

GIRLS IN BOMB BUSINESS

Missiles Found in Female School in Russia.

EIGHT SENTENCED TO DEATH

Drumhead Court Martial Passes Sentence Upon Those Arrested on Account of Threats.

Another search for bombs at the Moscow female university has resulted in several unfilled ones being found.

It is reported that the eight girl students arrested in connection with the threat of the terrorists to execute the death sentences imposed upon Count Ignatieff, Gen. Pavloff, Gen. von der Launitz and Gov. Alexandrovsky have been tried by drumhead court martial, the verdict of which is death. The elections held February 10 were a struggle between the Constitutional Democrats and Socialists, and the probability is that neither party secured an absolute majority. Strong forces of police were massed in the vicinity of the polls and the police stations were literally jammed with agitators before noon.

There were mounted patrols in all the streets, but despite this there were frequent collisions between conservative and radical voters. Nobody was seriously injured. The 19 Social Democrat workmen electors will support M. Matyeyeff, the labor leader for parliament.

A REMARKABLE FEAT

Man Walks on the Water from Cincinnati to New Orleans.

Captain Charles W. Oldreive completed the feat of walking the water from Cincinnati to New Orleans, a distance of 1,600 miles, in 40 days, lacking 45 minutes, thereby winning the world's championship and a bet of \$5,000.

Oldreive met with an accident just before reaching the goal at the head of Canal street that nearly cost him his life. His big wooden shoes suddenly slid outward and the water walker turned turtle. His wife, who accompanied him all the way in a rowboat, rescued him.

Oldreive left Cincinnati January 1 at noon on a wager that he could walk to New Orleans in 40 days. At the falls, above Louisville he was delayed for 24 hours, and this allowance, it was agreed, should be computed in that time.

Oldreive was in motion only during daylight, laying over every night at the various landings. He was equipped with shoes made of cedar wood, four feet five inches long, five inches broad and seven inches deep.

In a gasoline boat preceding the water walker were Captain J. W. Weatherington of Dallas, Tex., who backed Oldreive, and Arthur Jones, who represented Edward Williams of Boston, who laid the wager.

GERMANY AND HAITI DISAGREE

Countries Are on Bad Terms on Account of Alleged Fraud.

The relations between the governments of Haiti and Germany are strained owing to the refusal of the German bankers, Hermann & Co., by direction of the court at Port Au Prince, to return to the Haitian government large sums of money allegedly to have been obtained fraudulently. Among the alleged transactions of Hermann & Co. with the Haitian government was one which is said to have proved profitable to the government. This was concluded by the Haitian minister of finance, the German legation and Hermann & Co. The German minister demanded that this transaction, as well as others, be annulled, but the Haitian government, in terms that the German minister deemed offensive, refused to acquiesce. The German minister at the same time demanded the withdrawal of the phrase objected to. This also was refused. Fears are entertained at Port Au Prince of grave complications ensuing.

IRON AND STEEL RECORDS

Exportation of These Articles for 1906 Totals Up \$172,500,000.

The exportation of iron and steel manufactures reached their highest record during the last year, according to figures compiled by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor. The total of these products exported in the calendar year 1906 aggregated \$172,500,000, an increase of \$30,000,000 over the preceding year. There has been an increase of 75 per cent in the exportation of these articles in the last three years.

Practically every one of the important articles or groups of articles share in this gain.

Millionaire Ranchman Acquitted.

The Supreme Court of Kansas finally dismissed the cases against Chancey Dewey, the millionaire ranchman, and his cowboys, Clyde Wilson and W. J. McBride, charged with taking part in the killing of the Berry family in Western Kansas in 1903.

Wabash Stock Increased.

The Wabash Railroad filed with the secretary of state of Indiana certificates of increase in capital stock. The increase amounts to \$65,500,000 and consists of \$50,000,000 in common, and \$15,500,000 in preferred stocks, of \$100 par value a share of each.

Eight employes of the Insurance Stove Range and Foundry Company, in Covington, Ky., were terribly burned in an explosion of gas at the plant. Two of them may die.

WHITE THREATENED THAW

Testimony of Doorkeeper at the Garden Theater.

The defense of Harry K. Thaw, under the direction of Attorney Delphin M. Delmas, of California, began to assume definite shape on Wednesday and when adjournment was taken testimony had been placed before the jury to the effect that Stanford White had been heard to make a threat to kill the defendant, coupling the threat with the display of a revolver, and that Thaw's actions following the killing of White on the roof of Madison Square Garden was considered by several eye witnesses to have been "irrational."

Mr. Delmas called Benjamin Bowman who testified that in 1903 he was a doorkeeper at the Garden Theater and knew both Stanford White and Harry Thaw.

Q. Did you ever hear Stanford White make threats against the life of any person? A. Yes. A few nights after Christmas Stanford White came up to me after the show and wanted to know if Miss Nesbit had gone home. I told him she had. He replied: "You are a liar." I told him to go back on the stage and see for himself. When he returned, and as he passed me, he pulled a pistol from his pocket and muttered, "I'll find and kill that — before daylight."

Q. Did you communicate this threat to any one? A. Yes, I told a detective sergeant.

Jerome—I object to that.

Delmas—Did you communicate the threat to this defendant? A. Yes, I met him on Fifth avenue and told him I wanted to speak with him regarding Miss Nesbit. I then told him of the incident at the theater and of White's threat.

Q. What was Mr. White's condition when he made the threat? A. He was black in the face with anger.

Dr. C. C. Wiley, of Pittsburgh, who was at one time connected with the Dixmont Insane Asylum, was called as the first witness for the defense. Dr. Wiley in response to questions by John B. Gleason, of Thaw's counsel, said he had devoted much of his life to a study of insanity and that he had served as an expert on insanity.

Dr. Wiley's opinion is that Thaw has been insane for several years, and that the killing of White, was the act of an insane man.

During the course of the cross-examination Dr. Wiley said that while Thaw was undoubtedly insane before and during the act, and perhaps immediately thereafter, it was very probable that since that time he may have recovered his sanity. The doctor said, having the idea that he or his wife were in danger from White, the removal of White would relieve the stress or strain upon Thaw's mind and his mental condition would again become normal.

Mr. Jerome wanted to know if, considering Thaw's physical and mental history, he might not be likely hereafter to acquire another homicidal hallucination, and Dr. Wiley replied it was possible, but did not necessarily follow.

Dr. John E. Deemar, a physician of Kittanning, Pa., was next called to the stand. Dr. Deemar is the family physician of the Copleys, Mrs. William Thaw's parents. Dr. Deemar said he had known Harry Thaw for 25 years. When the defendant was 9 years old Dr. Deemar treated him for a nervous disorder.

EQUITABLE MUST ANSWER

Policyholder Charges Unjust Distribution of Surplus.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society, under a decision handed down by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in New York must answer to the bill of complaint filed against it by J. Wilcox Brown that the society's surplus had not been equitably distributed among the policyholders. The higher tribunal in overruling the Equitable demurrer states that the case is remanded to the court below, and the "defendant, if it be so advised, has leave to answer within such time as the Circuit Court shall decree." This gives the defendant the privilege of answering to the bill as already filed.

FAST TRAIN WRECKED

Engineer Scalded but Passengers Escaped Serious Injury.

The Manhattan Limited, one of the fastest trains on the Pennsylvania railroad, which left Pittsburgh at 12:55 Saturday morning, crashed into a heavy freight train, at Turtle Creek. Three Pullman cars were smashed, a combination club car burned, eight coke cars scattered along the tracks and the freight engine turned on its back at the foot of a hill.

Engineer T. W. Williams of the Limited was scalded. The wreck was caused by the Limited side-swiping the freight just as the latter was clearing a switch.

SCHWAB BUYS MORE MINES

Pays \$100,000 for Additional Mexican Properties.

Charles M. Schwab, who purchased the San Toy group of mines in the Santa Eulalia district, State of Chihuahua, several weeks ago, has just closed a deal for the purchase of three other mines in the same district. The consideration was \$100,000.

Three Dead in a Train Wreck.

A defective switch caused the wreck of a Chicago Great Western railway passenger train at German Valley near Freeport, Ill., February 7. The dead: Martin Cline, engineer, Chicago; Paul F. Jacobson, railway mail clerk, Chicago; Louis Nels, railway mail clerk, Minneapolis. Seriously injured: R. F. Rumble, fireman, Dubuque, Ia.; James Harlock, Stables, Minn.; G. H. Jamison, Chicago, express messenger; Mrs. I. N. Koontz, Fort Dodge, Ia.

YOUNG WIFE'S PITIFUL TALE

Mrs. Harry K. Thaw Tells of Her Relations with Stanford White.

TRIED TO PREVENT MARRIAGE

Witness Told How White Pursued Her and Attempted to Break the Engagement with Thaw.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, wife of Harry K. Thaw, was called to the witness stand and told the story of her life. It was the same story she told Harry Thaw in Paris, in 1903, when he had asked her to become his wife—the confession of one who felt there was an insurmountable barrier to her ever becoming the bride of the man she loved.

In testifying Mrs. Thaw was not allowed to state the names of certain persons, but by consent of counsel for defense she gave them in whispers to Mr. Jerome "in order," as Mr. Delmas said, "that the prosecution may have the fullest possible opportunity to refute any of her statements if he can."

As the young wife unfolded the narrative of her girlhood and told the early struggles of herself and her mother to keep body and soul together; of how gaunt poverty stood ever at the door, and how she finally was able to earn a livelihood by posing for photographers and artists, she won the sympathy of the throng which filled every available space in the court room.

Then came the relation of the wreck of that girlhood at 16 years of age. It was the story of her meeting with Stanford White, the story of the sumptuous studio apartments, whose dainty exterior gave no hint of the luxurious furnishings within.

These meetings were by invitation of White and others were in attendance at several of them. Once, however, none of the other persons came and White induced her to drink a glass of champagne from the effects of which she became unconscious.

Mrs. Thaw said that when she told the story to Mr. Thaw he became excited. "He would get up and say: 'Oh, God,' and so on. I cried and he made me tell it all. He walked up and down the room continually."

Evelyn also told of undergoing an operation while at a boarding school to which she was sent by White, and of Thaw visiting her at the hospital to which she was later taken, and of his kindness to her in sending her fruit, flowers and other comforts and luxuries appreciated by a sick girl.

Mrs. Thaw further testified that Stanford White tried to prevent the marriage in various ways, and that he sought interviews with her, but that she refused to meet him.

RIVER APPROPRIATIONS

Amendments Provide for Dams Nos. 2 and 3 in the Allegheny.

The House completed and passed the rivers and harbors appropriation bill, carrying more than \$33,000,000 with sundry amendments, all of which were suggested by the chairman of the committee, Mr. Burton, of Ohio. Among the important amendments adopted were:

To construct dam, No. 3 and complete dam No. 2 in Allegheny river, \$235,000 being an increase of \$35,000; improving Bay Ridge and Red Hook channels, of New York; for continuing the improvement and for the maintenance of the Chicago river, \$200,000, being an increase of \$180,000.

A survey of the Missouri river was authorized from its mouth to Sioux City; also a survey of the Savannah river, Georgia, for 20 miles below Augusta.

To prevent coal land monopoly.

Representative Lacey of Iowa introduced a bill to prevent monopolies in coal lands, by providing that patents for coal lands shall contain a clause stipulating that they are to become invalid in case they are transferred to persons or corporations holding more than 5,000 acres of coal land.

STORES FORCED TO CLOSE

Western Towns Appeal to Washington for Relief.

An urgent appeal for fuel has been received by the interstate commerce commission from the town government of Edinburg, N. D. A dispatch says suffering there is imminent and business places are closing, and groceries are running out of supplies.

There have been no local freights since December 24 and no mail has left the place for three weeks. It is claimed that coal has been on the road since October 15, and but two cars have been received in six weeks, after repeated appeals.

Chairman Knapp, has called the attention of President Hill, of the Great Northern railway, to the matter.

A dispatch from Fargo, N. D. says: Reports of a fuel famine in various towns on the branch lines of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific in different parts of the State continue to come in. Sharon, N. D., is entirely out of coal.

Express Train Kills Two.

Harry Switzer of Pleasant Plain, O., and Martin Deville of Midland City, were killed by an express train on the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern at Winstone between Epworth Heights and Loveland, O. They were walking on the westbound tracks and stepped over in front of the train.

Major General John C. Weston will succeed Major General Wood in command of the forces in the Philippines on July 1.

LOW TEMPERATURE RECORDED

Intense Cold Made Doubly Severe by Terrific Blizzards—Much Suffering for Want of Fuel.

A dispatch from St. Paul, Minn. says that with few exceptions there has been below zero weather in this section for 17 days, and for three days, thermometers have registered 22 degrees below zero.

In North Dakota, 30 degrees below was common and this was coupled with terrific blizzards. For days the main lines of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie, the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific railroads have been blocked and many of the branch lines have been at a standstill for weeks and months.

There have been reports of many persons freezing to death, but these have been denied from North Dakota sources. It is, however, admitted by railroad managers that the spring thaws will reveal some gruesome tales of suffering, starvation and death.

The railroads are gradually getting their main lines and some branches clear after weeks of "snow bucking" with huge engines doubled up to powerful rotary plows.

McHenry, N. D., sends a telegram that there have been no freight trains there since December 18, and that all fuel, including gasoline, is gone. Farmers are burning barley and fence posts.

Winter weather through Northern Montana is now more severe than it has been at any time during the last 27 years. Not a wheel is turning on the main line of the Great Northern railway. No freight train has passed through Havre for 48 days. In drifts west of Havre seven Oriental limited passenger trains are stalled and to the east five more are similarly situated. The temperature is from 14 to 44 degrees below zero.

MUTINY ON CRUISER

One Killed and Two Wounded at League Island.

Mutiny on the armored cruiser Tennessee at League Island resulted in the shooting of two petty officers by an enraged seaman and the wounding of the latter.

The dead: Chief Master-at-Arms James Douglass, 45 years old; bullet penetrated brain; two ugly abdominal wounds.

The wounded: Master-at-Arms William McCool, flesh wounds on face and arm; Harry Burke, 24 years old, seaman, shot through left wrist.

Burke, the alleged ringleader of the mutiny, was placed in irons, and two other sailors, Lunness and Dean, are also in the brig, charged with being accomplices.

The trouble began when the Tennessee was acting as escort to President Roosevelt. Anxious to make a good showing, the petty officers became martinet and hardly a day passed that the brig did not contain one or more sailors lodged there for trifling offenses. When the Tennessee arrived at League Island it was declared by the sailors that the "non coms" had more authority than the officers.

PERISH FOR WANT OF FUEL

Family of Four Freeze After Burning Their Furniture—Woman and Five Children Dead.

Passengers from the northwest report that while a train was stalled in a snow drift on the Great Northern road a few miles west of Fargo, N. D., last week, a party of a dozen volunteers, having left the train in search of food for the passengers, came to a farm house where they found every member of the family of four frozen to death. In one part of the house were the bodies of the farmer and his wife and nearby the corpses of two children. Every bit of furniture had been used for fuel.

An unknown woman and her five children were frozen to death at Goodrich, a town on the Carrington branch of the Northern Pacific railroad.

President Signs Pension Bill.

President Roosevelt has signed the general service pension bill passed by congress which provides pensions for all veterans of the Mexican and civil wars.

Explorer Plunges Into Tibet.

News from Sven Hedin, the Swedish traveler, who last year started from Chinese Turkestan on a journey of exploration to Tibet, has reached Calcutta. Hedin, who, when he sent off his courier, had already explored 840 miles of unknown country, said he hoped to reach the monastic city of Shigatse at the end of February.

MINE DISASTER.

Fan Failed to Work and Supply of Pure Air Was Cut Off During Rescue Work.

An explosion of gas in mine No. 25 of the Davis Coal & Coke Company, at Thomas, 50 miles from Elkins, W. Va., sent probably 25 men to death. D. R. Jones, a mine boss, was killed later while engaged in the work of rescue.

After having explored every part of Mine No. 25, at Thomas, where an explosion occurred last Monday, 22 bodies have been found. Including the death of Mine Boss, Dan R. Jones, who was overcome while trying to rescue bodies, this brings the complete list of fatalities up to 23.

Plans of the Biggest Battleship.

Mr. Hale, chairman of the naval committee, presented to the senate the plans for a battleship that shall be the equal of any fighting vessel afloat or contemplated. The ship is to be 518 feet long and to have a main battery of 19 12-inch guns in five turrets. The secondary battery will be 14 five-inch rapid fire guns.

Federal investigation of the American School Furniture Company is to be undertaken by the grand jury now in session in Chicago.

MILLIONS FOR EDUCATION

John D. Rockefeller Makes Largest Donation Ever Known.

GIFT A COMPLETE SURPRISE

This New Contribution is in Addition to \$11,000,000 Previously Given to Cause.

Thirty-two million dollars worth of income bearing securities was the gift which John D. Rockefeller, through his son John D. Rockefeller, Jr., announced to the general education board at a special meeting in New York city February 7. For general education purposes throughout the country is given as the purpose of this donation—the largest single prize ever handed out for such purposes.

Mr. Rockefeller previously had given the board \$11,000,000 for the same work.

The board apparently was not prepared for this gift, which was announced in this letter, dated February 6, from young Mr. Rockefeller.

My father authorizes me to say that on or before April 1, 1907, he will give to the general board income-bearing securities the present market value of which is about \$32,000,000, one-third to be added to the permanent endowment of the board, two-thirds to be applied to such specific objects within the corporate purposes of the board as either he or I may from time to time direct, any remainder not so designated at the death of the survivor to be added also to the permanent endowment of the board.

Will Direct Use of Money.

Members of the board, when asked what the "specific purposes" referred to in Mr. Rockefeller's letter meant, said that it was in the line of educational work and was intended, in their opinion to direct the disposition of the fund to such institutions within the province of the board as he may deem proper. The elder Mr. Rockefeller is not a member of the board, but his son is a member and the active direction doubtless will come from him.

The board voted to accept the gift and drafted a letter of thanks to the donor in which it said:

This is the largest sum ever given by a man in the history of the race for any social or philanthropic purpose. The board congratulates you upon the high and wise impulse which has moved you to this deed, and desires to thank you, in behalf of all educational interests whose developments it will advance, in behalf of our country.

WANAMAKER HOME BURNED

Palatial Residence and Fine Art Works Destroyed.

Lyndhurst, the handsome home of former Postmaster General John Wanamaker, at Chelton Hills, near Jenkintown, was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss estimated at \$1,500,000.

Mr. Wanamaker's home was considered one of the most artistic and valuable of Philadelphia suburban properties. The estate consists of 30 acres of ground and the house, which in the main was of English style of architecture, stood on a hill about 250 yards back from the famous Old York road.

The Wanamaker art gallery contained some of the rarest prints and most valuable paintings in existence. Mr. Wanamaker and his family have been at their winter home, in Philadelphia and the country place was in charge of a caretaker.

The fire made rapid progress, a few valuable paintings being about the only things saved. Among these were "Christ before Pilate" and "Christ on Calvary," by Munkacsy. These two paintings are valued at \$250,000.

The suburban police and fire companies from Jenkintown, Ogontz, Ashbourne and Glenside were called into service, but the water supply was inadequate and their efforts availed little.

Youghiogheny Must Wait.

The board of engineers on rivers and harbors of the war department, after a hearing which Representatives Acheson, Dalzell and Cooper attended to present the claims of the Youghiogheny, decided to make no recommendation as to the canalization of the Youghiogheny river until another survey or preliminary examination has been made. The rivers and harbors bill contains a provision for a survey of the Youghiogheny, placed there by Representative Cooper, which undoubtedly will go through and, after the war department has made the survey, the board of rivers and harbors can make a comprehensive report on the project.

Original Republican Dies.

Rev. Seymour A. Baker, one of the founders of the Republican party, an anti-slavery agitator, a Presbyterian minister and an editor of note, died at Kansas City, Mo.

President Roosevelt hopes to visit Alaska on a hunting trip after his presidential term expires.

Congressmen Are Against Tips.

The house committee on the District of Columbia made a favorable report on the Murphy bill which makes it unlawful to either give or receive tips in any hotel or eating house in the District of Columbia.

King of Siam Coming Over.

Advices by steamers from the orient say that the king of Siam is to visit the United States in May. His majesty will leave Bangkok in March and will proceed from Yokohama to Europe via America.

BUT 20 VOTES CAST AGAINST

Act Will Increase the Amount Now Paid Out for Pensions About \$15,000,000.

The house of representatives passed without amendment the service pension bill passed by the senate on January 11. There is no doubt President Roosevelt will sign the bill.

For years the proposition to pension all soldiers, regardless of disability, has been pending before congress. The Grand Army of the Republic has exerted every effort in its power to bring about such legislation and only today was it accomplished. Soldiers' pensions now less than the amounts named in the bill just passed will be raised accordingly. Those receiving more will not be affected. Following is the schedule of the service pension bill:

At 62 years of age, \$12 per month; at 70 years of age, \$15 per month; at 75 years of age or over, \$20 per month. These pensions shall commence from the date of the filing of the application with the pension bureau, and the terms apply to any person who has served 90 days or more in the civil war or in the war with Mexico. All that is necessary is to establish age and produce an honorable discharge.

But 20 votes were cast against the bill, all of them by Democrats, and among them: John Sharp Williams, Democratic floor leader of the house.

It is estimated that this new pension act will cost the government about \$15,000,000 more than it is now paying for pensions.

DEAD MAN AT THROTTLE

Train Dashes Through Philadelphia at High Speed.

The Congressional Limited train on the Pennsylvania railroad, which leaves Washington for New York at 4 o'clock, ran through Philadelphia at terrific speed with the engineer, Joseph Toms, dead at the throttle.

The train makes two stops in the city, one at West Philadelphia and the other at North Philadelphia. Shortly after the train left West Philadelphia, the fireman, Harry Michner, noticed the speed was unusual. Michner called to Toms, but received no answer, and when the train rushed through Fairmount park and nearer to North Philadelphia, the fireman climbed over the boiler into the cab to find Toms dead with his hand on the throttle. His head was hanging out of the cab window, and had been crushed by striking some object along the road.

PENALTY FOR MUTINY

Twenty Russian Sailors Taken to Fort—Vice Admiral Nebogotoff Gets 10 Years.

On account of the revival of terrorism and political crimes in Russia the Schlusselburg fortress has been restored to its former use as a prison for political offenders. Twenty sailors of the Black sea fleet have just been taken there in chains to serve sentences of life imprisonment for participation in the mutiny at Sebastopol. The fortress will also be used again for executions.

The emperor has confirmed the sentences passed by the court-martial on Vice Admiral Nebogotoff and the other naval officers tried at the same time. Nebogotoff will be interned in a fortress for 10 years and the others for varying periods.

The two women, Miles, Klimova and Terenteva, who participated in the attempt to blow up Premier Stolypin with bombs at his country residence August 25, 1906, have been identified. Mile, Klimova is the daughter of a councillor of the empire and Mile, Terenteva belongs also to a good family. They will soon be tried by a court-martial.

CURRENT NEWS ITEMS.

The Irish Parliamentary party unanimously re-elected John Redmond, as chairman of the party.

The German steamer Manhattan has arrived at Algiers from Philadelphia, and landed the crew of the French bark Jules Simon, from Port Louis which had been abandoned near the Azores.

Frank Banquissik was hanged at Newark, N. J., for the murder of Thomas Hoff, at Mont Clair, two years ago. Banquissik had made a full confession.

The Republican caucus nominated Frank O. Briggs for United States Senator from New Jersey, to succeed John F. Dryden by a vote of 22 to 18. The vote subsequently was made unanimous.

Congressman William Alden Smith was elected by the Michigan Legislature to fill out the unexpired term of Senator Alger. Congressman Smith had already been elected as Senator Alger's successor at the expiration of his term March 4.

"Aunt" Jane Lewis, whose age is authentically estimated to have been 116 years, died at Hamilton, O. February 6. She was born in Petersburg, Va., and lived for many years with the family of Gen. Zachary Taylor.

Sapulpa, I. T., has offered a proposition to the constitutional convention to locate the capital of the new State at that place. It offered 100 acres of land, \$100,000 cash and light and heat for the State buildings free of charge for 50 years.

Boston Wool Market.

The wool market continues strong, with trading dull, chiefly because of the high values. Foreign wools are firm. Leading domestic quotations follow: Ohio and Pennsylvania, XX and above, 34 to 34½; X, 32 to 33c; No. 1, 40 to 41c; No. 2, 39 to 40c; fine unwashed, 26 to 27c; unwashed, 29 to 30c; half-blood, unwashed, 33½ to 34c; three-eighths blood, unwashed, 34 to 35c; quarter-blood, unwashed, 33½ to 34c; Delaine, washed, 37 to 38c.