The Farm

Good Breeds in Swine.

Too many farmers work on the plan that a pig is a pig regardless of breed and as a result they continue line breeding until they have little left in the pig except the form. They may be right and doubtless are, but the farmer who raises pigs for what he can get out of them in their gross weight at market prices cares little about the scientific breeding. It is admitted that it would be better if he cared more, but if he will take pains to make the necessary changes in line at frequent intervals he need not worry about the intricacies of cross or line breeding. Yet from his very indifference to these things may come his indifference to the more essential points, and mainly the one point of raising the standard of his herd. With high-grade swine properly bred, given food, pasture, sunshine, pure air and water and variety of feed better results are obtained by far than with scrub stock. If one has a fair lot of females it would be a good investment to raise the standard of the herd by obtaining the services of a grade boar. Grade up the pigs as you would the cows composing the dairy and you'll find it will pay in the long run.

A New Feed Bag For Dobbin.

The driver of every team should be supplied with a bag of some kind for holding feed for his horses, as he seldom is sure where he will be when feeding time comes. Some drivers are very careful in this respect, while others make use of anything that is available. Quite a large number of feed bags are in use, the majority being constructed so that they can be attached and suspended to the side of the horse's head. This does not give the horse any freedom to move his head without moving the bag also. A Philadelphia man has patented an exceedingly simple feed bag which overcomes this fault. The bottom and sides are made of canvas or other flexible material, while the top consists of a circular frame divided into two sections, which are connected by small hoops. Supporting the bag are two metal rods, one on each side, having

A FEED BAG FOR HORSES.

hooks at the end, which fit into the loops in the frame. In the centre and at the other end of the rods are circular hoops, which are shaped to fit over the shaft of the vehicle. It can easily be seen how easily this could be done, the bag always remaining in position where the horse can conveniently reach the feed, at the same time being able to move his head freely. This feed bag has the additional advantage that it can be folded up when not in use.—Philadelphia Record.

Poultry and Eggs Pay.

Every year demonstrates that the egg market is never fully supplied. We are compelled to import eggs to keep pace with the demand, and if the Western farmers are unable to make poultry pay, because of the disadvantages of location and markets, there is nothing in the way of the farmer who has markets all around him. It is creditable to farmers that they may produce a large proportion of the poultry and eggs that are sold in the large cities, but there is room for more production. The obstacle in the way of success is that the poultry does not receive the care bestowed on larger stock. In all experiments made with cows and poultry, on the same proportion of land, the poultry gave the greater profit, and yet the profits could be made larger. Fifty hens are not too many on one acre of ground, and the average profit should be one dollar per hen a year. This is fifty dollars per acre profit. The cow will not give such a large average in proportion. A flock of good hens, however, if well managed, should average more than a dollar each. More eggs should be obtained in winter. If each hen produced only one dozen eggs additional during the whole winter, it would make a large difference in the profits. The point is to determine to secure this addition, and to do so the farmer should be willing to give his whole attention to a large flock, if he can do so by disposing of some stock that may be unprofitable. It means a different system from giving the poultry over to women to manage. The way to make poultry pay is for the farmer to take hold, and when the snow covers the ground, to do for the hens the same as for the animals. —Farmers' Home Journal.

Lambs in the Winter.

The plan has been adopted by certain Michigan feeders during recent years of purchasing lambs in the autumn and carrying them through the winter on rough feed with a moderate allowance of grain and then fattening them and selling them in the spring after having removed the wool. The plan seems to work well. It is claimed that lambs thus handled have brought the most money during recent years.

With reference to the outcome, however, we think much will depend upon the condition of the lambs at the time of purchase, says The Farmer. When they are to be handled thus it is better to purchase lambs somewhat young and not carrying too much flesh, especially if they are bought by the pound. Such lambs will make more pounds of increase than heavy lambs purchased at the same season. They can also be brought into the market in a proper condition of finish at the season named better than larger and more fleshy lambs which would naturally become high conditioned at an earlier season.

In all the States of the Northwest lambs could be fed and managed thus. If those sufficiently light could not be obstained for feeding it would be better to take heavier lambs than to take none at all, providing the farmer is prepared to handle lambs thus. Good money can sometimes be made on old ewes when they are purchased with due thought and care.

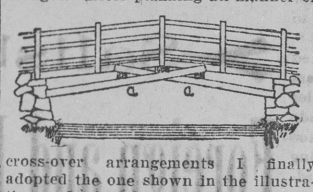
Horse Breeding Abroad.

Something of the extent of horse-breeding by public authority and under public supervision, referred to by a horse-breeding paper, is to the effect that the French authorities own something like three thousand stallions, half being of the high-stepping and coaching type, the others being thoroughbred and draft horses. Farmers breed to these stallions about a quarter of a million mares at very small fees and receive premiums at local fairs, etc., for showing high-class foals. The French Government annually distributes over three millions of dollars to encourage the breeders, and a farmer has the Government for a regular customer for the best of the horses he raises.

When such a happy condition of affairs obtains here, if it ever does, horse breeding in this country will become an exact science and a highly remunerative national enterprise. If we have to wait ten years for the United States Government to show results from the effort it is now putting forth, it will take a quarter of a century at least to get the bulk of the breeders in this broad land interested in the plan, and returns from money and time invested will have to be left to posterity, as few now living and involved deeply in horse breeding will be on top of the earth to reap any benefit. When the good time comes, however, there will be such high-class material produced here, and such unique facilities for its rapid transportation throughout the world, that there will certainly not exist a shadow of discontent on the part of breeder or consumer.—Indiana Farmer.

A Practical Farm Bridge.

On the majority of farms there is need for one or more bridges. Too often they are poorly constructed and not kept in repair. Resulting from such neglect, a horse, the best one always, goes through and breaks a leg, or a loaded wagon breaks through with much loss and then after the damage has been done the farmer attempts to repair the old or build a new bridge. The general topography as well as numerous streams on my farm makes it necessary to have a number of bridges. After planning all manner of



cross-over arrangements I finally adopted the one shown in the illustration and when built of good timber it is a very lasting and serviceable affair. It is especially valuable where a single log can not be used as a stringer. The stringer pieces (a) should be of nothing but good timber and of such size as is required to sustain the weight which the bridge will be called upon to bear.—Robert Worden, in The Epitomist.

Butter Mould Fashions.

"I see," said the man who goes to market frequently, "that the acorn is in style again as a decoration for butter molds. Last spring the field daisy was the flower most frequently printed upon pats of butter. Before that the chrysanthemum was the favorite. I never could understand the necessity for changing the fashion in butter molds, but they do change with the seasons almost as regularly as women's clothes. Even big dairies that mark all rolls of butter with a special trade-mark, vary the floral trimming of their molds from time to time. Among the favorite decorations acorns and oak leaves have their inning most frequently. Chrysanthemums rank next in popularity.

"Some old-fashioned butter makers there are, however, who scorn the ornamental butter molds. The tip of the ladle is their implement of art, and with that they carve figures on a roll of butter that make all floral and horticultural designs look commonplace."—New York Press.

Big Blueberry Pack.

The blueberry canning factory at Island Pond, Vt., has just shut down after canning 300,000 gallons of product. Over 1,500,000 pounds of berries have been used, and seven carloads of lumber were required to box the goods for shipment.—New England Grocer.

Key West sent to the North the first six months of this year about 15,000,000 cigars.

PERFUMES AS MEDICINE

Therapeutic Value of Some Plants Recently Discovered.

Although perfumes have been used by most of mankind for over 3000 years, their value as a therapeutic agent has only recently been demonstrated. The perfumes of flowers or those coming from plants are said to be the most healthful and soothing to the nervous and those afflicted with diseases of a nervous character. According to the doctors the scent of violets is a natural sedative, having the power of soothing or toning down a nervous system or temperament whose equilibrium is easily disturbed.

In the "Materia Medica," the doctors' book of drugs and medicaments, there are seventeen items with which the violet essence is incorporated. In cases of cancer violet leaves have been productive of absolute cures.

Rue, a strong-smelling plant, gives forth an essence which has been found to act beneficially in many and various ways. For liver complaints the sniffing of a few drops of the essential oil, shaken on a handkerchief, has produced relief. Spasms, severe indigestion and other forms of stomach trouble have been removed by soaking a piece of linen in the perfume and fastening it to the pit of the stomach by a flannel band for a few hours. Headaches, sleepiness, lowness of spirits, have often passed away through the use of the essential oil of rue, or to a scent made up of it.

While perfumes made from mint have often been used to drive away a fit of sleepiness, yet at night time this perfume is a sleep producer. The experiment has been tried by some of those who failed to woo the gentle Morpheus in other ways. A small slate-sponge was soaked in mint perfume, inserted in a linen bag and placed under the part of the pillow where the shoulders rested. In a short time the victim of insomnia was insensible to all of earth's conditions.

Thirty-two different kinds of perfumes are made from roses and fourteen are on the market whose basis is derived from the lily—that is, the oil of the plant. All the citrene scents, bergamot, neroli, orange-flower water, are both refreshing and stimulating. Lavender water is peculiarly suited to high-strung temperaments, and as a remedy for hay fever it is very efficacious. In cases of faintness from heat or overcrowding it is invaluable as a remedy.—New York Press.

Mosquitoes Carried by Cars.

The railroads running through the mountains of western Maryland have been the means of introducing the malarial mosquito into that section of the State, according to Professor Philip R. Uhler, president of the Maryland Academy of Sciences and provost of the Peabody Institute.

Professor Uhler said yesterday that the mosquitoes are being carried by freight cars from Spring Gardens, Baltimore, to the mountains of western Maryland, and that he is sure of this from the fact that while in the mountains he has picked mosquitoes from freight cars which had been hauled there from Baltimore. Professor Uhler said he has been going to the Blue Ridge Mountains for thirty years and never saw a mosquito there until three years ago.

As each mosquito lays 500 eggs at once, the rapidity with which they multiply may be imagined, although the female dies after doing this much to propagate her species. Under favorable conditions the eggs are hatched in two weeks. Formerly the mosquitoes could not exist in the mountainous section of the State, Professor Uhler said, but since the country has become more thickly settled and the water courses polluted the pests have an excellent chance to propagate. The female selects as favorable a spot as possible for depositing her eggs, and under present conditions, the professor said, the mosquitoes will thrive and will be ready in the spring to start out on their mission of torture.—Baltimore Sun.

Raincoat For a Bear.

There is one big brown bear in town that gets coddled beyond belief. He belongs to a Sixth avenue furrier. He is not a live bear. Even the memory of the oldest passenger on the elevated road goeth not back to the time of that bear's demise, yet, in spite of his long period as a "dead one," he is the sleekest, best groomed bear in New York. That is because the furrier takes such good care of him.

Storms are never allowed to beat upon his glossy coat. He cannot be humored to the extent of being brought indoors during a downpour because it is his business to stand on a pedestal outside and drum up trade, but the next best thing is done for him. He is provided with a rain coat. It covers him from snout to tail, so no matter how hard the rain may beat or the wind may blow he is insured from damage thereby.—New York Press.

To Tear a Pack of Cards.

To tear a pack of cards in two is regarded by some as a marvelous feat of strength, and yet the trick is possible to any one with fairly strong fingers. The secret of the trick lies in the fact that the entire pack is not torn at once, but in pretending to get a grip on the pack the strong man so manipulates the cards that they overlap. In this way but a single card is torn at a time and once the surface is torn the rest is easy.

A groom recently took some horses from England to Australia for a resident of that Commonwealth.

All the mills on the Penobscot, and throughout Maine, are sawing spruce lumber at top capacity.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

General Trepoff is a man of most aristocratic appearance.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

Of the 105 counties in Kansas forty-four are without a pauper.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. THOMAS ROBERTS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900

It takes a woman with an imagination to wear the hat of the day.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Solid Train of Peas.

The first solid train of canned peas ever shipped from an American canning factory went out from a canning company's plant at Longmont, Col., recently.

MILK CRUST ON BABY

Lost All His Hair—Scratched Till Blood Ran—Grateful Mother Tells of His Cure by Cuticura For 75c.

"When our baby boy was three months old he had the milk crust very badly on his head, so that all the hair came out, and it itched so bad he would scratch until the blood ran. I got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. I applied the Cuticura and put a thin cap on his head, and before I had used half of the box it was entirely cured, his hair commenced to grow out nicely again, and he has had no return of the trouble. (Signed) Mrs. H. P. Holmes, Ashland, Ore."

AILING WOMEN.

Keep the Kidneys Well and the Kidneys Will Keep You Well.

Sick, suffering, languid women are learning the true cause of bad backs and how to cure them. Mrs. W. G. Davis, of Groesbeck, Texas, says: "Backaches hurt me so I could hardly stand. Spells of dizziness and sick headache were frequent and the action of the kidneys was irregular. Soon after I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills I passed several gravel stones. I got well and the trouble has not returned. My back is good and strong and my general health better."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Steel Rails.

The commercial power of the world is largely due to the invention of steel rails. When the roads were built of iron rails the whole system had to be renewed every 18 months.

Swiss Must Vote.

In Switzerland every male between the ages of 20 and 65 is obliged to vote, unless he be a pauper, criminal or a bankrupt. These have not the right of voting.

The Life Saver of Children
With Croup, Coughs, Colds and Pneumonia is Roxsie's Croup Cure. It prevents Diphtheria and Membranous Croup. No opium. No nausea. 50c. Mailed postpaid A. P. ROXSIE, BUFFALO, N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION — CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

One Dollar for a Postal Card

This company will give one dollar for the first reliable information of an opportunity to sell a steam engine or boiler of our standard types within our range of sizes. This does not include vertical, traction or gas engines. If you know of anybody intending to buy an engine or boiler tell us. A Postal will do.

ATLAS
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have for years been the standard for all steam plants. Best of material and workmanship. Our big output enables us to sell on small profits. An Atlas, the best in the world, costs no more than the other kind.
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Selling agencies in all cities INDIANAPOLIS
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PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN
troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.
Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
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PRICE, 25 Cts
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS CURES COUGHS & COLDS
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IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee it. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DOESN'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo.*

THE WONDERFUL STORY OF THE KEYSTONE MINE IN NEVADA

WILLIAM J. LYNCH, THE FAMOUS NEVADA PROSPECTOR, TELLS A STORY OF THE RICHNESS OF THIS GREAT MINE IN THE DESERT OF NEVADA.

A story replete in detail of what is destined to become a wonderful mine---A story of interest to every reader of this paper---A story that can be perused with profit---A story which in its fullness has yet to be written.

I have spent years of my life mining in the State of Nevada. I have wandered over the deserts looking for mining properties. I have found and sold many mines, but I never found anything that looked so good to me as the Keystone Mine. When I located the Keystone Mine I knew that I had at last found a big mine, a mine that is destined to become a part of the mining history of Nevada.

The Keystone Mine is three and one-half miles east of Goldfield in the proven richest mining district of the world. The Keystone lies between the Dixie and the Lookout Mines and the rich ledges which both these mines are working on at the present time apex from the Keystone ground. I am only a plain miner and it is hard for me to write an advertisement, but I'll do the best I can. I have developed the Keystone ground as extensively as my limited capital will permit, and with that development my opinion is no longer an opinion, but is a certainty that the Keystone is one of the richest mining properties of the State of Nevada.

The Keystone in its state to-day is developed almost sufficiently to be a shipper of ore. I am going to tell you what I have done with the property and what further I intend to do on it.

A shaft has been sunk 90 feet in depth which gives assay of $38.20 a ton. A tunnel 263 feet in length, 5 feet in width by 7 in height equipped with ore cars, the equal of any in the State of Nevada, two blacksmith shops on the property one at the entrance of the tunnel and one at the end of the wagon road which has been built at a distance of over 2,000 feet. Assays have been taken from all over the property in order to get the best possible point to sink from. In fact, this property has been so extensively prospected that all that is now needed is sufficient money to develop it to bring to the surface the values which are below. There is a ledge on the Keystone property 36 feet in width on the surface which averages across its entire width $11.20 and shows values as high as $93.80. This is the ledge which we are driving for. We expect to encounter that ledge in the neighborhood of 340 feet, or in other words, we have yet to drift in the neighborhood of 75 feet before cutting the ledge. When it is opened from the tunnel it will give us a depth of 278 feet on it.

Do you realize what it will mean when we get to such a depth in a ledge which shows such values on the surface? We know that it will mean our fortunes and money for everybody who buys stock in the Keystone Mine at the present time.

Most every successful enterprise has solicited funds from the public in order to bring its propositions to a successful conclusion. A great many people have an idea that when one has a gold mine that all one has to do is to stick a pick in the ground and take out the gold. It takes just as much expenditure of time and money primarily to develop a gold mine as it does any other business. We have the mine and we need your capital to put it on a dividend paying basis. We offer you value received for every dollar you put into it. We want to tell you a few mining facts and then you can see for yourself whether this is a mine that is worth investing in.

You can stand on Knickerbocker Mountain, which comprises the Keystone Mine, and look across the country for three miles in one direction and count the richest mines in Goldfield, the mines that have made it the greatest mining camp the world has every known. These mines are all in the same mineral belt, the veins run in the same direction and they all trend to Knickerbocker Mountain. There is the Combination which produces $250,000 a month and ore enough in sight to run for five years, the Florence on which a lease has produced $15,000 daily; the Sandstorm, January, Lookout, Dixie, Red Top, Jumbo, and many others that have produced during the last year over $4,000,000.

When we have run the tunnel sufficiently to strike the ledge we believe that we will strike ore rich enough to put the property at that moment on a paying basis and we will have all the money needed to erect the costly machinery which all big mines must have. The owners of the Dixie Mine offered me $100,000 for the Keystone before any development had been done on it, but I made up my mind that if it was worth any such sum to them it was worth more to me, and while I was sorely tempted to sell, for $100,000 is a lot of money, I refused the offer and in place of it, incorporated the property, but still hold the controlling interest and I intend to do my best to raise the money necessary to develop this property into a dividend payer, for when it is developed it will be a dividend payer and a big one.

I have staked my all on the Keystone Mine. I have staked it because I am a practical miner, because I know a mine when I see one. No man could buy the control of the Keystone from me to-day for less than an independent fortune, for I am reasonably certain that it will be more than an independent fortune for me when it is developed. It is impossible to sit down by your sides and tell you what a good proposition we have, so we can only put down the facts here for you to read and consider. You will probably say, "I don't know Lynch, how do I know if he is telling the truth." This is true, you don't know Lynch, but he is known all over Nevada. He is fortunate in having such men for his friends as P. L. Flannigan, President of the Reno Land, Light and Water Company, one of the largest stockowners in the State of Nevada and one of the wealthiest men of that State; E. E. Aldridge, Paying Teller of the State Bank and Trust Co., Goldfield, Nevada; D. M. Dysart, Superintendent of the National Ice Co. of California, Polarias, California.

Write to them and ask them if they ever heard of him doing a dishonest or unkind act to any man or woman. Ask any bank or merchant in Reno, Nevada, or Goldfield, Nevada. They all know him and they will tell you that he is speaking the truth when he tells you that he located a real mine when he located the Keystone property. If you subscribe for any of this stock, we promise you a square deal and to let you know just how everything is getting along and to post you so that you can keep your stock or sell it just as you please. On the 15th of each month a report of the progress of the month past, made by the Keystone Mining Company, will be issued to every holder of Keystone stock, large and small. We assure you that not one person who subscribes for this stock will lose a dollar and on the other hand will be given every opportunity to make proportionately as much out of it as the mine makes for us.

We want you to know that your help will be appreciated now. We will appreciate it in a substantial way by sending you back stock for your money which we hope and firmly believe will be worth many times more than the money it has cost you within a very short time. More fortunes have been made in Goldfield during the last year than anywhere else in the world. Clean fortunes, too. Gold mining is the finest kind of a business, for it is clean. There is no competition, no salesmen to employ, no trust to oppose you and no combination of capital to drive you out of business and no man who can set a price on your product.

You have the gold with Uncle Sam's trademark on it, worth 100 cents on the dollar in every market in the world. You earn your money by honest methods. You get that which is rightfully yours. You are a producer and one who helps to add to the world's storehouse. We can't impress our sincerity upon you in cold type, but if you could come out to Nevada and walk over the Keystone and see this wonderful property with its big ledges only waiting for a few paltry dollars to develop them into producers of gold, then we are sure you would be satisfied that this statement is written in all truth and honesty.

As Secretary and Manager of the Keystone Mining Company, I have been authorized by the Board of Directors of that company to dispose of 100,000 shares of treasury stock for the purposes of development at 25 cents a share. With the money derived from the sale of that stock the mine will beyond doubt have enough money in the treasury to complete all development necessary and put it on a dividend paying basis. The stock is being put out at 25 cents per share, either on a cash or an installment subscription. If you wish to pay cash for it send me the money and a certificate will be immediately forwarded to you. If you wish to buy it on an installment plan, send one-fifth of the total amount of your subscription and the balance in four equal monthly payments, or put the first payment in your bank and have them notify me and the stock will be sent to your bank to be held in escrow until such time as you have paid for the full subscription, when the bank will deliver it to you.

Don't delay in sending your subscription, as there are but 100,000 shares of this stock to dispose of. This advertisement will not appear again, as we want the money which will come in from the sale of this stock to develop the mine with. We want your help and we want it promptly, and the prompt ones are the ones which will benefit in the Keystone Mine. The Keystone Mine is fully paid and non-assessable. There are 300,000 shares in the treasury. The other 700,000 shares are pooled and in escrow in the State Bank and Trust Company of Goldfield, Nevada, under the pool agreement that not one share of it can be sold until the mine is on a paying basis. In other words the original owners of the mine cannot benefit one cent except in development of the property by the sale of the stock which is being put out for the Keystone Mining Company. The mine must be on a paying basis before the pool agreement which holds their stock can be broken.

If you wish to invest in a proposition which I conscientiously believe will return in a short time many times what your investment will be, cut out this coupon, fill it in, send me certified check, New York Exchange or Money Order for the amount of your subscription and mail it to-day. I, as Secretary and General Manager of the Keystone Mining Company, promise you an economical and honest administration of the affairs of the Keystone Company and an account of every dollar spent by that Company.

Address all communications in reference to the stock to WILLIAM J. LYNCH, Sec. and Gen'l Mgr. Keystone Mining Co., 305 James Flood Bldg., San Francisco, California.

Fill out a coupon to-day. It will bring you information free.

MAIL A COUPON TO-DAY.

WILLIAM J. LYNCH, Secretary, San Francisco, Cal. Enclosed herewith please find $....., being in full for ..... shares of stock (fully paid and non-assessable) of the KEYSTONE MINE at 25 cts. per share.

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WILLIAM J. LYNCH, Secretary, San Francisco, Cal. Enclosed herewith please find $....., being my first payment on ..... shares of stock (fully paid and non-assessable) of the KEYSTONE MINE at 25 cts. per share, the balance ..... I agree to pay for in four equal monthly payments.

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