# THREE MORE SHIPS FOR THE NAVY

\$5,000,000 EACH.

One of the Cruisers to be Named After the Ill-Fated Maine-Two More May be Purchased in England.

Three new battleships of the staunchest type afloat were authorized by the house committee on naval affairs Friday and a provision for their construction was inserted in the naval appropriation bill. At the same time the committee agreed on a maximum price of \$400 per ton for armor plate for our vessels, increased the force of naval marines by \$473 men, and put matters in fair shape for a decision to-morrow on the location of dry docks, probably four in number, capable of acgommodating the largest-sized war vessels. The new warships provided for will be of the finest pattern. It will be two years, doubtless, before they can be placed in commission. One of them, the committee decided, should be named after the filt-fated Maine. The cost it is expected will be about five million dollars each, though for the fiscal year covered in the bill, the amount of expenditure may not exceed two millions each.

year covered in the bill, the amount of expenditure may not exceed two millions each.

The war department last week promulgated its order creating the departments of the gulf and the lakes and abolishing the departments of the gulf and the lakes and abolishing the departments of the Missouri and of Texas. The department of the east will embrace the states on the Atlantic coast to and including North Carolina, the department of the lakes will include Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, with headquarters at Chicago, and the department of the gulf will comprise the states of South Carolina, Gorgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, with headquarters at Atlanta. Major General John R. Brocke will command the department of the lakes and Brigadier General William M. Graham the department of the gulf.

The navy department has reason to believe it has secured the two warships Amazonas and her sister ship now building in England for Brazil. It was stated at the cabinet meeting by Secretary Long that the naval attache at London, Lieut. Col. Well had almost completed the negotiations for the sale. Said a Spanish consul at Berlin: "So soon as war is declared a large and well-equipped fleet of privateers will immediately begin hostilities against the great American commerce. Spain miss not remained idle since the first misunderstandings. Ninety good fleamers lie in the harbors of Barcelona and Valencia, ready to sail and do execution, and we have friends, powerful ones, who will assist us, if not with nen, with money but, I, in common with the Spanish government, trust peace will be preserved."

ENGLAND CONCERNED.

#### Her Commercial Interests Would Suffer In Case of War With Spain.

Her Commercial Interests Would Suffer In Case of War With Spain.

That Great Britain is not only friendly to the United States, but also that herefiterests would suffer in event of war with Spain, was shown by a visit of Sir Julian Pauncefote to President McKinley a few days ago.

Queen Victoria has, through Sir Julian Pauncefote, conveyed to President McKinley her gratification at the wise and conservative course which he has thus far pursued in relation to the Cubun and Spanish situation. She also expressed the sincere sympathy with the efforts put forth by the United States to relieve suffering humanity in Cuba, with the hope that these endeavors may be conducted to a successful conclusion without war.

"The desire of the queen that war should be avoided was emphasized for several reasons. It was pointed out that the commercial relations of Great Britain with the United States were too extensive to be jeopardized by a war between this country and Spain. The blockade of the port of New York, for instance, it was pointed out, would be of irreparable damage to British shipping, while the cessation of the shipment of food supplies to England would be exceedingly serious.

"The reply of the president expressed his pleasure at the utterance of the queen, with the additional statement that he also hoped that war could be averted. Public announcement of the real purpose of the ambassador's visit has been avoided, and a denial of the fact that it had relation to the presentrish has been made because it was feared that the friendly utterance might be misconstrued. It was thought that the approval given by the queen to the president's actions in the future.

There was another reason, however, which has ten only influencing the president's actions in the future.

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There was another reason, however, which has two only identical in a general sense, but are expecially identical in the great question of finding in China

# CUBANS READY.

Waiting for Hostilities to Open Between th United States and Spain. Waiting for Hostilities to Open Between the United States and Spain.

A dispatch to the New York Sun from Santiago de Cuba, under date of February 18, says President Bartolome Masso has been informed from New York of the strained relations between the United States and Spain, and the possibility of war. Masso immediately called a meeting of his cabinet to discuss the news. According to most trustworthy information received by the Sun correspondent, the Cuban government has decided to address a manifesto to the country as soon as hostilities are opened between the United States and Spain, inviting every Cuban who is now on the island living within the Spanish fortified towns to take the field and join the Cuban forces, will be abolished. Reports from Havana say that the entire Spanish guerilla force of the battalion of Cadiz was exterminated by the Cubans. Their leader, Lieut, Perojo, was one of the first men killed. Gen. Jiminez Castellanos lost in a subsequent engagement 300 more men and was compelled to retreat to Puerto Principe.

Only a Few Can Enlist.

Only a Few Can Enjat.

Since the War Department sent out orders to enlist men for the two additional regiments of artillery, the recruiting station at Boston has been unusually busy. On an average 30 men have applied daily for enlistment in the light and heavy artillery regiments, but the percentage taken has been very small, as Thursday, out of 22 men who were examined, only three were able to pass.

### TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD.

Prince Albert of Belgium has arrived New York.

Gen. W. S. Rosecrans died last Friday morning at Los Angeles, Cal. Carnegle will ship 3,000,000 tons of ore from his Michigan mines this season.

James Anderson, a jealous colored man, murdered his wife at Pittsburg

A Chinaman was hanged at San Francisco last week for the murder of his uncle. A man was arrested in Pittsburg the other day for spitting on the floor of a

Spaniards are making an attempt to

spanaros are making an attempt to expel American newspaper correspond-ents from Cuba.

President Dole, of Hawaii, has return-ed home, and says the American senti-ment is in favor of annexation.

John Wanamaker will be the candi-date of the Business Men's Republican League of Philadelphia for governor.

A steamer from the United States de-livered 6,020 packages of provisions at Havana Thursday for starving Cubans Ex-chief of Police, George H. Jacks, of Muskegon, Mich., is held at Chicago, charged with murdering Andrew Mc-

Gee.

The New York Central Labor union adopted resolutions the other night calling the verdict in the Lattimer case a farce.

a farce.

Cases of food coming from the United States as relief for Cubans are said
by Spaniards to contain ammunition
for the rebels.

for the rebels.

Armed robbers held up a trolley car on the Cicero & Proviso line, Chicago, Wednesday night and secured \$40 from conductor and passengers.

Ex-President Cleveland will speak at the Iroquois club dinner at Chicago April 23 on "Sound Democracy and Sound Money Demonstration."

Ethbers byte into the house of Jos-

Robbers broke into the house of Jos-ph Christie, 247 Desplaines street, Chi-cago, and on the occupants awakening out Mrs. Christie's throat. She will die. A burglar trying to escape from the residence of William O. Hutchins, a manufacturing jeweler of Providence, R. I., the other day, shot Mr. Hutchins dead.

A severe storm swept the Sicilian coast a few days ago. The steamer Orsini was wrecked and 19 other vessels more or less damaged. Many persons were drowned.

were drowned.

Ex-State Auditor Eugene Moore, of Nebraska, was arrested at Lincoln the other night on a grand jury indictment, charged with stealing \$30,000 fees from insurance companies while in office.

Ten dollars is the lowest price a seat can be obtained for at a concert to be given in Havana shortly. The money is to be used as the nucleus for a popular fund with which to purchase warships for Spain.

ular fund with which to purchase warships for Spain.

Adding President Cabriara, of Guatemala, has issued a general decree of amnesty to all persons who were driven out of the Southern republic during the late Barrier regime. All confiscated property will be restored.

property will be restored.

One of the Standard oil company's pipes sprung a leak Sunday and 50,000 gallons of petroleum flowed into the Pequonnock river, polluting the millions of gallons of water intended for Newark and Jersey City consumption.

In a battle with moonshiners in the Ozark mountains, near Fayetteville, Ark., Granville Phillips, leader of the moonshiners, was killed, a revenue officer was dangerously wounded and others had their horses killed under them.

Dr. Trumbull Cleveland, a prominent and fashionable physician; was arrested a few days ago at New York, charged with manslaughter. It is alleged that by ignorant treatment he caused the death of the infant child of James L. Carhart.

L. Carhart.

A severe hail and wind storm passed over Ganado, Tex., the other night. Several houses were demolished and much damage was done by hail. The residence of Wm. Dodson was blown to pieces. Mr. Dodson and a 9-year-old boy were killed. Dodson may die and two younger sons are seriously injured. A heavy rain came with the storm and the country is flooded.

# DANGEROUS COUNTERFEITS.

Congress May Adopt a New Design for the Bilver Dollar.

During the last two weeks the attention of the business men of Denver has been attracted to the unusually large number of counterfeit silver dollars made of silver that are in circulation. The counterfeits are remarkably close imitations of the genuine coin. The situation is so serious that the Treasury has made it the subject of a communication to Congress regarding the propriety of adopting a new device for the coin. It is estimated that there are fully \$2,000,000 worth of these spurious coins in circulation in the country. All that have been found bear the mark of the New Orleans mint, a lower case "o" immediately under the cagle, and the dated 1988. The Government's efforts to detect the men engaged in this business so far have been without success.

# SHERIFF MARTIN ACQUITTED

His Deputies Also Upheld in the Shooting of

His Deputies Also Tpheld in the Shooting of
Nineteen Men Last September.

Sheriff Martin and his sixty-seven deputies were acquitted by a jury at Wilkesbarre, Pa., last Wednesday. The sheriff and his deputies were on trial for killing nineteen men during a riot at Lattimer, Pa., last September. Judge Woodward has received many threatening letters; so has Sheriff Martin and his deputies. There is talk at Wilkesbarre that the greatest strike in the history of Hazleton is about to break out as a result of the verdict. Edward Unfalessary, editor of a Lithunan weekly paper published at Wilkesbarre, is responsible for the statement that the Austrian government despite the result of the Lattimer trial, will demand indemnity for its subjects killed at Lattimer.

spain Reports a Cuban Defeat.

A Spanish column under Col. Tejeda, according to a Spanish report, has captured several entrenched insurgent camps in the Manzanillo district, including the camp of El Chino. The troops, the Spaniards add, killed nine men, made three prisoners and captured "an armory with many tools and destroyed many great huts and hospitals." Col. Tejeda's column, it is further announced, will continue pursuing the insurgents, who are said to be in retreat. There was another engagement between these opposing forces, it appears, at La Slerra, and the insurgents are alleged to have lost over 100 men, while the Spanish colonel reports only two of his men killed and fifteen wounded.

# A New City in the Klondike.

A letter just received from a Montre-al man at Skaguay states that a new city has been born at Lake Bennett and has been named Portage City. All the land between Linderman and Bennett is staked out in lots.

# ELEVEN LODGERS BURNED TO DEATH.

FOUR IDENTIFIED.

The Bowery Mission at New York, Conducted by the Christian Herald, Destroyed. Lighted Cigarette the Cause.

The careless throwing of a cigarette among a lot of papers resulted in the death of eleven lodgers at the Bowerry Mission, New York, Sunday morning. Only four were identified, Elias Cuddah, John Foran, —McDermott and Wil-

Mission, New York, Sunday morning. Only four were identified, Elias Cuddan, John Foran, — McDermott and Willam Sodan.

No. 105 Bowery, which was swept by fire, is one of the best-known lodging houses on that thoroughfare. It is called the Bowery Mission lodging houses and is conducted by the Christian Herald. In the basement of the building there is a cheap 'restaurant, while the ground floor is used exclusively for mission purposes. Gospel services having been held there daily for several years. The four upper floors were fitted up as a cheap lodging house, with accommodations for 150 males, who paid 15, 20 or 25 cents each, according to the location of the rooms.

After the fire had been extinguished sufficiently so that a search of the place was possible, the police and firemen entered the building and the work of searching for the victims was begun. Several bodies were found near the windows on the two upper floors where they had been stricken down by attempting to make their way to the fire escapes. So many bodies were found in the early stages of the search that it was estimated that over forty persons must have been killed. However, the officers, fortunately, over-estimated the loss of life, and eleven bodies in all were found. Some of these were discovered in the small rooms they had occupied, while others were found in the hallways and on the stairs of the fourth and fifth floors. All of them were naked, and most of them were naked, and most of them were burned, and charred beyond recognition. As soon as the bodies were carried to the police station. Coroner Zucca was summoned, and after looking the bodies at the station house over, gave a permit for their removal to the morgue. Manager Sardison, of the Christian Herald, who has direct charge of the mission and the lodging house, called at the Eldridge street station later and told the officer in charge that he would bury the dead.

# PEACE DESIRED.

Spanish Minister Meets and Addresses
President McKinley.

Senor Luls Polo de Bernabe, the new
Spanish minister, who succeeded Senor
Dupuy de Lome, was formally presented to President McKinley Saturday.
The reception, which was without incident, took place in the blue parlor. The
exchange of greetings were most cordial and occupied about 20 minutes.
The Spanish minister said:
"The principal object of my honorable mission is to endeavor, so far as
possible, to maintain and draw closer
between our two countries the most
friendly relations. In order to attain
this end, so much in harmony with my
own pedsonal feelings, I am ready to
omit no effort whatsoever on my par.
"It is very gratifying to me to receive
the assurances you have just made of
your purpose to endeavor to maintain
and draw closer in all possible ways the
most friendly relations between the two
countries, and in response I assure you
that my own efforts and those of this
Government will be no less earnestly
directed toward the same high end."

Senor Polo also expressed the well
wishes of the queen regent, and the
President replied in kind, referring also
to Senor Polo' distinguished father's
services as minister to the United
States.

PREPARATIONS FOR WAR.

# PREPARATIONS FOR WAR.

The navy department has found no available ship at Italian shippards.

The United States cruiser Montgomery has anchored in Havana harbor.

A concert at Philadelphia netted \$6,000 for the Maine survivors last Friday.

Two car loads of torpedoes are now being laid in the harbor of Key West "Treachery," it is asserted, will be the report of the Maine investigating board.

board.

Three shifts of men are working 24 hours a day at the Washington navy yards.

It is authoratively stated that Spain will receive no aid from Germany in event of war.

one thousand Chippewa Indians of Northern Wisconsin are ready to fight against Spain.

William J. Bryan approves the action of President McKinley in his attitude toward Spain.

The United States cruisers Helena and Bancroft of the European squadron have been ordered home.

A Spaniard recently wrote to a friend in New York for a map with the loca-tion of the banks marked.

Gen. Lee is very much overworked, critical time as the present

For the first time since the civil was the war and navy departments were open Sunday at Washington. Reports from all recruiting stations show that the two artillery regiments would be recruited many times over.

General Wesley Merritt claims that 30,000 United States troops would be sufficient to send to Cuba in event of

The Carpenter steel works at Read-ing, Pa., are enlarging their plant, and will work day and night manufactur-ing projectiles.

Fifty more mechanics were at work at the Watertown, Mass, arsenal Mon-day, and night work in the machinery department was begun.

Following is the present strength of the Spanish navy: "Protected ships, 17, unprotected, 20, gun-boats, 80; torpedc boat destroyers, 14; torpedo boats, 14; transports, 25."

Transports, 25."

The Holland submarine boat was given a successful trial at New York last week. She travels under water, and unawares sends a torpedo against the enemy's ship.

The "Paris," a French paper, says: "The European concert which prevented the partition of Turkey, owes it to Spain not to allow her to become the first victim of Pan-Americanism."

Hundreds of workmen are being ad-

Hundreds of workmen are being added to the usual force at the navy, yard at Vallejo, Cal., to rush the work of preparing the Charleston, Philadelphia, Hartford, Pensacola and Adams for service.

The Etna Powder Company, at Miller Station, Ind., has received an order for 100 tons of powder and 200 tons of dynamite cartridges from the war department. The works will be run day and night.

night.

The Staples Coal Company of Taunton, Mass., has received requests from the government to name the selling price of the two large and powerful ocean-going steam tugs

## \$50,000,000 APPROPRIATED.

Congress Sustains the Administration in Pre-

President McKinley's hands have been upheld by both branches of the American congress. With enthusiasn

been upheld by both branches of the American congress. With enthusiasm expressed in deeds rather than oratory, with fervor and promptness almost unparalleled in the senate in time of peace, that body Wednesday passed the emergency appropriation bill, carrying \$183,000 of deficiencies and placing at the disposal of the president \$50,000,000 for national defense. The vote by which the measure was passed was unanimous.

In a spirit of patriotism, with eloquent words ringing in their ears, every member of the house of representatives. Tuesday responded to the president's first call to meet the Spanish situation by casting his vote for a bill placing in President McKinley's hands \$50,000,000 to be expended at the discretion for national defense. Party lines were swept away, and with a -unanimous voice congress voted its confidence in the administration. Many members who were paired with absent colleagues took the responsibility of breaking their pairs, an unprecedented thing in legislative annals, in order that they might go on record in support of this vast appropriation to maintain the dignity and honor of their country. Speaker Reed, who, as presiding officer, seldom-votes except in case of a tie, had his name called and voted. The scene of enthusiasm which greeted the announcement of the vote—Ayes, 311; Nays, NONE—has seldom been paralleled in the house. In all fifty-nine speeches were made.

Gen. Blingham spoke too conservative-ly in regard to our relation with Spain and his speech was hissed by many members.

and his speech was an and his speech was members.

The president at 3.40 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, signed the measure appropriating \$50,183,000 for the national defense, to be expended by him as his wisdom may dictate, and it is now a

#### WAS NOT EXTERNAL

Spanish Board of Inquiry Fails to Discover

Spanish Board of Inquiry Fails to Discover Evidence of Treachery.

Capt. Peral, the president of the Spanish naval court of inquiry into the cause of the Maine disaster authorized the following statement:

"Our divers are hard at work examining the hull of the Maine. Great difficulty is experienced owing to the deep mud in which the hull is buried and the condition of the wreck forward of amidships. The whole forward part of the ship is a mass of iron and steel deris. We have holsted up much of it; but in the mud it is not always possible to tell what parts of the ship, armor, deck, beams or stanchions are found, the explosion so changed their positions, think we have located the reme."

deck, beauties the explosion so changes the explosion so changes the tons.

"We think we have located the ram but not in the position support mounting the state of the state

the explosion so changed their positions.

"We think we have located the ram or prow, but not in the position supposed. The forward turret, mounting two large guns, was blown clear of the hull into the water on the starboard. We shall continue our work and try to examine the hull forward down to the keel. It is possible that we may propose to the American authorities to raise the hull by means of the floating dock, brought from England, and now in Havana harbor"

"We can not believe there was an external explosion of a torpedo, for the following reasons: A torpedo following the line of least resistance, must have blown a great hole in the mud at the bottom of the harbor. No such hole was found. A torpedo must have thrown a large mass of water into the air if exploded at a depth of only 2 feet or so, or at least have produced a wave reaching the other ships and the shore of the harbor. We have examined every one on shipboard or shore who saw the explosion; but no one can be found who remarked any upheaval of the water or a big wave. A torpedo explosion always kills fish in the vicinity. To produce the effects noted in the wreck, a torpedo would have been of enormous size fully 150 or 200 kilos.

Dependent on America.

Dependent on America.

The iron trade in London has been considerably stirred by an article in the "Statist," pointing out that the exports and home consumption of iron have exceeded the whole output of the United Kingdom by nearly half a million tons and predicting a pig iron famine before the end of the year. The "Statist" concludes: "There is quite a large probability that we may have to fall back on America at no distant future, to make good our deficient supply on America once our largest buyer of both pigs and finished material."

The war department Monday opened Dependent on America

finished material."

The war department Monday opened bids for one of the largest orders of shot and shell for heavy caliber guns ever given, including armor-piercing projectiles and deck-piercing and tor-

Loyal Brothers.

Loyal Brotage.

After seeing his brother convicted or highway robbery, at Chicago a few days ago Frank Hill took the crime on days ago Frank Hill took the crime on the seed of the contage of the contag his shoulders, and was sentenced to the penitentiary. The brothers resemble each other much. Witnesses pointed out Robert Hill as the culprit, and he was convicted, but Frank swore that he had committed the crime

# CAPITAL GLEANINGS

The new Spanish minister, Senor Luis Polo de Bernabe, has arrived in Wash-

Polo de Bernabe, has arrived in Washington.

Senator Chandler predicts that the President will intervene for the independence of Cuba within 30 days.

President McKinley attended a concert at Washington Tuesday given for the benefit of the Maine survivors.

Wednesday crowds of people came to the Senate expecting to hear a flow of oratory on the \$50,000,000 war appropriation, but no speeches were necessary to pass the bill.

Prince Albert of Belgium was given

to pass the bill.

Prince Albert of Belgium was given a dinner by President McKinley Friday evening. In New York he visited the stock exchange, lunched with Freder ck Coudert and drove with the Belgian consul to Grant's tomb. The House naval committee has decided that one of the three battleships they authorized shall be built on the Pacific coast. These great vessels, which are to be peers of any afoat, are to cost \$6,000,0000 each.

House committee on elections No. 3, by a party vote the other day, decided to report in favor of unseating William A. Young, representing the Second Virginia district, and seating in his stead Dr. R. A. Wise, the Republican contestant.

testant.

W. E. Spencer, journal clerk of the senate, died at his rooms at Washington the other day. Mr. Spencer was a bachelor and was alone when he expired. He was one of the oldest employees of the senate, having first entered the service in 1862. He was regarded as one of the ablest parliamentarians in the United States. He was a native of Wisconsin, and was about 58 years eld.

Text: "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."—Matthew vi., 34.

Here is a bit of philosophy too profound to be appreciated without careful and continuous study. It also contains a stern injunction not to worry over what cannot be helped, but, on the other hand, to make the best of your circumstances. You are commanded to let the past go its way into the lead of forgetfulness, and not to borrow from the future the troubles which you fear it may contain, but to live in the present as far as possible. It is a command very difficult to obey, and yet obedience is absolutely necessary if you would get out of life all that God has put into it.

The man who has a vivid remembrance of his past troubles and who cherishes that memory deliberately throws a gloom over his present. If he will confine himself to the duty of the moment he will generally find that he is quite equal to it, but if he collects all the miseries of yesterday and of the day before and adds them to the burdens of to-day he becomes disheartened, and his discouragement saps his moral strength and produces moral weakness. You have enough to do to face what is immediately before you, and if you conjure up the gnosts of misdeeds and of trials which have been outlived you do yourself a serious injury and interfere with your spiritual or business success.

In like manner, if you think you can master to-day's work, but dampen your ardor by wondering how you are going to get through to-morrow, you produce a nervous tension which debilitates and brings about the very failure that you dread. No man can carry more than one day at a time. When Jesus asks you not to attempt to do so He gives you wise counsel, and you had better follow the advice. Life is not so smooth that you can afford to make it rougher by recalling the bad roads over which you have already passed or anticipating the bad roads over which you will and het follow the advice. Life is not so smooth that you can afford to make it rougher by recalling the bad roads over which you will and heter

brance pierces like a knife. No one ever parted with a loved one without self-blame of that kind.

But as a general thing it is all an illusion conjured up by overwrought nerves. In very truth you did whatever the circumstances suggested, you did as much as human nature is capable of doing, but in the presence of death you accuse yourself of things of which you are quite innocent, and in doing so you make the parting harder to bear. It may be well for the dear one that he has gone. He has sweet sleep for the first time in many months. He is glad that the bonds of mortality are broken, that he is at last released, and in the lower depths of your own heart you are also glad for his sake. But there comes this thorny thought, that you may have been remiss, and your soul is wrung by yit.

You do yourself a wrong. You did what you could. You were loving, tender, gentle and more than kind. You have real burdens enough without adding imaginary ones. Your tears must not be embittered by an accusation which has no basis in fact. Life is too precious and too short to be wasted in regrets of that kind. The duties of the future demand your close attention, and you have no right to think of the duties of the future demand your close attention, and you have no right to think of the dead except to recall a sweet relationship and to dream of a reunion.

Live your life as quietly and as peacefully as possible. Live in each day as it comes. Other days, whether past or future, must not be allowed to press on your heart. This is the noblest policy you can adopt, the policy which comes to you as a divine injunction. Let neither regret nor anticipation intrude upon you to make you weak.

It is evident that there is a plan according to which your life is arranging itself.

It is evident that there is a plan according to which your life is arranging itself, and equally evident that if you are reposeful and trustful, doing the duty of the present hour and not fretting over the duty of the next hour, you are in a mental condition which keeps all your powers at that heat.

condition which keeps all your powers their best.

It is the grandest privilege to feel that there is a God, a guardian of human destiny, and that you are in His hands. If that conviction is one of your possessions, your pear of great price, you can be quiet even in the midst of tumult and cheerful in the midst of sorrow, for your very tears will serve as a background for the rainbow the midst of sorrow will serve as a backg of hope and promise

GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

"Would You Like to Live Your Life Over Again?" is the Subject. Text: "All that a man hath will he give for his life."—Job. ii., 4.

of this life."—Job. il., 4.

"That is untrue. The Lord did not say it, but Satan said it to the Lord when the evil one wanted Job still more afflicted. The record is: 'So went Satan forth from the presence of the Lord, and smote Job with sore boils.' And Satan has been the author of all eruptive disease since then, and he hopes by poisoning the blood to poison the soul. But the result of the diabolical experiment which left Job victor proved the falsity of the Satanic remark: 'All that a man hath will he give for his life.' Many a captain who has stood on the bridge of the steamer till his passenger system of the train was saved, while he went down to death through the open draw bridge; many a fireman who plunged into tesls who has kept his hand on the thortic walve, or his foot on the brake, until the most of the train was saved, while he went and to a blazing house to get a sleeping child out, the fireman sacrificing his life in the staltent, and the thousand of martyrs who submitted to flery stake and knife of massacre and headman's ax and guillotine rather than surrender principle, proving that in many a case my text was not true when it says, 'All that a man hath will he give for his life.'

"But Satan's falsehood was built on a truth. Life is very precious, and if we would not give up all there are many things we would surrender rather than

GOSPEL MESSAGES.

"Our Yesterdays and Our To-morrows" is the Title of Dr. Hepworth's Sermon in the New York Herald—Dr. Talmage on Trying Life's Journey Over Again. [Nors: The one-thousand-dollar prize for the best sermon in the New York Herald—Dr. Talmage on Trying Life's Journey Over Again. [Nors: The one-thousand-dollar prize for the best sermon in the New York Herald's competition was won by Bev. Richard G. Woodbridge's sermon. Fiften sermons in all appeared in the Herald's competitive series.]

TEXT: "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."—Matthew vi., 34.

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"The testing the fact the fact we do every tring to precious. Yea, there are those who deem life so the provided and continuous study. It also contains a stern in junction not to worry over what cannot be helped, but, on the other hand, to make the view of the moment of the content of the day to the provided and the provided and the provided and th

is never printed but once, and that in the death column, But whatever your success has been, you are not satisfied with your life.

"But some of you would have to go back further than to twenty-one years of age to make a fair start, for there are many who manage to get all wrong before that period. Yea, in order to get a fair start, some would have to go back to the father and mother and get them corrected; yea, to the grand-father and grandmother, and have their life corrected, for some of you are suffering from bad hereditary influences which started a hundred years ago. Well, if your grandfather lived his life over again, and you father lived his life over again, and you father lived his life over again, and you flevel you file over again, what a cluttered-up place this world would be—a place filed with miserable attempts at repairs. I begin to think that it is better for each generation a chance. Besides that, if we were permitted to live life over again, it would be a stale, and stupid experience. The zest and spur and enthusiasm of life come from the fact that we have never been along this road before, and everything is new, and we are alort for what may appear at the next turn of the road. Suppose you, a man of middle-life or old age, were, with your present feelings and large attainments, put back into the thirties, or the twenties, or into the tens, what a nulsance you would be to others, and what an unhappiness to yourself! Your contemporaries would not want them. Things that in your previous journey of life stirred your healthful ambition, or gave you pleasurable surprise, or led you into happy interrogation, would only call forth from you a disgusted 'Oh, pshuw!' You would be blase at thirty, and a misanthrope at forty, and unendurable at fifty. The most insane and stupid thing imaginable would be a second journey of life. "Out yonder is a man very old at forty years of age, at a time when he ought to be

a misanthrope at forty, and unendurable at fifty. The most insane and stupld thing imaginable would be a second journey of life.

"Out yonder is a man very old at forty years of age, at a time when he ought to be buoyant as the morning. He got bad habits on him very early, and those habits have become worse. He is a man on fire, on fire with alcoholism, on fire with all evil habits, out with the world and the world out with him. Down, and falling deeper. His swollen hands in his threadbare pockets, and his eyes fixed on the ground, he passes through the streets, and the quick step of an innocent child or the strong step of a young man or the roll of a prosperous carriage maddens him, and he curses society and he curses of the fixed of the almshouse. A loathsome spectacle, he lies all day long walting for dissolution, or in the night rises on his out and lights apparitions of what he might have been (and what he will be. He started life with as good a prospect as any man on the American continent, and there he is, a bloated caroass, walting for the shovels of public charity to put him flve feet under. He has only reaped what he sowed. Harvest of wild oats! 'There is a way that seemeth right to a man, but the end thereof is death."

"To others life is a masquerade ball, and as at such entertainments gentlemen and ladies put on the garb of Kings and Queens or mountebanks or clowns and at the close pat off the disguise, so a great many pass their whole life in a mask, taking off the mask at death. While the masquerade ball of life goes on, they trip merrily over the floor, gemmed hand is stretched to gemmed hand, gleaming brow bends to gleaming brow on with the dance! Flush and rustic and laughter of immeasurable merry-making. But atter awhile the languor of death comes on the limbs and blurs the eyesight. Lights lower. Now the maskers are only seen in the dim light. Now the fragrance of the flowers is like the sickening odor that comes from garlands that have lain long in the vaults of cemeteries. Lights lower. Go

Glasses shake as though quaked by sudden thunder. Sigh caught in the ourtain. Scard drops from the shoulder of beauty a shroud. Lights lower. Over the slippery boards in dance of death glide jealousies, envies, revenges, list, despair and death. Stench of lamp-wicks almost extinguished. Torn garlands will not half cover the ulcerated feet. Choking damps. Chilliness. Feet still. Hands closed. Voices hushed. Eyes shut. Lights out.

"Young man, as you cannot live life over again, however you may long to do so, be sure to have your one life right. There is in this assembly, I wot not, for we are made up of all sections of this land and from many lands, some young man who has gone away from home and, perhaps under aome little spite or evil persussion of another, and his parents know not where he is. My son, go home! Do not go to sea! Don't go to-night where you may be tempted to ge. Go home! Your father will be glad to see you; and your mother—I need not tell you how she feels. How I would like to make your parents a present of their wayward boy, repentant and in his right saind. I would like to write them a letter, and you to carry the letter, saying; By the blessing of God on my sermon I introduce to you one whom you have never seen before, for he has become a new creature in Christ Jesus.' My boy, go home and put your tired head on the bosom that nursed you so tenderly in your childhood years.

"A young Scotchman was in battle taken capitive by a band of Indians, and he learned their language and adopied their habits. Years passed on, but the old Indian chieftain never forgot that he had in his possession a young man who did not belong to him. Well, one day this tribe of Indians came in sight of the Scotch regiments from whom this young man had been capitred, and the old Indian chieftain said: 'I ost my son in battle, and I know how a father feels at the loss of a son. Do you think your father, that he may rejoice when he sees the sun rise in the morning and the trees blossom in the spring.' So I say to you, youn