

## CHECK JAPANESE ADVANCE

Movement to Capture Passes is Successfully Resisted.

### THIRTY RIOTERS KILLED

Russian Troops Shoot Down Striking Railway Workmen Who Try to Stop Trains.

Dispatches received from Korea report that the Japanese have begun a simultaneous advance from Kuachodert against the Musariet and Platsabang pass, but that both columns were checked under pressure of the Russian advance detachments. The Russian losses, the dispatches say, were insignificant.

Japanese warships are said to be cruising off the mouth of Peter the Great bay, on which Vladivostok is situated, their lights often being visible from Russian island.

An official account received at St. Petersburg of the strike on the Novorossiysk-Vlad-Kavkaz railway describes a sanguinary encounter between the troops and workmen who were attempting to prevent the departure of a mail train.

After one Cossack had been killed the strikers advanced menacingly, whereupon the infantry fired, killing 30 of the strikers and wounding 22.

### JAPAN PLACES ORDERS.

Bridges and Railroad Equipment Wanted for Manchuria.

Japan has apparently a fixed and firm determination not to relinquish her hold on Manchuria. At least this is the construction put on the hasty and secret preparations for the extension of the railroad which now runs from Fusan, on the southeast coast of Korea, to Seoul and across the Yalu river for 150 miles into Manchuria, joining the Chinese Eastern railway, probably at Liao-Yang.

Rush orders have been placed with American corporations for the material, including 350 steel bridges, 150 locomotives and 2,000 cars.

The United States Steel Corporation, according to the New York Times, has been given the contract for the 350 bridges, mostly small structures, the cost totaling \$500,000, while the Baldwin Locomotive Works has the contract for 150 locomotives of the narrow gauge type at a cost of \$2,225,000. The cars are to be of steel, there being two contracts awarded, each for 1,000 cars, the total cost being \$2,000,000.

### TRAIN ROLLS DOWN BANK.

Two Passengers Fatally and Several Slightly Injured.

A broken rail caused a disastrous wreck on the Somerset and Cambria branch of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 10 miles from Johnstown, Pa. Two persons, it is thought, are fatally injured, and at least 10 others are badly cut and bruised.

The train was late and had just crossed a bridge over Stoney Creek, near Kaufman's Run, when a broken rail was encountered. The drawhead pulled from the coach next the tender on the engine, and the baggage coach and two passenger coaches went over a 30-foot embankment into the river. The engine and tender were left standing on the tracks.

Two dies removed from the tracks by workmen who were repairing the track, are thought to have been responsible for the broken rail.

When the engine reached the point where the ties were removed, the engineer said he noticed a snapping of the rails at about the time the locomotive was about half over the weakened spot.

### Graft in Alaska.

Advices received from Nome by the steamer Ohio, say that the people of Nome are up in arms against the Government officers and their alleged actions in filling on valuable mining claims. The Nome Nugget charges the officers with using illegal methods and taking advantage of their position to possess themselves of many valuable claims.

### DEATH ENDS DEADLY WORK.

After Killing Two and Shooting Two Others, Negro is Laid Low.

After killing two persons, seriously shooting two others, one a woman, and slightly wounding two more, Ike Kinney, a negro, was killed in a river bottom at Doella, Ark., after a fight with citizens who had surrounded him. Kinney killed a negro at Stamps on Wednesday, fled, and while being pursued, shot and killed E. R. Ferguson.

Next morning the negro met Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, of Gretna, and seriously wounded both, believing them to be members of a posse. Later, 25 men with dogs closed in on the negro, and he opened fire. C. F. Nash lost a finger and Alvin Barham was shot through the neck. Then W. C. Nash sent a fatal bullet into the negro.

### Banker Gets Five Years.

A. B. Loutzenheiser, the absconding teller of the First National bank of Duluth, Minn., was found guilty in the Federal Court, and was sentenced by Judge Page Morris to serve five years in the penitentiary.

### LIGHTNING STRIKES IN MINE.

Miner is Rendered Unconscious 60 Feet Below the Surface.

Frank Moats, a digger in the Wharfedale mines, near Connellsville, Pa., nearly lost his life in a peculiar manner. He was standing with one hand on a "hinder" at the roof and the other on his pick, which rested on the ground. Lightning struck a maple tree directly over his head. The current passed through 60 feet of ground and knocked Moats senseless. He was revived with difficulty.

## TO WRESTLE WITH FEVER

United States Officers Will Begin Fight at Once.

Active control of the yellow fever situation in New Orleans by the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital service will begin immediately. Orders to that effect were wired to Surgeon J. H. White, the Marine Hospital officer now on duty in that city. These orders followed the receipt from Dr. White during the day of several telegrams which showed that the citizens of New Orleans had promised their hearty and unrestricted co-operation in the work to be undertaken by the Federal Government and would raise \$250,000 a financial consideration imposed by the Marine Hospital service as a preliminary to assuming the responsibility.

The city will be divided into wards and each ward will be placed in charge of a responsible and experienced surgeon of the Marine Hospital Service, who will have absolute control of the locality. Already Surgeon General Wyman has given directions to a number of marine hospital surgeons to proceed to New Orleans for assignment to work under Dr. White. These are all officers who have had experience in dealing with yellow fever epidemics.

### 16 BUILDINGS BURN

Entire Block Destroyed at Night, With \$50,000 Loss.

Fire which originated about 2 o'clock in the morning in the warehouse of the general store of Cohn Brothers at Orbisonia, Pa., spread with remarkable rapidity and before it had burned itself out had consumed 16 buildings. The fire destroyed a whole block, included in which were the Ashland Hotel. Lack of fire fighting apparatus gave the flames full sweep, the townspeople, who were aroused by the fire, looking on helplessly.

The loss in each instance is complete, not a thing being saved. The aggregate loss amounts to \$50,000, partly covered by insurance.

### EAST AFRICA REBELS

Governor of the German Colony There Reports a Native Uprising.

The governor of German East Africa telegraphed to the colonial bureau of the foreign office at Berlin that the natives in the Matruhi mountains, north of Kilwa, have risen, also that there has been an outbreak on the coast at Samanga, during which several warehouses were burned.

While rebellions are in progress in other German African colonies, East Africa hitherto has been quiet. The outbreak, therefore, causes some concern. The government is thoroughly tired of these colonial wars, in which considerable sums of money have been sunk without bringing either profit or glory.

### ARMY OF HALF MILLION

Japan Has 430,000 Infantry and 1,600 Guns at the Front.

The Japanese concentrated in Manchuria in front of the Russian armies 430,000 infantry with 1,600 cannon. This is exclusive of the detachment of Gen. Hazkawa, commander of the forces in Korea, and a special detachment, the destination of which is not known. The weather is good and the roads are drying up.

A dispatch from Godzadani, the Russian headquarters in Manchuria, says that the Japanese who landed recently at Castries bay, have returned in their warships. All the buildings along the shore of the bay were burned.

### TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Mountaineer preachers in Virginia shot each other in a feud.

The National Civic Federation appointed a committee to gather data on municipal ownership in Europe.

Glass bottle blowers and their employers failed to agree upon a wage scale.

Archbishop Chapelle is stricken with yellow fever in New Orleans. The situation is admittedly serious and the government has taken charge.

### Killed in Chinese Theater.

During the performance in the Chinese theater in Doyer street, New York highlanders in the audience opened a fusillade of revolver shots against their enemies. Three members of a rival society are dead and one is mortally wounded. Many other Chinamen are less dangerously hurt.

### Boat Rocker Drowns Four.

Leon Richardson, Howard Richardson, Jennie Richardson and Helen Palfis, colored children, were drowned in a lake at Glenloch, N. J. The children had gone boating on the lake, and one of the party rocked the boat, upsetting it. Two other children were rescued.

### DUTCH BEAT REBELS

Kill 250 Natives and Raze Fortifications of Town.

The Dutch expedition sent against the rebellious native state of Bondo, on the island of Celebes, one of the Sunda islands in the East Indies, inflicted severe punishment on the natives, 250 of whom were killed. The fortifications of Badjoewa, one of the chief towns, were razed.

### SEVEN MILLS ON DOLLAR.

Creditors of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick Will Get This Amount.

Creditors of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick will receive a total dividend of about 7 mills on the dollar, when the matter is finally settled, according to Referee in Bankruptcy Remington. The assets will amount to \$25,000, it is expected, against which are claims for attorneys' fees and court costs amounting to \$10,300, leaving about \$14,700 with which to meet \$2,000,000 of indebtedness.

## ENVOYS MET AT OYSTER BAY

Russian and Japanese Representatives Exchange Greetings.

### INTRODUCED BY THE PRESIDENT

Speeches, Handshaking and Conversation and All Partake of a Lunch on the Vessel.

The booming of 69 great guns in the shadow of Sagamore Hill Saturday, August 5, gave notice that the peace plenipotentiaries of Russia and Japan had been brought together by President Roosevelt. Twenty-one of these cannon notes were for the President of the United States and 19 each were given the envoys and their suites as they climbed over the white sides of the Mayflower, where they met in token of their resolve to end the struggle in Asia.

The Japanese plenipotentiaries, according to the State Department program, were the first to arrive reaching Oyster Bay half an hour or so ahead of the Sylph, which brought Assistant Secretary of State Peirce, who introduced the envoys to the President in the Mayflower's cabin.

The 21 guns fired in honor of the President had scarcely died away before the salute of 19 guns for the Japanese plenipotentiaries was begun. President Roosevelt was waiting for the envoys in the pretty cabin of the ship, and Assistant Secretary Peirce, who had arrived in advance of the plenipotentiaries, made the formal introduction. The President laughingly said that he did not need an introduction to Baron Komura or Minister Takahira, for he had met them before. He shook hands, however, with them both and then greeted the other members of the party. After the introductions there was a pleasant chat in the cabin, and then the Japanese gentlemen retired to another cabin to make room for the Russian party.

Court White, Ambassador Rosen and their suite had in the meantime arrived on board the Chattahoochee. In their turn they left their ship, rode to the Mayflower and were given a salute of 19 guns by the President's yacht; in their turn they entered the cabin, were introduced to the President, whom they already knew, and had a pleasant talk about subjects unlikely to cause future international complications.

Then the two parties were brought together and there were speeches, more handshaking and more conversation. All then partook of a "standup" buffet lunch, which was the President's clever way of avoiding any questions of precedence which might have arisen had the President joined his guests at table.

The Dolphin, conveying the Japanese, and the Mayflower, with the Russians on board, accompanied by the Galveston, took the parties to Portsmouth, N. H.

### REFUGEE FROM FEVER.

Two Towns Will Not Quarantine Against the Plague.

By official action of the City Board of Health Knoxville, Tenn., has declared itself open to the world and invited all fever refugees, suspects or not, to come within its gates. It has been proved that yellow fever cannot propagate in this altitude.

The City Council of Mena, Ark., not only refused to quarantine against yellow fever points, but invited refugees from infected places to come to Mena, which is in the Ozark mountains, 1,350 feet above sea level, where the yellow fever germs cannot exist, doctors say.

### Four Fatally Injured.

Twenty-two people were buried in the debris of two buildings which were wrecked by an explosion of gas at Caledonia, Ont. The wreckage did not catch fire and but invited rescue was done by lantern light.

Twenty of the people buried were in the employ of the Bell telephone agency. Four were fatally injured.

### JAPS FEAR PANAMA.

Conditions on Isthmus Too Deadly for Mikado's Subjects.

The emigration companies at Tokyo object to sending laborers to Panama to work on the canal, on the ground that the conditions there are unsatisfactory.

They assert that there are no arrangements to care for the sick, no provisions for returning home the families of deceased laborers, and no allowance of passage money. They also assert that the drinking water and sanitary conditions are bad.

The government placed the question of sending the laborers and the conditions before the emigration companies, who have as above stated.

### Taft Lands at Manila.

Secretary of War Taft and party arrived at Manila on the steamship Manchuria August 5. Their arrival was made the occasion of a gorgeous water pageant. Governor-General Wright, Maj.-Gen. Corbin and Rear Admiral Train, with their staffs and the official reception committee met the party when the Manchuria anchored.

### Raised Window Glass 20 Per Cent.

At a meeting August 1 of the Pittsburgh Window Glass Jobbers' association prices were advanced 20 per cent. The advance was expected, as the Louisville and Cleveland jobbers had already taken similar action. The rise is due to the decided scarcity of window glass and shows the strength of the demand.

Tennessee negroes have inaugurated a movement throughout the State to have the "Jim Crow" law repealed by the next Legislature.

## OHIO PROHIBITIONIST

State Convention Meets in Columbus and Names Ticket.

The Prohibition convention of Ohio nominated the following ticket: Governor, Aaron S. Watkins, Hardin county.

Lieutenant Governor, W. E. Foltz, Summit county.

Judge of Supreme court, James Sterling, Stark county.

Attorney General, W. L. Lister, Cuyahoga county.

State Treasurer, Hiram L. Baker, Athens county.

Member board of public works, George W. Mac, Dark county.

All the nominations were made by acclamation except those for State Treasurer and for member of board of public works. Delegates who favored the indorsement of John M. Pattison, Democratic nominee for Governor, did not mention the subject when the call for nominations was made.

Mr. Watkins is professor of English literature in the Ohio Northern university at Ada.

The platform adopted declares unequivocally for the prohibition of the liquor traffic, commends the National administration for the construction of the interoceanic canal, demands the exclusion of the saloon within the canal zone, stigmatizes the Dow law as unconstitutional, favors the election of United States Senators by popular vote, pledges the party to give equal rights of suffrage without respect to sex, recommends the inspection of private and State banks, calls for a uniform divorce law and labor legislation, and advocates the initiative and referendum in granting franchises and in municipal and county affairs. The new State Central committee organized by electing J. W. McClain, of Hiram, chairman, and J. C. Holliday, of Cincinnati, secretary. The new executive committee to conduct the campaign was at once elected. Frank McCartney of Columbus is chairman; Walter L. McDowell, of Columbus, secretary, and John F. Gregg, of Columbus, treasurer.

## STEEL AND IRON TRADE

Demand Continues Good and Rail Mills Full of Work.

The Iron Age says: The iron trade generally continues in a very sound and satisfactory condition. The demand for billets and sheet bars has continued good and prices are high. The rail mills are full of work. For some small lots for September delivery some of the large systems have indicated a readiness to pay a moderate premium.

The condition of the structural trade is well illustrated by the fact that the United States Steel Corporation has started to build a mill for rolling structural shapes at the Clairton plant. This mill, which will have a capacity of 10,000 tons of shapes ranging from 4 to 8-inch, is to be completed in the extraordinary time of 13 weeks.

The strong position of steel is having its reflection upon sheets, in which concessions are not being made as freely as some time since. The general demand for pipe shows little improvement, the oil country requirements are fair, and the buying of boiler tubes is good. The eastern scrap trade shows prices firm and advancing.

## CURRENT NEWS EVENTS.

Robbers blew the bank at Royal, Ill., by the use of nitroglycerine and escaped with \$4,000 in cash.

Dr. D. E. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry, admits having had an interest in a patented meat label while in office.

Two inmates of the House of Correction at Milwaukee are dead and four are dangerously ill as a result of drinking wood alcohol.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson said that congress is responsible for the non-inspection of meat at the smaller packing houses.

A discovery of graft is reported from Manila, where the medical stores department is alleged to have been looted of a large sum.

New Orleans called on the federal government to take charge of the yellow fever situation there, and the president granted the appeal.

The Milwaukee grand jury has indicted Charles F. Fisher, a leading citizen of the city, for stealing \$14,000 given to him to arrange for a garage contract with the city.

Fire burned out the plant of the Baldwin Steel Company at Cold Spring, N. Y., which was recently moved there from Pittsburg. Sixty men are thrown out of work.

Mrs. Fred Schneider, the 18-year-old wife of a merchant tailor, of St. Joseph, Mich., committed suicide about midnight by jumping into the St. Joseph river before the eyes of several hundred persons.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Daily Mail says it has been decided to hold the Moroccan international conference at Madrid the beginning of November.

Near Spring Creek, in Leslie county, Ky., Nicholas Garrison, a wealthy lumberman, shot and killed Felix Hoskins, his cousin, also a lumber merchant, during a quarrel over business matters.

Nearly 10,000 harvest hands are needed in the Northwest, according to a circular issued by the Northern Pacific railroad. Wages range from \$1.75 to \$2.50 a day.

## Cotton Crop Conditions.

The following report on the condition of the cotton crop was issued by the statistical board of the Department of Agriculture Aug. 3: "The crop estimating board of the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture finds from the reports of the correspondents and agents of the bureau that the average condition of cotton on July 25 was 74.9 as compared with 77 on June 25, 1905; 91.6 on July 25, 1904; 79.7 on July 25, 1903; and a 10-year average of 82.6

## MANY DEATHS FROM FEVER

Disease Appears at Many Places Outside New Orleans.

### ITALIANS HIDE THEIR SICK

The State of Arkansas Establishes a Shotgun Quarantine by State Militia.

The yellow fever situation in New Orleans and the south, to August 2, is as follows:

At New Orleans—Total cases, 378; total in other towns—16 cases but only one death.

No apprehension exists of any serious results from the trouble that has arisen on the Mississippi and Louisiana border over the enforcement of the Mississippi quarantine. Reports of Captain Bostick, of the Naval Reserve, and of Colonel Arsene Portilhat, of Governor Blanchard's staff, confirm the charges that Louisiana fishermen, boatmen and citizens have been interfering with and that has been some obstruction to traffic in Lake Borgne canal, and that the revenue cutter Winona, which is doing service under the direction of Surgeon Wadlin, has interfered with Louisiana boats.

These reports led Governor Blanchard to order Captain Bostick and the mosquito fleet of the oyster harbor Yarmouth anxious to avoid any conflict with the Louisiana authorities, it is thought that the Mississippi soldiers, who have, it is said, been coming across the Louisiana line, will hereafter be required to keep on their side of the border and thus all further possibility of clashes will be over.

In spite of all that has been done to reassure them, many Italians try to conceal their cases. They are still stricken with panic, and they turn in fear from doctors and health officers. Details of the State militia were assigned to guard the gateways to the State of Arkansas. Rigid shotgun quarantine will be enforced.

### 1,027,421 IMMIGRANTS

Record Shows Increase of 25 Per Cent During Past Year.

The total number of immigrants during the year ending last June was 1,027,421. These figures are given in Commissioner General Sargent's report and show an increase of 25 per cent in foreign immigration. The deportation of foreigners increased in greater proportion during the last fiscal year than did the number of immigrants admitted. This was a 45 per cent increase over 1904. Altogether 11,566 foreigners were sent back. Russians added the largest part of the increase in immigration contributed by any one nation with a total for the year of 134,897 persons an increase of 27 per cent.

### Rojestvensky Much Improved.

Admiral Rojestvensky's condition has made satisfactory progress since the operation was performed on his forehead at Tokyo. He is able to leave his bed and sit in a chair. Pains in one foot, however, prevent his walking freely, but no cause for uneasiness exists. The admiral has expressed his sincere satisfaction at the treatment accorded him.

### Cashier Spear is Pursued.

George T. Spear, receiver of the Citizens' National bank of Oberlin, has brought an action against A. B. Spear, now in the penitentiary, and the United States Fidelity Company, which carried Spear's bond while he was cashier of the bank. The plaintiff says the bank suffered the loss of \$150,000 through Spear's dealings with Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick. The action is brought to recover the value of Spear's bond, \$15,000.

### Operators Are Out.

A general strike of the telegraphers of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railways was ordered by President Pelham of the Order of Railway Telegraphers.

### COAL FLEET DETAINED.

Crews Refuse to Go South Till Yellow Fever Abates.

The Pittsburg coal fleet, with 8,000,000 bushels of fuel, destined for points south, will be harbored in Cincinnati and Louisville until the yellow fever has been stamped out in the South.

Advices from Gallipolis, which point the fleet with the Frank Gilmore as flagship, passed are that the crews have refused to go farther south than Louisville until the plague is stamped out.

The captains have been served with an ultimatum to this effect and wired ahead that preparations to harbor the greater part of the fleet in Cincinnati be made.

### Claim Mrs. Rogers is Insane.

The record in the case of Mrs. Mary M. Rogers, under sentence of death at Bennington, Vt., on the charge of murdering her husband, was received by the clerk of the Supreme Court of the United States. The case is brought to this court on the plea that the woman is insane.

### Hyde Will Return.

James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, has persuaded John Hyde, former chief statistician of the department of agriculture, to return to the United States and lend his aid to the investigation of the leakages and manipulation of figures of the cotton reports. Mr. Hyde went to England on the Etruria, after he had resigned under a hot fire of criticism from the Southern Cotton association. Mr. Wilson sent to Mr. Hyde a cablegram telling him that he was wanted in Washington and had better return.

## RUSSIAN COURAGE KEEPS UP

General Linevitch Denies the Report That His Army was Surrounded.

An official report from Japanese headquarters on the island of Sakhalin says the Japanese army July 23 defeated the Russians south of Rykoff, and later occupied Palero after hard fighting. The Russians retired southward.

Gen. Saraguch, commander-in-chief of the Sakhalin forces, ordered the establishment of a civil administration July 30.

Gen. Linevitch has telegraphed to the Russian emperor under date of July 25 denying the frequently published reports that his army was completely surrounded. He says the army has never been in a dangerous position. The flanks have never been turned, although the Japanese sought to do so.

A dispatch to the London "Times" from St. Petersburg says that another imperial telegram, even more warlike than the emperor's reply to the Rinsburg clergy, appears in the "Official Messenger." The emperor, replying to an address from Khabarovsk, heartily approves the recommendation to continue the war until the enemy is crushed and above all not to think of the cession of territory or the payment of an indemnity.

### TORTURED BY SLUGGERS

Man May Die of Abuse of Thugs in Chicago.

Apparent evidence that labor sluggers maintain in Chicago a place where systematic torture is meted out to those who incur the displeasure of the sluggers, has just come to light in the strange case of William H. Wilder.

Wilder was formerly an army officer and at the time of the recent teamsters' strike was claim agent for a Chicago package express company.

He disappeared July 6, was held captive for three weeks and was then set at liberty, half starved and so dazed that he has not been able to give a coherent account of his captivity. He was found by a friend wandering aimlessly about near the Union station at Canal and Adams streets, and was taken to his home at Downer's Grove.

Physicians pronounce his physical and mental condition such that he may not recover. Much of the time he raves wildly and, as though still under torture, begs for mercy.

Marks all over his body show that he had been bound with heavy cords. Over \$100 he is known to have had on his person is gone.

Wilder is an Englishman, who saw service in the American army in Cuba and the Philippines and held a commission as a second lieutenant in the regular army. He is a bold, outspoken fellow of 37, who girded in his physical ability to take care of himself and beat pickets and sluggers to intimidate him.

### WIDOW GETS \$2,500,000.

Contest of the Will of William Ziegler is Settled.

By a payment of \$2,500,000 to the widow of the late William Ziegler, the Ziegler will contest was settled. Justice Giegrich in the Supreme Court of New York signed an order authorizing Justice Gaynor, executor of the estate, to pay Matilda Ziegler \$1,200,000 in cash and 5,000 shares of Royal Baking Powder Company stock, valued at \$1,300,000.

William Ziegler, the 14-year-old adopted son of the testator, consented to the settlement, which is a release of all of Mrs. Ziegler's dower rights and other claims against the estate. The will, the validity of which this suit was a test, left to Mrs. Ziegler the use of the city and country houses of her husband and an income of \$50,000 a year. The remainder of the estate, valued at \$13,000,000 was given to the adopted son.

### Four Drowned.

By the capsizing of a small skiff on Swan river, five miles north of Vera, Casaca county, Michigan, Edith Tichenor, Goldie Tichenor, Everett Tichenor and Mrs. J. M. Pogue were drowned.

### BOAT HITS SUNKEN MINE

Seven Sailors Killed by Explosion During Morning Practice.

Seven sailors were killed and eight severely injured by the explosion of a submarine mine during mining practice in the Sandhamn roads near Stockholm, Sweden. A boat containing the victims struck the mine and was blown into the air.

### Weak Boiler Caused Disaster.

From an official source, it may be stated authoritatively that the naval court of inquiry will find that boiler B, of the Bennington, exploded, not because of unusually high pressure, but because of a weak place and failure to renew it. The court will not censure the officers of the Bennington, but will pass up the matter and the responsibility to higher authority.

### Death of Bishop Joyce.

Bishop Isaac W. Joyce of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died at Minneapolis, Minn., as a result of a hemorrhage and paralysis suffered on July 2 while preaching at a camp meeting.

### Must Clean Up First.

Until the commission shall have completed its arrangements looking toward better sanitary conditions and the housing of employes upon the canal zone and in the cities of Colon and Panama, the actual digging of the canal will be of secondary consideration.

Mr. Sergius Witte, the leading peace envoy of the emperor of Russia, is in America, prepared to enter on peace negotiations with the Japanese commissioners.