

GUESTS KILLED BY A BOMB

Revolutionist Throws Missile During Holding of Reception.

PREMIER HAD NARROW ESCAPE

His Son and Daughter Were Both Wounded—Tragedy Cast Gloom Over the Capital.

Thirty-two persons are dead and several wounded as the result of a dastardly attempt Saturday afternoon to assassinate Premier Stolypin of Russia, with a bomb while he was holding a public reception at his country house on Aptekarsky Island. The premier was slightly wounded on the face and neck by flying splinters.

The wounded include M. Stolypin's daughter and 3-year-old son, who were seriously injured, and a number of persons prominent in the social and official worlds.

Of the four conspirators who engineered the outrage, two were killed with their victims, while the third, who acted as coachman for the party, and the fourth, who remained inside the carriage, were badly wounded, and are now in the Sts. Peter and Paul fortress.

Among the dead are Gen. Zameatin, the premier's personal secretary; M. Klovostoff, former governor of the province of Penza; Col. Federoff, chief of the premier's personal guard; Court Chamberlain Davidoff, Court Chamberlain Voronin and Aid Doubovoff, Prince Nakashidze, Police officer Konunzeff and four women and two children.

People were literally blown to pieces. Those who were not killed instantly were horribly maimed or lacerated, and all the others present were prostrated by the shock.

The premier's escape was miraculous for only a moment before the explosion took place he had stepped inside his study at the rear of the salon to speak to Prince Shakovsky. Although he was but slightly injured, he is completely prostrated by the calamity.

ATTEMPT TO KILL THE CZAR

Two Men With Bomb Arrested by Guards at Palace.

An attempt to kill the czar was frustrated only through the vigilance of the imperial guards at the Peterhof palace.

Simultaneously with the blowing up of Premier Stolypin's palace, two men succeeded in forcing an entrance into the courtyard of the imperial residence at Peterhof. One of the men carried a bomb concealed in a basket of fruit, and both were armed. Their actions aroused the suspicions of several of the palace guards, who placed the two men under arrest. When they were searched, the instrument of death was discovered, and they were immediately placed in solitary confinement.

DEAD BIRDS CAUSE TYPHOID

Thousands of Fledglings, in Attempting to Fly, Had Fallen Into Reservoir.

The cause of an epidemic of typhoid fever among the 1,000 inhabitants of Three Oaks, Md., was discovered when a member of the Board of Health climbed to the top of the water works' standpipe and found several thousand young sparrows dead and in various stages of decomposition covering the surface of the water.

Immediately the Mayor gave instructions to empty the standpipe, scrub and paint it. Hundreds of sparrow nests have been built on a ledge that runs around the summit of the standpipe and the young birds are supposed to have fallen into the uncovered standpipe while trying to fly.

The cover made for the standpipe when it was constructed was never put on. There are over 21 cases of typhoid in the town.

INDICTMENT HAS 126 COUNTS

Standard Oil Company and Railroads Held by Grand Jury.

Two additional indictments were returned by the federal grand jury, at Jamestown, N. Y., one against the Standard Oil Company of New York and the other against the New York Central railroad. The indictment against the railroad contains a single count, failure to file with the interstate commerce commission the rates it is claimed the railroad maintained.

The indictment against the Standard, however, has 126 counts, each for a specific violation of the law. The charge is the Standard accepted an unlawful discrimination from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the New York Central and the Central Vermont railway, in that during the year 1904 the rate from Olean, N. Y. to Burlington, Vt., was 15 cents per hundred weight, while the rate for like shipments from Bradford, Pa., to Titusville, Pa., was 32 cents.

Arms for Cu' Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.

When the Ward Mexico left her suitcase Cure for all Brooklyn, Aug. 10, and LUNG TROUB- had stowed away MONEY BACK. Remington rounds of am- rapid fire AD BUSINESS to allow peo- ma's force would look in vain through the col- sel coul of THE STAR for an advertise- ment of your business.

Little Early Risers The famous little pills.

Public Utilities Restored and Business Resuming.

Fernandez Blanco, Governor of the Province of Valparaiso, has proclaimed the city of Valparaiso in a state of siege and has conferred supreme authority on navy Captain Gomez Carreno.

The Prefect of Police is charged with the duty of collecting and distributing food. One of the first acts of the Military Governor was to issue an order that any persons found breaking water mains should be shot. The water supply is fairly adequate, and repairs are actively progressing at Baron Hill, Vina del Mar and Ramaditas, where a large number of mains were broken by the earthquake.

The whole of Victoria street is illuminated by electric lamps. Two other streets also are lighted and Cerro and Alfres streets will be lighted. Electric cars already are running between Baron station and Bercero, and the operation of cars will be extended to Vina del Mar.

The total number of corpses buried up to August 21, was 648.

The main postoffice has been reopened. At Llalilal there is not a single wall in good condition. There were 30 persons killed there. At Cabildo the railroad station was damaged.

It was announced that the Ministry of Public Works had been advised that it would be necessary to demolish more than 3,000 houses at Santiago, as the result of damages which they received during the recent earth shocks.

BANDERA KILLED

Negro Insurgent Leader Slain by Cuban Guards.

Gen. Quentin Bandera, the negro insurgent leader, with two companions, was killed in a fight with rural guards, which took place between Mariano and Hoyo Colorado.

A force of 100 mounted rural guards which had for three days been seeking to surround the insurgent force commanded by Bandera, finally succeeded after the veteran commander had pitched his camp for the night. Two of Bandera's followers was captured.

It was announced from Havana August 20 that Gen. Bandera, who greatly distinguished himself in the Cuban war for independence, had left Arroyo Arenas, 12 miles west of Havana, with about 20 insurgents, whose numbers were augmented later by a force armed with guns and ammunition, which set out from Havana. The next day it was reported that Bandera had been wounded in the head in a skirmish.

Bandera was about 60 years old. He took part in the 10 years' war, as well as in the war for Cuban independence. He was well known in every province of Cuba and had great influence with the colored people.

When in Havana Bandera was in the habit of gathering crowds of negroes about him and making speeches to them on the ingratitude of republicans.

The bodies of Bandera and his companions were placed in a wagon and taken to Havana. An examination of Bandera's body showed that his principal wound was a machete blow on the head.

INSURGENTS INCREASING

Government Troops Ambushed and Several Killed.

The Cuban Government reports announce that a detachment of the forces of Colonel de Strampes, numbering 33 men, at Guines, province of Pinar del Rio, were dispatched to dislodge the insurgent forces of Colonel Asbert, camped on the hill "Flor de Mayor," near the town. The insurgent commander, having 87 men, sent part of them to the base of the hill, where they ambushed the Government forces, killing four and capturing one man. Other reports give the number of dead as nine. The survivors retired in disorder.

Insurgent bands are multiplying in Havana and Pinar del Rio provinces, many small parties having left Havana to join them. All are well armed and mounted. All the insurgents are reported to be mounted.

82 INDIANS KILLED

Yaquis Make Desperate Stand and Troops Loose Seven Men.

The battle which took place a few days ago near Las Gasimas, State of Sonora, between a force of Federal soldiers commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Jose M. Corona and a large body of Yaqui Indians was the fiercest combat that has taken place in the present Yaqui uprising, according to official reports just made to the War Department.

The battle lasted for several hours and resulted in 82 Indians and 7 soldiers being killed.

COMET LOCATED

Spyglass Sharps Give Out Some Clues.

A Useful and Able Member. The renomination of Hon. A. F. Cooper, of Uniontown, for Congress, by the Republicans of the Twenty-third Congressional District, is creditable to the party. Mr. Cooper has served two terms in Congress, and has ably represented his district. He is a man of parts, who has the native ability coupled with the habit for hard work, which makes him an exceptionally useful man in the Lower House. The Twenty-third District is to be congratulated on having such an able representative for the past four years, and we are sure the voters of the three counties of Somerset, Fayette and Greene will return him to Congress by a very large majority, and keep him there as long as he continues to represent them as he has in the past.—Washington Observer.

ROOSEVELT IS ALERT

President Keenly Interested in Political Situation in Pennsylvania.

WANTS BIG REPUBLICAN VICTORY

His Visit to the York County Fair Will Not Be Simply to See the Prize Cattle.

[Special Correspondence.]

Harrisburg, Aug. 28.

"President Roosevelt is not going to the York county fair simply to see the prize bulls, you can depend upon that," remarked a well-informed Washington correspondent a few days ago in discussing the president's anticipated visit to Pennsylvania next month. This newspaper man is in touch with members of the cabinet and other leading officials of the national administration, and he knows the keen interest the president and all of those associated with him are manifesting in the coming election.

While it is possible that at the dedication of the new capitol building here the president may not touch upon politics, there is reason to believe that in his remarks subsequently at the York county fair he will make clear his desire for the election of a Republican congress.

It is known that the president has made a number of inquiries regarding political conditions in Pennsylvania, and he has on more than one occasion expressed an earnest wish for the success of the Republican party in this state this fall.

President Roosevelt has taken advantage of several opportunities recently to arouse interest in the Republican cause.

Mr. Roosevelt's Dollar.

Anent his subscription to the Republican congressional committee's campaign fund, Editor Earle C. Tuten, of the Bellefonte Republican, has this to say about "Mr. Roosevelt's dollar":

"One of the first to heed the call of the chairman of the Republican campaign committee for one dollar contributions to the campaign fund is President Roosevelt. The president believes in the virtue of example and gives his dollar early with an implied injunction to all Republicans who share with him a true spirit of loyalty to party principle to go and do likewise. Undoubtedly the president's example will bear fruit. Its special value consists in the fact that every public act of the chief executive of the nation commands the attention of the whole people, and that accordingly his recognition of the dollar a head idea will bring the merit thereof home to hundreds of thousands of citizens who otherwise might let it pass unnoticed.

He Leads the Way.

"Naturally this simple device commands itself to the president because of the conditions which have made it necessary. In former times the great corporations were the chief donors of campaign funds, and very little money was obtained from the privates in the ranks of the political parties. Largely through Mr. Roosevelt's instrumentality, a death blow has been dealt to the practice of collecting funds from such sources.

"Henceforward, therefore, the campaign committee of all parties must look to individuals for the wherewithal to meet the heavy cost of campaigning. There should be no difficulty on this head if it is only possible to enlist individual attention and to inspire generally an adequate sense of partisan obligation. It is this that Mr. Roosevelt has in mind, and he has taken the one method of emphasizing his views where good results are sure to be achieved."

A State Dollar Fund.

Colonel Wesley R. Andrews, of the Republican state committee, has followed the lead of Chairman Sherman, of the congressional committee, and is soliciting one dollar subscriptions to the state campaign fund. The radical anti-corporation declarations made in the Republican platform in Pennsylvania, coupled with the knowledge that Edwin S. Stuart as governor will see that all the party pledges are carried out, will without doubt deter many capitalists from contributing to the Pennsylvania Republican state committee this year.

But this is to be "a people's battle," and the dollars of the people will bring returns in a triumphant Republican victory.

Fortunately, the Republican party has cleaned its household and has placed itself in the van of reform legislation, thus giving no valid excuse for any Republican to desert the Republican ranks. If Emery stands for a principle, Stuart likewise stands for it, and Stuart, furthermore, has the advantage of representing the Republicanism of Theodore Roosevelt.

Common sense is going to win the coming battle in Pennsylvania, not hysteria, and when the people begin to see, as they will, that Stuart is a Republican who owes allegiance only to that which is best in Republicanism and not to individuals, that he is a Republican who stands shoulder to shoulder with Roosevelt for the Square Deal, they will discover only danger to the movement for Emery.

BRYAN AND EMERY

They Are Linked Together in the Pennsylvania Campaign.

PLAYING NATIONAL POLITICS

Republicans Are Prepared to Meet the Issue With Roosevelt and Stuart As Their Leaders.

[Special Correspondence.]

Philadelphia, Aug. 28.

The home-coming of Bryan this week brings national politics to the front all over the country, and especially in Pennsylvania, where the democratic state convention which named Emery for governor in its platform declared Bryan the certain successor to Roosevelt.

There is now a clean-cut issue whether Roosevelt or Bryan shall be endorsed by the voters of Pennsylvania this fall.

Republicans For Reform. It is the argument of the democrats and of the so-called Lincoln Party, which has been swallowed by the Democrats, that only local issues are involved. They claim—the Democrats and the Lincolntees—that they alone can give good government. Yet, if we take into consideration the work of the recent session of the special legislature, we find that every reform demanded by the most drastic reformer was adopted. In other words, the Republican party gave direct proof that it was not only willing but anxious to lead the movement for political reform and political regeneration.

The platform of the Republican party and the candidates in person stand for the purest and the most advanced ideas. The Republican state platform is linked with that of the Republican party of the nation. To separate the two is impossible. When you vote for Stuart you vote for the indorsement of the policies of Theodore Roosevelt. When you vote for Emery you give aid and sustenance to the supporters of William J. Bryan.

In plain words, we are going to decide in November whether we are Roosevelt Republicans or Bryan Democrats.

There will be those who will declare that their support of Emery is not an indorsement of Bryan. But it will be, just the same.

The situation is one of deep interest and it is useless to deny that it is also one of concern. Two years before the nominating convention will be held, Bryan is as good as nominated already. State after state has declared for him through Democratic state conventions. During the past week two more states fell into line. Wisconsin went wild over his name and indorsed him outright as the standard bearer of 1908. Pennsylvania Democrats went on record in practically the same manner, for they hailed him as the great "Democratic commoner, who is now regarded as the certain successor of Theodore Roosevelt."

To drive the wedge in Pennsylvania the Bryan leadership has joined hands with the Lincolntees by taking the candidate of the latter for governor.

Opening Mass Meeting. Philadelphia Republicans are deeply interested in what will probably be the initial meeting of the state campaign. It will be given in the Academy of Music in this city on Wednesday evening, September 12. The meeting is to be held in connection with an immense demonstration to be given under the auspices of friends and neighbors of Mr. Stuart in the southern section of the city. Leading businessmen and manufacturers are working with the Republican clubmen to make this occasion a grand success. It is predicted that there will be the largest turnout of Republican clubs ever made in that section of the city, and that the Academy of Music will not be large enough to hold the thousands who will join in this tribute to one of the most popular Philadelphians ever named for public office.

Stuart's Personal Strength.

There are new evidences given daily of the admitted strength of the Republican nominee for governor.

The Philadelphia Evening Bulletin, an independent newspaper which supported Berry and the entire fusion ticket last fall, says:

"The nomination of Edwin S. Stuart for governor places at the head of the Republican state ticket a clean, upright and respected member of the party. It would not have been possible to find among the regular Republicans any other man of reputation who enjoys more of the good will of the people of Philadelphia than the ex-mayor, and this good will extends in large measure into the state.

"Throughout his career he has been associated with no scandals or abuses of his making or in party management; his personal character is high, and his instincts as a citizen and as a party man are in the direction of honest politics and good government. His administration as mayor of Philadelphia was one of the best under the Bullitt act, and in every public or semi-public post to which he has been summoned, his tact, sense and integrity have enabled him to be useful and successful.

"There is no doubt that Stuart is in entire sympathy with the strong platform on which he has been nominated, and that if elected governor he may be depended upon to carry it out in the purposes of his administration.

"Stuart today is unquestionably stronger than his party, or rather the party organization behind him."

CASES FOR SEPTEMBER COURT.

Two Murder Cases and Many Other Offenses.

Following is nearly a complete list of the cases docketed for trial at the September term of court, which will begin in Somerset on Monday, Sept. 10th:

CASES FOR MONDAY.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Dively, charged with burglary and horse stealing, on information of A. T. Armstrong. John Hudock et al., robbery; S. W. McMullen prosecutor.

Joe Yanconish, assault and battery to kill; John Protko prosecutor. George Stanley et al., assault and battery; George Fertig prosecutor. Bazil Tomst, assault and battery, R. R. Caldwell prosecutor.

Albert Kringer, surety; B. G. Fry prosecutor. Andy Day, assault and battery; John O. Neal prosecutor. Stiney Dulic et al., resisting an officer; B. G. Frye prosecutor.

Mike Bialchick, assault and battery to kill; Byron A. Chadwick prosecutor. Harry Kaufman, carrying concealed weapons; George Plummer prosecutor. Michael Russell, assault and battery; John Doratzak prosecutor.

Mike "Hudac, malicious mischief; Geo. Milaskin prosecutor. Charles Shank, arson; B. F. Harold prosecutor. Mike Bialchick, carrying concealed weapons; Byron A. Chadwick prosecutor.

Charles Dusheck, assault and battery and surety; Mrs. Frances Dusheck prosecutor. John Schardt, violating liquor laws; J. P. Swindell prosecutor. Edward Yoder, aggravated assault and battery; George Ackerman prosecutor.

Oliver Roberts, assault and battery to ravish; J. E. Haer prosecutor. Joseph Mitchey, assault and battery; Steve Garrick prosecutor. Sylvester Shoemaker, assault and battery; Andrew Steele prosecutor.

John Smith, aggravated assault and battery; Mike Andrews prosecutor. Stiner Zelleim, malicious mischief; Wm. McKee prosecutor. George Werbon, assault and battery; Steve Swetcoebich prosecutor.

Charles Capitol, carrying concealed weapons; J. P. Swindell prosecutor. John Leighty, false pretense; Joseph Franz prosecutor.

CASES FOR TUESDAY.

P. J. Lynch, larceny by baillee; J. W. Cratzer prosecutor. Four cases against A. G. Marshall, charging him with larceny and conspiracy; Harrison Snyder prosecutor. Ellis Barnes et al., housebreaking; Elizabeth King prosecutor.

Harry Moore, felling timber, etc.; Sarah M. Zufall prosecutor. George C. Biser, violating pure food laws; W. W. Hutchinson prosecutor. Frank Francis, riot; Thomas Delehant prosecutor.

Samuel Robish et al., aggravated riot; S. W. McMullen prosecutor. Andy Smutko et al., aggravated riot; J. E. McMullen prosecutor. Three cases against Joe Stephen et al., assault and battery to kill; Mike Turak, George Makuch and John Makuck prosecutors.

Thomas Stuft, embezzlement; C. H. Risser prosecutor. Andy Basile, riot; J. E. McMullen prosecutor. John Beres, aggravated assault and battery; George Aah prosecutor.

John Fayco and Stephen Smutko et al., aggravated riot; J. E. McMullen prosecutor. William Hause, assault and battery to kill; Eliza Hause, prosecutor. Jonas Stevanus, adultery; Edward Bisbing prosecutor.

Paul Sattelkau, embezzlement; J. A. Berkey prosecutor. Steve Annasovits, embezzlement; John Sabonick, prosecutor. Labias Weaver, false pretense; R. W. Adams prosecutor.

Atley Neff, aggravated assault and battery; John Pipon prosecutor. B. F. Fisher, assault and battery and desertion; Annie Fisher prosecutor. John Lenhart, violating liquor laws; W. L. Tucker prosecutor. John Vansick, assault and battery and surety; Frank Bronzinski and John Behon prosecutors.

DAVID E. BARTHOLEMUE, EDITH E. BAKER

Prosecutors; John Metzler, Lucy Pletcher, Harry Hane, Ida K. Carolus, Irvin Rische, Mary A. Yoder, Harry W. Bisel, Ellen E. Howard, etc.

Desertion cases, set for Wednesday evening, Henry Vogel, J. B. Mosholder prosecutor; H. J. McMinn, Lucinda McMinn prosecutor; Warran Rutter, Cecillia Rutter prosecutor; Joseph Gindlesperger, Julia Gindlesperger, prosecutor; Frederick Clevenger, Laura Clevenger prosecutor; Joe Kenmuir, Chauncey Dickey prosecutor. Surety cases, Joe Howe, Clarence Brosch prosecutor; John Behon, John Viseck prosecutor.

CASES FOR THURSDAY. Norman Bowman, murder; Gesido de Ginstino prosecutor. Joe de Francesco, murder; Frank Wagner prosecutor. Paul Louge, larceny, Frank H. R. Watson prosecutor.

W. C. T. U. County Convention.

The 22nd annual county Convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held in the Brethren church, Meyersdale, Pa., Sept. 6th and 7th, 1906. Following is the program:

THURSDAY, SEPT. 6TH, 1:30 P. M. Song Service. Parliamentary Drill. Devotional Exercises. Convention called to order. Appointment of reporter, committees on courtesies, credentials, resolutions, time and place of next meeting.

Address of welcome—Mrs. U. Jones. Response—Dr. Sylvia McQuitty Wilson, Mrs. Sue Liston. Music. Paper—"Woman as a factor in the World's Work"—Mrs. Elizabeth Hay. Music.

Five-minute Discussion—"How do women enter the temperance cause?" Speakers, Mrs. Jennie Thompson, Mrs. Myrtle Duncombe, Mrs. Maud Vogel, Miss Myra Lichliter. Followed by general discussion. Music. Benediction.

THURSDAY EVENING, 7:30 O'CLOCK. Devotional Exercises. Music. Lecture—Miss Belle Kearney. Music. Benediction.

FRIDAY MORNING, 9 O'CLOCK. Singing. Parliamentary Drill. Devotional Exercises. President's Address. Recitation—Miss Catharine Thompson. Music.

Discussion—"Plans for work for the coming year." Speakers, Mrs. Cook, Mrs. Just, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. McKinley. Followed by general discussion. Music. Reports of delegates and superintendents. Adjournment.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, 1:30 O'CLOCK. Song Service. Devotional Exercises. Memorial Service in memory of Mrs. Frances J. Kooser and Mrs. Mary A. Beachly. Music. Report of committees and Treasurer. Election of officers. Adjournment.

MAIL ORDER HOUSE CATALOGUE.

It is a Wonderful Book, on Account of What is Not in it as Well as What is.

When the catalogue comes from your mail order house, draw an easy chair to the table where the light will shine full upon the page, and put on your glasses that no bargains may escape your eye.

What a wonderful book it is, to be sure! wonderful for what it does not contain as well as what it does. You will miss some things you would be glad to see.

Where is their offer to pay cash or exchange goods for your wheat, oats, corn, beans, butter, eggs and hay? How much do they pay for cattle, sheep and hogs, f. o. b. at your depot? How much tax will they pay to support your schools and educate your children, for improving roads and bridges, the support of the poor of the county, for the expense of running the business of the township, county and state?

On what page is their offer to contribute money to the church? What line of credit will they extend to you when your crops are poor and money gone, when through illness or misfortune you are not able to send "cash with order" for your groceries?

In short, will they do anything to provide a market for what you have to sell, and thereby keep up the value of your estate? Will they do anything for social, church, school or government support, or do they take your dollar out of the community with no returns except the goods you buy.

Think this over carefully, then call on your local dealer, where you can see and examine the goods before you buy them, and by comparison of prices and quality you will see that you can do as well or better at home, and you keep the money at home, thereby helping to build up your local town.