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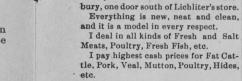
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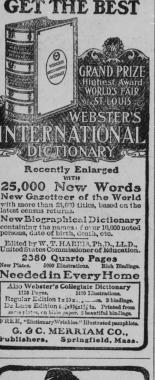
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I GUARANTEE TO PLEASE YOU and want you to call and be con-vinced that I can best supply your wants in the meat line. CASPER WAHL,

The Old Reliable Butcher.



Below will be found the names of the rarious county and district officials. Un ess otherwise indicated, their addresse tre, Somerset, Pa. President Judge-Francis J. Kooser. Member of Congress-A. F. Cooper, Union

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

town, Pa. State Senator—William C. Miller, Bedford

Pa. Members of the Assembly—J. W. Endsley, Somerfield; L. C. Lambert, Lambertsville. Sheriff—William C. Begley. Prothonotary—Charles C. Shafer. Register—Chas. F. Cook. Recorder—John R. Boose. Clerk of Courts—Milton H. Fike. Treesurer—Peter Hoffman. District Attornar. B. F. Marcar. District Attorney-R. E. Meyers. Coroner-Dr. S. J. H. Louther. Commissioners-Josiah Specht Kantner; Chas. F. Zinmerman, Stoyestown; Robert Augustine, Somerfield. Solicitor-Berkey

Jury Commissioners-C. R. McMillan, Lis-Jury Commissioners-C. R. McMillan, Lis-tonburg; W. J. R. Hay, Lavansville, Directors of the Poor-Chauncey F. Dick-ey; Aaron F. Swank, Davidsville; William Brant, Somerset, R. F. D. No. 5. Attorney for Directors, H. F. Yost; Clerk, C. L. Shav-er.

Superintendent of Schools-D. W. Seibert Chairmen Political Organizations-F. M Forney, Republican; Alex. B. Grof, Demo-cratic; R. M. Walker, Berlin, Prohibition -F. M.

Take notice that I have opened a new

and up-to-date meat market in Salis-

Meat

Market!



THE "HOME RULE"

Oil and Gasoline Can.

SAFE-CLEAN-NEAT-CONVENIENT.

SIZE, 5 GALS

FRIEND

Crude

Thoughts As They Fall

rom the

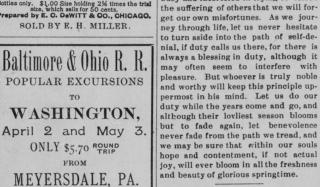
Pen:— Pleasant Evening Reveries.

LD READ The Joy of Home Making. d to us for a free copy at o THE WINFIELD MANFG. CO., Warren, O.

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervous-ness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarth of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol cures indigestion. This new discov-ery represents the natural juices of diges-tion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy cures all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach. Mr. S. S. Ball, of Revensed, W. Va. sugar

Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says:-"I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years, Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk lor baby." Kodol Digests What You Eat.



Agent 8-29

For Tickets and additional infortion call on or address Ticket Ar Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

TICKETS GOOD 10 DAYS.

A Present Need.

Frost Cream for Chapped Hands, Face and Lips; 15 and 25c. bottles at the Elk Lick Drug Store. tf

FOR SALE !- Two nice Building Lots in Beachy Addition No. 2 to Salis-bury borough, together with about 2000 feet of lumber and a small one-story building erected on one of the lots. For terms apply to Harvey Tedrow, Elk Lick, Pa 3-8

Ask for Free Calendars and Alma-nacs at the Elk Lick Drug Store. tf

DRESS SHIRTS !- The finest line that ever came to town, at Hay's Department Store. Prices, 50c., 75c. and \$1.00. C. T. HAY, Manager.

Headley's Choice Chocalates and Bon Bons in $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ and 1-lb. boxes, always on hand, and fresh, at the Elk Lick! Drug

Store Mr. Hiram C. White, the well-known fashionable tailor, of It should be the fountain of civiliza-Chambersburg, will come to Salisbury about March 8th, with a choice line of new Spring

Interesting to Dickens' Lovers

A Column Dedicated to Tired Mothers

Mothers As They Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

Home

Circle

Depart-

ment.

The appeal for volunteers in the great battle of life, in exterminating

ignorance and error and planting high on an everlasting foundation the ban-

ner of intelligence and right, is direct-ed to every member of this depart-ment, would you but grant it audience.

Let no cloud again darken your spirit or weight of sadness oppress your heart. Arouse ambition's smouldering fires. The laurel may e'en now be wreathed

destined to grace thy brow. Burst the trammels that impede thy progress,

of a brighter morrow, when the weary

soul should calmly rest? Hope's bright rays still illume their dark pathways,

and cheerfully yet they watch. Never despair! Faint not, though thy task

Only a few days ago I read how a kind look and a tear of sympathy upon

the face of a clergyman led to the con

version of a poor convict. Such kind-ness is easily bestowed, and yet how

often it is withheld, even from those

whose souls are yearning for our sym-pathy, those who know so little of glad-

ness, but have tasted to the very dregs of life's bitter cup. Yes, if we would be truly happy, we must become so busy and interested in trying to lessen

The Eighteenth century will stand in history as the age in which the doctrine

of the rights of man developed com-

manding strength and popular sway.

The French Revolution in Europe, and the American Revolution in this

try, spread democratic ideas broadcast. The Nineteenth century did very much

to confirm and establish these princi-

ples, but it did much more to secure the rights of woman. At the close of

pations open to women. To-day there is hardly any occupation which she is

not free to enter. It is quite generally

acknowledged that she has the right to

do anything that she can do well, and that, too, without any surrender of her womanhood. Whatever other great

things the Twentieth century shall achieve, we feel quite sure that it will

be characterized by a more intelligent appreciation of the rights of children,

and better agencies and methods for

their training and development. It will be the reminiscence of childhood.

OUR CHILDREN.

Home should be made the most in-

be heavy, and victory is thine

Interesting to Dickens' Lovess. Many of Charles Dickens' famous characters have been traced by one of his biographers to their originals. Paul Dombey was Dickens' nephew, Harry Barnett, a pathetic little crip-ple, who died in his tenth year. Dora Copperfield is supposed to have been a Miss Beadwell, with whom Dickens was in love at the early age of eigh-teen. The belief that he drew the character of Micawber from his father is not upheld by the biografather is not upheld by the biogra-pher, who has discovered in one Richard Chicken of York, a more probable model. This Chicken had a subordinate place in the office of an engineer wherein Alfred Dickens, the novelist's brother, was employed for several years. William Shaw, who who unconsciously sat for the por-trait of the abominable Squeers, is said to have been in actual life, "a man of kind and humane disposiman of kind and humane disposi-tion;" after his death his neighbors trammels that impede thy progress, and cling to hope. The world frowned darkly upon all who have ever yet won fame's wreath, but on they toiled. Flace high thy standard, and with a firm tread and fearless eye press steadily onward. Fresevere, and thou wilt surely reach it. Are there those body who have watched unrewarded through of a brighter morrow, when the weary of a brighter morrow, when the weary mander, at the Royal Exchange.

A Delicate Operation

The plucking of ostrich feathers is a very delicate task. At the proper season a man carefully examines the whose feathers are ripening, groups them into dozens, and pens them in, so that they cannot run about and injure their beautiful plumage. When the plucking time comes, the bird is enticed into a narrow, dark passageway. The entrances are then closed and the bird thus imprisoned. A cloth bag is thrown over the crea ture's head. Then the plucking be-gins. Three men, perched upon plat-forms without the pen, reach over the board inclosure and with curious scissor-like appliances pluck off the feathers. Whatever wounds a bird may receive are immediately dressed. The tail feathers are pulled and not cut, simply because they reproduce better than other feathers of the og-trich. While the plucking is in probetter than other featners of the og-trich. While the plucking is in pro-gress the ostrich keeps up a dismal roaring. Were it not for the staunch construction of the pen the creature would kick the boards into splinters.

Treasure in Russian Churches

Treasure in Russian Churches. The treasures of the various Rus-sian churches are of fabulous value. St. Isaac's Cathedral in St. Peters-burg is said to have cost £10,000,-000. Its copper roof is overlaid with pure gold. In the Cathedral of Ka-zan the name of the Almighty blazes in diamonds from a cloud of beaten gold, under which are solid silver doors twenty feet high. There are 1,400 churches in Moscow, many of 1,400 churches in Moscow, many of From the Cathedral of the Assump-tion Napoleon took from the church five tons of silver and 500 weight of gold, but its most precious treasures were concealed. To celebrate the de-liverance of Moscow from the French the Cathedral of the Holy Saviour was built at a cost of £10,-000,000; its five cupolas are covered with pure gold one-eighth of an inch in the same of the same set of a same same set of the same in thickness.-London Tit-Bits.

Long Views. Persons who wish to put off the evil day of spectacles should accustom themselves to long views. The eye is relieved, and sees better, if, after reading a while, we direct the sight to some far distant object, even for a minute. Great travelers and hunters are seldom near sighted. hunters are seldom near sighted. Sallors discern objects at a great distance with considerable distinct-ness when a common eye sees noth-ing at all. One is reported to have such acute sight that he could tell when he was going to see an object. On one occasion when the ship was in a sinking condition, and all were exceedingly anxious for a sight of land, he reported from the lookout that he could not exactly see the shore, but could pretty nearly do so. shore, but could pretty nearly do so.

No Reason for Comment. A lady had invited to dinner an old friend who had lost his nose in

A Fight Among the Kurds

A Fight Among the Kurds. Col. P. H. H. Massy tells of this battle which he witnessed in the course of his explorations in Asiatic Turkey. The cause of the fight was an attempted theft of sheep. He says: "Some flocks were being driv-en off across the Sipkanli Kurds' border when the usual alarm signals, shots fired and smoke fires kindled at all the villages around, brought clouds of horsemen galloping wildclouds of horsemen galloping ly across in that direction. This did not look very reassuring in the mid-dle of so wild a country, where a hu-man life is never worth that of a good sheep, but we soon perceived, by the yelling Kurds with grinning faces who dashed past us, that to us no harm was intended. "We reached the village not far from which the battle was raging to find the flat roofs occupied by all the women. Quite regardless of stray bullets they followed the fluctuating ly across in that direction. This did

women. Quite regardness of stray bullets they followed the fluctuating fortunes of their side amid the din of their own shrill tongues, which al-most drowned the thundering re-ports of the Kurdish powder, any-there but poleclear or smollower thing but noiseless or smokeless

"It was soon over. The flocks were riumphantly brought back, together with the bodies of a few dead Kurds and some others wounded. We passed on amid the walling of the women just widowed in a fight for a few sheep."

Our Example to Japan In a recent lecture an Englishwo-

man who had lived many years in Japan dwelt upon the admirable manners of the inhabitants of that land, but said that she must admit that in one place their behavior was that in one place the behavior was not above censure; on the railroad trains she had been surprised and disappointed to see them pushing and crowding in a manner quite for-eign to their habitual gentleness and grace

"How do you account for such a thing?" demanded a voice in the audience

"It can be explained," replied the lecturer, simply, "only in this way; In Japan the proper conduct for every occasion in life has been preevery occasion in the first been pre-scribed from antiquity. Conse-quently, from cbildhood every one knows just what he ought to do and does it gracefully. But when the railroad was introduced there was, of course, no precedent for behavior on trains; so the Japanese adopted the American manners."—Exchange.

Poisons in Daily Drink

Dr. W. Scott Tebb, public analyst to the Borough of Southwark, Lon-don, has been making an inquiry on behalf of the Borough Council into the constituents of tea, to ascertain what injurious ingredients are present, and in his report he contrasts the tea drinking records of Great Britain and the countries, says Reynolds's Newspaper. The only countries which ap-proach or exceed Great Britain as tea duplement on the solution.

ta drinkers are her colonies. West-ern Australia is easily first with 10.07 and all the other divisions of Australia exceed Great Britain.

"We drink far too much tea," con cludes Dr. Tebb. He calculates that each person in Great Britain, on an average, takes a daily dose of 3.6 grains of alkaloid and 9.7 grains of tannin. This means that the average tea drinker takes half as much alkaloid and nearly as much tanih as the maximum allowed by the British pharmacopocia for an occasional

dose And of course many thousands of people drink a great deal more than the average dose.

Amusements of the Blind.

With closed eyes, two young men in the blind asylum were playing chess. The board they played on had the black squares raised and the white ones sunken, while the black pieces were rough and the white ones smooth ones smooth.

ones smooth. "Give us this handlcap on account of our blindness," said one of the young men, "and we will play as quick and accurate a game of chess as anybody. Give us checkers and a becker checker board constructed on the same plan, and there, too, our

playing will equal yours. "I would rather be blind than deaf," he went on. "Blindness doesn't rob you of much. The blind

Like Cures Like.

Like Onres Like. Drunkenness is punished by im-prisonment in Norway. As soon as he is incarcerated the delinquent has no other food than a log of wine morning and evening. The bread is served in a wooden bowl full of wine, in which it has been soaked for an hour previous. The first day the drunkard swallows his allow-ance willingly enough. The second day it seems less pleasing. At the day it seems less pleasing. At the end of eight days of this regimen prisoners have been known to ab-stain altogether from the food thus stain altogener from the food thus pitilessly presented. This course of treatment finished, the drunkard, except in rare instances, is radically cured. Many renounce altogether the use of wine, the very smell of which creates a feeling of extreme disgust. What the Lacedaemonians did for meanlity by chowing to the disgust. What the Lacedaemonians did for morality by showing to the young of the aristocracy their drunken slaves, the Norwegtans do directed for the drunkards them-selves. It is the treatment by sati-ety and disgust. If "like cures like" then there is sound philosophy in this homoeopathic treatment of inebriety.

Reaping His Reward.

This happened in a first class car-riage of an English train, smoking being prohibited. The American in the corner Insisted on lighting his cigar. The indignant Britisher in cigar. The indignant Britisher in the other corner protested, and pro-tested in valn. At the next station he halled the guard, with hostile in-tent; but the placid American was too quick for him. "Guard," he drawled, "I think you'll find that this gentleman is traveling with a third-class ticket on him." Investi-gation proved this to be right, and the indignant Britisher was ejected. the indignant Britisher was ejected. A spectator of the little scene asked the triumphant American how he knew about the that ticket. "Well," explained the imperturbable strang-er, "it was sticking out of his pocket and I saw it was the same color as mine.

Lightning's Strange Freak.

Lightning's Strange Freak. "Lightning, when in the mood, has an ugly habit of drilling," writes an English observer. "It will drill the hardest rock—rock which would. turn cold steel; and not only drill but vitrify it. They have found in Cumberland channels from thirty feet deep and from two to four inches in circumference. The inte-rior was hard and glazed where the solid substance had been melted by the stabbing flashes. Artificial ex-periment has shown that a power-ful shock from a battery will vitrify finely powdered glass, but not feld-spar or quartz. The lightning, how-ever, does it in the manner described —not in one place, but in many, menued it. durided into average ---not in one place, but in many, ground it divided into several branches, each strong enough to penetrate and liquefy the solid rock."

A Strange Coincidence.

Col. L. M. Buchanan writes that his youngest son served in the South African campaign as a trooper in the Rhodesian horse. August 21, 1900, the young man was reported as se-verely wounded at Hamman's Kraal verely wounded at Hamman's Kraal and his wound was described by the surgeon in attendance as a "com-minuted fracture of the left humer-us," out of which twenty-one splin-ters were subsequently discharged or extracted. On the same day in his bedroom in Ireland the mirror fell to the floor and was smashed into many pleces, receiving what the colonel thinks might be called a comminuted fracture." The mirror had been in its usual place on the dressing table its usual place on the dressing table and the room was vacant at the time.

Micro-Organism in Butter.

Micro-Organism in Butter. Sometimes butter has a fishy taste, and this led the Department of Agriculture in Victoria, Australia, to make an investigation, which proves that the fishy taste in butter is in no way connected with fish. One or more of four specified micro-organ-isms may be concerned in the devel-opment of fishiness. Rusty cans or any so-called tin utenislis from which the thin coating of tin is worn away have a very deleterious effect on the butter made from milk which the butter made from milk which the butter made from milk which the cans have contained. The fron or steel which becomes exposed by the abrasion of the tin coating, although it may be polished bright and kept clean, has a bad effect on milk and





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ELL, Agent.

supply cuts kinds of ading. Call at ur large as-Ve can show do not exist out you want low price.

When you take a drink for pleasure's sake, take one also for health's sake.

DR. C. BOUVIER'S BUCHU GIN

combines these purposes. It is just as beneficial to the kidneys and bladder, as it is exhilarating and delightful in its immediate effects. Better for you than any medicine

DR. C. BOUVIER'S SPECIALTY CO., INC. LOUISVILLE, KY. On All Bars-Take No Other

Clittle Early Risers The famous little pills.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests what you eat.

\$1.00 up, at the Elk Lick Drug Store. tf

Chest Protectors from 25c. up to be the task of woman. It is she \$2.00, at the Elk Lick Drug Store. tf

WANTED AT ONCE !- Two good girls, either white or color-Hotel. Lick. Pa. tf

Elk Lick, Pa.

t reasonable prices. It Hot Water Bottles of all kinds, from 100 up at the Elk Lick Drug Store tf where our feet may leave, but no SHOE BARGAINS!--We have the biggest and best stock of Men's, Wom-en's and Children's Shoes in town, and en grad Children's Shoes in town, and show are charged by the bare welve and th we are offering special bargains in Shoes at this time. Call and save genius and artisan science cannot make the home; that ever has and ever will

that can bring to it warmth and beauty. Here she reigns supreme. Let our homes be places of love, joy

good girls, either white or color-ed, for kitchen work, at Hay's during love that outlasts the wedding Address D. I. Hay, Elk day, and which produces a life of one long, unbroken honeymoon, the mold-

ing place of character, a place where TO LAND OWNERS:—We have printed and keep in stock a supply of fumed by the choicest flowers of heav-

trespass notices containing extracts from the far-reaching trespass law pass-ed at the 1905 session of the Pennsyl-care.

from the far its made by the second s

with a choice line of new Spring Suitings. Satisfaction rendered at reasonable prices. It Hot Water Bottles of all kinds, from she cautioned her to be very careful to make no remarks about Mr. Rob-inson's nose, as he was very sensi-tive about it. At the table every-thing went well for a time, until Carrie, who had been studying the guest's face in apparent perplexity, turned inquiringly to her mother, and asked:

"Ma, why did you tell me to say nothing about Mr. Robinson's nose? He hasn't got any." — Harper's Weekly.

Cities Growing Population

Compared with New York and Pennsylvania, New Jersey has been steadily forging ahead in population in the last three decades. In 1880 New York's rate of gain was 16 per New York's rate of gain was is per cent. Pennsylvania's was 21.6 per cent. New Jersey's was 24.8 per cent. In 1890 the gains were: New York, 18 per cent.; Pennsylvania, 22.8 per cent.; New Jersey, 27.7 per cent.

Oleomargarine and Butter.

WHEN A MAN TELLS YOU it does not pay to advertise, he is simply ad-mitting that he is conducting a busi-ness that is not worth advertising, a business, and a business which

on cream.

gymnasts. In our last sports the hundred yards were done in under nundred yards were done in under twelve seconds, and on the horizon-tal and parallel bars the glant swing, the corkscrew, the straight arm bal-ance and the finger balance were executed in a way that elicited salvos of applause."

Walking for a Thousand Hours. The latest remarkable feat in walking has just been accomplished in Manchester. For forty-one days and nights William Buckler, aged fifty-six, an ex-sailor, tramped round the track at the Ardwick Athletic Ground, and completed his two miles in Manchester. fifty-eight yards each consecu-tive hour, the total distance traversed in the thousand hours being over 2,028 miles.—London Tit-Bits

"Wild Silk" is Best.

It has been discovered that the wild silkworm produces a silk with more luster than does the pampered worm of captivity. Those who are up on silk culture claim that the tame worm has lost most of its power be-cause it is taken care of so well.

In South Greenland the color of the hair ribbon which a woman ties around her head denotes whether she be maid, wife or widow.

Geese Raising in Hungary. The plains of Hungary are well adapted for the raising of geese, and adapted for the raising of geese, and travelers in that country are often entertained by seeing, from passing trains, great flocks of geese, feeding in the fields and watched by goose-herds. So many feathers are yielded by these geese that four "bedfeather markets" are held annually at Buda-nest and at each market from 600. pest, and at each market from 600, 000 pounds to 700,000 pounds of bedfeathers are placed on sale. pounds of

Punishing the Gods in China.

In Northern China, where a drought has long prevailed, officials have visited all the temples and thrashed the idols for negligence Chres have been put out into the sun, that they may feel how hot and dry it is. It is not uncommon in San Francisco to see a Chinese joss dragged out into the street and punished for neglect of duty.

Newfoundland's Fisheries

Rewfoundand's Fisheries. The mackerel fishery has been practically extinct in Newfoundland waters for the last quarter century, owing to the migration of these fish to the American seaboard. So enor-mous was the extent of the fishery in former times the century of 000 me in former times that over 1,000 ves-sels of different nationalities carried on the pursuit there.