

THREE YEARS AFTER.

Eugene E. Lario, of 751 Twentieth avenue, ticket seller in the Union station, Denver, Col., says: "You are at liberty to repeat what I first stated through our Denver papers about Doan's Kidney Pills in the summer of 1899, for I have had no reason in the interim to change my opinion of the remedy. I was subject to severe attacks of backache, always aggravated if I sat long at a desk. Doan's Kidney Pills absolutely stopped my backache. I have never had a pain or a twinge since."

A Mexican Egg Test.

It is a common sight in the plaza to behold a tall woman, who is selling two reals' worth of eggs, pick them up one by one, put one end and then the other to her lips and hand them over to the customer, who repeats the same identical operation.

To the inexperienced onlooker it seems as if they were tasting the exotica of the egg. As a matter of fact, they never touch the egg with the tongue. The idea of the performance is that when an egg is fresh one end will be distinctly colder than the other. The end which has the air chamber is the warmer of the two. The human lips are exceedingly sensitive to heat and cold, and even the novice at this form of egg testing promptly becomes a capable judge. If both ends of the egg reveal the same temperature that egg may be counted as bad, as it is a fairly good sign that the air chamber is broken and the contents spread equally within the shell.—Mexican Herald.

Cure of Rattlesnake Bite.

There is in every rattlesnake a small sac, about the size of a Mexican bean, attached to the intestines. This is filled with a brownish or black fluid, and that fluid is the cure for the bite. If it is applied immediately the patient will not even suffer any swelling, and will entirely avoid pain.—Arizona Republican.

Will Teach Alfonso.

Ralph L. Ray, of Lancaster, Wis., is making preparations to go to Spain, as private tutor to King Alfonso. He will teach the king the English language and American ideas.

TWO OPEN LETTERS

IMPORTANT TO MARRIED WOMEN

Mrs. Mary Dimmick of Washington tells how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Her Well.

It is with great pleasure we publish the following letters, as they convincingly prove the claim we have so many times made in our columns that Mrs.



Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., is fully qualified to give helpful advice to sick women. Read Mrs. Dimmick's letter—

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I have been a sufferer for the past eight years with a trouble which first originated from painful menstruation—the pains were excruciating, with inflammation and ulceration of the womb. The doctor says I must have an operation or I cannot live. I do not want to submit to an operation if I can possibly avoid it. Please help me."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "You will remember my condition when I last wrote you, and that the doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I received your kind letter and followed your advice very carefully and am now entirely well. As my case was so serious it seems a miracle that I am cured. I know that I owe not only my health but my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to your advice. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I wish every suffering woman would read this letter and realize what you can do for them."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 56th and East Capitol Streets, Washington, D. C.

How easy it was for Mrs. Dimmick to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and how little it cost her—a two-cent stamp. Yet how valuable was the reply! As Mrs. Dimmick says—it saved her life. Mrs. Pinkham has on file thousands of just such letters as the above, and offers alling women helpful advice.

Advertisement for Daxtine Toilet Antiseptic, featuring a woman's face and text describing its benefits for women's health.

Advertisement for Thompson's Eye Water, featuring a woman's face and text describing its effectiveness for eye ailments.

AN "AUTO" IDYL

The automobile owner crawled With haste into his car And said goodby, for he was called To travel fast and far.

He grasped the steering wheel with glee And gave the clutch a yank, And then, with objurgations, he Climbed down again to crank.

Again he mounted to the seat Prepared like wind to fly, Yet there he lingered in the street; The water tank was dry.

He filled the tank; it seemed a cinch, Once more he starts to chauff. Behold, he does not move an inch— The differential's off.

In rage he toils with might and main 'Till he is faint and weak; Again he starts—and stops again; The tire's sprung a leak.

The shades of night are falling fast, But joy illumines his brow; He shoots ahead—his trouble's past, Pray, who can catch him now?

And yet, around the corner, we May find this same machine; Its owner is not there, for he Has gone for gasoline.

—Council Bluffs Nonpareil.

FLASHES OF LYNA

When we get experience at a bargain price, the repairs on it generally exceed the first cost.—Punch.

"He isn't as black as he's painted."

"No, and his wife isn't as white as she's powdered."—Detroit Tribune.

"What is the best cure for gout?"

"My income; it cures me by not permitting me to have it."—Houston Post.

When you hear a man praising his neighbors it's doughnuts to fudge he wants to sell his house.—Chicago News.

There was a fair maid from Mo, Who wept for a soft-hearted jo, As soon as she cried The twelve of them died To give her a verdict like fo.

"That's an unhealthy pipe you're smoking." "Unhealthy? Nonsense; it's getting stronger every day."—Cleveland Leader.

Brother—"Mabel's doing her hair an awfully rippin' way now. It makes her seem quite pretty. You ought to try it."—Punch.

Remsen—"Is that card club you and your wife joined a progressive bridge club?" Park Slope (wearily).—"Not very."—Harper's Weekly.

"Why did you snatch the lady's purse?" asked the judge. "Because, Your Honor, I thought the change might do me good," answered the prisoner.—Chicago News.

"Some philosopher says, 'The man of one thing is the man of success.'" "I'll bet he never tried to light his pipe on a windy day when he had only one match left."—Chicago Record Herald.

"Do you consider that official's career a success?" "Yes," answered the practical politician. "He went through a whole term of office without colliding with a grand jury."—Washington Star.

"Don't you know his money's tainted?" "It is?" "Yes, he made it by questionable methods." "I won't keep it." "That's right. You'll give it back?" "No, I'll spend it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

If you perceive a chance to rise, But in; If falsehood you'd antagonize, But in; If you've a chance to win a lass, Don't be afraid and let it pass. Get busy! Rise, as 'twere, en masse! But in.

—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Wilkins—"You told me you never bought a silk umbrella in your life, and there are no less than three silk ones in your room, for I saw them myself." Bowser—"I did not say that other folks never buy silk umbrellas."—Boston Transcript.

Miss Fleyem—"Oh, Mr. Nocoynne, how lovely of you to bring me these beautiful roses! How sweet they are—and how fresh! I do believe there is a little dew on them yet!" Mr. Nocoynne—"Well, yes—there is, about fifty cents, I think; but I'll pay it to-morrow."—Cleveland Leader.

Robbing Trunks in Italy. A traveler just returned from Italy reports that a trunk belonging to one of his party was cut open on the railway between Rome and Genoa, and clothes abstracted to the value of \$20. When he consulted the British Consul on the subject he heard that a lady had been at the consulate a few minutes before who had lost the whole of her valuable jewelry in the same way. It is really astonishing that the Italian police and the railway companies between them do not take effectual steps to stop this scandal. There is no other civilized country where travelers' luggage is habitually rifled while in charge of the railway companies as it is in Italy, and the knowledge that this is so must keep many people out of the country, especially wealthy travelers, whom it is the interest of the authorities to encourage. In the meantime I would point out to travelers in Italy that the insurance of luggage against theft is a precaution that should always be taken.—London Truth.

Automobile Expenses. There is another cause of expense very few motorists anticipate when they buy their first car. I refer to what I might call the entertaining department. No sooner do you find yourself the owner of a car than all your sisters, cousins and acquaintances want to be taken here, there and everywhere. As the owner of the car, invariably act as host upon all such occasions, and the fact of your being a motorist does not make the hotel proprietor charge you anything less. On the contrary, he usually piles it on, as he naturally argues if you are rich enough to own a motor car you won't grudge him anything he inclines to charge.—Motor News.

FINANCE AND TRADE REVIEW

DUN'S WEEKLY SUMMARY.

Building Operations Increase and Material is in Steady Demand. Manufacturing Activity Fully Maintained.

Although trade reports are still irregular and in many cities below expectations, there has been improvement in response to higher temperature and less rain.

Manufacturing activity is fully maintained in textile fabrics, and there is an enormous output of iron and steel, despite some reduction from last month's record-breaking rate of production. Building operations are large and materials in excellent demand. Foreign commerce for the last week at this port shows a splendid gain compared with 1904, imports increasing \$3,137,944 and exports gaining \$1,470,805. All returns for May make favorable comparisons with the same month last year, railway earnings increasing 8 per cent., while bank exchanges rose 31.3 per cent.

Textile manufacturers are in a strong position, buyers gradually appreciating the changed situation. There is little speculative buying, but more disposition to provide for future requirements. Prices are very firm. Further weakness has developed in packer hides, the only supporting factor being the light supply of cow hides that are sought by tanner of upper leather. Country hides are in a relatively better position and South American dry hides are firmer here than in Europe. Supplementary fall contracts are still arriving at New England footwear factories from salesmen at the West and sample orders for spring lines are also received.

Failures this week in the United States are 216, against 193 last week, 211 the preceding week and 227 the corresponding week last year. Failures in Canada number 20, against 29 last week, 19 the preceding week and 20 last year.

Pressing their claim against legislation adverse to their interests, they point out the fact that "the freight rates of this country average only two per cent. of the cost of articles to the consumer, thus making the freight rate so insignificant a factor in the selling price that numerous standard articles are sold at the same price in all parts of the country."

MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Grain, Flour and Feed. Wheat—No. 2 red, 98 05; No. 2 yellow, 97 05; No. 2 white, 96 05; Mixed ear, 95 05; Oats—No. 2 white, 84 35; No. 3 white, 83 35; Flour—Winter patent, 5 80; Fancy straight, 5 70; Hay—No. 1 Timothy, 12 75; No. 2 Timothy, 12 50; Feed—No. 1 white mix, 18 50; Brown middlings, 18 50; Straw—Wheat, 6 75; Oat, 6 75.

Dairy Products. Butter—Eggs creamery, 22 24; Fancy country roll, 16 18; Cheese—Ohio, new, 13 14; New York, new, 13 14.

Poultry, Etc. Hens—per lb., 11 15; Chickens—dressed, 16 18; Eggs—Pa. and Ohio, fresh, 18 19.

Fruits and Vegetables. Apples—per bushel, 2 50; Potatoes—Fancy white per bushel, 2 50; Cabbage—per ton, 18 00; Onions—per barrel, 2 50.

BALTIMORE. Flour—Winter Patent, 5 05; Wheat—No. 2 red, 93 84; Corn—No. 2 mixed, 54 50; Eggs—common to good, 23 24; Butter—Ohio creamery, 20 22.

PHILADELPHIA. Flour—Winter Patent, 5 50; Wheat—No. 2 red, 93 84; Corn—No. 2 mixed, 54 50; Eggs—common to good, 23 24; Butter—Ohio creamery, 20 22.

NEW YORK. Flour—Patents, 6 01; Wheat—No. 2 red, 1 02; Corn—No. 2 white, 54 50; Oats—No. 2 white, 37 28; Butter—creamery, 20 22; Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 17 17.

LIVE STOCK. Union Stock Yards, Pittsburgh. Cattle. Extra, 1500 to 1600 lbs., \$5 99; Prime, 1300 to 1400 lbs., 5 50; Medium, 1200 to 1300 lbs., 5 20; Fat, 1000 to 1150 lbs., 5 20; Butcher, 600 to 1100 lbs., 4 75; Common to fair, 3 50; Cows, common to fair, 2 75; Calves, common to good fat bulls and cows, 2 50; Milch cows, each, 16 00.

Hogs. Prime heavy hogs, 5 50; Prime medium weight, 5 50; Best heavy Yorkers and medium, 5 50; Good pigs and light Yorkers, 5 40; Pigs, common to good, 4 75; Houghs, 3 70; Sigs, 3 25.

Sheep. Extra, 4 00; Good to choice, 4 00; Medium, 4 25; Common, 4 00; Lambs, 4 50.

Calves. Veal, extra, 4 50; Veal, good to choice, 3 50; Veal, common heavy, 3 45.

Word "Carat" Discarded. The French government has by law discontinued the use of the word "carat" and the quantity of gold and silver is expressed in thousands, 750 thousands corresponding to 24-carat gold.

The color of the turquoise varies from pea-green through a greenish-blue to a blue that is almost black, but the most valued specimens are of a clear sky-blue.

The fan shaft at Mount Lookout colliery at Wyoming was burned to the ground. The flames communicated to the timbers of the main head shaft, which was also destroyed. All the miners were gotten out of the mine.

T. C. Lute, of New Florence, and Harry Hooves, of Altoona, were killed on the Pennsylvania railroad. Hooves was killed at Sheridan station, and Lute at Conemaugh.

John Grouse, a Polisher, living near DuBois, was struck by a street car and died from his injuries.

Railway Rate Legislation.

At the biennial convention of the Order of Railway Conductors, recently held at Portland, Oregon, resolutions were unanimously adopted voicing their sentiments as to the effect of proposed railway rate legislation on the 1,300,000 railroad employees, whom they in part represented. These resolutions "indorse the attitude of President Roosevelt in condemning secret rebates and other illegalities, and commend the attitude of the heads of American railways, who, with practical unanimity, have joined with the President on this question." They then respectfully point out to Congress the "inadvisability of legislation vesting in the hands of a commission power over railway rates, now lower by far in the United States than in any other country," because such legislation would "result in litigation and confusion and inevitably tend to an enforced reduction in rates, irrespective of the question of the ability of the railroads to stand the reduction, especially in view of the increased cost of their supplies and materials." They further protest against such power being given to the present Interstate Commission because "the proposed legislation is not in harmony with our idea of American jurisprudence, inasmuch as it contemplates that a single body shall have the right to investigate, indict, try, condemn and then enforce its decisions at the cost of the carriers, pending appeal, which is manifestly inequitable."

The conductors base their demand for only such legislation, if any, as would "secure and insure justice and equity and preserve equal rights to all parties concerned" on the ground that the low cost of transportation "is the result of the efficiency of American railway management and operation which have built up the country through constant improvement and development of territory, while at the same time recognition has been given to the value of intelligence among employees in contrast to foreign methods, where high freight rates and lowest wages to employees obtain."

In pressing their claim against legislation adverse to their interests, they point out the fact that "the freight rates of this country average only two per cent. of the cost of articles to the consumer, thus making the freight rate so insignificant a factor in the selling price that numerous standard articles are sold at the same price in all parts of the country."

Conditions have changed in relation to the farmer. No longer is he segregated from his fellows. He is not now a condition of irremediable loneliness or isolation. With the advent of the interurban trolley car, the telephone and the rural mail delivery the entire condition of his existence has changed. Today the farmer has his daily newspaper, his added facilities for correspondence, and his telephone that brings him within speaking distance of his neighbors at the great outside world. The nature of the farmer has changed with the changed conditions that surround him. He has become a business man who is in constant touch with his markets and is well versed in the varying circumstances of trade in the commodities that he produces. The old days of loneliness are gone forever. The man of the hoe has triumphed at last. He has come into his own.—Kansas City Journal.

Proud of Her Lonely Life. "You are worrying yourself unneedingly about the old women who live alone," writes a snappy woman to the Globe. "I wish to say that I live alone; that I am past 70; that I have my garden in before any of my neighbors; that I have my work done earlier in the morning; that I keep my house and lawn looking better; that I never disturb my neighbors by noise of quarreling or babies coming from my house, and they have no occasion to worry about me."—Acheson Globe.

FEED YOUNG GIRLS. Must Have Right Food While Growing. Great care should be taken at the critical period when the young girl is just merging into womanhood that her diet shall contain all that is upbuilding, and nothing harmful.

At that age the structure is being formed and if formed of a healthy, sturdy character, health and happiness will follow; on the other hand unhealthy cells may be built in and a sick condition slowly supervene which, if not checked, may ripen into a chronic disease and cause life-long suffering.

A young lady says: "Coffee began to have such an effect on my stomach a few years ago, that I was compelled to quit using it. It brought on headaches, pains in my muscles, and nervousness."

"I tried to use tea in its stead, but found its effects even worse than those suffered from coffee. Then for a long time I drank milk alone at my meals, but it never helped me physically, and at last it palled on me. A friend came to the rescue with the suggestion that I try Postum Coffee.

"I did so, only to find at first, that I didn't fancy it. But I had heard of so many persons who had been benefited by its use that I persevered, and when I had it brewed right found it grateful in flavor and soothing and strengthening to my stomach. I can find no words to express my feeling of what I owe to Postum Food Coffee!"

"In every respect it has worked a wonderful improvement—the headaches, nervousness, the pains in my side and back, all the distressing symptoms yielded to the magic power of Postum. My brain seems also to share in the betterment of my physical condition; it seems keener, more alert and brighter. I am, in short, in better health now than I ever was before, and I am sure I owe it to the use of your Postum Food Coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. There's a reason.

To Prevent Emigration.

A bill has been introduced in the Hungarian diet the enactment of which would do a great deal to keep emigration within decent bounds. It prohibits steamship companies from employing emigration agents, abolishes emigration agencies and punishes those who hold out inducements to emigrate. If immigration to this country were confined to those who come of their own enterprise it would be desirable, as it would be a selection of the progressive elements of the old world for the benefit of the new. In the early days of the republic immigration was generally of that character. Since it has become largely a systematic deportation by shipping companies it dumps upon this country vast quantities of refuse.

Didn't Hear the News.

On June 27, 1898, four Spanish officers and 50 of their men went into Baler Church, driven to this last resort by Filipino insurgents. On June 2, 1899, in ignorance of the fact that the war had closed months before, two officers and 31 men marched out, as prisoners, having fought not only against their besiegers, but against starvation and pestilence. Efforts to relieve them had failed; and they had come, with good reason to suspect all men of treachery. The tale of this tragic incident of the war in the Philippines has been written for the June Century by Captain Horace M. Reeve, U. S. A.

Japanese Letter Carriers.

"In the Orient," observes a medical man, "there is a new art of war depending upon the new style of physique of a race which has never before been put to this work." The Japanese soldier is short, stocky and blessed with muscles big enough for a much taller man, and, consequently, "he is able to do more work than a European or American of equal weight." The rural letter carriers of Japan think little of a distance for which we demand horses, and the rich man has been known to trot 40 miles a day, dragging his passenger behind him.—Kansas City Journal.

FITS permanently cured. Nottor nervous, nervous, listless, use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The latest Paris edict is that women must be thin.

Tablets Can Wear Shoes. One shoe smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all drug stores and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept imitations. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Ormsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Tokio is about fourteen hours ahead of New York.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

The bayonet's importance is recognized all over the world today.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The microscope now flourishes mightily in the attention of the world.

MILK CRUST ON BABY. Lost All His Hair—Scratches His Head—Ran—Grateful Mother Tells of His Cure by Cuticura For 75c.

"When our baby boy was three months old he had the milk crust very badly on his head, so that all the hair came out, and it itched so bad he would scratch until the blood ran. I got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. I applied the Cuticura and put a thin cap on his head, and before I had used half of the box it was entirely cured, his hair commenced to grow out nicely again, and he has had no return of the trouble. (Signed) Mrs. H. P. Holmes, Ashland, Or."

Spain has reduced the duty on wheat 50 per cent. on account of the failure of the home crop.

Let Common Sense Decide. Do you honestly believe, that coffee sold loose (in bulk), exposed to dust, germs and insects, passing through many hands (some of them not over-clean), "blended," you don't know how or by whom, is fit for your use? Of course you don't. But

LION COFFEE is another story. The green berries, selected by