

REGULARS BATTLE WITH INDIANS

A MASSACRE REPORTED

Gen. Bacon's Santiago Veterans Encounter the Red Skins at Leech Lake, Minn.—Four Men Killed and Nine Wounded.

A report, difficult to verify reached St. Paul last Thursday that Gen. Bacon and his soldiers have been massacred by Indians at Leech lake, Minn. Gen. Bacon, with his Santiago veterans from the Third Infantry, left Walker, Minn., for Bear Island, determined to bring the recalcitrant pillager Indians to terms by force if necessary. He chartered two steamboats and a barge and had a gatling gun and a hotchkiss aboard with which to clear the island of possible ambushes. The men are under the immediate command of Capt. Wilkinson.

A terrific battle was fought at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning thirty miles from Walker at Bog-Ah-Me-Ge-Shirks point, close to Bear Island. The detachment of 100 men under Gen. Bacon landed on the point shortly after 9 o'clock. The soldiers went through the thick undergrowth very carefully and with every precaution taken against ambush. The men were then ordered to line up in an open space near the shore of the lake. Charges were drawn and preparations made for dinner.

The order to make coffee had been given and the soldiers were standing in column formation when the first shot was fired. It came from Bog-Ah-Me-Ge-Shirks house. The ball struck Ed Harris, ex-marshal of Walker, half-bred. His arm was broken. This was the signal.

Immediately the firing became general from all directions. It seemed that a shot came from every tree in column formation when the first shot was fired. It came from Bog-Ah-Me-Ge-Shirks house. The ball struck Ed Harris, ex-marshal of Walker, half-bred. His arm was broken. This was the signal.

There must have been 150 or 200 Indians. Lieut. Morrison with a squad of twenty men, made a rush to prevent a retreat. He was killed. A very choice scoundrel, and Bap Dway We Dung.

The marshals had them men under arrest and a rescue was attempted. Lieut. Morrison yelled, "Charge," and his squad scattered the copper-colored gang. By this time the troops were under cover. The Indians were firing in a desultory way and the order was given to charge.

The soldiers rose, ducking and dripping like grasshoppers. They made the most of the opportunity to cover the volley was fired by the Indians at the steam tug Flora, which lay off shore. A score of bullets tore through the frail woodwork of the boat and every man except the pilot was wounded. Some slipped away in return with revolvers, but the range was too long. Ward was sent back to Gen. Humphreys who immediately sent reinforcements to Gen. Bacon's later report states that four soldiers were killed and nine wounded.

An attempt was made to land on Bear Island Thursday afternoon and rescue the wounded soldiers and get the bodies of the unfortunate blue-coats who were killed. The attempt was so far successful that four bodies were recovered and nine soldiers who were wounded were rescued. The citizens were driven to the boat and the boat driven from the shores by skulking redskins.

A special to the Minneapolis Journal from Walker, Minn., says I have just met an Indian named Mah-Ge-Guh-Bo; who came over from Bear Island in a canoe. He says the loss of the whites is ten killed and fifteen wounded. He says that the Indians have been wiped out, but says the Indians have had the best of it. Their loss, he claims, does not exceed five killed and wounded. The force with Bacon are pushing safe upon the encouragement is felt about it. I have other information that there are fifty dead Indians within a mile of the landing.

Maj. Wilkinson, five privates and two Indian policemen are dead. Col. Sheehan is killed. Thirty Indians are dead. There has been desperate fighting all the morning.

Maj. Wilkinson, who was shot through the leg, had his leg dressed, took the field again, and was shortly afterward shot through the body. Lying in a pool of blood, he raised himself to one elbow and shouted to Gen. Bacon: "Give them a hell, general; never mind me!" These were his last words.

General Bacon says that while the fight he is not at all satisfied that they have enough. In case of a general uprising he will inaugurate a winter campaign against them. He says it may take 1,000 men to subdue the savages during the cold weather.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Tradesmen National Bank of New York has suspended.

Pittsburg is to have a new union station which will cost \$2,000,000.

A. M. Franklin has arrived at Seattle from the Klondike with \$60,000 in gold.

A Belgian syndicate is to establish a distillery at Mexico City, with \$5,000,000 capital.

German iron manufacturers have formed a combine to fight American competition.

Seven hundred Alabama negroes have gone to Pana, Ill., to take the place of striking union miners.

The Illinois Central Railroad is logging \$15,000 a day on account of the yellow fever quarts in the south.

Owing to the spread of yellow fever an order has been issued prohibiting travel from point to point in the state of Mississippi.

John R. Evans of Indiana, who avers he owns \$150,000 of National Life company stock, asks a receiver for the company.

While en route to Pittsburg from Baltimore last Saturday to attend the Knights Templar convocation George W. Starr died of apoplexy.

Three persons in New York fell from upper story windows last Wednesday and were killed; a fourth fell from a scow and was drowned.

The president will not announce the selection of a successor to Mr. Hay as ambassador to London before his return from his western trip.

The will of Thomas F. Bayard shows he leaves an estate of \$75,000, all left to his widow except \$5,000 to the old Swedes church at Wilmington, Del.

The prices in all grades of stoves has been advanced 5 per cent. Manufacturers throughout the country have entered into an agreement to that effect.

The Canadian police are establishing a chain of stations along the upper Yukon from Dawson to Lake Bennett in Alaska, each to have supplies for two years.

L. H. Dickerson, of Cleveland, shot and killed Mrs. Blanche C. Winship, a widow with whom he was in love and then committed suicide. The widow died Tuesday was to be married next week.

Smith Wright was taken from the jail at Annapolis, Md., last Wednesday morning and shot to death by a mob. He was charged with having brutally treated Mrs. James Morrison some weeks ago.

A double headed Elkhorn & Missouri Valley freight train ran into the rear of an Omaha passenger train in the yards Saturday at Omaha. Harry Jones, waiter, of Chicago, was killed and Otto Homedale, conductor of the dining car, fatally hurt.

The Pacific coast agents of the Canadian Steamship Company and the Canadian 4,000-ton steamships, on the run between Vancouver, Portland, Vladivostok and China, that the trade between the orient and America has grown to enormous proportions.

Ell Shaw, who has been on trial for the past week at Camden, N. J., charged with the murder of his mother, was found not guilty by the jury in the Camden county court. There were 1,000 persons in the courtroom and the verdict was read, and they cheered. Shaw faints.

Goettman Bros., of Pittsburg, insisted that James Buchanan should pay for a steak which the latter claimed he did not order. Buchanan was arrested and subsequently discharged. Goettman was then entered against the restaurant people for false arrest and Buchanan was awarded \$4,000 damages.

The American battleships and cruisers will not be assigned to regular stations for some time to come. Should the Spanish army be discharged at Paris and the Spanish fleet be ordered to return to the United States, a naval demonstration will then be made on the coast of Spain the moral influence of which can not be doubted.

The most costly block of amusement buildings and stores on the beach front at Atlantic City, N. J., was destroyed by fire a few days ago. Twenty buildings were destroyed, including the greatest amusement buildings, were burned and a half dozen families were rendered homeless. The loss is estimated at \$200,000. Assistance was asked in fighting the fire from Camden and Philadelphia.

Hundreds of Chinamen Burned. According to a special dispatch from Shanghai, a fire on Sunday at Hankow destroyed over a square mile of the city, including the government buildings and temple. It is feared that a thousand lives were lost. Hankow is a treaty port on the Yangtze River, at the mouth of one of its tributaries, 700 miles from the sea. The city, with Han Yang and Woo Chang, the capital of Hoo Po, all in sight of one another and separated only by the river, is the greatest commercial centers in the world. Huc estimates their united population at 8,000,000, but they suffered much in the Pao Ping wars. Hankow is one terminus of the proposed Pekin-Hankow railway.

American Meat Proved Pure. The imperial government of Germany last winter, goaded by the Agrarians, drew up a bill to regulate the inspection of American meat exports. The bill practically meant the death of the American meat trade, and luckily, it could not be made ready for production in the Reichstag before the situation had changed. The charges against American meats have invariably proved to be groundless, so that the violent press attacks have ceased. At the close of the first act a beautiful bouquet of flowers was handed to Miss Alice Neilson, who is singing the leading role in "The Fortune Teller," and she promptly hurled the flowers at the general in his box.

The house cheered. Then all the actors crowded on the stage and sang "The Star Spangled Banner," in which the general joined. Many persons came to Gen. Lee's box to shake his hand, and quite an informal reception was held, interrupting the performance for some time.

MRS. MCKINLEY'S BROTHER KILLED.

TRAGEDY AT CANTON.

George D. Saxton Shot Four Times by a Woman Supposed to be Anna E. George—Him Often Threatened to Kill Him.

The murder of George D. Saxton, brother of Mrs. President McKinley, will close the social festivities at the White House for the remainder of the season.

Friday evening while the President and Mrs. McKinley were receiving the members of an Episcopal organization the news was reported to the President of the tragedy at Canton which was later communicated to Mrs. McKinley.

George D. Saxton had gone out on Hazlet avenue, Canton, last Friday evening, and was about to enter the home of Mrs. Eva D. Althouse, widow of the late George W. Althouse, 319 Lincoln avenue, and had just ascended the steps, when a woman in black rushed up behind him and fired two shots, which felled him. He rolled down upon the grass, and two more shots were heard. When officers arrived on the scene they found him dead.

A woman at the house stated that the deed was done by an unknown woman, who was tall, slender and dressed in black, and she had gone away as soon as the shots were fired. The informant said Mrs. Althouse was not at home.

Officers were soon on the hunt for the woman who did the shooting, and while it is not possible just now to tell who did it the suspicion is strong against a few days' party.

At 9 o'clock Mrs. George was placed under arrest as she was entering her room through a swamp from the direction of the Althouse home. At police headquarters she refused to talk, and exhibited fine nerve. Her hands smelt of powder.

She formerly roomed in the Saxton block, where Saxton first met her. She was then the wife of Sample C. George, and her conduct caused her husband to leave her. A divorce was obtained for Mrs. George in Dakota by Saxton, who sent his own attorney to get it. Later he tired of the woman and has been paying attention to Mrs. Althouse.

Since that time Mrs. George has repeatedly said she would kill him. She created a scene in front of the Althouse home a short time ago, when Saxton returned from a ride with Mrs. George, a few days since Sample C. George withdrew a \$30,000 damage suit against Saxton in the courts at Canton because of a settlement out of court for \$1,835.

There has been detention charge of suspicion on which Mrs. Annie E. George was arrested and held in connection with the assassination of George D. Saxton was Saturday replaced by a formal charge of murder in the first degree, and the accused was committed to the county jail without bond for the further routine of the courts.

President and Mrs. McKinley arrived at Canton last Sunday morning to attend the funeral of Mr. Saxton. There was a large crowd at the depot but no demonstration was made. Monday afternoon the funeral of the murdered man was held at the Barber home, which is the old Saxton homestead. The services were conducted by Rev. O. B. Milligan of the First Presbyterian church. Monday evening the president's private car was attached to the special train from Washington which conveyed the presidential party to the Omaha exposition.

Smallpox Among American Troops. There has been fourteen cases of smallpox and six deaths from that disease among the American troops during the past two days. The dead are: H. M. Powers, First California regiment; Henry W. Second Oregon; Henry Culver, Fourteenth Infantry; Joseph Daly, George Cooty and Frank Warwick of the Thirteenth Minnesota regiment. Eight deaths from typhoid fever have been reported for the past two days. One soldier, Henry Artilleryman Roach was killed by a sentry at Tondo on Wednesday night.

Movements Toward Peace. The last troops left Camp Wikoff at Montauk Point last week.

Only one medical officer was killed during the Spanish war.

Spaniards are complaining about their heavy war tax.

Lee will be in Havana with his entire army before the expiration of the present month.

Fifteen sick men in Col. Bryan's Nebraska regiment were discharged last Wednesday.

Commodore Watson says that the sole credit for the destruction of Cervera's fleet belongs to Admiral Schley.

Gen. Floras Barter, United States ambassador to France, will banquet the two peace commissions in the near future.

Joseph Simon of Portland was elected United States senator by the Oregon legislature last week. Mr. Simon is a Hebrew.

The Sixth United States Immunes left Brooklyn last Monday for Porto Rico. They will relieve the troops who will come home from the island.

The sailor who was killed in a wreck at Ben's Creek, Cambria county, Pa., was named George J. Jones of Danbury, Conn., who served on the Oregon.

General Callisto Garcia called on Gen. Wood recently. He proposes going to Washington to advocate General Wood's plan of disbanding the Cuban army.

At Dallas, Texas, the 14-year-old daughter of J. R. Stephens ate the heads off 212 matches, and then by taking bacon and lard as an antidote hastened her death.

The official register of births and deaths for the city of Havana show that on October 1 there were no births and fifty-three deaths, and that on October 2 there were no births and thirty-five deaths.

Spain has ordered the sale of her warships which are still lingering in Cuban waters. The ships referred to are small steam launches, which could not cross the ocean, except upon the deck suggestion of the governor of Nebraska Col. Bryan took a straw vote of his regiment recently. It is stated 81 per cent of the men wanted to go home and the officers were equally divided.

Consul Gen. Fitzhugh Lee appeared before the investigating committee last Thursday. He had no grievances and declared the war department provisions were at all times plentiful among his troops.

The mortality at Guinos, Cuba, is very great and as Guinos is a Melancholia population only numbers 3,000, there were 232 deaths during the month.

DESERTER SHOT.

Private Greenwood Fails to Obey an Order to Halt and Is Killed.

Private Oliver Greenwood, of Battery B, Seventh United States Artillery, stationed at Fort Slocum, was shot and instantly killed Sunday morning while trying to desert. Private Harvey Stokes, who accompanied Greenwood, escaped unhurt. Greenwood was 21 years old, and was from Union Hill, Pa.

About 1 o'clock Sunday morning Stokes and Greenwood discarded their uniforms and put on civilian clothes. They crawled out of their tent and along the ground on their hands and knees, dodging the sentry. They had not gone far until they ran across another sentry, who ordered them to halt. Sergeant Heck ran up to the men, and fixing his bayonet, ordered them back to the guardhouse. Stokes started to argue with Sergeant Heck, while Greenwood heard the approach of the relief guard and ran toward the sentry. Sergeant Heck ordered the deserters to stop, but the men paid no attention to the command, and Heck ordered the relief to fire. Three shots rang out. On the ground lay the lifeless body of Private Greenwood. At a distance of a few feet from the body his hands were found. He surrendered. The jury's verdict was that while attempting to desert from the army Greenwood came to his death from a gunshot wound fired by some unknown sentry in the discharge of his duty.

A collision between the Spanish garrison and Colonel Ray's troops Sunday was, it appears, even nearer than seemed to be the case. General Parron's orders from Havana were to resist the Americans to the utmost. Additional rounds of ammunition had been issued to the troops, and volunteers would probably have brought the Spanish force up to 1,200, as against fewer than 300 Americans.

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Count von Goetz's report of the Cuban war operations is in the hands of German minister of war, General von Gossler. It is deemed confidential. He reports particularly on the dash and valor of the Americans.

Another He-Baby. Because his 6-weeks-old daughter disturbed his slumbers by incessant crying, John Moore, colored, of Pittsburg, became enraged Sunday night and suffocated the baby. The child is dead and Moore, a prisoner in the police station, informally accused of committing murder.

Admiral Sampson Sick. Admiral Sampson is said to be extremely ill in Havana. He has been constantly fainting, and is unable to do any work. The other members of the commission think he should go north, but dare not suggest it.

Grandest in the World. The Electrical Illuminations in Pittsburg During the Knights Templar Convocation.

The grandest and most extensive display of electricity for decorative purposes ever seen in the world was witnessed in Pittsburg during the past week in connection with the Knights Templar convocation. The supply of electricity demanded exhausted the capacity of every motor; caused a shortage of incandescent lamps and necessitated the use of the "Smoky City." Although the days of the convocation were not very clear, there could be no question concerning the brilliancy of the nights. A tremendous crowd was entertained in the city, and the city was illuminated with balls and banquets were conducted upon a scale the magnificence of which has never been surpassed in this country. The decorations and expenses incidental to the entertainment of the Knights represented an outlay of \$20,000,000.

HER EFFORTS FAILED. Miscellaneous Suicides Because She Could Not Reform Her Savage Husband.

Mrs. Lydia Fixico, formerly Lyons, who for ten years has been missionary and nurse among the Cheyenne Indians, and who nursed the noted Chief Geronimo back to life when he was captured and seriously wounded, committed suicide Sunday at the Cheyenne agency in Oklahoma.

She left a note saying that all efforts to civilize her husband, Fixico, a Cheyenne sub-chief, had been unavailing. She had learned that he had been drunk. Her years of trial had been useless, and she did not care for life.

England's New Possessions. The islands recently annexed by the British warship Goldfinch are said to be the Duff, Cherry and Mitre groups. The Mohawk planted the British flag on the Santa Cruz island.

The islands of the Swallow group, the Duff group numbers 11 islands, all thickly inhabited by copper-colored natives. Mitre island is uninhabited, but Cherry island has between 500 and 600 natives. The island of Motuitti, or Kennedy island, was searched for in vain by the Mohawk, and it is thought the island, like Falcon island, also has sunk beneath the waves.

More Honors for Dewey. It is stated in official circles that President McKinley and Secretary Long are of the opinion that Admiral Dewey has not been sufficiently rewarded for his services at Manila. They have determined to recommend the revival of the grade of vice admiral to be filled by the promotion of Dewey, and, as he would retire under the act of October 1899, will also urge that congress pass an act permitting the retention of that officer on the active list for an additional ten years. There is little doubt congress will adopt the recommendations.

War Investigating Committee. The war investigating commission has returned to the city at the end of the week, and is not likely to resume the examination of its important witnesses until November. General Miles left for Omaha Monday to attend the exposition with the President, and afterward to the Chicago polo grounds. He probably will do a little shooting of game before returning to Washington.

Cannot Get Rid of Her Passengers. The Compagnie Francaise de Navigation has sought suit against the navigation state board of health and personally against all its members because they refused to allow the steamship Britannic to land at New Orleans for the 500 Italian immigrants she has on board. The refusal is based on the prevalence of yellow fever in this city. The ship has 500 boarders, which it has to feed without any pay, and which it cannot get rid of.

Sultan Inclined to Obey. Ismail Bey, civil governor of the island of Crete, informed the Mussulman notables last week that the sultan will withdraw the Turkish troops from Crete in accordance with the demands of Great Britain, Russia, France and Italy, who on Wednesday presented to the sultan a collective note calling for a withdrawal of the Ottoman forces and requiring an answer within a week from that date.

SPANIARDS GIVE UP WITH REGRET

WOULD RATHER FIGHT.

Spaniards Turned Over to the Americans After Prolonged Struggle Had Been Made for a Battle-General Claims That Spanish Honor Had Again Suffered.

The Spanish troops left Manzanillo, Cuba, last Monday. General Parron, the Spanish commander, turned the city over to the Mayor, who made an official transfer to Colonel Ray, representing the United States. General Parron paid a visit to Colonel Ray Sunday morning, and the two officers exchanged compliments. All the political prisoners here have been released.

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THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Grain, Flour and Feed.	
WHEAT—No. 1 red.....	66¢ 67
No. 2 red.....	64 65
CORN—No. 2 yellow, ear.....	34 35
No. 2 yellow, shelled.....	34 35
Mixed ear.....	36 37
OATS—No. 2 white.....	27 28
No. 3 white.....	26 27
RYE—No. 1.....	42 43
WHEAT—Winter patents.....	4 00 4 10
Fancy straight winter.....	3 40 3 50
Rye flour.....	2 75 3 00
HO—No. 2 timothy.....	39 40 45
Clover, No. 1.....	7 75 8 25
FEED—No. 1 white mid, ton.....	17 50 18 00
Brown middlings.....	13 00 13 50
Brn. bulk.....	12 00 12 50
STRAW—What.....	8 00
Out.....	5 75 6 00
SEEDS—Clover, 60 lbs.....	2 50 3 00
Timothy, prime.....	1 20 1 40

Dairy Products	
BUTTER—Elgin creamery.....	22¢ 23
Ohio creamery.....	19 20
Fancy country butter.....	15 16
CHEESE—Ohio, new.....	8 9
New York, new.....	9 10

Fruits and Vegetables.	
BEANS—Green, 7 bushels.....	25¢ 35
POTATOES—White, 2 bushels.....	1 50 1 60
CABBAGE—Per bushel.....	60 65
ONIONS—Choice yellow, bu.....	40 45

Poultry	