father Tired of Life and Thinks Death Preferable for Blind Son.

Ravenna, O.—Edwin Collier, Sr., took his eight-year-old blind son, Edwin, to his wife's grave, in Ravenna cemetery some time at night, shot him fatally and then put a bullet through his own body, near the heart.

When the bodies were found the little boy's corpse was frozen stiff. Both of the father's feet are frozen and he was unconscious from cold and loss of blood.

A letter found near the scene of the tragedy and said to be in Collier's hand-writing reads:

"Dear friends: This is a terrible thing to do, but I am tired of life and I know God will forgive me. It seems as if there has been nothing but trouble for me ever since the day I was born.

"I can't stand it to see my poor little Edwin go through this hard world without his sight, and the doctors have told me they can do nothing for him.

"Besides I am so lonesome for my wife—my poor little Flo. So good-bye to all. What money is left from my insurance, it is my wish that Mrs. Ramsey shall have; also my personal belongings. Bury me beside my darling wife and my darling mother."

Neighbors declare Collier has been dazed since the death of his wife six months ago. He continually talked about her and brooded over the blind boy's condition, which he had spent much money to relieve.

Memorial to General Custer.

Bronxville, N. Y.—In order to perpetuate the memory of her husband, General Custer, who was massacred by Indians at Little Fort in 1876, Mrs. Elizabeth Custer has purchased 16 lots in Bronxville, Westchester county, on which she will build a large house as a permanent home for elderly literary women.

Vesuvius Continues to Belch.

Mount Vesuvius continues to throw out ashes and incandescent matter from its chief crater, the cone of which, formed by the last eruption, collapsed recently, the earth's trembling being felt for long distances.

Shoot Negroes to Death.

Hawkinsville, Ga.—Two negro farm hands who made a murderous assault on Mr. and Mrs. Martin Livingston at their home in Goldsboro, this county, were captured by a posse and shot to death. Livingston was struck on the head with a hatchet and his wife's throat was cut.

Think Army Safer Than Mine.

Columbus, O.—Large numbers of miners from Monongah and Jacob Creek are entering in the army here. They say life in the army is safer than in the mines.

GRAFT TRIALS ANNULLED

Former Mayor and Boss of San Francisco Held Innocent.

EXTORTION CASES ENDED

Decision Causes Great Consternation Among Reform Element in Golden Gate City.

San Francisco.—The district court of appeals handed down a decision setting aside the judgment in the case of former Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz, convicted of extortion in the French restaurant case.

Abe Ruef also benefits by the ruling, for, according to its decision, he pleaded guilty to an act that was no offense against the laws of the state.

According to the appellate judges the compelling of French restaurateurs to pay "fees" to Abe Ruef was not a crime, even though Ruef divided the "fees" with the mayor.

The decision wipes out the French restaurant cases and pending charges of extortion against Schmitz and Ruef must be dismissed. Both are now entitled to release on bail. If they obtain the necessary bondsmen they can remain at liberty until such time as a jury finds them guilty on one of the indictments charging them with receiving bribes from corporations.

Owing to the number of cases against them, the bail, figured at \$10,000 a case, would reach an enormous figure.

Schmitz and Ruef cannot take advantage of the decision for 60 days. The prosecution has 20 days in which to ask for a rehearing. Then the appellate court will have 10 days to consider the application. When that is done the prosecution will go through the same procedure in the supreme court, which will take the same length of time. Consequently, Schmitz and Ruef will still be kept in the county jail for two months at least.

The news of the decision caused consternation in some quarters and delight in others. District Attorney Langdon said Schmitz and Ruef will be prosecuted on other indictments that are public offenses.

NEGRO LYNCHED BY NEGROES

Disappointed Audience Secure Revenge by Killing the Only Actor.

Charlotte, N. C.—News has just reached this city of a most unusual lynching at Pine Level, N. C. A negro showman was the victim and negroes the participants.

The lynched showman arrived at Pine Level and advertised a show. All the negroes in the surrounding country turned out to suffer bitter disappointment, there being only one performer in the show.

After the first performance the showman, whose name is unknown, attempted a second.

On Monday night, after the second show, a mob of negroes gathered, masked in sacks, and went to the boarding house where the showman and his wife were staying, took them out and lynched the showman. The woman escaped.

Tuesday morning the mangled body of the negro was found on the Southern railway tracks near Pine Level and later the coroner's jury announced that the negro had come to his death before being placed on the tracks.

All the negroes in the Pine Level section refuse to talk and few details are obtainable.

BIG YEAR FOR HARD COAL

Tonnage of 1907 Exceeds That of 1906 Many Million Tons.

The anthracite coal tonnage for the calendar year of 1907, was the greatest year in the history of the hard coal trade. For the 12 months from January 1 to December 31, 1907, the railroads which transport anthracite moved 67,109,393 tons of that commodity.

This exceeds the tonnage of 1906 by more than 11,000,000 tons, as the total for that year was 56,089,595 tons. These figures are for the hard coal of the various sizes actually hauled.

Of the great total of 67,109,393 tons for 1907, the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad leads with a haulage of 14,018,795 tons, against 11,258,295 tons in 1906.

SAND BEACH BLOWN INTO SEA

Strip of Land Hundred Yards Long Has Been Missing Since Tuesday's Storm.

Norfolk, Va.—Confirmation was received over the weather bureau's telegraph wires that a stretch of beach, 300 feet long at Oregon Inlet, N. C., was washed away during the storm of January 7, carrying with it the land end of the government cable to Hatteras station.

It is not believed that a landslide occurred, but that the off-shore hurricane forced the tide out further than usual, and blew the sand off the beach into the sea. Reports are to the effect that the storm was the severest that has swept Hatteras in a generation.

The largest caravan of pilgrims for Mecca starts from Constantinople and generally comprises about 40,000 persons.

Virginia Monument for Gettysburg, Richmond, Va.—The General Assembly of Virginia organized January 8, Governor Swanson, in his message, urges that an appropriation be made to erect a suitable monument on the battlefield of Gettysburg "to commemorate the glory and the heroism of the Virginia troops that participated in that engagement."

Pledges not to wear the plumage of any birds other than crows have been signed by women representing 13 organizations in the Federation of Women's Clubs.

SCORES SPOILS SYSTEM

President Wants Competitive Examinations for Census Appointments.

Washington.—In a message to the house of representatives President Roosevelt urged that in preparing for the work of taking the next census the 4,000 or more additional employees needed be appointed only after competitive examination under the rules of the civil service commission, and strongly denounced the "patronage system" of making the appointments, saying that the civil service commission was fully capable of securing a most efficient force.

The non-competitive examinations used in selecting the force at Washington of the last two censuses, the President said, served only as a "cloak to hide the nakedness of the spoils system." Such examinations, he declared, were useless as checks upon patronage appointments.

"The taint of the spoils system," he added, "will not merely hamper and delay the economical and efficient taking of the census, but will impair the belief of the public in its honesty."

BIG STEAMER LANDS

Vessel Supposed to Have Been Lost Reaches Port.

Queenstown.—The long overdue steamer Mount Royal steamed slowly into Queenstown January 7, and the news of her safety was received with gladness in shipping circles. She had not been heard from in many days, having been last reported off the Lizard, December 10, and watch was being kept for her on both sides of the Atlantic and as far south as Bermuda.

The Mount Royal belongs to the Canadian Pacific railway's Atlantic service. She left Antwerp, December 7, for St. John, N. B. She had on board 300 Hungarian emigrants and a crew of about 100 men. Trouble with her boilers was the reason the Mount Royal had to put back. She battled with the heavy weather for the fortnight, until Christmas eve, when serious trouble with her boilers developed. The steamer was then in longitude 24.50, west and latitude 43, north.

NEW LIABILITY BILL

Senator Knox Offers Measure to Remedy Defects of Bates Law.

Washington.—Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, who has taken much interest in the litigation growing out of the employers' liability act, which was declared unconstitutional by the supreme court of the United States, introduced a bill, which is intended to remedy the defects in the present law.

The bill is so drawn as to make it applicable only to corporations engaged in such commerce as congress has the undoubted right to control and to employes of such corporations engaged exclusively in interstate commerce.

The existing law is so broad as to cover all transportation between states, but Mr. Knox's bill so modifies it as to limit its operations to common carriers which are operated by steam or similar motive power.

NO LIQUOR BY MAIL

New Postoffice Order Aids the Cause of Prohibition.

Washington, D. C.—Postmaster General Meyer has issued an order which has a direct bearing upon the prohibition movement. The order is as follows:

"It is hereby ordered that it shall be a condition of any contract hereafter entered into for carrying the mails upon state green wagon, mail messenger or special service route that the contractor or carrier shall not transport intoxicating liquor from one point to another upon such route while in the performance of mail service."

The order becomes effective at once in many sections of the country where it is necessary to install new and supplementary service.

Attorney General Bonaparte today directed the various United States Attorneys to investigate suits against railroad companies to recover penalties for violation of the safety appliance law.

300 BURNED TO DEATH

Film of Moving Picture Machine Starts Blaze at Wedding Feast in Restaurant.

Mail advices received from South China tell of a terrible fire at Canton, where 300 lives were lost in the burning of a restaurant.

A Chinese recently returned to Canton from California with a cinematograph machine, and at a wedding feast in the Chol Chan restaurant gave an exhibition of moving pictures.

Several hundred Chinese crowded into the place out of curiosity and packed it tightly. The film took fire. There was a panic and the burning building collapsed.

Fairbanks Has Indiana.

Republican district conventions which will select 13 members of the new state central committee were held in all the counties January 10. No effort was made in any county to contest with the Fairbanks managers their right to have committeemen in sympathy with the vice president's candidacy.

Noted Astronomer Dead.

Hanover, N. H.—Charles Augustus Young, one of the foremost astronomers in the United States, is dead of pneumonia at his home here. He had been living in Hanover since his retirement from the position of professor of astronomy at Princeton university about a year ago.

Incendiarists Attack Village.

Three Rivers, Mich.—About half the business section of the village of Fulton was destroyed by fire, supposedly of incendiary origin, today. The estimated loss is \$50,000.

TRAIN FALLS FROM TRESTLE

Five Cars Drop Twenty-five Feet Fifty Persons Injured.

TWO PINNED UNDER A COACH

Injured Are Taken to Hospital in Atlanta, Where Their Wounds Are Dressed.

Running at a speed of 30 miles an hour, the second section of an excursion train on the Southern Railway, from Cleveland, O., known as the "Coke and Hide" because of the spoils system, was smashed by a trestle in Florida. The train, bound for Florida, plunged through a trestle over Copper Mine creek, and, as a result, one person is dead, three others are fatally injured, and 80 passengers were so seriously injured as to require medical attention.

It was nearly midnight when the Southern Railway relief reached Atlanta, bearing the body of Engineer James Edward and about 50 of the injured, among whom was Mrs. Emile Hoover of Columbus, O., who was in a dying condition, and Florence A. Studebaker of Cleveland, internally injured and probably fatally hurt. Road Foreman of Engines Schnaps and the negro fireman, Mose Baldwin, both fatally injured, were also on the wreck.

The wreck occurred about 2 p. m. five vestibuled Pullmans being precipitated 25 feet to the bed of the creek, which was nearly dry, one of the Pullmans being torn asunder. Two hundred passengers went down with the coaches.

The injuries to the passengers consist chiefly of broken limbs and bruises. Those in the Atlanta hospital are: Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. Creighton, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Henry, all of Ashtabula, O.; Miss Elizabeth Smith, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Smith, Mr. Elizabeth T. Rowbotham, Mrs. K. Peel, T. Rowbotham, Mrs. R. C. Kane, F. Strauss, H. H. Hodell, Mrs. George B. Rogers, Mrs. E. E. Tiedeman, all of Cleveland; Mrs. Nellie Ballinger, Mrs. P. N. Smith, O. G. Voss, all of Columbus, O.; Mrs. Della Thompson, Montana, O.; Frank Greig, Oregon, Mich.; Mrs. E. F. Webster, Wellington; Jacob Roth, Erie, Pa.; Mrs. J. Roth, Erie, Pa., and Mrs. D. D. Kelsie, Erie, Pa.

The Colver special is an annual excursion run from Cleveland, O., to Florida points and Cuba.

One car in the middle of the train crashed in the middle through the strain and pinned down Jacob Roth, of Erie, Pa., and his wife. They were not seriously injured, however, and were able to go to a hotel.

BANKER WALSH'S DEFENSE

He Denied His Transactions Were for His Personal Gain.

Chicago.—John R. Walsh, in his first public explanation of the affairs of the Chicago National Bank since its closing by National Bank Examiners, took the witness stand in the United States district court to defend himself against charges of misapplying funds. He admitted he had personally engineered the loans of millions of dollars to railroads and other enterprises in which he held large blocks of stock. He also acknowledged the system of memorandum notes used in the bank was his. He denied he undertook these transactions with any thought of personal gain, asserting that the interests of the Chicago National Bank and its allied institutions, the Equitable Trust Company, and the Home Savings Bank, were his chief concern.

FAVORS HIGHER ARMY PAY.

House Committee Agrees Increase Is Needed for Officers and Men.

Washington.—The house committee on military affairs, considered the army pay increase bill, but reached no definite conclusion other than the general one that there should be an increase.

The opinion that the pay of enlisted men should be substantially raised was especially marked.

GREAT LOSS FROM STORMS

Ocean Disasters in Which Many Persons Perish Reported.

Victoria, B. C.—News of disastrous storms and tidal waves came this morning from Manila and far eastern ports. Nine steamers were stranded on the Hokkaido coast and lost. One went down with 20 men. Forty sailing crafts were lost with considerable loss of life. From Sapporo, news was received that 58 fishing boats were wrecked or carried away with heavy loss and over 1,000 buildings were flooded by tidal waves, many perishing. The American schooner, Dolores, from Yokohama for Guaymas with coal, founded in the storm, her crew being saved.

Try to Hold Up Passengers.

Kansas City, Mo.—Four men attempted to rob the passengers on a Missouri, Kansas & Texas train station here. They were frightened off without securing any money or valuables. Shortly after the attempted robbery the police arrested two men in the vicinity of the railroad yards. They gave their names as Rube Walsh and John Coss. Both were held for investigation.

MILLIONS FOR AUTOMOBILES

Rich Americans Spent \$8,000,000 During the Year 1907.

Nearly \$8,000,000 was spent in the United States during 1907 for motor cars, according to the estimates made by the association of licensed automobile manufacturers.

The association has been in session here and in addition to other business decided to hold its next show at Madison Square Garden in January instead of November as heretofore.

STATE LEGISLATURES

Kentucky Lawlessness Calls for Action—Maryland May Eliminate Negro Vote.

Frankfort, Ky.—The first message of Governor A. E. Willson to the Kentucky General Assembly is devoted chiefly to the lawlessness which has developed in the tobacco war and is accompanied by a vigorous denunciation of the malefactors and by recommendations for ending the trouble.

The governor recommends amending the statutes governing change of venue so that the granting of such change where lawlessness or intimidation hinder prompt and fair trials. He further recommends the immediate appointment of a commission to investigate the economic causes leading to the tobacco trouble.

Annapolis, Md.—Judge Austin L. Crothers of Elton was inaugurated governor January 8. In his address Governor Crothers urged the enactment of anti-bribery and corrupt-practices legislation and the selection of candidates for elective offices, including the United States Senate, by direct primary method. On the question of a suffrage amendment he called for a measure which will eliminate the negro voter as a political factor.

RAILROAD CRIPPLED

Chicago and Great Western Goes into Hands of Receiver.

St. Paul, Minn.—Judge Walter H. Sanborn of the United States circuit court, appointed A. B. Stickney and Charles H. F. Smith, both of St. Paul, receivers for the Chicago Great Western Railroad. A. B. Stickney is now the president of the road. The firm of Kellogg & Severance of St. Paul, was appointed attorneys for the receiver.

The appointment of receivers followed the inability of the company to meet obligations falling due in 1908 and the failure to secure an extension of the obligations. Loss as result of the boiler makers' strike of last fall is given as a partial cause.

The petition for a receivership was filed on behalf of the stockholders and the finance committee by E. A. Hamburg, Minneapolis, George P. Meyer of New York, and Ward Cummings and Alexander Wallace of Great Britain. The directors joined in the proceedings.

The capital of the Chicago Great Western consists of four classes of stock, but two of which need be considered in the receivership proceedings. These are the preferred "A" and the debenture stock, each of which represented 50 per cent of the original first mortgage bonds.

WILL DEFINE CITIZENSHIP

Repatriation to Be Effected After Return of Two Years.

Washington.—The committee on foreign relations of the senate gave favorable consideration to a treaty signed by the United States and nearly all the South American republics whereby citizens of a republic who are naturalized in another republic and who return to their own country shall again become citizens of that country after remaining there for two years.

The treaty is designed to remedy the practice of citizens of one republic becoming naturalized in another neighboring republic and claiming the protection of that republic upon returning home. It grew largely out of certain difficulties between the United States government and former citizens of Hayti who sought the intervention of this country in an imbroglio there.

TROUBLE FOR MRS. EDDY

Relatives Alleged to Be Contemplating a Sane Test.

Lead, S. D.—Judge Bennett, attorney for George Glover, denied his client had filed suit in any local courts to have Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, Glover's mother, appear before an insanity commission. He admitted there had been some talk of such a step. He declared if such action had been taken it was in the New Hampshire courts. Mrs. Glover, granddaughter of Mrs. Eddy, evaded questions regarding action being taken in the courts.

Chance for Militiamen.

Washington, D. C.—At the instance of the President, Assistant Secretary Glover has notified governors of his desire that they designate a single representative from the National Guard of each state and territory to take a competitive examination for appointment as second lieutenant in the regular army under the limitations prescribed in the case of all civilian appointees in the army.

CURRENT NEWS EVENTS.

Kansas intends to take a step forward in banking and will enact a law to guarantee depositors. A special session of the legislature has been called to meet January 16, to pass such a law.

There is to be a consolidation of the street car companies of the District of Columbia, and William Loeb, Jr., secretary to President Roosevelt, is to manage the consolidated properties.

A dynamite bomb wrecked the entire lower floor of a five-story tenement house on East Eleventh street, New York, and caused a panic among the occupants of the building. One man was injured by the explosion.

Reports from many sections of the country are to the effect that the banks in nearly all cities have resumed cash payments. It is also stated that borrowing rates are declining and that borrowers are waiting for yet lower rates.

Baldwin Works Cuts Hours.

Philadelphia.—Announcement was made that the Baldwin locomotive works of this city will run on an eight-hour instead of a 10-hour basis. The reduction in time will affect 15,200 men and boys.