

TICKINGS OF THE TELEGRAPH

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

What is Going On the World Over. Important Events Briefly Chronicled.

Crime and Penalties.

At St. Louis, Leon Harrison, aged 35 years a bill poster by occupation, was shot and instantly killed by Michael Donohue, a bricklayer. Both men were married and the murder was the result of a family quarrel.

Charles Ford, the Port Huron, Mich., mail thief has been sentenced to nine years hard labor. It is estimated that in two years he will not be less than 200,000.

Bellew, one of the three Louisville & Nashville train robbers, has confessed his guilt.

Daniel Sheedy cracked a safe in Rochou's saloon at Waukegan, Mich., and secured \$5,750. He escaped.

Washington News.

The treasury department has served the required six months' notice on the United States express companies of its intention of terminating the contract now in force for the transportation of public moneys. Proposals have been invited for new bids for doing the work.

B. T. Rhodes, a well known detective of the city police force, has been detailed as a bodyguard for the President ever since the tragic death of Carter Harrison. Mr. Rhodes goes out every cabinet day to escort his charge to the city. The detective wears plain citizen's clothing and there is nothing in his appearance to indicate the nature of his mission.

John W. Hogg, chief clerk of the navy department, dropped dead at his home in Rockville, Maryland.

Financial and Commercial.

F. B. Thurber, of the great wholesale grocery house, and the Thurber-Wyland company, New York, have made a personal assignment to Brudinet Keith.

The coal and iron bank of Middleboro, Ky., has closed its doors. It has lost through depreciation of land values \$250,000.

Fires.

The large brick warehouse of George M. Steinman & Co., hardware dealers of Lancaster, Pa., was burned by firebugs. Loss \$10,000.

Disasters, Accidents and Fatalities.

Three men were killed and six injured by a boiler explosion at Hooks Switch, near Galveston, Tex.

Miscellaneous.

In New York, Mrs. Anna E. Swinerton, of Chicago obtained a verdict of \$10,000 against George Le. Boutillier. While in his store a cashbox snapped a pin, hitting her in the eye and destroying the sight.

In the Nebraska election Harrison (Rep.) has a plurality of 7,450 for Secretary of State. The Populists gained slightly in almost every county.

Joseph Osterhout, a retired farmer, near Monticello, N. Y., dropped dead in a Methodist revival meeting while engaged in prayer.

At Greenville, S. C., the grand jury has so far thrown out every indictment under the new dispensary law, although some of the cases were very strongly supported by evidence.

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

Three thousand miners in the Lehigh district of Lancaster, England, resumed work at the wages paid before the strike.

A powder mill at Mulden, Holland, was blown up. Two bodies have already been recovered and seven persons are still missing.

The striking English miners and mine owners will have a conference with Lord Rosebery at the foreign office Friday.

At a cabinet council held in Paris it was decided to prosecute the anarchist paper "Le Pere Peinard" for extolling the Barcelona dynamite bomb outrage.

Advices from Cuba reach New York of two uprisings of twenty men in each of two small towns. Government troops dispersed one uprising after killing five men. The other uprising killed a dealer in firearms who wouldn't surrender his store, and then stole their horses.

The condition of the Serbian minister at Paris, who was stabbed by an anarchist, is growing worse.

Russia is negotiating with Greece for a naval station for the Czar's Mediterranean fleet.

NEGROES LYNCH A NEGRO.

The Victim Had Murdered One of His Own Race.

A negro named D. Nelson was lynched at Varner, Ark., Wednesday night by a mob of negroes. Last week Nelson murdered Benjamin Betts, a negro, and since then he has been confined in the small jail. The friends of the murdered man gathered at the jail and, breaking down the doors, dragged him to a tree, where he was quickly swung up. As soon as his body was fastened to the tree the mob fired a volley of bullets into the slowly revolving figure. They then placed a lot of wood under the body and set fire to it. The flames quickly reached the suspended figure and his clothing ignited and his flesh began to burn. The rain which was pouring down quenched the flames and saved the body from incineration.

Mormons Going to Mexico.

According to an official of the state of Chihuahua, Mex., Mormon leaders from the United States have made arrangements for the purchase of 3,000,000 acres of land in the state. A contract for the purchase has already been entered into between representatives of the Mormons and the owners of the land. It is said, which has been duly approved by the hands of the church. The Mormon colonists are regarded favorably in Mexico.

Treasury Balances Down Again.

The last treasury statement issued at Washington, showed a loss of \$1,389,002 in the currency balance, and as the gold reserve gained but little the total available balance is again below the \$100,000,000 mark standing at \$98,876,170. The receipts of the government for the month have been \$12,164,000 and the expenditures \$15,934,000.

THE SPANISH REEDS.

Two More Bold Attempts of the Dynamiters.

The activity of the police of Barcelona Spain, in hunting down all anarchists has emboldened instead of frightened the terrorists. Thursday night a terrific explosion shook the town of Villanueva, on the Mediterranean, 25 miles south of Barcelona. An unknown person, who the police claim, is an anarchist, since put under arrest, under cover of darkness placed a dynamite bomb, with a lighted fuse attached, under the eaves of the barracks of the civic guard.

The force of the explosion was terrific. The gates of the barracks were blown off and the debris hurled a great distance. The walls of the barracks were cracked and broken in many places, while the doors and windows were blown in.

The barracks was filled with soldiers, who were knocked down or thrown against the walls by the shock. The soldiers rushed out of the wrecked building, which they feared would collapse at any moment. The police and military at once began a search of the town for the perpetrators. Several arrests of well known anarchists against whom there is some evidence of guilt were made.

Although the city is filled with detectives and spies, who are endeavoring to locate the conspirators who planned the recent dynamite outrage, a dynamite bomb was placed upon the lower balcony of a house on a crowded street and lighted before it was discovered. At the time a number of troops were marching through the Plaza Real to the quay to embark for Melilla to reinforce the Spanish garrison there. The plaza was jammed with enthusiastic citizens, who were cheering the soldiers and wishing them Godspeed. A number of men worked upon one of the buildings overlooking the smoke rising from the lower balcony and hastening thither to extinguish the supposed fire, found a huge bomb with the fuse attached hissing and burning. One of the workmen quickly grabbed up the bomb and tore the fuse away. The bomb was turned over to the police.

An examination disclosed the fact that it was filled with dynamite. Search of the house revealed nothing suspicious, and it is presumed some anarchist threw the bomb on the balcony and made off. He had exploded many people in the crowded street below would undoubtedly have been killed.

BUSINESS GAINING SLOWLY.

The improvement in Trade Progressing Steadily, But at a Snail's Pace.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, New York, says:

"Business is gaining, but it is a constant complaint that the improvement is slow. This is because very few realize how heavy a load business has to drag after it in climbing up again. Legislative uncertainties weigh heavily, but other loads many overlook. The past depression with trading and manufacturing failures, involving more than \$25,000,000 in nine months, besides banking failures of enormous magnitude, failures of railways and other concerns involve continual embarrassments which men are prone to forget. There has been great encouragement during the past week in the fact that November payments are far more satisfactory than was expected and yet the extensions of the month would have seemed alarming in other years. The Treasury receipts for the month thus far are about \$5,000,000 less than expenses and the imports in October decreased about \$20,000,000, partly because of inflated valuations of goods imported last year. Weekly imports from New York decreased in part from the same cause.

While the imports in October were only \$51,617,782 and exports of products \$84,085,815, yet the enormous balance on merchandise account brought net imports of only \$3,000,000 gold. The exports represent a large increase in the quantity of raw ducts sold, but at lower prices, while in place of merchandise imported. It is evident that there have been large imports of commodities from abroad. It has not been much of a week of speculation and that perhaps is encouraging. Stocks have slightly declined in price markets weakened and the rule and yet the yielding was small.

The condition of industries improves, but they wisely wait the revival of purchases by consumers. Twenty-four working kinds have wholly or in part resumed against 14 closing, yet less than half the iron working power is active and out of 93 wooden works at the East only 10 are working full time.

The failure for the week were 324 in the United States against 235 last year, and 36 in Canada, against 55 last year.

K. O. P. IN CONVENTION.

Secretary-Treasurer Hays Makes Starting Accusations.

The session of the annual convention of the Knights of Labor now in session at Philadelphia is the charges brought by secretary and treasurer Hays against a number of the leaders that organization.

The first charge in Mr. Hays' supplementary report was that the controlling majority of the Executive Board, Messrs. Powell, A. W. Wright and John Devlin, established and printed and circulated and solicited advertisements for a publication known as the "Labor Day Annual," printed for the personal enrichment of these three members and upon the presses of the Times Printing Company.

Mr. Hays' report asserted that the "Annual" which was not authorized by the Knights, was intended to produce a yearly and perpetual dividend to the three schemers in control of the Executive Committee. Every other page of this publication contains an advertisement and not one, according to Mr. Hays' report had been accredited to the cash accounts of the Knights. Moreover, the supplementary report showed that these pages had been paid for from \$5 to \$400 a page. The sum of the "Labor Day Annual" according to this report was \$16,650.

There is great uneasiness among the delegates. The future of the order depends in a great measure on this convention would either make or break it. The annual report of the General Executive Board was made public. It recalls the Homestead strike by a declaration of the innocence of Hugh Dempsey, master workman of District Assembly No. 3, of Pittsburgh, who was convicted of poisoning on the evidence of convicted informers. P. J. Maguire and general master workman of the order, long time enemies in the order buried the hatchet and will work together.

LAST OF THE HENNESSEYS.

Her Husband, Son and Nephew Were All Murdered.

Mrs. Bridget Hennessey, mother of the murdered chief of police of New Orleans, is dying. It will be remembered that the assassination of Hennessey by Italians resulted in the lynching of 13 Italians in that city and almost caused war between Italy and the United States. Mike Hennessey, a nephew of the dying woman, with the murdered chief killed Chief of Detective Devereaux here in 1882. Mike was subsequently assassinated in Houston. Mrs. Hennessey's husband was killed in a desperate street duel many years ago. Mrs. Hennessey is the last of the family.

Uncle Sam Hard Up.

At the treasury when the doors were closed Saturday the margin of currency left for business was very small. There were only \$13,000,000, including that distributed by the sub-treasurer. Treasurer Morgan sent telegraphic instructions to the principal sub-treasurers to pay out gold, if necessary, to meet all checks. The treasury gold balance is about \$5,000,000.

THE GEM OF THE OCEAN.

SHE BEATS THE WORLD.

The Latest Addition to the United States Navy Breaks all Records! On An Unofficial Trial Trip Under Forced Draught.

The new commerce destroyer Columbia was sent on a preliminary trial spin over the government course from Cape Ann, Mass., to Cape Porpoise, Me., Wednesday, with gratifying results. Under forced draught she developed a speed of 23.87 knots per hour, and under natural draught 20.2 knots. This means that the official trial, which occurs next week when the vessel will be pushed for every ounce of energy and every particle of speed that there is in her, she will easily make 25 knots and earn a premium for her builders. The course was a little over two hours, 20 1/2 knots an hour being the average. A very wide turn was made and at 3:45 p. m. the line was crossed on the record breaking trip. In the meantime, the ship's chief engineer, John Patterson, had completed all preparations for forced draught, the condition which develops every atom of exertion that can be got out of the boilers and machinery. The picked force of machinists, engineers, firemen and coal passers, who had carefully prepared themselves for the four hours' ordeal they were to undergo, were shut out from all communication from the upper portion of the ship. Every opening through which air might pass, except the blowers, were carefully closed and under no circumstances, unless it be the illness of a man, would Engineer Patterson consent to the opening of even the smallest hatchway.

The three immense engines, which turned the shafts connected with the three screws, were working at a speed of 134 revolutions a minute. Soon after the starting line was crossed this speed was increased to 135 revolutions and later on the maximum velocity of 136 was reached. The steady line was ploughed her way through the water, her speed being almost equal to that of the average railroad train.

The amount of excitement when the seventh buoy was passed and the cruiser was making her last desperate effort. Everybody on deck stood tip-toe in hand, waiting for the signal to start. The signal was given and the Columbia plunged her way through the water, her speed being almost equal to that of the average railroad train.

The feature of this remarkable run was the steadiness of the ship. Old naval men who had sailed steadily in the most ordinary disturbed by the swift passage of the huge cruiser and there was an entire absence of either rolling or pitching. This, according to the experts, is due to the fineness of the lines on which the ship was constructed.

The three engines developed about 21,000 horse power, which is 1,000 less than their estimated capacity. The engineers claim that the engines are capable of 188 revolutions a minute, which velocity would produce a speed of not less than 23 knots an hour, making the Columbia absolutely faster than anything afloat.

HORRIBLE QUADRUPEL MURDER.

Italian Shoots His Wife and Her Cousins.

One of the most horrible tragedies ever known in the Back Hills occurred on Saturday, two miles west of Deadwood, S. D. Joseph T. an Italian, was married at last year to a cousin of Joe's name. A month after his wife left him and he made her home at her cousin's. This, after her repeated refusals to return and his failure to have refunded to him the money he sent her to come from Italy, made several efforts to blow up Tametta's home.

At noon he went to Tametta's home, considerably under the influence of liquor, and shortly afterward a party of his neighbors, nothing was thought of it, however, until several hours later, when a peep through the door and getting no reply entered the room and found a horrible confusion of broken and scattered furniture lay Mrs. Tina, shot through the mouth; Tametta, with a bullet in his breast and Mrs. Tametta with a frightful gash in her forehead, inflicted with an ax still in the door. In the wood shed Tina lay for breath, with a bullet through his head. In the night room lay the bodies of Mrs. Tametta's two little children, 14 and 3 years old, were playing.

EMIN'S MURDER AVENGED.

The Belgians Capture and Put to Death the Pascha's Slayer.

Dispatches from the Congo Free State have brought the details of Capt. Dhanish's victories over the Arabs at Nyankwanda, Kinshasa some months ago. The Arabs had entrenched themselves along the Congo and numbered the Belgians 20 to 1. Nevertheless, after a bloody fight the Belgians carried the Arab possessions. Many Arabs were killed and wounded and 8,000 were taken prisoners.

Among the prisoners were 26 Arab chiefs, one of them Bibenbon, who killed Emin Pasha in October, 1892. The murderer was court-martialed and shot. The story of Emin Pasha's murder, as reported last September, is confirmed again. The only survivors of the massacre were the Zanzibari, Asim, Emin's mistress and the child, Monsonu. The Arabs spared the boy in the expectation that he, endowed with his father's brains and energy, he might be trained to be a great chief. All of Emin's latest papers were received and were delivered to King Leopold.

Selecting A Bishop.

The bishops of the Archdiocese of Cincinnati, O., ten in number, with Bishop Elder presiding, have been in conference upon the needs of the Catholic church in the territory under their charge. A special feature of their work was the nomination of three candidates from whom Rome will select a bishop to fill the vacancy at Nashville. These names are not made public, but there are reasons to believe that Father Brassart of Covington will be one of the three.

A Shocking Suicide.

Senor Dan Carlos Diaz, Spanish consul at Baltimore, Md., committed suicide by jumping from the third-story window of his home. His body was perfectly unharmed and passed away him clinging to the eaves before the fatal leap, but were powerless to prevent it. He died at the Maryland General hospital within half an hour after

Color Photography.

The art of photographing colors seems to be progressing in a very encouraging manner. The color photographs of M. Lippmann, which excited so much interest a year or so ago, have recently been surpassed by the achievements of M. Louis Lumiere. M. Lumiere, whose name in English means "light," has succeeded in preparing gelatinobromide plates which give, with an exposure of half an hour, a photographic reproduction of the natural colors of objects.

An exhibition of his work was made before the committee of the Photo Club of Paris at their June meeting. M. Lippmann being present as the presiding officer. Photographs were shown exhibiting in their natural hues boxes, colored cloths, fans, Japanese screens, flowers and landscapes.

The landscape photographs aroused the greatest interest. The delicacy of tints which they exhibited was quite astonishing. All the shades and gradations of color in the grass and trees, the sky, the fields, and the houses were reproduced with extraordinary faithfulness and clearness.

The gain in time of exposure achieved by M. Lumiere is in itself a great advance. Former methods of photographing colors have required exposures of not less than an hour and a half or two hours; but it is hoped that the thirty minutes required by M. Lumiere's process will soon be greatly shortened.

The French are particularly interested in the progress which color photography is making in their country. They call it the completion of the invention of Daguerre, and are eager to see it brought to perfection by their compatriots. It does not matter, however, whether it is a Frenchman, a German, an Englishman or an American who shall first make color photography the common property of mankind; in any event he will win the gratitude of all nations.

Health of Workmen at High Summits.

Some notable facts are furnished by the experience of the workmen engaged in constructing the new Central Railway over the mountains in Peru. The line starts at Lima, in altitude twelve degrees, and the summit tunnel of this line at Galeria is at the height of 15,645 feet. It appears that the workmen, up to the height of 800 to 10,000 feet, do about the same relative quantity of work as at the sea level, provided they have been inured to the height or brought up in the country; at 12,000 feet the amount of work deteriorates, and at 14,000 to 16,000 feet a full third had to be deducted from the amount that the same men could perform at sea level. Owing to the absence of malaria the percentage of efficient labor at the greatest elevation has been a very high one. Men coming from the coast were not found capable of doing efficient work for about two weeks on an average when taken to high elevations, the capacity gradually increasing and reaching its maximum in a few weeks or months, according to the constitution of the individual. The majority of the laborers being Cholos, or Indians born in the Sierra, were found capable of doing effective work on the coasts or in the warmer altitudes without a long course of acclimatization. Sudden changes, too, from the Sierra to altitudes of from 2,000 to 5,000 feet have resulted in sickness and fever.

When Wesley and Nelson were traveling through Cornwall, from common to common, preaching to a people who heard willingly, but seldom or never proffered them the slightest act of hospitality, they were frequently hungry.

They were detained some time at St. Ives because of the illness of one of their companions; and their lodging was little better than their fare. "All that time," says Mr. Nelson, "he Wesley and I lay on the floor; he had my great-coat for his pillow, and I had Burkitt's Notes on the New Testament for mine."

"After being here near three weeks, one morning, about three o'clock, Mr. Wesley turned over, and finding me awake, clapped me on the side, saying, 'Brother Nelson, let us be of good cheer! We have much to rejoice in. I have one whole side yet, for the skin is only off on one side.'"

Where He Made His Money.

Mr. Coleman of Norwich, before he was made a knight, was one day in Paris hotel, when an inquisitive dame asked: "Are you the Mr. Coleman who has made so much money out of the mustard we take off the sides of our plates?" "No," was the answer: "I am the Mr. Coleman who makes money out of the mustard you leave on the sides of your plates."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY, sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for test booklet, free.

Queen Victoria believes that articles made by blind people bring good luck.

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It is said that 32,000 varieties of goods are manufactured from wool.

Russia now has 44 warships.



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Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.



MRS. MILLY FERGUSON, Troy, N. Y.

The following tribute to DANA'S Sarsaparilla was sent me by Wm. Croghan of the well-known "GROOM'S PHARMACY," 129 Congress St., Troy, N. Y.:

"GENTLEMEN—I have been troubled with LIVER COMPLAINT, CONSTIPATION and DYSPEPSIA for a long time; I employed the best Doctors in the city; they failed.

Old Chronic Complaints

were hard to cure. Their medicine did me no good. Stopped taking it and bought a bottle of DANA'S SARSAPARILLA. Before I had taken half of it I felt better. I have taken three bottles of it."

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA!

and an better than for years. IT HAS DONE WONDERS FOR ME. I can do anything I want and it does not distress me in the least.

Yours truly,
MRS. MILLY FERGUSON,
DANA SARSAPARILLA CO., BELFAST, ME.

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It is



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Especially for Farmers, Miners, E. R. Irons and others. Double sole extending down to the heel. EXTRA WEARING QUALITY. Thousands of rubber Boot wearers testify this is the BEST they ever had. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM and don't be persuaded into an inferior article.

"August Flower"

Eight doctors treated me for Heart Disease and one for Rheumatism, but did me no good. I could not speak aloud. Everything that I took into the Stomach distressed me. I could not sleep. I had taken all kinds of medicines. Through a neighbor I got one of your books. I procured a bottle of Green's August Flower and took it. I am to-day stout, hearty and strong and enjoy the best of health. August Flower saved my life and gave me my health. Mrs. Sarah J. Cox, Defiance, O.

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YOU WANT THEM TO PAY THEIR OWN WAY. even if you merely keep them as a diversion. In order to handle Fowls judiciously, you must know something about them. To meet this want we are selling a book giving the experience of a practical poultry raiser for a year or two. It is written by a man who has put all his mind, and time, and money to making a success of Chickens raising—not as a passing, just as a business—and if you will profit by his twenty-five years' work, you can save many Chickens annually, and make your Fowls ear dollars for you. The book tells you how to select, breed, and raise the Poultry, and as soon as it appears, and know how to remedy it. This book will teach you.

It tells how to detect and cure disease, to feed Fowls and also for fattening, which is save for breeding purposes; and everything in fact, you should know on this subject to make it profitable. Sent postpaid for twenty-five cents in stamps.

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"Good Wives Crow Fair in the Light of Their Works," Especially if They Use

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