

SEC. TAFT GOES TO HAVANA

Cuban Congress Confers Unlimited Power on Palma.

REBEL OFFERS TO SURRENDER

Proposes to Lay Down Arms if United States Guarantees a Fair Trial.

President Roosevelt has ordered Secretary Taft and Acting Secretary of State Bacon to Cuba to make direct inquiries into the situation on the island.

The Cuban congress, in extraordinary session, indorsed all that President Palma has done.

The rursale guard will be increased to 10,000 men and every financial resource of the government devoted to crushing the insurrection.

More United States warships have been ordered to the island, making eight in all.

Orders have been issued to prevent the sailing of more ships bearing munitions of war to the insurgents from the United States.

Mr. Roosevelt has written to the Cuban minister, deploring the situation, advising every possible measure toward correcting it, and setting forth the circumstances under which intervention may result.

One hundred and twenty armed sailors from the United States protected cruiser Denver landed in Havana, September 13 and camped in front of the president's palace in anticipation of possible uprisings within or attacks upon the city.

It was officially announced in Washington that the sailors who were landed at Havana from the American cruiser Denver have been ordered to immediately return to their vessel, save for a small guard which will be left at the American legation.

This action followed the receipt of an official report by Acting Secretary of State Bacon from Mr. Sleeper, the American charge d'affaires at Havana, regarding the landing of the men. The report was not made public, but it was announced officially shortly afterward that the sailors were landed from the Denver solely and simply for the protection of the lives and property of American citizens; that such action was in pursuance of a discussion between Mr. Sleeper, the charge d'affaires, and the commander, with the belief that it was a wise precaution looking to the protection of the lives and property of Americans.

There was no intention, it is stated, to do otherwise than to safeguard American interests and the services of the sailors were to be utilized only in case of disorders within the city, which threatened such interests.

An extraordinary incident in connection with the presence of an American force in Havana happened when Commander Colwell was approached by an accredited emissary of Alfredo Zayas, president of the Liberal party, and Gen. Loyanz de Castillo, commander of the insurgent forces in Havana province, with a signed offer from each of the men named to surrender their commands and hand over their arms to Commander Colwell on the sole condition that the United States government, through him, guarantee them fair and judicial trials.

Commander Colwell, accompanied by Charge d'Affaires Sleeper, immediately carried the proposition to President Palma. The president was immensely pleased, and asked Commander Colwell if he would accept the surrenders. Commander Colwell replied in the negative, but advised the president to communicate with the Washington government on the subject, which was done accordingly.

Wealthy Man a Suicide.

The body of Henry K. Wampole, the wealthy Philadelphia manufacturer of chemicals, who had been missing for several days, was found in the East river, New York. He undoubtedly committed suicide.

ETHEL ROOSEVELT IN ACCIDENT

Thrown From Buggy by Frightened Horse, but Not Injured.

While driving from Sagamore Hill to Oyster Bay Miss Ethel Roosevelt daughter of the President, was thrown out of her buggy, her horse becoming frightened at an automobile.

The accident occurred near the residence of E. L. Fearn, where Miss Ethel stopped for a few moments to regain her composure. She was not hurt, and insisted upon having her horse harnessed to another buggy and on driving back to Sagamore Hill.

LOYAL TROOPS RETREAT

Rural Guards Meet Reverse in Santa Clara Province.

A dispatch from Mr. Sleeper, the American Charge at Havana, says it is reported that 300 insurgents attacked the Rural Guards at Zaza, Santa Clara province, and that the Government lost 18 men, while the loss to the insurgents is not known. The Government forces retreated to Sancti Spiritus.

BANDITS HOLD UP TRAIN

100 Passengers Aboard When Attempt is Made Near Peoria.

Four masked men attempted to hold up a southbound passenger train on the Rock Island railroad two miles north of Peoria. Conductor Robert Murray disarmed one of the men after being struck on the head, and the robbers fled.

There were 160 persons on the train. Policemen are searching the woods for the desperadoes.

WOMAN WITH A RECORD

Old But Still Full of Fight Against Revenue Officers.

After walking eight miles through the mountains back of Cliff Top, W. Va., United States Deputy Marshall Dan Cunningham arrested Mrs. Malinda Shrewsbury, whose age is beyond the grasp of her memory, but who must be near the century mark. She was charged with distilling moonshine liquor and retailing it at country fairs, dances and picnics.

When the revenue officers discovered the cabin tucked away in a thicket of laurels on the mountain side, and it is fortunate he did so.

The aged woman moonshiner was working near the kitchen table, above which swung an old-fashioned rifle, which she grabbed for. She was not quick enough, however, to outwit the officer, who knocked the weapon away before she could use it. She attempted to shoot a warning to her two sons, but was gagged and bound, and placed on a box. The officer waited until noon the next day for the boys, who failed to turn up. Mrs. Shrewsbury stated that she had been arrested three times—twice in the mountains of Tennessee and once in the West Virginia mountains. The officers making her arrest were killed every time, once by her own hands and twice by her husband and sons, all of whom, with the exception of two, have been killed later in moonshiner battles.

PREACHER ELOPES WITH GIRL

Pittsburg Pastor Leaves Church and Wife and Children.

Rev. C. T. Coombs, former pastor of the Lemington Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Pittsburg, and the head of a family consisting of a wife and five children, and Miss Lillian B. Mycumb, a pretty young candidate for ordination at the Deacons' Home, were the principals in an elopement suddenly terminated by church officials and detectives in Mt. Vernon, New York Sunday.

The development follows quickly the unexpected and sudden resignation of Rev. Mr. Coombs from his pastorate and membership in the church on August 22 and the departure a few days prior of Miss Mycumb for her annual vacation at her home in Everett, Pa.

After the apprehension of the couple in New York by Rev. E. H. Heizer, pastor of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, and A. G. C. McKalip, a trustee of the same church, aided by New York detectives, the young woman was brought to Pittsburg and was taken by Mr. McKalip to the home of her parents at Everett, Pa.

PULAJANE BAND REPULSED

Attack on Colored Infantry Disastrous to Outlaws.

A special dispatch from Manila says: "In revenge for the punishment inflicted upon them by the regular troops for the killing of Lieutenant Roscoe Treadwell of the Philippine Scouts the Pulajanes attacked a detachment of the Twenty-fourth Infantry (colored) on the night of the 10th and before they could be driven back they killed two and wounded eight of the soldiers.

Early on the evening of the 10th the bandits rushed the camp and succeeded in killing the officers and the colored troops came to the rescue and drove the fanatics from the field, killing and capturing a large number.

FILE PAPERS FOR MERGER

Capital Stock of New Railroad Corporation is \$20,000,000.

Papers were filed in the state department at Harrisburg, merging the Susquehanna Central, Toga & Clinton and the Pittsburgh, Binghamton & Eastern railroad companies under the name of the Pittsburgh, Binghamton & Eastern Railroad Company and providing for the construction and operation of a line in Clearfield, Clinton, Center, Lycoming, Elk, Toga and Bradford counties in Pennsylvania, starting at Hyner, Clearfield county, and running to Binghamton, N. Y.

The capital stock of the company is \$20,000,000. The papers name F. A. Sawyer of Canton, Pa., as president.

WHITE PLAGUE BAFFLING

Homeopathic Congress Knows No Remedy for Advanced Stages.

At the International Homeopathic Congress at Atlantic City, there were many papers read on tuberculosis, which the writers discussed methods of treatment in the several stages of the disease and precautions that should be taken to arrest its spread. It was stated that no remedy has yet been found that will cure a patient when tuberculosis has taken a firm hold on the victim. Many treatments were mentioned, however, that showed good results in the incipient stages of the disease.

Bank Directors Indicted.

The grand jury at Chicago returned indictments against M. A. LaBuy, Frank Crane, Joseph Lister, Eloy Johnson and Marvin Kirkeby, directors of the Milwaukee Avenue State Bank, of which Paul O. Stensland was president, charging embezzlement and naming various amounts ranging from \$50 to \$1,000. Additional indictments were returned against Stensland and Henry Hering, the former cashier of the bank.

Mrs. Longworth Creates Panic.

A wild and unruly mob of 50,000 people gathered to witness the unveiling of the William McKinley memorial in the capitol grounds at Columbus, O., imperiled the lives of Mrs. Alice Roosevelt Longworth and hundreds of spectators. Only by the intelligent action of Mrs. Longworth was a catastrophe prevented, and even so the President's daughter was rescued from being trampled to death only by the extreme efforts of a cordon of police.

RUSSIAN TYRANT IS DEAD

General Trepoff, a Great Foe to Liberty, Passes Away.

HIS CAREER MOST DRAMATIC

Many Attempts to Assassinate This Evil Genius of the Russian People Failed.

Gen. Dmitri Feodorovich Trepoff, commandant of the Russian imperial palace, died in his villa at Peterhof of angina pectoris. His death at his home from disease surprised many who had predicted his assassination. During the last three years six actual attempts on Gen. Trepoff's life have been made, and only last July, Gen. Kozloff, of the headquarters staff, was assassinated at Peterhof by a terrorist who believed he was firing upon Trepoff.

Gen. Trepoff, whose name was indelibly linked with restriction and oppression in Russia, was in many respects a remarkable man. He was a natural despot, a tyrant by inclination, education and conviction. He was one of those men who have constantly appeared, like evil geniuses in Russian history, just at the time when conditions were most promising for putting an end to despotism, to turn the Russian rulers from liberalism back into paths of reaction. It was he who became the guiding spirit of the reaction after Nicholas II had issued his famous manifesto in the winter of 1905, promising the people a share in the government. Holding the position of master of the palace, in league with the court intriguers who were determined to restore the old regime, he constantly had the emperor's ear.

In spite of the positive statement of the physicians at the imperial palace at Peterhof, the rumor that General Trepoff, "the most hated man in Russia," was victim of an insidious poison, will not down.

In all walks of life the story was spread that the czar's military tyrant had died in great agony and that all his symptoms were those of a man who had taken poison.

POLE FINDER ARRIVES

Captain Amundson Reports Valuable Scientific Discoveries.

Captain Ronald Amundson, discoverer of the Northwest passage, reached Seattle on the steamship Saratoga from Nome. He was met by a committee of the Chamber of Commerce and the local Norwegian societies.

"My observations extend over a period of three years and it will take three years to calculate them," said he. "Until that time it is utterly impossible to say positively what I have accomplished by my observations, I believe, however, that I have found the North magnetic pole. I cannot say as yet whether it is a shifting point or extends over a large area. We also took careful observations of the Aurora Borealis, and I believe that my observations will show that this phenomena has a marked effect on the compass. Our zoological and ethnological collection has been carefully attended to and is fairly complete."

VETERANS REUNITE

General Pickett's Survivors Meet Members of Philadelphia Brigade.

On the historic battle field of Gettysburg, where they clashed for supremacy, the survivors of Gen. Pickett's division of the Confederate army met in fraternal reunion the survivors of the Philadelphia brigade which was composed of four regiments of Pennsylvania volunteers. The reunion was held at the "bloody angle" where Gen. Pickett made his famous charge.

A feature of the gathering was the presentation of Gen. Armistead's sword to the men of the south. Gen. Armistead fell during the charge and his sword has since been in possession of the Philadelphia soldiers.

OIL DEAL CLOSED

Pennsylvania Men Acquire Extensive Holdings in Indiana Field.

William Bell and J. C. Kilgore, large oil and gas operators in the Indiana and Pennsylvania fields, have disposed of their entire holdings in Grant county, Indiana, to oil men of Warren, Pa., for \$65,000. J. B. Phillips of Warren, Pa., is associated in the purchase of the property.

The property sold consists of about 1,500 acres of leases in Center and Mill townships. There are nearly 60 producing wells and the daily production is about 250 barrels.

Secretary Root Goes to Panama.

The United States cruiser Charleston, with Secretary of State Root on board, left Callao for Panama. More than 2,000 persons participated in the municipal ball in honor of Secretary Root Saturday night.

Lightning exploded the powder magazine at the fort at Montefuoco, France. Seven persons were killed and many injured.

Want Jury Trials.

A plea of "not guilty" has been entered in the probate court at Findlay, O., by John D. Rockefeller on the charge of violating the anti-trust laws through the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Rockefeller was not personally in court. He pleaded through an attorney. The defendants in the cases against the pipe lines also pleaded not guilty in the same way and each demanded a separate trial by jury. Judge Banker adjourned court until the first Monday in October in order to make this possible.

DEAD LINE ESTABLISHED THERE

Laborers Are Forbidden to Cross It—Ante-Bellum Days Recalled by Motley Crowds.

Charged by indictment with conspiracy to violate the thirteenth amendment of the Constitution prohibiting slavery, nine Missourians went to trial in the United States district court at Cape Girardeau, Mo. The defendants are Charles M. Smith, James Smith, Rex Smith, and Charles M. Smith, Jr., Lee Rogers, William Woods, Benjamin Stone, Benjamin Fields and Floyd Woods.

The Smiths own 20,000 acres or more of southeast Missouri drained land. A few years ago it was swamp land and of small value. They have drained the land. For the proper cultivation of this land they needed a large force of men, and this spring they secured about 40 negroes from Memphis and Cairo. Three months after the negroes were brought to New Madrid, the Smiths were arrested and indicted charged with holding the negroes in a state of slavery.

The negroes, who are witnesses, tell stories that sound much like those of the real days of slavery. One said a foreman was whipping him for some act of insubordination and he ran. The foreman struck him with a club in such a way that his eye was put out. Another tells of a blow on the ankle months ago from the effects of which he is still lame. All say it was customary on the farm for the foreman to use a blacksnake whip or club whenever a negro displeased him.

They told how six men dug a hole in the floor and escaped in the night. Several said they had worked three or four months without pay of any kind, but after the arrests they received some pay.

A negro whose wife was with him said he was allowed to go to town on errands, but not permitted to take his wife. Most of the negroes, he said, were not allowed to leave the farm. There were day guards and night guards with Winchesters, who kept the negroes under constant guard and some negroes were shot in attempting to leave.

CROPS ABOVE AVERAGE

Report Shows Heavy Yields, Above Average for Past Ten Years.

The crop reporting board of the department of agriculture finds the condition of corn on September 1 was 92.3 per cent, as compared with 88.1 last month, and a 10-year average of 81.0.

In Pennsylvania the average is 96 per cent, while the 10-year average is 88, and Ohio, 99, against 85 the 10-year average.

The average condition of spring wheat when harvested was 82.4.

The average condition of the oat crop when harvested was 81.9, against a 10-year average of 81.9. In Pennsylvania the average was 75, against a 10-year average of 89.

The average condition of potatoes on September 1 was 85.3, against a 10-year average of 79.2.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Daniel O'Day President of the National Transit Company, died at Royan, France.

Smallpox has broken out at Camp Wyoming, where United States Army manoeuvres are in progress.

The Red Cross Society sent to American Minister Hicks a remittance of \$2,000 for the benefit of the earthquake sufferers at Valparaiso.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, charges that Representative Littlefield carried his district in Maine through the lavish use of money and whisky.

Mary, the 7-year-old daughter of Sylvane Emerick, was killed while playing at her home near Ellerslie, Md. Eugene Smith, aged 20, shot at a rat and the bullet struck the child.

Lieutenant General Corbin, on the eve of his retirement from the army, made several recommendations of changes in military laws, and declared himself in favor of the army cantonment.

Lewis Horton, a negro, of Guilford College, N. C., declares he is 115 years old. The old negro visits Winston-Salem occasionally. He is as chirp as a cricket and talks knowingly of things 100 years ago.

President Roosevelt has completed the first draft of his next annual message to Congress. It is his intention to put the finishing touches on this document before he takes his trip to Panama in November.

An increasing firmness is reported in the coke trade and prospects for higher prices are favorable. A slight increase in production and shipments over last week is shown, the total gain in output being over 1,500 tons.

Application was made to the Secretary of War by the Parkersburg and Ohio Bridge Company to construct a highway bridge at Parkersburg, W. Va. It is intended to operate an electric line across the bridge.

The Union Oil Company, of San Francisco, has just completed its pipe line across the isthmus of Panama, and within 45 days it will be supplying Atlantic seaboard cities with California fuel oil.

At Evansville, Ind., three workmen were killed by coming in contact with a barbed wire fence that had been charged with electricity. A bolt of lightning had burned a traction wire insulator, which allowed a guy wire leading to the fence to become charged.

The Delaware Democratic state convention nominated the following ticket: Congress, David T. Howell, Wilmington; state treasurer, Robert H. Wilson, Dover; state auditor, Ken- dal M. Wiley, Bridgeville. William J. Bryan was indorsed for president.

Two Drown From Motor Boat.

Two men were drowned in the motor boat races on the Hudson river. They were Mr. Ferry and Oberon, who were on the motor boat Vesuvius. Oberon being drowned in an attempt to save Ferry.

MANY KILLED IN WRECKS

Trains Come Together on Two Lines of Railroad.

AIR BRAKES FAILED TO WORK

Most of the Dead Were Harvest Hands—Seven Lives Lost in Georgia Freight Wreck.

Twelve persons are known to be dead and 12 were injured in a head-on collision between two Canadian Pacific railway passenger trains at Azilda, seven miles west of Sudbury, Ontario.

The third section of a harvesters' train was standing at Azilda waiting for the eastbound express, when the fast train came along and crashed into it, head on. It is said the engineer of the express was unable to stop, as the airbrakes did not respond.

All the dead and injured were in a colonist sleeping car on the harvesters' train next to the engine. No one in the other cars was injured and no one was hurt on the eastbound train.

So far a list of the dead or injured or an official statement of the cause of the wreck has not been obtained from officials of the Canadian Pacific.

Freight trains numbers 8 and 12, on Western & Atlantic railroad collided at Ringgold, Ga., seven trainmen being killed.

The accident was due to the overlooking of orders by the engineer of No. 8, who met his death, as did the engineer of No. 13.

Both firemen and one who was learning the road, Conductor Whitehead, of No. 13, and a brakeman were killed.

Both engines were demolished, and five cars loaded with wheat were splintered.

ECHO OF CHADWICK AFFAIR

Receiver for Oberlin Bank Sues to Recover \$10,000 on a Note.

Herbert L. Newton of Brookline, Mass., who came into prominence during the Cassie Chadwick exposures, is defendant in a suit instituted by Robert Lyons, receiver for the Citizens National bank of Oberlin, O. The hearing on the case was held before Judge Coll in the United States circuit court.

Counsel for the receiver asserted Newton is liable for a note of \$10,000 which Mrs. Chadwick deposited with the wrecked bank as security, his name appearing upon the instrument.

Newton demanded the books of the bank be produced to prove the deposit of the note, his counsel asserting Mrs. Chadwick and certain officials of the bank conspired at fraud under the guise of doing a legitimate banking business. Judge Coll took the matter under advisement.

FIGHTS WITH PULAJANES

Lieut. Treadwell Killed in Fight in Leyte—Band Exterminated.

Lieutenant Roscoe Treadwell, of the Philippine scouts, was killed at South Baruan, Leyte, while trying to repel the attack of a band of more than 100 Pulajanes, who had attacked his company.

A detachment of 60 men of the Twenty-fourth regiment of infantry, colored, with 40 of the native constabulary, overtook a band of 25 Pulajanes at Marabon and in the engagement that followed almost exterminated the bandits.

MOQUIS IN CIVIL WAR

One Faction on Arizona Reservation Drives Other From Village.

A telegram from the superintendent of the Moqui Indian reservation in Arizona to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs indicates that there is an active state of civil war between two factions of Indians in Oreiba village in that reservation.

The Indians have long been divided on the question of supporting the Government policies, and the message received states that one of the parties has driven the other out of the village.

CHILDREN ARRESTED

Said to Have Been Employed by Terrorists to Execute Attempts on Russian Officials.

In a search for terrorists some 200 houses located in different parts of Warsaw were ransacked by troops. About 1,000 arrests were made and most of the prisoners were Jews.

Many children were taken into custody. They are employed by the terrorists to execute attempts on government officials because the movements of children do not awaken suspicion, and they are not liable to capital punishment. The authorities have ordered that all suspects be expelled from the city.

Fight Near Havana.

Government forces have won a victory over the rebels at a point close to Havana. Gen. Rodriguez, with 400 rural guardsmen, attacked the rebels under Gen. Del Castillo and Cois, Asbert and Acosta, 1,000 strong at Wajay, 12 miles south of Havana. After a stubborn fight the rebels were dispersed. Eight of them were killed and 23 wounded. Of the guardsmen one was killed and 13 were wounded.

Increase in Coal Output.

According to the report of Edward W. Parker, statistician of the United States Geological Survey, the production of coal in the United States in 1905 amounted to 322,919,341 short tons, having a value at the mines of \$476,756,963, surpassing in both quantity and value all previous records in the history of the country.

Former Judge Tree of Chicago, after visit to foreign society resorts, concludes they are not fit places for American girls.

OHIO REPUBLICANS

Senator Dick Retains the Leadership—Burton Will Not Give Up the Struggle.

The State Republican Convention met in Dayton and nominated the following ticket:

Secretary of State, Carmi A. Thompson, Ironton.

Dairy and Food Commissioner—Renick W. Dunlap, Kingstown.

Board Public Works—George H. Watkins, Scioto county.

Commissioner of Schools—E. A. Jones, Massillon.

It was one of the hottest State conventions in the history of the party in the State. The contest was not over the naming of candidates for the State offices for which the convention had been called, but over the selection of a chairman of the State executive committee, involving the State leadership of United States Senator Charles Dick.

The senator won not only on this proposition but also on the question of indorsement of his work and that of Senator Foraker in the United States Senate.

The platform insists on a continuance of a high protective tariff;

Lauds President Roosevelt and Dick;

Declares for laws for the betterment of the workingman's condition;

Calls on Congress to encourage the upbuilding of our merchant marine;

Favors a larger navy;

Calls for liberal Federal appropriations for the further improvement of the Ohio river, and State appropriations for State canals.

The platform was adopted with little debate. A minority report was presented by W. H. Boyd of Cleveland demanding immediate revision of the tariff and containing a provision for the election of senators by popular vote. He moved its adoption as a substitute for the sections in the majority report covering these subjects.

CHURCH FUNDS TIED UP

Presbyterian Boards Will Probably Lose \$30,000.

According to a statement of the Stated Clerk of the General Assembly, the Rev. Dr. William H. Roberts, the various agencies of the Presbyterian Church have \$160,000 tied up through the wrecking of the Real Estate Trust Company, of Philadelphia. There is a probable loss of \$30,000 of the funds of the Trustees of the General Assembly, of which Frank K. Hipple was treasurer. The current funds of the various agencies of the church amounted to \$130,000. They belonged to the Board of Relief, the Trustees of the Board of Publication and Sunday School Work, the Trustees of the General Assembly and the Women's Foreign Missionary Society.

Dr. Roberts stated that he believed the deposits would be fully paid back within a short time. The \$30,000 discrepancy in the trust funds of the trustees of the General Assembly will be the only loss in that case. He did not say whether he expected the deposits would be paid by the trust company or made good by outside persons.

ADOPT 2 1/2 CENT RATE

Erie and Lackawanna Railroads Will Make Reduction.

The Erie railroad announced that beginning November 1, 1906, the maximum one-way local fare will be 2 1/2 cents per mile over the entire system, instead of 3 cents, as at present. On the same date the company will place on sale a 1,000-mile book at a flat rate of \$20, use not restricted to purchaser. The interchangeable mileage book has been reduced from \$30 to \$25, the purchaser receiving \$5 on returning the cover.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company also announced that the maximum passenger rate on that road will be placed on a 2 1/2 cent basis beginning November 1.

This will not affect rates now existing on a basis of less than 2 1/2 cents a mile. Interchangeable 1,000 mile books will be sold at the rate of \$25.

Boston Wool Market.

The wool market is moderately active. The large consumers are not buying freely, but they are in close touch with the market. Individual transactions have ranged from 25,000 to 200,000 pounds. Pulled wools are quiet. Foreign grades are steady. Leading quotations follow: Ohio and Pennsylvania XX and Ohio, 34c; X, 31 to 32c; No. 1, 40 to 41c; No. 2, 38 to 39c; fine unwashed, 25 to 26c; half blood, unwashed, 25 to 32c; three-quarter blood, unwashed, 34 to 35c; quarter blood, unashed, 32 to 33c; delaine, unwashed, 28 to 29c; Michigan—Fine unwashed, 25 to 26c; half blood, unwashed, 31 to 32c; three-eighths blood, unwashed, 32 to 33c; quarter blood, unwashed, 32 to 33c; delaine, unwashed, 27 to 28c.

Missions Get \$913,169.

The American board of foreign missions, which closed its fiscal year September 11, announced the largest receipts in its history, \$913,169. The board has reduced its debt during the year from \$176,527 to \$55,407. The statement does not include the \$45,000 balance from John D. Rockefeller of his subscription of \$100,000 made the previous year.

PRIEST'S VICTIM DEAD

End Comes Soon After Father Garstka is Released on Bail.

Joseph Krojowski, a Polish laborer, aged 47, of Glassport, Pa., who was shot in the abdomen last Sunday in a fight which arose over his place in the Polish church at that place, died at McKeesport Hospital. Rev. Albert Garstka, pastor of the church, who was arrested for the shooting and committed to the county jail, was released in \$8,000 bail a short time before Krojowski died.