

NEW CAMPAIGN AGAINST REBELS

RENEWED ACTIVITY.

General Grant Invades Their Defenses in Northern Luzon - One Hundred Killed in a Battle in Panay.

Last week witnessed a very considerable increase in rebel and American activity in the field. Many skirmishes occurred, and several small engagements in northern and southern Luzon.

The Americans are undertaking a series of aggressive measures against the insurgents, notably upon the island of Samar, against Gen. Lukban, whose forces hold the entire island, with the exception of three coast towns, each of which is garrisoned by two companies of the Twenty-ninth infantry and a platoon of artillery.

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Gen. Wheaton, commanding the Department of Northern Luzon, is sending reinforcements to Gen. Young's province, where the natives, under the leadership of Tio and Aglipay, the ex-commissioner, are showing signs of restlessness.

Notable among the week's engagements was Gen. Grant's advance, with Macabebe and his regulars, to a rebel stronghold 35 miles north of Manila, which was defended by the greater part of the army.

Imperial Troops Are Active Against the Rebels. Are Afraid of the Allied Troops.

Reports from all directions in Chih-Li province indicate that the Imperial troops are at least making a show of punishing and dispersing the rebels.

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LATEST NEWS NOTES.

Diphtheria has closed the schools at Braburn, Pa.

Canal Dredger and New Philadelphia, Pa., may consolidate.

It is alleged that Indiana county (Pa.) records have been tampered with.

The Ohio Match Company at Wadsworth, O., will triple the capacity of its plant.

Fire destroyed the business area of Philadelphia, Pa., the loss being about \$100,000.

The steamer Mariposa brought \$2,000,000 in gold from Australia to San Francisco.

The new \$500,000 court house at Washington, Pa., was formally dedicated Saturday.

Lip Yneck, the murderer of Chief of Police at St. Stevens, B. C., was hanged Friday.

The Councilville school board burned 100 tons of school books over which the board had a legal right.

Lackawanna county civil war veterans unveiled at Scranton, Pa., a \$50,000 monument to the soldiers.

President Kruger, of the Transvaal, will arrive in Paris Friday and be given an immense demonstration.

The island of Grenada, West Indies, was shaken up by an earthquake, but only slight damage was done.

Thieves looted the show window of S. H. Hart, jeweler, and stole \$1,600 worth of diamonds.

The Colbert college strike near Shamokin, Pa., is not over, the company taking back disaffected union men.

Virginia college, at Roanoke, Va., was destroyed by fire, the girls students leaving with nothing but their clothes.

Hunters found a skeleton believed to be the remains of Port Arthur, the leader of a band of train robbers in Arizona.

The United States transport Sheridan has been ordered to return to the States. She also carries a large number of civilians.

Ballard Dick, aged 45 years, proprietor of the Blue Sulphur spa, at Blue Sulphur, W. Va., was found dead in Huntington.

Samuel Sheppard, the Wirt county, W. Va., wife murderer, was refused a new trial, and sentenced to be hanged Monday.

At Wintehras, Fla., two children of Mrs. Mary Gaines, who were locked in the house by their mother, were rescued by a neighbor.

The United Mine Workers have decided to endeavor to bring into their organization the employees in and about the coal mines.

Sampson Sherman, residing at Des Moines, Ia., brother of the late John Sherman, died of a stroke of paralysis.

A young woman of Jimtown, Fayette county, Pa., had the lower part of her leg amputated.

The board of inquiry has decided that the death of a young man in England by Zionist John Dowse, should be returned at once.

Information has been received that Brig. Gen. James P. Smith, of San Francisco, has been appointed collector of customs of Manila.

John P. O'Connell, inventor of the submarine boat, intends to start his boats in March on voyages to Europe and Asia.

W. W. Hunt, a farmer near Wheeling, W. Va., cut his throat with a razor and was found dead by his wife.

The steam whaler Grampus has arrived at San Francisco from Unalakleet, Alaska, with 27,000 pounds of walrus bone and oil.

Frank Alderman, a wealthy real estate dealer, walked into a store at Fort Verde, Ariz., and shot a man.

The report is again heard that the United States president, who is now in the Republic of Cuba, is expected to return to the States.

The Cuban canal commission will report, which will be ready for Congress on the first day of the session.

The keynotes of the Marion, Ind., were received by dynamite. The chief recently expelled some members and rumors connected the two occurrences.

M. B. Brimingham, commissioner of education for Puerto Rico, says the school system there includes 300,000 children of school age with 300,000 teachers.

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The veterinary college, one of the finest buildings of Cornell university, was badly damaged by fire early Tuesday morning. Loss estimated at \$25,000.

Robert F. Hill, of Camden, N. J., was sentenced to be hanged January 10 for the murder of a woman.

At Geneva, Ill., fire destroyed the farm machinery manufacturing plant of the Appleton Manufacturing Company.

The National convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union has been called to meet in Washington on November 30, which will also be a day of prayer.

Reports from the northwest show a general fall in temperature of 15 to 20 degrees with light falls of snow at several points in the coldest weather of the season.

Thirteen insane soldiers from the Philippine general military hospital at Presidio hospital in California, have been sent to the government asylum at Washington.

Stephen Kolowitsky, a tramp, against the Pittsburgh & Western railroad for \$20,000 damages received from a railroad detective.

James A. Tyler, said to be the oldest letter carrier in the world, died in New York City at the age of 80 years, and after working in the postal service since August 1, 1845.

The Kentucky State Board of assessment, which has been valuing the tax valuation of whisky at \$10 a barrel, instead of \$7, which has been the assessment for several years past.

At Cincinnati a human skull, believed to be the head of Pearl Bryan, was found in a thicket a few rods from the shore of the river. The skull was found in a thicket a few rods from the shore of the river. The skull was found in a thicket a few rods from the shore of the river.

At the meeting of the Methodist Episcopal general missionary committee in New York Saturday afternoon, \$200,000 was discussed to increase the twentieth annual thank offering fund to \$2,000,000.

The Kunch-Kong-Hoi, of Hong Kong, was recently held up by pirates on the West river, and the passengers looted of money, clothing and jewelry. The pirates also secured 14 boxes of specie valued at \$32,000.

SLAVERY EXISTS IN THE SOUTH

NEGROES IN BONDAGE.

One Hundred Persons on a Mississippi Plantation Not Yet Heard of Their Emancipation - A Startling Story.

Rev. J. H. Magee, a well-known colored leader, of Chicago, Ill., is authority for the statement that slavery still exists in the south. Dr. Magee says that he can tell specifically where the slaves are held, and even produce the records which show that they were freed, and escaped from bondage, and the records which demand the most respect.

Wade Crowder, his wife and child, a little girl, are three negroes who have just achieved their freedom, and that only after a series of incredible hardships and sufferings. They are at Joliet, Ill., in the company of sympathetic friends, and everything possible is being done to ameliorate their wretched condition.

The place from which they made their escape, and where he has lived since, is a plantation in Mississippi, near the mouth of the Mississippi river, with no railroad, and the name of the country is not given. A little hamlet ten miles away, is the home of the plantation, and the name of the plantation is not given.

On all these plantations the old-time slavery is rigidly enforced. The slaves have been taught to believe so deeply that they are absolutely the property of their white masters. They are compelled to work for their masters, and to obey every command, no matter how tyrannical; they receive no wages, and are treated like pigs, and are prevented by armed patrols in the night from their escape; are compelled to work in the fields from dawn till sundown, and for the slightest infraction of the law are severely punished. They are beaten with whips, and are kept in a state of constant terror.

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IMMENSE EXPORT TRADE.

October Figures Have Broken all the Previous Records - Amounted in Value to \$103,059,597 - A Great Year.

October exports have broken all monthly records in the history of the commerce of the United States, and the 10 months of 1900 ending with October have exceeded the record of the corresponding period of preceding years and give assurance that the calendar year 1900 will show the largest exports in the history of our foreign commerce.

The total exports during October were \$103,059,597, or practically double the amount of the corresponding month of 1899, when these were \$52,653,121. The total for the 10 months ending with October, 1900, is \$1,047,775,295, or practically double that of the 10 months ending with October, 1899. Exports exceeded imports during the 10 months ending with October by \$46,663,359. The net gain for 1900 will show the largest exports in the history of our foreign commerce.

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