

TICKINGS OF THE TELEGRAPH

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

What is Going on the World Over. Important Events Briefly Chronicled.

Central Labor and Industrial.
With the 500 employes accepting an average wage cut of 15 per cent. The Postage iron company at Dunsmuir, Blair county, Pa., resumed operations.

Fifty New Castle Hens who tried to get work at the Sharon, Pa., furnace were refused because of the many local men who were idle, and some of them said they would return to Europe because work is refused them almost everywhere.

At Bellaire, O., the employes at Rodger Brothers glass works have declined to go to work at 10 per cent. reduction in wages and work until the strike between the union and manufacturers is settled. Nearly 200 men are idle.

The wages of the employes of the Peoples railway in St. Louis have been cut 10 per cent.

Roswell Miller, President of the St. Paul Railway system, who is to be married within a few days, gave the 10,000 employes of the company an agreeable surprise. He announced that their wages, which were cut 10 per cent a few months ago will at once be restored to the old amounts.

The wages of Baltimore and Ohio station hands at Wheeling, W. Va., have been reduced 10 per cent.

The wages of the employes of the St. Paul railway system, which were cut 10 per cent several months ago have been restored.

Dismasters, Accidents and Fatalities.
A misplaced switch on the Norfolk Terminal railroad caused two freight trains to run into a lot of loaded cars at Norfolk, Va. Engineer Thomas Andrews and Fireman Edward McCune were killed and several other trainmen injured.

A market train on the Pennsylvania railroad crashed into the caboose of a freight train at the Thirty-seventh street station in Philadelphia, instantly killing James Hamilton and badly injuring Edward O. Regan. The accident was caused by the market train jumping a frog.

A dense fog was the cause of a passenger wreck on the Pennsylvania and Reading railroad at Philadelphia in which Harry Rinker was killed and three passengers injured.

Fires.
The entire business portion of Arena, Wis., was burned down at a heavy loss. The insurance is light.

The Ironville Rolling Mills at Anderson, Ind., burned to the ground throwing over 250 men out of employment.

The Elwood, Ind., Window Glass Works, was entirely destroyed by fire. Loss \$40,000; insurance \$6,000.

At Keokuk, Ill., 22 residences and 11 places of business were destroyed; loss \$45,000; insurance small.

Judicial.
Justice Barrett, of the New York Supreme Court rendered a decision, that the act of 1932, which assumed to authorize women to vote for school commissioners, is unconstitutional and invalid. This decision is in accord with one handed down a few days ago by a Supreme Justice of the Syracuse circuit.

Washington News.
The coinage at the mints of the United States for October aggregate 7,782,140 pieces of the value of \$10,003,990 of which \$9,504,800 was in gold and \$419,000 in silver. This is the largest mintage of gold in recent years.

The statement of the Comptroller of the Currency shows that from Oct. 1892 to date, the increase in national bank notes outstanding was \$29,214,166.

Miscellaneous.
The Baltimore and Ohio, South Western and Ohio and Mississippi railroads were on Thursday consolidated as the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern at Cincinnati. The consolidation fee paid the state of Indiana was \$30,000.

The United States warships Machias, Detroit, Montgomery and Marblehead, all of which are top heavy, will have their masts reduced, guns changed and will be given additional ballast.

A BOILER'S WILD FLIGHT.
It Explodes Tearing Down Two Buildings. Six People Killed and a Number Injured.

A boiler in the stable of the Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Surface Railroad Company at Fourteenth street and Avenue B, New York, exploded. The section of the building in which the boiler was located collapsed. The boiler flew across the street and struck the double tenement, No. 344 East Fourteenth street, just below the first story. The side of the building was crushed in. Three men were instantly killed and nearly a score were injured several of whom have since died. The dead are: John Gillespie, Patrick Quinn, Thomas Hassan, Samuel McMullin, Engineer Armstrong, body buried in ruins and William Royal, body buried in ruins.

The injured are: Charles Breslin, will be Annie Gallagher, Michael Gallagher, John Peters, John Ruhl, Michael McDonald, S. L. Martin, Patrick Sheehan, William Woods. Three unknown men, all with fractured skulls were taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Sergt. Washington Mullin of the Boiler Inspection Bureau, says the explosion was caused by an over pressure. Engineer Armstrong, it is said, was not licensed to run a boiler of the pattern that exploded.

BURNED AT SEA.
Two Lives Lost in the Destruction of a Big Coasting Steamer.

The Ward Line steamer City of Alexandria burned to the water's edge midway between Matanzas and Havana. It is reported that Randolph W. Bowen, the purser, and Mrs. Carter, the stewardess, are lost, but none others are believed to be missing.

The City of Alexandria was one of the fastest and largest of the American ships employed in the West India trade. She was an iron screw steamer of 2,480 tons burden.

LATER NEWS WAIFS.

DISASTERS, ACCIDENTS AND FATALITIES.

The boiler of an engine on the Iron Mountain road at St. Louis blew up.

The engineer, George Schroeder, was killed instantly; Thomas Scott, the fireman, was thrown a distance of 100 feet and fatally hurt; brakeman Ed Koeller was blown into the Mississippi and drowned.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.
The failure of the firm of S. Blaisdell, Jr., & Co. of Chicago, extensive wholesale dealers in cotton and wool stock of all kinds is announced. The annual sales of the firm have amounted to between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000, while the entire liabilities are placed at the small figure of \$275,000.

FOREIGN.
The followingspecial has been received from Lisbon: A private telegram from Buenos Ayres says that the insurgent warship Republica ran into and sunk the Rio de Janeiro, which was on her way from Rio Grande do Sul to Rio de Janeiro with troops for President Peixoto. Thirteen hundred of the troops drowned.

LEGISLATIVE.
The Georgia senate killed by a decisive vote of 19 yeas to 12 nays the anti-cigarette bill, about which there has been considerable discussion in both branches of the legislature.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.
The South-west woolen mills in Philadelphia have shut down and 1,100 people are thrown out of employment.

The Bigelow Carpet mills at Clinton, Mass., the second largest in America, employing 1,000 hands, shut down for an indefinite period, owing to a lack of orders.

CRIMES AND PENALTIES.
A passenger train was held up by masked robbers at Oilphant, White county, Ark., on Saturday night. Conductor McNally was shot and instantly killed. Seven masked men entered the express car and after looting it and killing Conductor McNally they went through the coaches and sleepers and robbed the passengers.

Two bandits attempted to board the north-bound express at Coal Creek, on the Ohio division of the East Tennessee road. One of the robbers is Jim Smith, who was mortally wounded. The authorities of the road had information that the robbery would be attempted and a special force of armed men was on the express car for their reception. Smith will die and the condition of the other robber is not known.

WASHINGTON.
The president signed the bill extending, for six months the time in which Chinese can register under the Geary law.

In accordance with preparatory instructions recently issued by the secretary of the treasury, Mr. Carlisle instructed the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans to coin the seigniorage in standard silver dollars.

The senate adjourned without confirming the nomination of Mr. Hornblower to be justice of the supreme court. The failure to confirm has the effect of a rejection. The president will, therefore, be compelled to re-nominate in his name again or to nominate another man for the office.

The senate has confirmed the nomination of James R. Roosevelt, of New York, Secretary of the Embassy of the United States in London. Among the nominations that arise by reason of adjournment action, is that of Robert E. Preston, to be Director of the Mint.

BUSINESS PICKING UP.
The repeal of the Silver Purchase Act Gives a Moral Comment to Trade.

R. G. Dunn & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade" says:
The repeal of the silver purchase act does good already. The business world in every part of the country reckons it helpful and the tone of the trade is more confident. Bankers are more liberal in accommodations and merchants more hopeful in purchases.

The act will do less good, however, than if it had been passed early in the spring, or without delay after Congress assembled. It cannot prevent several thousand failures which have occurred, nor relieve creditors from resulting embarrassments. It cannot save from loss a multitude of manufacturing establishments which have closed because the future seemed uncertain. Industries cannot be expected to make any material gain as yet in consequence of new financial conditions.

The market for textiles shows a little improvement. The metal-working industries manifest little gain as yet. Iron and steel manufacture shows scarcely any signs of recovery. There has been some increase in the number of furnaces in blast, but the output still appears to largely exceed the consumption and there is more pressure to sell iron than to buy.

A CAR DASHES INTO A RIVER.
It Breaks Through the Gates at the Draw of an Open Bridge. Seven Passengers Drowned.

At Portland, Ore., on Wednesday morning an electric car plunged through the open draw of the Madison street bridge and sank in the river. Seven passengers were drowned. They were Charles Beckman, John P. Anderson, Joseph Stalter, Alexander Campbell, Theodore Bennick, Paul Oler and Charles S. Albe, all of Portland.

When the draw was open the usual precautions of closing the gates were taken. Owing to frost, however the car could not be stopped in the usual distance and crashed through the trail gate and into the river.

Another Ocean Record Broken.
The steamer Lucania arrived at Sandy Hook bar at 9:19 p. m., Friday making the voyage from Liverpool in 5 days, 12 hours, and 24 minutes. This beats the previous Western record, held by the Campana, by 29 minutes.

SILVER REPEAL WINS

A DECISIVE BALLOT.

The Measure Passed the House by a Vote of 193 to 94, and Soon After Was Signed by the President. Silver Buying Stopped.

The silver fight is ended. The house on Wednesday at 2:55 p. m., concurred in the senate amendment to the unconditional repeal bill and it was passed by a vote of 193 yeas to 94 nays.

The President signed the bill at 4:30 o'clock. It was brought to the White House by Representative Albert J. Pearson of Ohio, chairman of the house committee on enrolled bills. Secretary Carlisle and Attorney General Olney were present. When Mr. Pearson presented the bill to the President, Mr. Cleveland immediately took up his pen and wrote these words in the lower left hand corner: "Approved, November 1, 1893, Grover Cleveland," and the bill became a law.

The significant feature of the final struggle in the House was the determined purpose on the part of a small faction of the Democratic silver men to harass the measure and obstruct its passage, but their efforts were most conspicuous than was the fact that they were not able to induce one-third of their following to join in this dilatory movement. The silver men, notwithstanding the certainty that the bill would pass, were able to command 94 votes against it on the final passage.

The bill having been forced before the House in a sudden and abrupt manner, which surprised the silver filibusterers that they really did not understand what had happened, an hour was allowed for debate. This was occupied on the silver side by Mr. Bland, of Missouri; Mr. Bryant, and Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, and on the Democratic side by Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, and Mr. Tracey, of New York, On the Republican side Mr. Reed alone spoke.

As soon as the silver repeal bill was signed Secretary Carlisle telegraphed to all the mints not to make any further purchases of silver. Of the silver offered on Wednesday, one dealer declined to accept the counter offer of 65 cents. Two lots aggregating 50,000 ounces had not been heard from, and unless their owners reply by telegraph at once the silver purchase under the Sherman act is closed forever.

The amount of Sherman notes outstanding is \$152,519,000. With silver purchased and not yet delivered, this amount may be increased \$700,000.

EFFECT OF THE REPEAL.
It Stops the Purchase of Silver Except for Subsidiary Coin.

The repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman act, which went into effect by the signature of the President, puts a stop to the further use of silver in the way of coins. The purchase of silver for coinage as subsidiary coin. The portion not covered by the Sherman law leaves it discretionary with the Secretary of the Treasury to coin silver for the purpose of the act. It is the expectation that all this bullion will be coined as soon as possible. Secretary Carlisle has already given orders to begin the coinage of the purchase clause of the Sherman act, which went into effect by the signature of the President, puts a stop to the further use of silver in the way of coins. The purchase of silver for coinage as subsidiary coin. The portion not covered by the Sherman law leaves it discretionary with the Secretary of the Treasury to coin silver for the purpose of the act. It is the expectation that all this bullion will be coined as soon as possible. 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