UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM SOUTH CAROLINA PRAISES PE-RU-NA



Ex-Senator M. C. Butler.

Dyspepsia is Often Cau:el by Caturrh the Stomach — Peruna Relieves Calarrh the Stomach an t is Therefore a Remedy r Dyspensi

Hon. M. C. Butler, U. S. Senator from South Carolina for two terms, in a letter from Washington, D. C., writes to to the Peruna Medicine Co., as follows:

as follows:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspeps a and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine, besides a good tonic."

CATARRH of the stomach is the correct name for most cases of dyspepsia. Only an internal catarrh remedy, such as Peru-na, is available.

Peruna Tablets can now he procured.

BELIEVE MARS PLAYED OUT.

British Scientist Scouts at Lowell's Idea of Artificial Canais

Idea of Artificial Canais.

Three photographs accompanying Lowell's account of his observation of the planet Mars, show with striking clearness the various canals hitherto unknown in Europe. The evolution of these canals confirmed Lowell in his theory of the presence on the planet of intelligent life.

But at the Royal Observatory at Greenwich, A. S. Eddington, F. R. S., chief assistant astronomer royal, said he was not prepared yet to accept the American savant's theory as final.

'I can't quite see," said Eddington, "I can't quite see," said Eddington, "that Lowell has proved his case His wonderful photographs show the evolution he predicted on Mars and its canals, but we are inclined here to accept the theory if Prof. Pickering of Harvard, that these canals are not artificial, tit the result of the planet's natural shrinkage. We are inclined to believe Mars is played out; its career is finished. There may have been intelligent life on the planet many millions of years ago, but this is mere speculation." 40

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. Chenrex & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Divorces in One Family. An Idaho attorney in a divorce action has uncovered the following state of fact, which he thinks without precedent. He says: "Each party to the action now pending has hereto-fore had another spouse, and each fore had another spouse, and each been divorced; a daughter of the plaintiff (the woman in the case) has been divorced; plaintiff's father and mother are divorced, the mother having been divorced three times; plaintiff has four brothers and sisters living, each of whom has been married and divorced, some of them as often as three times, with the exception of one, who has not been actually divorced, but has been estranged and separated from his wife on three dif-ferent occasions."—Case and Com-

TIRED BACKS.

The kidneys have a great work to do in keeping the blood pure. When they get out of order it causes backache, headaches, dizziness, languor and distress-ing urinary troubles. Keep the kidneys well and all these sufferings will be saved you. Mrs. S. A. Moore, proprietor of a restant

rant at Waterville,
Me., says: "Before
using Doan's Kidney Pills I suffered everything from kidney froubles for a year and a half. I had
pain in the back and head, and almost continuous in the long and felmost continuous in the loins and felt weary all the time. A few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills brought great til in a short time I was cured. I think Doan's Kidney Pills are won-

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

GARDEN, FARM and CROPS



How many cultivations of a crop is necessary? Well, just as many as the ground will permit of, rather than as few as possible. The original preparafew as possible. The original prepara-tion of the land and the planting is much more than has the work and expense up to the time of harvest. It is poor economy after having gone thus far, to skimp in the cultivation. The tar, to skimp in the cultivation. The cost of cultivating a field of corn or potatoes is not more than 50 or 60 cents per acre. If the planting has been done the increased yield from each cultivation will much more than pay the cost. Keep down the weeds and let in the air to the plant roots.-Indiana Farmer.

The Egg Eating Habit.

The egg eating habit is a very com-mon and costly one to those who keep poultry and is also very troublesome It can generally be traced to the break-ing of an egg in the nest or elsewhere When one acquires the habit it is rapidly taught to all the flock, causing complete demoralization. It may be prevented by having darkened nests and soft nesting material so that the eggs are not liable to break, and by the use of china nest eggs. Give the hens at all times sufficient shell producing material, such as oyster clam shells and mica crystal grit and this trouble will not be so apt to occur.-Weekly Witness.

Cleaning Rusty Steel.

The best way to thoroughly removerust from tools is to send them to the grinder, or some one who has a wheel This gets rid of rust much more effectively than the slow and laborious method of rubbing with emery paper. The stone, emery and leather wheels remove the rust and polish the steel with much less labor. If this cannot be done, the work of removal by rubbing with an emery paper will be greatly facilitated by thoroughly soaking for some time in paraffin oil. For rough and ready work in partly clean ing tools nothing will act more quick-ly than gasoline rubbed on severa times at short intervals .- A. R. J., in American Cultivator.

Curing Sheep Skins.

This is sent in "by one who nows." Take a spoonful of alum and knows." two of saltpetre; pulverize and mix well together, then sprinkle the powder on the flesh side of the skin and lay the two powdered sides together, leaving the wool outside. Then fold the skin up as tight as you can, and put it in a dry place. In two or three days, or as soon as it is dry, take it down and open and scrape the flesh side with a blunt knife until it is clean and supple. This completes the pro cess, and makes an excellent saddle cover. Other skins which it is desired to cure with the hair on may be treated in the same manner. If it is de sired to use the skin for a rug, it should be well washed in soap suds, rinsed in running water, and let get partly dry, then rubbed together until it is soft and dry .- American Cultivator.

Grade Up the Cattle.

The farmer who wants to improve his cattle and make more money of them can, by keeping a pure bred bull in a very few years grade up his common cattle and make them worth at least one-third more than they are It only takes six cattle generations of breeding to make all pure breeds in this way. This is what pure blood at the head of cattle herds will do. And what is more three or four years o value of the herd as to cover twice over the original cost of such a bull, to say nothing of the saving in food while do-Growing and fattening five crease the income more than one hu dred dollars annually, when compared with the marketing of common one This is the reason why a pure bull is regarded as more than "half the herd," as we often hear it said by those who are familiar with the matter of cattle growing.-Indiana Farmer.

Meal for Milch Cows.

How much cotton-seed meal can be fed daily to milch cows without deteriorating the butter? According to Dr. Allen, of the office of Experiment Stations, Department of Agriculture, northern dairymen incline to the be-lief that not to exceed two pounds should be fed daily. "It is the general experience,"-said Dr. Allen, "that cot-ton-seed meal produces a hard butter and in some instances a small amoun of such feed is given simply to secure this result. The Mississippi Experiment Station has made some experi ments with large feedings of cotton-seed meal which are interesting, and they show that liberal rations of cot-ton-seed can be fed with no bad re-sults. The station herd was fed daily for a period of two weeks on a ra-tion composed of 10 pounds of cow pea hay, 20 pounds of corn silage, pounds of wheat bran, 5 pounds of cotton-seed meal, and the milk dur-ing the last two days of this period relief, and I kept on taking them un-til in a short time I was cured. I weeks following this 6 pounds of corr and cob meal was substituted for the cotton-seed and the butter made as before. The butter was sent to St

Louis where it was scored as follows, on a scale of 100: Butter from cotton-seed meal 95 1/2 points; butter from whole cotton-seed 96 points; butter

from corn and cob meal 96 points.
"The finding of the station was that, as there was practically no difference in the score the quality of the butter was not injured by feeding as much as 5 pounds of cotton seed meal or 6 pounds of cotton seed. She test also that this cotton-seed melted at 90.1 degrees F. while that from cows fed on cotton-seed melt-ed at 96.8 degrees 7., thus showing the former to be a better shipping but-

Hastening the Moult.

The natural season for the casting of the feathers is during August and September, but to some extent process can be hastened by artificial means. If the summer is wet and cold, the moulting period is frequently protracted, with the result that new feath are not formed ere the winter begins, which has a very serious effect uron the laying. By some it is thought advisable, therefore, to try to force the moult, so that the change of feathers can take place during fine, wa weather, which materially assists the production of winter eggs. The plan is to feed the fowls on a very low diet for a few weeks. The low feeding should commence during July and continue for four or five weeks-in fact, until the feathers are observed to be falling. It is essential to exercise the greatest care when following this plan, as it is easy to do the birds a considerable amount of harm, events ually retarding the moulting period. As soon as the first feather is seen to drop out, the low diet must be stopped and more nutritious foods supplied in more generous quantities. It is doubtful whether it really accomplishes as much good as is often claimed, be-cause the birds become too thin, and are unable to form the new feathers a satisfactory manner.

throughout this month, as it is not yet too late to hatch a quickly-maturing strain of ducks for breeding purposes next winter. Such birds will require to be very generously fed upon tritive foods in order to encou growth as much as possible. Geese and turkeys may also still be hatched, but it is getting late. Large size is so very important a factor in determining the price at Christmas that it is advantageous to get the birds out as early as possible in the season, so as to give them plenty of time in which to grow. The youngsters should be given pleaty of exercise, especially the geese, as only in this manner is it pos sible to build up a strong and healthy frame upon which the flesh can afterwards be laid .- American Cultivator

Cruelty to Horses.

In the matter of cruelty to or neglect of horses, it is not, unfortunately the obvious troubles that really cause the most discomfort and suffering, but the generally overlooked little things and seemingly inconsequential details that really make or man the only real pleasures which the patient creature is usually fated to en-joy—comfort of body and ease of mind. Curiously enough, it is not the lame horse (that is, the animal not too disabled to still perform his usual tasks) who suffers most, for the very limp or shortness of stride and stiff-ness of gait, which call out attention to his trouble, are an evidence not of pain, but of the creature's precaution to prevent suffering-just as in our own case we limp and "go short" not because corn or bunion troubles us, but

so that they will not. This point is one always ignored by hose well-meaning but impracticable people who, lacking experience and or-dinary "horse sense," are governed en-tirely by the eye in making their decisions upon the condition of horses, and their fitness for work, and strain at the znat of an inequality of gait, while countenancing for years, in the care and training of their own carriage horses, the most pernicious practices, is destructive to health and durability as to comfort and ordinary case—as

iniversal as inexcusable. Of such there are but too many who busy themselves with other people's affairs in the administration of our varisocieties for the prevention of city to animals—organizations worthy in themselves of the highest praise and most liberal support, prove almost without exception. managed and so impractical as o discourage the philanthropist and lisgust the practical horseman, who can but view their abortive proceedings with mingled feelings of contempt and

Every animal lover hopes for the time when the management of such bodies shall be placed in the hands of nen competent to decide and alert to administer, and not left to the indifferent, the inert and the inapt in matters which concern animal care and manngement.-F. M. Ware, in the Outing

The Italian State Railway has bought 200,000 tons of American coal, to be delivered at Genoa, at \$5.64 a The Welsh coal-owners, it is

CLASGOW STREET CARS.

Points of Contrast and Comparison with American Cars.

Municipal ownership of street rail-roads, which all good Americans have been taught to think an altogether wrong and unworkable plan, seems in Glasgow to be a complete success. The conditions, however, are so very dif ferent from those existing in New York that comparison is almost out of the question. In Glasgow politics de not enter into the matter at all. Graft has not to be taken account of, and in fact, all the arrangements that make the street car system in Glasgow so admirable, would be impossible to apply in American cities. The cars are all double-deckers, some with covered tops and others without—these last providing an almost ideal mode of seeing the city. The fares (no transfers) paid in so different a way from ours, are about a cent a mile; so that you tell the green uniformed conductor your destination and he charges you accordingly. For long distances this is more expensive than our way, but as Glasgow is crowded into a comparatively small district it makes a great saving in going about in the business quarter of the town. One thing that strikes a New Yorker as superfluous is the giving of a small ticket to show that the passenger has paid his fare. It, of course, deprives one of the excit ing disputes as to whether or not you have paid your fare, and it also stops these free rides that on the New York cars are so numerous, but it litters the floor of the car with discarded tickets which is perhaps not so great a draw back after all, as they are the only dirt the Glasgow cars have, and one or two flaws are always needed, if only to keep general interest up. The advertisements are, oddly enough, all on the discments are oddry enough, all on the outside of the car, and as the cars are never crowded and the conductors are spiritless creatures who never shout or push, an atmosphere of restfulness is really felt in these foreign cars.

At the crowded hours the cars fol low so closely on one another that it is one, continuous train, and if in a few of the cars (the ones that have strong est spring and that the makers felt were roughl to an extra cram) some half dozen extra passengers are al-lowed to stand, every one exclaims and says: "This is a terrible jam, isn't it?" The cars go at a very good speed, are not upholstered in dusty carpet, but have not uncomfortable hardwood seats, and though the alight ing passengers are not allowed to ge off before the others crowd on, per haps this hardly matters either, as the need to "step lively" is never felt, and every one bumps into every one else in an extremely cheerful way. What to all masculine minds is highly im-portant is that the car lines pay very well indeed, while feminine passengers are cheered by the knowledge that neither their clothes nor their dispo-sitions will be completely ruined by a

half hour's ride on a tram.

American women have never been called unprogressive-they have been called other things, but so far this one word has not been applied to them now let them look to their laurels women of Scotland are ahead of them in one respect. They board the cars when they are moving, and moving at a goodly speed, too. The cars, which stop at red posts and nowhere else. will consent to slow down to half speed if people signal, and then wom en with bundles hop on and with babies in their arms swing them-selves toff, and the poor American girl who has never reached this stage of recklessness, is left blinking amaxedly at the fast disappearing car.—New

consumption of meat had increased enormously? As to alcohol, how was it that teetotal persons suffered from cirrhosis of the liver that could not be distinguished from that ascribe to alcohol?-London Cable to the New York Sun.

Pettus And His Bible.

The late Senator Pettus of Alabama was a "forty-niner," going overland to California in the early days and engaging in placer mining. He took with him on that long and tedious journey three books, the Bible, Shakespeare and Burns' poems. He said of them at one time not long since: "I read the Bible from cover to cover; I read the side notes; I read the captions of the chapters; I learned great parts of it by heart, and I haven't forgotten then yet. I learned many of Burns' poems by heart and much of Shakespeare in the same way, too." Such reading of these three books was an education in itself. It is not likely that many miners engaged in that search to wealth spent their leisure in as profit able a way.-Indianapolis Star.

Value Of Advertising.

A Kansas man is convinced that advertising pays. He advertised for a lost five-dollar bill and a stranger. who had picked up one on the streets read the advertisement and restored the bill to the advertiser. hays later, while looking over a vest he had laid off, the original bill was found in a pocket. He says adver-tising pays 100 per cent.—Utica Press. Women Avoid **Operations**

When a woman suffering from female trouble is told that an operation is necessary, it, of course, frightens her.

The very thought of the hospital, the operating table and the knife strikes terror to her heart.

It is quite true that these troubles may reach a stage where an operation is the only resource, but a great many women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetab'e Compound after an operation has Compound after an operation has been decided upon as the only cure. MISS ROSE M The strongest and most grateful statements possible to make come from women who by taking

MISS ROSE MOORE

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

made from native roots and herbs, have escaped serious operations, as evidenced by Miss Rose Moore's case, of 307 W. 26th St., N. Y. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham: "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured me of the very worst form of female trouble and I wish to express to you my deepest gratitude. I suffered intensely for two years so that I was unable to attend to my duties and was a burden to my family. I doctored and doctored with only temporary relief and constantly objecting.

I was unable to attend to my duties and was a burden to my family. I doctored and doctored with only temporary relief and constantly objecting to an operation which I was advised to undergo, I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; it cured me of the terrible trouble and I am now in better health than I have been for many years."

This and other such cases should encourage every woman to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before she submits to an operation.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised:

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES THE WORLD \$25,000 (To any one who can prove W. L. Reward (than any other manufacturer, THE REASON W. L. Douglas does not make & sail Reward (than any other manufacturer, L. Douglas bees are wonny by more people

wear-longer and are of greater value than any other make.

My S4.00 and S5.00 GHz Edge Shoes cannot be equalled at any price.

CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take
No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send
direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W.L. Douglas. Brockton. Mass.

Russia has 50,000 miles of navigable rivers and 38,000 miles of rail-coads. At last accounts the river traffic amounted to 30,000 tons

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance: Nervous Diseases per-manently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nervo Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 031 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Members of the church defense committee of England are pledged to make church and school for foremost consideration in voting at elections.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens thegums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

From Vine to Rose. Mal., French vineyards are likely to be turned into rose gardens. The perfume factories pay \$600 per kilo gramme for pure essence of roses and the demand is greater than the supply

Man in the Moon Legend.

Man in the Moon Legend.

There is a quaint tradition about how the belief in the man in the moon originated that is worth retelling. Like so many of these beliefs, it began way back in Bible times, and in quite another dress. By many nations the old man is supposed to be the one who first made his appearance in the Book of Numbers (Chapter xv., verse 32.) Then he was found by the children of Israel with bundles hop on and women with babies in their arms swing them selves toff, and the poor American girl who has never reached this stage of recklessness, is left blinking amaxedly at the fast disappearing ear.—New York Evening Sun.

Comfort for Gout Victims.

Sufferers from gout need not abstain from any of their favorite foods with the idea of humoring their enemy was the effect of a statement made by Dr. Hale White, a London physician, at the medical congress at Exeter. He contended that there was not an atom of evidence that any particular food influences chronic gout.

Physicians sometimes forbade sufferers to cat proteids, including, of course, meat, but how was it, he asked that gout was less common while the consumption of meat had increased enormously? As to alcohol, how was suffered from the consumption of meat had increased enormously? As to alcohol, how was suffered from the consumption of meat had increased enormously? As to alcohol, how was suffered from the consumption of suffered from the consumption of meat had increased enormously? As to alcohol, how was suffered from the consumption of meat had increased enormously? As to alcohol, how was suffered from the consumption of suffered from the was found by the children of Israel suffered from the was taken befored Moses and condemned to death. He was taken before Moses and condemned to death. He was taken before Moses and condemned to death. He was taken before Moses and condemned to death. He was taken before Moses and condemned to death. He was taken leaves of suffered from the was found by the children of Israel suffered from the was taken found they astaken before Moses and condemned t

GOVERNMENT AMERICAN FOODSTUFFS.

Contract For Canned Meats Placed in Chreago—British War Office Has Every Confidence in the Stock-yard Product.

Another large contract for tinned meats for the British Army has been placed with Libby, McNeill & Libby, of Chicago, through the Director of Supplies Department of the British War Office. This contract was a competitive affair, England, Canada, Aus-It was quality and method of packing that got the Chicago firm the business. General Clayton, of the War Department, in an interview, according to the London Standard, stated that the British Government highly satisfied with the foodstuffs supplied by Chicago, and they have every confidence in the manufactures entering Britain from the Stockyards.
"The food for the Army will be
packed under the supervision of British representatives at the invitation of the packers," he said, "although the Government is ready to rely upon the new Pure Food regulations recently inaugurated in the United States. All the talk about the inefficiency of the new law is sheer non-British officers in America sense. have gone fully into the matter and the authorities are perfectly satisfied to place orders in Chicago when conditions call for outside supplies of canned meats."

Effects of Comets.

Has this year's comet affected the weather? A century ago the answer would have been yes. Thus, to the charge of the comet of 1811 were taid the facts not only of the excellent vintage and abundant crops of that year, but also that wasps were then few and flies blind and that a shoe-maker's wife in London had four children at a birth. Besides such calamities as invasions, pestilences, and the like, the comets of various years were considered responsible for many minor tragedies, including the destruction of a church clock by a meteorie stone, a fit of sneezing that became prevalent in Germany, and in 1638 an epidemic among cats in Westminster—Chicago News.

FURIOUS HUMOR ON CHILD.

Itching, Bleeding Sores Covered Body -Nothing Helped Her—Cuticura Cures Her in Five Days.

"After my granddaughter of about seven years had been cured of the measles, she was attacked about a fortnight later by a furious itching and painful eruption all over her body, especially the upper part of it, forming watery and bleeding sores, especially under the arms, of considerable size. She suffered a great deal and for three weeks we nursed her every night, using all the remedies we could think of. Nothing would help. We tried the Cuticura Remedies and after twenty-four hours we noted considerable improvement, and, after using only one complete set of the Cuticura Remedies, in five consecutive days the little one, much to our joy, had been entirely cured, and has been well for a long time. Mrs. F. Ruefenacht, R. F. D. 3. Bakersfield, Cal., June 25 and July 20, 1906."

There is received daily at the port of New York an average of \$274,000 in gold and silver imports.

Try the Maine Woods Big Game

COZY, COMFORTABLE CAMPS Quickly Reached via the **Boston & Maine**

Railroad

Through Parlor, Sleeping and Dining Car Service

Send four cents in stamps for booklets "In the Fish and Game Country" and "Game Laws Worth Knowing." Address Passenger De-partment, Boston, Mass. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass. Agt.

P. N. U. 40, 1907

If amicted Thompson's Eye Water