

VOLCANO CAUSES DAMAGE TO CROP

ENORMOUS LOSSES.

Coffee Plantations in Guatemala Practically Ruined—Several Towns Reported Destroyed.

The entire coffee zone of Guatemala has been destroyed by flames and smoke from the volcano of Santa Maria. Eruptions threaten the destruction of every living thing within reach of the fumes and fire that pours from the burning mountains, according to a cable to Castle Bros., Importers of San Francisco, Cal., received from their coffee plantation in Guatemala. Only meager details are given. "Last Monday," said Louis Hirsch, of Castle Bros., "I asked for news of the eruption and received in reply this cablegram. This true. Enormous losses. Volcanic eruption. Coffee zone destroyed. Our lives in danger. Further reports will follow. The coffee districts referred to are the Costa Cusa and Costa Granda. They are the finest plantations in the country. If the coffee district is destroyed, as the cable seems to indicate, one-third of the crop is most likely involved. The volcano of Santa Maria is located between Retalhullen and Quezaltenango. The towns in the neighborhood most likely to be destroyed are San Felipe, Mazatenango and Quezaltenango. The volcano has been quiet for many years." Consul General McNally wires from Guatemala city that the eruption of Santa Maria continues; that the city is covered with six inches of volcanic matter; coffee plantations are buried under seven feet of sand and ashes, and that detonations from the eruption were heard in the capital. There have been frequent earthquakes, and another eruption is reported in the department of Tombaro.

BIG COMBINE FORMED.

Malleable Iron Plants in Concern With \$20,000,000 Capital.

The combine of the malleable iron plants of the country has been formed. The deal has been pending since last July. The capital of the concern is placed at \$20,000,000. The concerns involved are: Pratt & Hellswrth, Buffalo; Michigan Malleable Iron Company, Detroit, Mich.; Whiteley Malleable Iron Company, Muncie, Ind.; Chicago Malleable Casting Company, West Pullman, Ill.; Moline Malleable Iron Company, St. Charles, Ill.; Judge Gray and Max Pam, of New York are the promoters.

More Cattle Than Gold.

The season just closed witnessed the heaviest cattle shipments from the Black Hills country ever known, and it is believed more cattle were sent from that section since July than from any other place in the west. Total shipments have exceeded 100,000 head. The value is close to \$8,000,000.

Ashes Still Fall.

The latest news from the southern part of Mexico is that the people are less alarmed over the shower of ashes. There were, up to Saturday, 45 distinct shocks of earthquake at San Cristobal.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans has assumed command of the Asiatic Squadron.

Major Harry M. Wright, Ninth Cavalry, recently returned from the Philippines, has been retired at his own request on account of ill health.

Secretary Hay and Mrs. Hay have gone to Simsbury, Conn., for the dedication of the chapel erected by the secretary, as a memorial to his son, Adelbert Hay.

As Minister Concha held up Colombia's response on the canal matter, the state department will appeal to the Bogota government direct over its minister's head.

Cornelius T. Griffiths, acting cashier of the District of Columbia and Maryland branch, of the Equitable Life Insurance Company, has been arrested, accused of embezzling \$4,500.

Judge Advocate General Lemley has sent out advertisements calling for proposals for the construction of two armored cruisers of the Tennessee class of about 14,500 tons displacement, the bids to be opened January 6, 1903.

The fact that President Palma has returned to Washington the draft of the Cuban reciprocity treaty without his approval has not shaken the belief of the officials that they will have a treaty ready to submit to Congress this winter.

The United States will participate in any benefits that may be derived by Germany, Great Britain and France in the arbitration announced in Paris by M. Delcasse of the questions as to the foreign holding of lands and property rights in Japan.

The case of Passed Assistant Paymaster Charles W. Penrose, U. S. N., who was tried by court-martial on charges of irregularities while paymaster of the Michigan, will be settled by the abandonment of further proceedings and acceptance of his resignation from the naval service.

First Lieutenant Von Brodow has been appointed German military attaché at Washington, beginning December 1. He has been adjutant of the First Cavalry Brigade of the Guards and is an officer of the cuirassier guards of the Household troops.

The navy department has received a decision by the comptroller of the treasury to the effect that enlisted men are entitled to the extra pay of 75 cents for each medal of honor, pin or service bar earned by them.

Alfred Jessup, head of the testing laboratory in the supervising architect's office of the United States treasury department.

DAY OF THANKSGIVING.

Roosevelt's Proclamation Points Out What This Country Has to Be Grateful For.

The annual thanksgiving proclamation has been issued by President Roosevelt. It notes that the people of the United States had more to be thankful for during the last year than had any other people. The day set apart for observance is Thursday, November 27. The text of the proclamation is as follows:

"By the President of the States of America.

A Proclamation:

"According to the yearly custom of our people it falls upon the President at this season to appoint a day of festival and thanksgiving to God. Over a century and a quarter has passed since this country took its place among the nations of earth, and during that time we have had on the whole more to be thankful for than have fallen to the lot of any other people. Generation after generation has grown to manhood and passed away. Each has had to bear its peculiar burdens, each to face its special crises, and each has known years of grim trial, when the country was menaced by malice, domestic or foreign levy, when the hand of the Lord was heavy upon it in drought or flood or pestilence, when in bodily distress and anguish of soul it paid the penalty of folly and a froward heart. Nevertheless decade by decade we have struggled onward and upward; we now abundantly enjoy material well-being and under the favor of the Most High, we are striving earnestly to achieve moral and spiritual uplifting. The year that has just closed has been one of peace and of overflowing plenty. Rarely has any people enjoyed greater prosperity than we are now enjoying. For this we render heartfelt and solemn thanks to the Giver of Good, and we seek to praise Him, not by words only, but by deeds, by the way in which we do our duty to ourselves, and to our fellow-men.

"Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, do hereby designate as a day of general thanksgiving Thursday, the twenty-seventh of the coming November, and do recommend that throughout the land the people cease from their ordinary occupations and in their several homes and places of worship, render thanks unto Almighty God for the manifold blessings of the past year.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington, this 29th day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and two, and of the independence of the United States, the one hundred and twenty-seventh.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

"By the President.

"JOHN HAY.

"Secretary of State."

BANK LOOTED BY ROBBERS.

Dynamited the Safe While They Overawed the People.

Four robbers dynamited the safe of the Iowa State bank at Prairie City, Iowa, and escaped with \$4,000. One held a rifle over Watchman Erskine for three hours, while another worked on the safe and two patrolled the street and held off half a dozen citizens. When they had secured the money they fired a fusillade to terrify the people.

DIED ON SHIPBOARD.

Transport Sheridan Brought Six Corpses Into San Francisco.

Six deaths occurred on the transport Sheridan on the way from Manila to San Francisco, Cal. They were: J. Howell, late private Troop C, Ninth Cavalry; W. T. Hawthorne, employe quartermaster department; W. J. Johnson, late private Troop C, Ninth Cavalry; Thomas Sawyer, civilian; Frank L. Durrin, private Company F, Twenty-ninth Infantry, and an unnamed private, T. G. Dodswork. The body of the late Arthur C. McKinnon, former chaplain of the California volunteers, was brought home for burial.

HUGE VESSELS FOR ORE.

Will Furnish the Steel Combine With 9,000-Ton Carriers.

A fleet of the biggest steamers on the great lakes, whose total cost will exceed \$10,000,000, is to be built for the United States Steel Corporation through the Pittsburg Steamship Company. All will be of these dimensions: Keel, 550 feet; beam, 58 feet; depth of hold, 30 feet, and on a mean draft of 18 feet of water they will carry 9,000 tons each. It is believed the boats can carry iron ore from the head of Lake Superior to the furnace docks of Lake Erie and Lake Michigan at less than 50 cents per ton. Present rates are 75 and 80 cents.

Inspect Work of Miners.

The commissioners appointed by President Roosevelt to adjust the differences existing between the anthracite mine workers and their employers have made a tour of the extreme upper coal fields, near Scranton, and every step taken by the production of coal from the time it is blasted from the ground to the point where it is sent to market ready for the use of the consumer.

Prevent Money Stringency.

Nearly \$100,000,000 has been released from the United States treasury during the past five weeks for the purpose of relieving the stringency, as follows: Additional deposits of government money in national banks, \$18,000,000; purchase of government bonds, \$29,500,000; added to national banks' circulation, \$11,000,000; release of reserve held against government deposits, \$40,000,000; rebate of interest, \$3,300,000; total, \$95,800,000.

ARBITRATORS PENETRATE MINES.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14.

Commission Traverses Course That Takes Them Beneath Susquehanna—Ask About Rents.

The arbitration commission decided while on their tour of the Wyoming valley to adjourn Thursday until Friday, November 14, when the taking of testimony will begin in Scranton. The first four days of this week will be taken up in inspecting the mines and mining towns from Hazleton south to the end of the hard coal field. All of the territory is in districts Nos. 7 and 9 of the United Mine Workers of America, and is under the jurisdiction of President Thomas Duffy and John Fahy, of the union, who will accompany the commission. Chairman Gray said that the object in taking a recess of one week was for the purpose of giving both sides sufficient time to prepare their cases, and also to give the members of the commission an opportunity to examine the issues. How long it will take to hear the testimony for the miners cannot be estimated. The 67 individual operators will also be given an opportunity to be heard. The arbitrators spent the entire Saturday in and about the city of Wilkesbarre visiting one mine and making a tour of several of the towns on the outskirts of the city. The commission next visited the Dorrance colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, at North Wilkesbarre. Nearly two hours were spent in the mine, about 850 feet below the surface. The mine is a very gaseous one, and the commissioners and other members of their party were compelled to carry safety lamps. The commissioners saw a vein of coal about 16 feet thick, which is three times the thickness of the seams of coal seen on Thursday and Friday. One of the gangways traversed by the commission runs under the Susquehanna river to the west side of North Wilkesbarre. Saturday was All Saints day, and was religiously observed by the many foreigners. No coal was mined in the Dorrance and many other collieries. The company officials drew the attention to the commissioners to this enforced curtailment in the production of coal. The party visited South Wilkesbarre, Ashley, Sugar Notch and Plymouth, inhabited principally by mine workers. The commissioners did not leave the trolley car, but wherever it stopped a crowd would gather, which gave the commissioners a chance to ask questions regarding rents and other expenses. On the return to Wilkesbarre city the party boarded a train and returned to Scranton late Sunday night for Hazleton, where they will continue their inspection of the mines. Bishop Spalding, by invitation of Bishop Hoban, preached in St. Peter's Cathedral at Scranton Sunday morning. His fellow commissioners attended the service.

DOCTORS ACCUSED.

Grand Jury Brings Crime of Body-Snatching Home to Physicians.

The grand jury at Indianapolis, Ind., returned 25 indictments in the grave robbery cases. Five indictments have been returned against physicians who are charged with complicity in the "body-snatching business" for failure to keep records of bodies received, among whom is Jos. C. Alexander, demonstrator at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. From evidence given by Rufus Cantrell, the chief of the gang of ghouls, 100 bodies have been stolen from cemeteries during the last year. The ghouls say two of the physicians accompanied them on several of their night trips. Ten bodies were found buried in the basement of one of the colleges; four bodies were found in sacks on the street, where the hard-pressed ghouls had dropped them; one body was concealed for two days in a saloon and 30 were found in cold storage in an ice-cream factory in Louisville.

RELEASED BY RESIGNATION.

One Obstinate Missouri Judge Still Defies the Federal Court.

Samuel C. Peden, ex-judge of the county court of St. Clair county, Mo., who has been in jail at Maryville since May, 1901, for contempt of court in refusing to order a tax levy to pay bonds pledged for the Tebo & Neesho railway in 1879, was ordered released by Judge John F. Phillips, of the United States district court. While in jail Peden sent his resignation to Governor Dockery, and a successor was appointed. Thomas Nevitt, presiding judge of the county court, is still in jail, where several of his predecessors, all having refused to respect the United States court's commands to order a tax levy for the payment of the bonds, had previously spent their terms of office.

Sues for a Million.

William Meettitzer, of Altoona, Pa., has entered suit against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for \$1,000,000 for an alleged discrimination in freight rates made against him by the company. He alleges that he shipped a certain grade of coal to all parts of the United States and that the company charged him higher rates than his competitors.

Auto Man Sent to Prison.

Judge Kellogg, at Yonkers, N. Y., sentenced to six months in the penitentiary W. B. Raymond, whose automobile collided with a trolley car and caused injuries to 22 persons. The motorman testified that the automobile had crossed the track in front of the car three times within a short distance.

LATEST NEWS NOTES.

A British cable is contemplated across the Pacific ocean.

Official report shows large increase in southern iron and steel trade.

General Miles on board the transport Thomas, has arrived at Manila. Operators' disposition to cavil may embarrass the anthracite strike commission.

Josiah Flinton and his young grandson were killed at Ypsilanti, Mich., by a trolley car.

The bank of Charles K. Knapp, at Sodus, N. Y., was dynamited and \$5,000 stolen.

A large portion of the South is threatened with a coal famine because of poor car service.

A negro murderer was burned at the stake in the presence of 4,000 people at Darling, Mass.

The Foremen Shoe Company, of Cincinnati, O., has assigned. Liabilities, \$70,000; assets, \$30,000.

William Roebuck, aged 40 years, an opera singer, was killed at St. Louis, Mo., by a suburban car.

The executive officers of Western and Southwestern lines at St. Louis renewed agreement on issuance of passes.

An attempt is being made to a combine all of the big stock yards in the country with a capitalization of \$500,000,000.

J. P. Morgan called on Senator Hanna in Cleveland on what is thought to mean a combination of coal interests.

Governor Yates, of Illinois, is sick at Springfield with typhoid fever, but his physician says there is no cause for alarm.

The striking dock laborers at Montreal, Canada, were granted their demand for increased wages and returned to work.

The H. C. Frick Coke Company has dropped nearly 1,000 foundry coke buyers, and will greatly reduce its army of clerks.

The northern part of Michigan was visited Tuesday by the heaviest fall of snow seen so early in the season in many years.

The Methodist Episcopal board of deacons, in session at Wilmington, Del., decided to meet on April 29, 1903, at Meadville, Pa.

Martin Cornelius was held up by robbers and relieved of \$8,000 with which he was going to pay for some real estate at Appleton, Wis.

The estimate of the expenditures of the New York city government in 1903 is \$97,119,031, a decrease of \$1,500,569 from the budget of 1902.

William Thompson, alias "Billy Riley," was shot and killed by other burglars at Portland, Me., in a dispute over the division of plunder.

The British government will build the most powerful and fastest cruiser in the world, which are expected to do better than 26 knots an hour.

At St. Paul, Minn., Rev. John Starbuck was consecrated Catholic bishop of Lead, S. D., and Rev. James J. Keane bishop of Wyoming.

The steamer Korea, which arrived at San Francisco from Yokohama, broke the Pacific record by making the voyage of 4,000 miles in ten days.

The German government will appoint Dr. Lewald its commissioner to the St. Louis exposition, and ask the Reichstag for \$500,000 for its exhibit.

Masquerader was taken for burglar by Mrs. W. A. McLane, of Covington, Va., and after killing him she discovered the corpse was that of her son.

W. W. Chinn, proprietor of a St. Louis matrimonial agency that is said to have taken in \$100 a day, was arrested on charges of using the mails fraudulently.

A suit was filed in the United States supreme court, coming up from the circuit court of Alabama, designed to test the validity of the new Alabama constitution.

The anthracite strike commission held its first meeting at Washington with the opposing parties, and decided to proceed to Scranton to begin its investigations.

Chicago & Alton officials notified all shop employes of the system that the request for a general advance in wages had been granted, commencing November 1.

Archib Woodin was sentenced at Mt. Pleasant, Mich., to the penitentiary for life for the murder of his wife's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gulick.

Striking students and the faculty of the State Agricultural college at Lansing, Mich., have agreed to arbitrate, students to return to classes, pending the result.

President Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania railroad, has sent a letter to the Rapid Transit commission, New York, pleading for early action on the tunnel franchise.

A letter from a Mormon wife, read at the Mothers' Congress in session at Pittsburg, resulted in resolutions calling on Congress to make polygamy a national crime.

A courier from King Edward, bringing a mysterious message either to President Roosevelt or to the British embassy in Washington landed in New York Tuesday.

A meeting of silver workers, representing the 3,000 of the craft employed in New York city, Brooklyn and Newark, decided to go on strike unless granted a nine-hour working day.

Catani, who recently returned from America, has been arrested at Leghorn, Italy, on suspicion of placing on the steps of the bishop's palace a bomb that killed one person and wounded two others.

Edward Blew, of the commission firm of Blew & Armstrong, pleaded guilty at Minneapolis to forging a bill of lading and was sentenced to seven and one-half years in the penitentiary.

The jury in New York in the libel suit of Victor Herbert against the "Musical Courier," after being out an hour and a half, brought in a verdict for \$15,000 in favor of the plaintiff.

NOXIOUS TUNNEL GAS KILLS FOUR

RELEASED BY BLASTING.

Workmen Employed in Niagara Falls Sewer Were Overcome by Sulphureted Hydrogen.

By a sudden rush of gas, supposed to have been sulphureted hydrogen, four men were killed and three seriously injured near the Twenty-fourth street heading of the big tunnel trunk sewer at Niagara Falls, New York, Friday. The dead are Lawrence Fisher, George Rhodes, Hugo Swanson, Niagara Falls; William Bradish, of Tonawanda. The seriously affected were Romano Kovich, not expected to live; Sam Finch, colored, and Michael Mulroy, foreman, all of Niagara Falls. Thirteen men, comprising the entire second shift, were working on the sewer. They had started a heading at a new level and had loaded up a blast which was to be discharged. After loading they walked back about 225 feet between the heading and the shaft at Twenty-fourth street, but before they could reach the shaft, four of the men fell to the floor of the tunnel, over which a stream of water was flowing. The others, becoming alarmed, pushed ahead to the shaft.

Increasing pressure is being brought to bear on the German government to open the frontiers for the importation of foreign animals and a relaxation of the regulations to exclude meat exports, or for something which will afford relief from the excessive prices of meat. The best beef retails at 44 cents a pound, and other meats are proportionately high. The wholesale prices in the German markets are from 15 to 25 per cent higher than in those of neighboring countries; hence the people who advocate government action assert that the scarcity of animals is due to the closed frontiers and the exclusion of foreign dressed meats, the German farmers being unable to raise enough animals for their country's requirements.

Meat Has Become a High-Priced Luxury in Germany.

Worse Than a Beef Trust.

Fearful Cholera Scourge.

75,000 Cases in the Philippines 75 Per Cent Fatal.

Writing from Manila Chief Quarantine Officer Perry estimated that 75,000 cases of cholera had occurred in the Philippines since March 20, and that the mortality was 75 per cent. According to latest reports there had been 40,000 deaths in the city of Nanking, China. During the week ended September 15 there were 9,467 cases and 3,278 deaths in 1,557 places in Egypt. Of the 28,520 cases registered between July 15 and August 15, 23,684 were fatal.

St. Louis Boodler Convicted.

Methodist Fund Is \$18,000,000.

The Disease Fast Disappearing From the Philippines.

Governor Taft cables from Manila that the cholera has practically disappeared from the Island of Luzon, and that in Manila there have only been an average of two cases a day lately. Only five provinces are now seriously affected, Hilo, Occidental Negros, Capiz, Samar and Misamis. The percentage of mortality has been reduced to generally below 50 per cent.

President Going South.

Will Attend Reception to Gen. Wright and May Hunt Bears.

Three Girls Slain.

Daughters of an Arkansas Farmer Most Horribly Murdered.

Killed by Motor Cycle.

Epidemic of Measles.

Rebate Tin Wages Adjusted.

The monthly circulation statement issued by comptroller of the currency shows that at the close of business October 31, 1902, the total circulation of National bank notes was \$330,476,334, an increase for the year of \$20,564,651, and an increase for the month of \$13,482,736. The circulation based on United States bonds amounted to \$335,783,189, an increase for the year of \$7,584,575, and an increase for the month of \$11,940,045. The circulation secured by lawful money aggregated \$44,593,145, an increase for the year of \$12,980,075, and an increase for the month of \$1,542,691. The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulating notes was \$333,452,670, and to secure public deposits \$149,216,920. The monthly coinage statement issued by the director of the mint shows that for the month of October, 1902, the total coinage was \$4,459,550, as follows: Gold, \$1,890,000; silver, \$2,287,000; minor coins, \$282,550. The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that for the month of October the total receipts were \$51,391,262, and the expenditures \$46,904,960, leaving a surplus for the month of \$4,487,000. The surplus for the corresponding month last year was \$2,900,000. The receipts from the several sources of revenue are given as follows: Customs \$26,741,700, increase, \$3,300,000; internal revenue, \$20,476,912, decrease \$3,000,000; miscellaneous, \$4,172,648, increase \$1,200,000. For the four months of the present fiscal year the receipts have exceeded the expenditures by \$13,500,000. One year ago the receipts for the corresponding months exceeded the expenditures by \$27,300,000.

COMPROLLER'S BALANCES.

Treasury Statements of Circulation, Coinage and Receipts and Expenditures.

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Action by the Quakers.

The five years' meeting Society of Friends at Indianapolis, Ind., issued an appeal to all Christian churches in the country to appoint delegates to a conference in Washington on the second Wednesday of March, 1906, to discuss prevention of the liquor traffic.

An Iowa Banker Missing.

A special to Council Bluffs from Sharpsburg, Ia., says: H. E. Christensen, president of the Farmers and Mechanics bank, a private institution, is missing. The funds of the bank are said to be depleted in a sum variously estimated at from \$35,000 to \$50,000.

St. Louis Boodler Convicted.

Methodist Fund Is \$18,000,000.

The board of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church at Wilmington, Del., have appointed Bishops Fowler, Warren and McCabe a committee on the twentieth century thank offering fund of \$20,000,000, which now amounts to \$18,000,000.

Small Assets for Large Debts.

Henry Koper, formerly of the firm of Charles Haight & Co., brokers, filed petition in bankruptcy in New York. The liabilities are placed at \$202,885, unsecured, and due chiefly to banks on accommodation paper. A watch and chain and ordinary wearing apparel are given as assets.

CABLE FLASHES.

The railroad commission at Havana has granted to the Cuba Company the right to register, in the name of the Cuba Railway Company, \$20,000,000 of capital stock.

The Japanese cabinet has adopted the proposed scheme for naval expansion. It involves an annual expenditure of \$825,000 for 10 years. The battleships are to be built in England, and the cruisers in England, France and Germany.

The "Official Messenger" of St. Petersburg, Russia, announces the dismissal from the army of the Grand Duke Paul Alexandrovich, an uncle of the czar.

The German Reichstag discussed an amendment proposed by the Socialists and Liberals empowering the Bundesrath to put goods on the free list whenever German syndicates sell goods abroad cheaper than they do at home.

The Municipality of Berlin, Germany, has decided to devote the new \$50,000,000 loan largely to profit-sharing enterprises, including \$15,000,000 for the creation of gas works near Tegel, six miles from Berlin, and for the construction of a wholesale meat market.

While Emperor Francis Joseph was driving from his country place at Schoenbrunn, Austria, the horses attached to his carriage became unmanageable and he jumped out of the vehicle and walked the remainder of the distance to the Hofburg.

A telegram has been received at Manila from General Summer at Zamboanga, Mindanao, saying he is disappointed to give the Bacolod Moros more time to make peace before capturing and destroying their strongholds.

The plentifulness of money which characterized the October market in London, England, has been succeeded by conditions compelling heavy borrowing from the bank at 4 per cent in order to meet Stock exchange settlements and month-end obligations. An increase in government disbursements is anticipated.

Eleven representatives of the British workman's commission who are being sent to the United States by Alfred Mosley sailed Tuesday from Liverpool, England, on the steamship Lake Champlain for Canada.