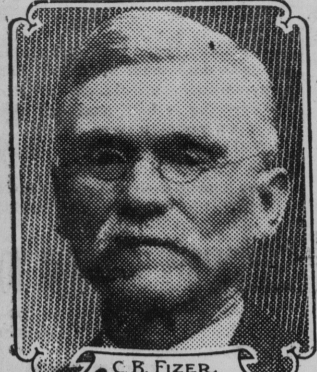


KIDNEY TROUBLE

Suffered Two Years—Relieved in Three Months.



MR. C. B. FIZER, Mt. Sterling, Ky., writes: "I have suffered with kidney and bladder trouble for ten years past. Last March I commenced using Peruna and continued for three months. I have not used it since, nor have I felt a pain."

Peruna For Kidney Trouble. Mrs. Geo. H. Simser, Grant, Ontario, Can., writes: "I had not been well for about four years. I had kidney trouble, and, in fact, felt badly nearly all the time."

"This summer I got so very bad, I thought I would try Peruna, so I wrote to you and began at once to take Peruna and Manalin. I took only two bottles of Peruna and one of Manalin, and now I feel better than I have for some time."

"I feel that Peruna and Manalin cured me and made a different woman of me altogether. I bless the day I picked up the little book and read of your Peruna. It is the business of the kidneys to remove from the blood all poisonous materials. They must be active all the time, else the system suffers. There are times when they need a little assistance. Peruna is exactly this sort of a remedy. It has saved many people from disaster by rendering the kidneys service at a time when they were not able to bear their own burdens."

King Alfonso's Lineage.

Alfonso XIII. of Spain united in his veins the blood of the houses of Bourbon and Hapsburg. He goes straight back to Hugh Capet (A. D. 987) of France, founder of all that line of kings whose royal and wood culminated in the French revolution, and he can claim lineage with the long line of the Louises of France, St. Louis, Louis XI., Louis XIV. and all the Phillips and Ferdinands of Spain, including our own patron, Isabella. In his paternal line are great men, wise rulers and good men, and also monsters of tyranny, debauchery and every human frailty. Such names as Philip II., Alva, Torquemada, Crazy Jane, Isabella the Catholic, St. Louis, all suggest possibilities of inherited tendencies that may have come to this amiable youth from his paternal line. Alfonso bears in his face to a striking degree the physiognomical marks of his lineage. The high nose of the Bourbons, the pendulous lip of the Hapsburgs and the emaciated figure of the Spanish line are his. He has given no evidence of that foolish pride which cost the life of one of his ancestors because the grandee whose business it was to attend to the fire did not happen to be present when the fumes of the stove threatened the monarch's life. On the contrary, Alfonso XIII. seems to be a good deal of a democrat.—Indianapolis Star.

Mortality and Price of Whisky.

"Raising the price of whisky seems to have brought about a wave of moral reform," remarked a police official to the Toronto Globe. Only two prisoners charged with being drunk appeared before Magistrate Denison. They were two old-timers. The price of whisky was raised by the hotel men, and the reports from the different police stations yesterday morning disclosed the fact that fewer arrests for being drunk were made on Monday than for some time past. Inspector William Davis of the Court street division stated that his division had a clean slate, not one drunk being chronicled. "This is the first time in the history of No. 1 division that I have never seen at least one prisoner arrested for being drunk," said Inspector Davis, "and I have been attached to the division for several years."

Wanted in Wyoming.

At the International Sunday school convention, at Louisville, Ky., in answer to the roll call of states, reports were verbally given by the various state chairmen. When the Lone Star state was called, a brawny specimen of southern manhood stepped out into the aisle and with stentorian voice exclaimed: "We represent the great state of Texas. The first white woman born in Texas is still living—she now has a population of over three millions."

There was a pause of bewildering length for a moment, and then a voice from the galleries rang out clear and distinct: "Send that woman out to Wyoming—we need her!"—Everybody's Magazine.

Russia's Naval Loss.

The total value of the Russian warships either sunk by the Japanese or captured by them in the recent war has been found by the Russian Ministry of Marine to amount to no less a sum than \$132,850,000.

Trouble in Mailing.

An official of the New York post-office relates a story of the sad predicament of an Irishman who entered that office for the purpose of mailing a letter to his fiancée. He had paused in perplexity before a board containing three letter slots bearing the words "City," "Domestic," "Foreign." "Faith," he muttered, "this is a pretty problem. Maggie's a domestic, she lives in the city and she's a foreigner. What beats me is how I'm going to get this letter in the three holes at once."—Harper's Weekly.



The Neglected Farmer's Garden.

A farmer's garden is often neglected until the last thing, and then the wives and children have the most of the work to do. While I would say nothing against their working in the garden, at least they ought to have all the advantages that a carefully thought-out plan and proper preparation will give. With but very little trouble or expense, says Farming, you can have fruit the year round in connection with your garden. In my own family we could do without it. At one side of the garden, or some convenient place, have a bed of asparagus, a strawberry bed and blackberry, raspberry, currant and gooseberry bushes enough to supply all the fresh fruit you can use during the season, with some for putting up in winter with some for putting up for winter.

Saving Manure Fertility.

Many farmers throw the manure up into a great loose pile, where it ferments so rapidly that it becomes fire-fangled, and those materials that go to form humus in the soil are destroyed. The right way is to first see that the ground is level, or hollowed out so that there is a slope from the outside towards the centre; cover this with straw, or other absorbent, and spread the stable droppings over it; keeping the heap broad and flat, and tramping solidly each day with a fresh supply is added. This may be done by the cattle when they are turned out for a little exercise each day. By placing a couple of rubbing posts on the top of the pile they will soon be induced to aid in keeping the heap in a solid condition, thereby preventing excessive heating and consequent loss of ammonia.

The object in doing this is to prevent the air penetrating the manure, it being one of the essentials necessary to fermentation. Heat and moisture also assist, but may be largely counteracted, and reduced to a minimum if some form of a shelter has been provided, and a liberal supply of suitable absorbents is used.—J. H. McKeeney, Corinth, Ont.

Reducing Cost of Production.

At one of the Illinois meetings Prof. Curtis, of the Iowa station, in his course of his remarks said: "We all know that, valuable as corn is, it is not a complete ration, and if we expect to produce the best results in growing our animals, and in dairy stock, and in developing horses, and in maintaining the breeding qualities of our animals, we must have a variety of feed stuffs. We must have the constituents that go to build up the bone and muscle and properly develop the animal in the highest form and highest state of excellence. These things are absolutely essential; never so much as today, in view of the high-priced land that we have, in view of the quicker returns that we must get from these animals, and the higher excellence that we must produce in the finished product. In the fact that we have higher-priced feed products the method presented is, how we may cheapen the production of these animals by the rations we use, or the methods we employ in growing and producing them on our farms, and produce the finished product at comparatively a lower cost and without sacrificing any of the excellence. I believe that the grass crop affords today the surest and most practical means of accomplishing cheaper production."

Farm Paragraphs

Comfort in the stables means service in the fields.

Individual experience is the first requisite in a good horse.

Sore shoulders are the cause of many horses becoming balky.

Put little blankets of flannel on the lambs if the weather is very cold.

Water is as important as food and should be supplied clean and fresh.

Gravel should always be supplied to fowls being fattened in confinement.

Animals that are uniform in age and size will feed and fatten more easily.

Chickens should never be allowed to go on the roosts until ten or twelve weeks old.

Before the planting is finished, the manure should all be gathered up and hauled out.

So far as is possible, feed the chickens early in the morning and late in the evening.

When the hens are laying abundantly, lime should be kept before them at all times.

It is a good plan to feed wheat as the grain food at this time as corn is too fattening.

Lime is a purifier and should be used often as a wash to coops, perches and nest boxes.

Chickens are the most profitable animals on the farm, but they generally receive the least attention.

In marketing fruit, it should always be the rule to prepare it and place it upon the market in the neatest and nicest condition possible.

Excess of salt is not good for fowls; when they can get to it they sometimes eat it in fatal quantities; but a little salt, as for instance, in their food, is beneficial.

The Hardy Perennials.

The hardy perennials appeal strongly to the farmer's wife, as they are so easily cared for and once established will last for years. To real flower-lovers it is a good deal of satisfaction to feel that when frost comes and deposits our garden of its beauty, it is only for a few months; after the winter's rest they will awaken to new life and beauty without any further effort on our part. Whether the season is favorable or otherwise, the perennials and smaller shrubs may be depended upon to produce a wealth of bloom, while the annuals require a favorable season and special care to give best results. While shrubs require spacious surroundings for best display the perennials are well adapted to small gardens, although in planning for the hardy border one should allow as much space as possible, as in a few years a single specimen of some variety will form a good-sized clump. Instead of buying as many varieties as one's means will allow, it is advisable to plant several roots of a kind, although perhaps different varieties of the same species. The massing together of several plants of a kind makes the border more harmonious and pleasing to the eye than a miscellaneous collection of plants. Of course the taller kinds must be planted in the background; do not plant in straight rows, however, but group the plants as naturally as possible. The first two or three seasons the space between the plants may be filled with low-growing annuals. One may begin with a few plants adding to them from time to time until in a few years the result is a choice collection of plants that will not only add to the beauty of the home but to its value as well.—Ella L. Layson, in the Epitomist.

MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH.

Wheat—No. 2 red	80	88
Corn—No. 2 yellow	60	61
Oats—No. 2 white	37	38
Barley—No. 2	35	36
Flour—Winter patent	4.10	4.15
Flour—Spring wheat	4.00	4.10
Hay—No. 1 Timothy	15.00	15.25
Clover—No. 1 white mid. ton	10.75	11.25
Feed—No. 1 mixed	22.50	23.01
Corn—No. 2 mixed	18.00	18.50
Brass—bulk	23.00	21.50
Straw—Wheat	7.50	7.60
Oats	5.00	5.00

NEW YORK.

Wheat—No. 2 red	89	90
Corn—No. 2	67	68
Oats—No. 2	35	36
Barley—No. 2	35	36
Butter—Creamery	22	23
Eggs—State and Pennsylvania	16	18

LIVE STOCK.

Union Stock Yards, Pittsburg.	
Cattle	
Extra, 1,450 to 1,600 lbs.	\$5 00 \$5 75
Prime, 1,200 to 1,400 lbs.	4 35 5 00
Good, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs.	3 10 3 90
Light, 800 to 1,000 lbs.	4 05 4 75
Common, 700 to 800 lbs.	3 50 4 00
Common to good fat oxen	2 75 3 00
Cattle to good fat calves	2 80 3 15
Common to good fat cows	2 00 2 40
Heifers, 700 to 1,000 lbs.	2 50 2 80
Fresh cows and springers	16 00 50 00

Sheep.

Prime wethers	4 65 5 30
Good mixed	4 25 5 00
Fair mixed ewes and wethers	4 00 5 10
Wool, 100 to 120 lbs.	3 50 4 00
Culls to choice lambs	5 00 6 00

Hogs.

Prime heavy hogs	\$6 60 6 75
Prime medium weights	6 75 6 80
Best heavy Yorkers	6 75 6 80
Good light Yorkers	6 50 6 65
Pigs, as to quality	5 25 5 30
Common to good roughs	3 40 3 50
Stags	4 00 4 35

Calves.

Veal Calves	\$4 50 6 50
Heavy and thin calves	3 00 4 50

Oil Markets.

The following are the quotations for credit balances in the different fields: Pennsylvania, \$1.64; Iowa, \$1.74; Second Hand, \$1.64; North Lima, \$1.93; South Lima, \$1.93; Indiana, \$1.82; Somerset, \$1.93; Ragland, \$2.02; Canada, \$1.82.

A French horticulturist has discovered that roses and magnolias cannot live together. Rose and magnolias, placed together in a vase, both wither within half an hour.

RADISH AND OLIVE SALAD.

Put two cup-shaped lettuce leaves together on a small plate, one for each person. Slice a small radish thin and lay round in a circle in the center and on this put a spoonful of minced or shredded olives. Make a dressing from one level teaspoon of salt, a salt spoon of paprika, a few grains of pepper, six tablespoons of oil and three tablespoons of vinegar. Pour over the salad at the moment of serving.

FINANCE AND TRADE REVIEW

DUN'S WEEKLY SUMMARY

Reports for May Show Large Gains Over Last Year's Figures —Crop Situation.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Current distribution of merchandise is largely dependent upon the weather, which varies widely, according to locality. On the whole the week's results were encouraging, and monthly reports for May show splendid gains over last year's figures. Prices of commodities rose to the highest point in 20 years, \$106.74 on June 1, comparing with \$106.059 a month previous and \$98,759 a year ago. Railway earnings in May were 11.2 per cent heavier than in 1905, and foreign commerce at New York City for the last week showed a gain of \$1,346,180 in exports and a loss of \$1,508 in imports, as compared with the corresponding week last year.

In the iron and steel industry there is not only little idle machinery at the present time, but little prospect of any shutdown in the near future, unless repairs necessitate such action. Official and other indications of a large cotton crop and the further decline in prices of that staple produced no definite effect upon the primary markets for manufactured goods. The outlook for their absorption is far from uncertain. Footwear factories receive only a fair volume of new fall business. Leather is steady at the recent advance. Hides are nominally unchanged, yet an easier tone is in evidence.

Failures in the United States are 206, against 174 last week, 188 the preceding week, and 216 the corresponding week last year. Failures in Canada, number 18, against 13 last week, 8 the preceding week and 20 last year.

Bradstreet's say: Grain crop returns become more irregular as the season progresses, but that fact has not deterred purchasers to any extent. As a whole the situation is equal to a year ago.

MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH.

Grain, Flour and Feed.	
Wheat—No. 2 red	80 88
Corn—No. 2 yellow	60 61
Oats—No. 2 white	37 38
Barley—No. 2	35 36
Flour—Winter patent	4.10 4.15
Flour—Spring wheat	4.00 4.10
Hay—No. 1 Timothy	15.00 15.25
Clover—No. 1 white mid. ton	10.75 11.25
Feed—No. 1 mixed	22.50 23.01
Corn—No. 2 mixed	18.00 18.50
Brass—bulk	23.00 21.50
Straw—Wheat	7.50 7.60
Oats	5.00 5.00

NEW YORK.

Wheat—No. 2 red	89 90
Corn—No. 2	67 68
Oats—No. 2	35 36
Barley—No. 2	35 36
Butter—Creamery	22 23
Eggs—State and Pennsylvania	16 18

LIVE STOCK.

Union Stock Yards, Pittsburg.	
Cattle	
Extra, 1,450 to 1,600 lbs.	\$5 00 \$5 75
Prime, 1,200 to 1,400 lbs.	4 35 5 00
Good, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs.	3 10 3 90
Light, 800 to 1,000 lbs.	4 05 4 75
Common, 700 to 800 lbs.	3 50 4 00
Common to good fat oxen	2 75 3 00
Cattle to good fat calves	2 80 3 15
Common to good fat cows	2 00 2 40
Heifers, 700 to 1,000 lbs.	2 50 2 80
Fresh cows and springers	16 00 50 00

Sheep.

Prime wethers	4 65 5 30
Good mixed	4 25 5 00
Fair mixed ewes and wethers	4 00 5 10
Wool, 100 to 120 lbs.	3 50 4 00
Culls to choice lambs	5 00 6 00

Hogs.

Prime heavy hogs	\$6 60 6 75
Prime medium weights	6 75 6 80
Best heavy Yorkers	6 75 6 80
Good light Yorkers	6 50 6 65
Pigs, as to quality	5 25 5 30
Common to good roughs	3 40 3 50
Stags	4 00 4 35

Calves.

Veal Calves	\$4 50 6 50
Heavy and thin calves	3 00 4 50

Oil Markets.

The following are the quotations for credit balances in the different fields: Pennsylvania, \$1.64; Iowa, \$1.74; Second Hand, \$1.64; North Lima, \$1.93; South Lima, \$1.93; Indiana, \$1.82; Somerset, \$1.93; Ragland, \$2.02; Canada, \$1.82.

A French horticulturist has discovered that roses and magnolias cannot live together. Rose and magnolias, placed together in a vase, both wither within half an hour.

RADISH AND OLIVE SALAD.

Put two cup-shaped lettuce leaves together on a small plate, one for each person. Slice a small radish thin and lay round in a circle in the center and on this put a spoonful of minced or shredded olives. Make a dressing from one level teaspoon of salt, a salt spoon of paprika, a few grains of pepper, six tablespoons of oil and three tablespoons of vinegar. Pour over the salad at the moment of serving.

The Provincial New Yorker.

Adding millions to its population and stories to its skyscrapers every decade intensifies, rather than decreases, the provincialism of New York city. No new point of vantage for the people of the state is doing. To the New Yorker the universe bounded on the south by the Sandy Hook light-ship, on the north by the Harlem, on the east by Jamaica bay and on the west by Hoboken. A few stars are thrown in overhead and stories are told of people who inhabit the places where this little world sloughs off beyond the horizon. In the narrow confines of New York city lack of knowledge as to the remainder of the Nation constitutes no drawbacks and extreme provincialism is a virtue.—Detroit Free Press.

Queen's Pearl on Pearl.

A wonderful pearl bearing the exact likeness of the late Queen Victoria of England was found in a fresh water mussel in the Mississippi river. The pearl is now on exhibition in the windows of local jewelers, 407 Nicollet avenue. The pearl is of irregular shape, and its lines correspond with those of an old portrait of Queen Victoria, which shows a full profile, as if carved by hand, so true has nature observed even the smallest detail of the queen's likeness. It was picked up near Davenport, Iowa. The pearl will be sent to the English correspondent of the firm in London.—Minneapolis Journal.

Washing Feathers.

Make large bags of thin cotton and empty the feathers into them. Dissolve half a bar of Ivory Soap in a tub of moderately warm water and put a bag of feathers in. Let soak for an hour, then work well with the hands and rinse through two warm waters. Lay on airing-table to dry.—ELEANOR R. PARKER.

No Cure No Pay.

The head of an Eskimo family gives his doctor a fee as soon as he comes. If the patient recovers it is kept, if not it is returned.

Legislation has made possible the application of rigid laws governing the employment of women and children in factory labor, in the protection of workmen, in compulsory insurance and pensions, and in better housing for the laboring class. Women's hours for labor and the age at which children may be employed are definitely fixed.

Good Labor Laws.

Legislation has made possible the application of rigid laws governing the employment of women and children in factory labor, in the protection of workmen, in compulsory insurance and pensions, and in better housing for the laboring class. Women's hours for labor and the age at which children may be employed are definitely fixed.

TORTURED WITH ECZEMA.

Tremendous Itching Over Whole Body—Scatched Until Bled—Wonderful Cure by Cuticura.

"Last year I suffered with a tremendous itching on my back, which grew worse and worse until it spread over the whole body, and only my face and hands were free. For four months or so I suffered tortures, and I had to scratch, scratch, scratch until I bled. At night when I went to bed things got worse, and I had at times to get up and scratch my body all over until I was as sore as could be, and until I suffered excruciating pain. They told me that I was suffering from eczema. Then I made up my mind that I would use the Cuticura Remedies. I used them according to instructions, and very soon indeed my itching relieved. I continued until well, and now I am ready to recommend the Cuticura Remedies to any one. Mrs. Mary Metzger, Sweetwater, Okla., June 28, 1905."

Automobile Spectacles.

There were 19 different styles of automobile spectacles and goggles on one tray in an optician's window, an interesting proof of the benefit of motoring to this trade. The opticians are quick to cater to the patrons in every sport and some of the automobile spectacles seemed the first cousins of sports first offered to bicyclists. They sell, too, glasses with a special clip for golfers, warranted not to fall off when playing a shot, besides special spectacles for rifle shots, field gunners and fishermen, the latter of opaque glass to offset the sun's reflection from the water. Yachtsmen and horsemen are also customers for special spectacles as well as for field glasses.—New York Sun.

STOPS BELCHING.

Cures Bad Breath—Positive and Instant Cure—No Drugs—Cures by Absorption.

A sweet breath is priceless. Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will cure bad breath and bad taste instantly. Belching and bad taste indicate offensive breath, which is due to stomach trouble. Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers purify the stomach and stop belching by absorbing foul gases that arise from undigested food, and by supplying the digestive organs with natural solvents for food. They relieve sea or car sickness and nausea or any kind. They quickly cure headache, correct the ill effect of excessive eating or drinking. They will destroy a tobacco, whiskey or onion breath instantly. They stop fermentation in the stomach, acute indigestion, cramps, colic, gas in the stomach and intestines, distended abdomen, heartburn, bad complexion, dizzy spells or any other affliction arising from a diseased stomach. We know Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will do this, and we want you to know it. This offer may not appear again.

6168 GOOD FOR 25c. 143

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name and live, in stamps or silver, and we will supply you a sample free if you have never used Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers, and will also send you a certain amount for 25c. toward the purchase of more Belch Wafers. You will find them invaluable for stomach trouble; cures by absorption. Address MULL'S BROTHERS TOILET CO., 328 3d Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

All druggists, 50c. per box, or by mail upon receipt of price. Stamps accepted.

Good Whitewash for Outbuildings.

Place one bushel good fresh lime in barrel and add 20 pounds beef tallow; slake with hot water. When the lime is slaked the tallow will have disappeared, having formed a chemical compound with the lime. Dry colors may be added to make any color desired. Add the color before slaking the lime, or if after slaking, mix with alcohol and then add to the strained wash. Thin to flow nicely from the brush. A coat of this wash will last as long and look almost as well as much of the lead paint.

STRICT CONFIDENCE.

Women Obtain Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Help.

She Has Guided Thousands to Health.—How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Mrs. Alice Berryhill.

"I have suffered with a tremendous itching on my back, which grew worse and worse until it spread over the whole body, and only my face and hands were free. For four months or so I suffered tortures, and I had to scratch, scratch, scratch until I bled. At night when I went to bed things got worse, and I had at times to get up and scratch my body all over until I was as sore as could be, and until I suffered excruciating pain. They told me that I was suffering from eczema. Then I made up my mind that I would use the Cuticura Remedies. I used them according to instructions, and very soon indeed my itching relieved. I continued until well, and now I am ready to recommend the Cuticura Remedies to any one. Mrs. Mary Metzger, Sweetwater,