MAN AND HIS WORKS.

ETHNOLOGICAL WONDERS AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Strange Races of Primitive Men, Living and Dead, on Exhibition. Habits of Life of Cliff Dwellers, Aztecs, Esquimaux and Other Queer Inhabitants of the World.

All those who wish to study "Man and His Works," as the motto over the building has it, will find in the Department of Ethnology. at the World's Fair, wonderful facilities, It has exhibits of live men and dead men of the most strange varieties of color and cus tom, and it presents remarkable collections showing the works of man from as far back as any trace of him can be found down to the present day.



CLIPP DEELLERS' MOUNTAIN. Professor F. W. Putnam, of Harvard Uni-versity, has charge of the ethnological ex-hibit. It takes in ethnology, archaeology and anthropology, history and natural his-tory. This, says the New York Heraid, is a very wide field, but the different branches arc well represented and the department must be a continual source of delight to students of primeval man and the untamed barbarian. In a plot of land one thousand feet long and from one hundred feet to two hundred feet wide Professor Putnam has pitched his camp. It adjoins the lake front and looks upon the lagoon in which floats the New Bedford whaling ship. The quaint convent of La Rabida, modeled after the original in Falos, Spain, in which Columbus rested his weary leet and soul before and after coming

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ply dramatis personæ to this ingeniously con-rived scenery. To those who think that a dead Indian is a much more artistic product of civilization than a tame one there will be plenty of satis-faction in this department. The Anthropo-logical Building, the last of all the fair struc-tures that it was decided to build, is 415 feet long and 285 feet wide, with a gallery forty-eight feet wide on every side. Of this space much is given up to reminiscences of Indian tribes that can never be revived, but the ex-nibit naturally takes in the whole world. There are 30,000 square feet devoted to

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ESQUIMAUX FAMILY.

In the department of natural history New York State again takes the lead. The Ward's Natural Bolence Museum, of Rochester, has an exhibit which Professor Putnam says is perfect. It shows every form of animal life "from sponges to man." Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado send the birds and mam-mals found in those States. In the line of documentary exhibits are found charts and maps of the world anterior to the woyage of Columbus and at different periods since. There are physical anthropo-logical statistics and criminal statistics. All the books in the library after the Pair will go to the Memorial Museum of Science of Chi-cago.

case). A creditable reproduction of Fort Dearborn is shown. This, as almost every one knows, was the nucleus around which the city of Chicago was built. Somewhat in the same style of architecture is an old log cabin of the country type of a hundred years ago, containing some forefathers in fac-simile, dressed in the costume of the colonial period.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

GOVERNOB FLOWER, of New York, has been pending a week at the Fa'r.

pending a week at the Fa^{*}r. Wrn the opening of the German section 1 Machinery Hall the display made by the erman Empire has been declared on exhi-ition in every department of the Fair. The khibit consists of mining, wood-working ad printing machinery and the apparatus sed in the manufacture of paper and paper ressing.

used in the manufacture of paper and paper pressing. The home for the little folks at the Fair has been opened with simple excretises. The programme was carried out principally by children. A number of chorases were sung under the direction of Professor Hartung, A company of children, under the leadership of Miss Huntington, gave an interesting drift in the gymassium on the dirst floor, after which luncheon was served. The children's building is a typical kindergarten, and every contrivance imaginable to interest and fin-struct young folks has been secured. The interest wither have the benefit of a gymnasium on the first floor, and, adjeent rooms have been fitted with cradles and orbs which it is expected will be used extensively. Visitors at the Fair who have children eas leave them here. No child under two years of age will be admitted. The Japanese Com-missioners have given a large number of dolls, and juvenile literature has been furnished by the Borkaese. The building was receted at

LATE TELEGRAPHIC JOTTINGS

SOTH FROM HOME AND ABROAD.

What is Going On the World Over Important Events Briefly Chronicled.

Financial and Commercial. At Sioux Falls, S. D., the Bank of Beres-ford, a private institution, with capital of \$25,000 has failed. Wells & Garretson, private bankers at Fairfield, Iowa, have suspended payment to await the result of collections. Their total liabilities are estimated at \$50,000 and their assets at over \$80.000.

assets at over \$80,000. —ALEXANDER DEUTOCH, one of the big dry goods men of New York, makes his wife's gowns. It is said that he could give Worth pointers on dressmaking if it were worth his while.

Comptroller Eckels was informed of the failure of the Gulf National Bank, of Tam-pa, Fla. The capital of the bank was \$50,-00, and the individual deposits \$123,346. The total liabilities of the failed Yates Bank of Rochester, N. Y., are \$4.118,863 93, with only \$500,000 of unhypothecated assets

to meet unsecured and contingent liabili-ties of \$2,868,539 99. The creditors of Ex-Secretary Foster met

in Fostoria, O, and agreed to accept 50 per cent. in payment of their claims, the pay-ment of the balance to rest with Mr. Foster's future ability and judgment. Mr. Foster says he soon will be able to pay 50 per cent.

Capital. Labor and Industrial. Four hundred union coal miners have struck at Leavenworth, Kas., because nonmion men are employed. The demands of the men employed at the gas producers in the Carnegie mills at Beav-er Falls, Pa., for a full day's pay for seven

ours' work on Sunday has been acceded

The street car men in Ft. Wayne struck

for 15 cents per hour. Liggett & Myers. St. Louis tobacco manu acturers, have settled their differences with the Knights of Labor, and the latter's boy-cott of fcur years standing on their goods will be lifted. The furnaces of the Rock Hill Coal and

In company, at Rock Hill, Huntingdon county, Pa, are closed down indefinitely owing to a strike of the employees, who de-manded the reinstatement of several disnanded the reinstatement of services the service services of the local labor union.

The basis of wages for miners in the Pottsville, Pa., coal fields for June is 1 per cent below the last scale. The miners are lissatisfied at this because the price of coal was raised Wednesday.

Disasters Accidents and Fatalities A head-end collision between two trains on a suburban railroad at Austin, Texas, resulted in the death of two persons and serious injury to several others. The dead are Charles Link, fireman, and Francisco Salio. Gus Piper, the engineer, was terri-bly cut about the face and body. The collision was the result of non-obedience of orders.

orders. Four persons perished in a farm house fire near Dunkirk, N. Y.

Ralph Drake of Columbus, O., killed Mrs. Ida Werd and himself.

Four men were killed by a fall of dirt in the Ivanhoe tunnel, near Denver, Col.

A cyclone swept over Tennessee and Ar-kansas Wednesday night. Train service in many places had to be abandoned. The

pr expel Prof. Briggs from the church. One of the last three courses is likely to be followed. IME GOUNDE OF AFFEAL. There were five grounds of appeal and St was voted upon sing: A the he end of the synaps of t lamage is estimated at several hundred

housand dollars.

Fires At Scranton, Pa., the Lackawanna Steel Company's bloom-mil, engine-room and boiler-house in the north mill. Loss \$125,-Twelve hundred men are thrown 000. of work

Fire destroyed the entire business portion of the town of Newton, Miss., except four houses. Loss estimated at \$50,000; insurance

ight At Murfreesboro, N. C., the Wesleyan fe-

male college, library and students' property. Loss not estimated, insurance \$10,000.

At Columbus, O., the Case Manufacturing Company and the J. B. Neil Manufacturing Company. Loss \$10,000; partially insured. Personal. Mrs. Marie Nevins Blaine and Dr. W. T.

Bull were married in New York City. The ceremony is the consummation of a court-thip begun when Mrs. Blaine was so serious-President Cleveland, after his arrival at

Cape Charles, Va., donned his sporting clothes, partook of a hearty breakfast, and

sembly in the the case of Prof. Briggs re-ceived the signature of 63 commissioners. Saratoga was chosen as the place of the meeting of the assembly of 1894. After the usual closing routine business the Assembly adjourned.

causes no anxiety in Hamburg, as no other cases have occurred,

Miscellaneous.

Miscellancom. Six Chinese laborers were arrested in Philadelphia for failing to register under the law of 1882 (not the Geary act) which compels registration and the holding of cer-tifeater.

-A CAR LOAD of gunpowder was exploded Sunday afternoon on a street of Kirm, Rhe-nish Prussia, by a spark from a pipe. Two men on the cart were killed and 30 houses

DR. BRIGGS FOUND GUILTY.

The Assembly Sustains the Heresy Charge Against Him. The Presbyterian General Assembly in ression at Washington, D. C., sustained the

appeal of the Prosecuting Committee from he verdict of the New York Presbytery,

which acquitted Dr. Briggs of the charge of beresy. This is equivalent to a verdict of beresy against Prof. Briggs. Of the total of

99 votes cast, 298 were to sustain the ap peal, 85 to sustain it in part, making a total

of 383 to sustain, and 116 not to sust in. A committee will now be appointed to prepare a minute for submission to the General Assembly prescribing the punish-

nent to be meted out. There are five things

the General Assembly can do: Admonish, rebuke, suspend, depose from the ministry or expel Prof. Briggs from the church. One of the last three courses is likely to be fol-

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PROF. BRIGGS' FUTURE.

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PROF. BRIGGS FOTORE. UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY AND HE WILL NOT PART COMPANY. A dispatch from New York says: The Rev. Charles Briggs, D. D., returned from Wash-ington. When he was seen Prof. Briggs looked unusually well and cheerful, as if he did not have a care in the world. "Has the decision of the General Assem-by in suspending you from the ministry made any change with your relations with Union se ninary." "None whatever." renlied the doctor

Union se ninary." "None whatever." replied the doctor. "The General assenbly never contribute 1 a dollar to Union seminary." said Prof. Briggs, in conclusion. "The seminary is supported almost wholly by New York merchants and others. It was learned from others connected with Union seminary this yearing that Prof. Briggs would go right on just as if nothing had happened and he will be sustained in his action by the board of directors and members of the faculty of the institution.

HOMESTEAD CASES WITHDRAWN

The Murder, Riot and Conspiracy Charges Nolle Prossed, How it Came About, A dispatch from Pittsburg, Pa, says: The charges against H. C. Frick and others of the Carnegie Steel Company and the Pin-kerton detectives have all been nolle pross-ed, and this action is the beginning of the end of the famous Homestead cases, which threatened to drag along in the courts for threatened to drag slong in the courts for a couple of years and cost Allegheny county much money. The attorneys for the ex-strikers, with the consent of the leaders of the men, made this move.

The series, with the consense of the teasers of the men, made this move. How IT CAME ADOUT. The strikers' attorneys have been satis-fied for time that they could not sustain the charges against Frick and others, and on Friday Thomas M. Marshall called on District Attorney Clarence Burleigh and state 1 to him that the prosecution, after a full examination, had decided to request that no further proceedings be had in the case, as they were satisfied that no fust cause for finding the indictment existed. This was a surprise to the District Attorney, and he asked Mr. Marshall to prepare a let-ter signed by himself and colleagues to that effect. This was done and the letter was signed by Mr. Marshall. W. J. Brennen and John F. Cox. Major E. A. Montooth was out of the city, and William Reardon is in the hos-pital suffering from a bad attack of pleurisy and their signatures could not be obtained, but they both approve the action of the others.

and their signatures could not be obtained, but they both approve the action of the contex. District Attorney Burleigh read the letter in open court on Saturday, and then made is motion to holle pros the case. Judge white made the order, and that was the end of the matter. Following this on motion of the motion that the start of the start of the start while not bail on charges of murder, trea-near under bail on charges of murder, trea-start and when they are called a plea of anoto contendre will likely be entered and a subscription of sentence follow. District Attorney Burleigh says they must be judicially dete mined, and this means the storeneys employed by the Car-neits the storeneys employed by the Car-ney of the storeneys enables of the storeneys enables of the storeneys the they must put in a plea of some kinds in they must put in a plea of some storeneys the others and request a nolle pros. This is that they must put in a plea of some that they decore and request a nolle pros. This is the others and request a nolle pros. This is that they must put in a plea of some that they have no hope of convicting any of the men-of undikely. for it is well known that they have no hope of convicting any of the men-of under, treason or conspiracy, and time and the action of the men, it is thought. Canvelowed any degire they may have to convict them of ziot.

A BUSINESS DEPRESSION.

A Cautious Feeling Pervades All Branches of Business. R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: More disheartening conditions have prevailed during the past week, and those who saw the beginning of permanent recovery in the better tone a week ago are disamonited. The money markets have disappointed. The money markets been closer, especially in the interior, and been closer, especially in the interior, and manufacturing and trade are more affected than before. Some important failures have cccurred. Gold has gone out again in large amounts, exports for the week being about \$5,000,000, and the Treasury gold reserve has been drawn down to about \$90,000,000. In nearly all departments of trade uncer-tainty about the future has a depressing influence, which is now clearly perceived in the decrease of new business, and while most manufacturing works are yet employ most manufacturing works are yet employ-ed on full orders, as these run out the num-

lition interface of the set of the properties of the set of works closed incresse. Speculative markets have been sinking, stocks are nearly \$2 a share lower than a week ago, the failures, the ill success of the World's Fair and the slump in wheat af-fecting prices, as well as the outgo of gold. Wheat has declined 12, corn 22 and oats 14, with moderate transactions, few caring to buy wheat with the enormous stock in sight. Lard and nogs are lower and cotton has de-clined a sixteenth, with moderate sales, although receipts are small. The failures during the past week have been: 235 in the United States, against 132 last year. Last week the total number of tailures was 273. The post learnings totals for the week ending June 1, as telegraphed to Bradstreels, are us follows: New York SLS9 2015 502 11 feo

...\$489,210,562 D 16.0\$489,210,562 D 16.0\$5,173,091 D 6.4\$6,0380 B 11.5\$0,488,354 I 6.8\$19,185,555 D 2.0\$13,606,089 I 2.3\$11,635,821 D 18.4\$14,20,050 D 9.0\$701,863 I 19.0\$701,863 I 19.0\$20,000 B 10.0\$19,000 B 10.0\$10,000 B 10.0 don ladelphia Louis Francisco sburg...

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division. Its red root and white walls look down upon the works of the American sav-age. Models of the ancient ruins found in Yuca-tan stand in the open air outside the an-thropological building. There are six of these models. They were made under the' supervision of Edward H. Thompson, United States Consul in that country, who had papier mache casts taken of the originals, which are reproduced in "staff," a sort of plaster with which almost all the fair build-ings are faced. By a little ingrenuity "staff" can be readily converted into the most sub-stantial looking marble or granite. These Yucatan ruins, which have stoother weather in South America for no one knows how many years, will amaze people who are not aware that a high civilization preceded Co-lumbus on this side of the world. In style they resemble the architecture used at this wery date in the construction of trust com-pare fund of the world. In style they resemble the architecture used at this of the the construction of trust com-pare from Uxmal and the "the astrong to the find arguing the second the second and the "House of the world." are repro-dued. Mr. Thompson, after creating the walls, returned to Yucatan for a collection of plants to place around them. Near this group is a fac-simile of the homes of the eiff dwellers of Utah. Colorado and New Mexico, occupied long before those lands resounded with the monotonous repeti-tion of the marriage ceremony and arguments for free silver. The eiff dwellers' homes are operated as a "concession," the builder put-

HIGH TOWER-BUINS OF AN ANCIENT RACE IN UTAH. to America, is part of the ethnological dis-play, but it is assigned to the Latin-American division. Its red roof and white walls look down upon the works of the American say. Models of the ancient ruins found in Yuca-tan stand in the open air outside the an-thropological building. There are six of these models. They were made under the States Consul in that country, who had states consul in that country, who had the state consul in that country, who had the state consul in that country. Who had the state consul in that country, who had the state consul in that country. Who had the state consul in that country who had the state consul in that country. Who had the state consul in the the state of the originals.

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of Vienna and Berlin and from the Hussian xhibition. Asia, xirkica and New South Wates have their contributions, and the Pacific and Queen Charlotte Islands all have their story to tell of the happy days before man began to wear allegiance to a janitor and live in a flat. There is a complete model of the vil-lage of Skidegat, in British Columbia, show-ing the houses, totem noises and inhapitants. Lage of Skidze complete model of the Vielage of Skidze complete model of the Vielage of Skidze (Skidze), in British Columbia, show-fug the houses, totem poles and inhabitants. In the still life department are also re-mains of all sorts of Indians, Canadian and United Skidze, There are the Skidze collec-ione of Ohio, Missouri, Colorado and Utah, the results of the Heneway Southwest ex-pedition. Mesico and the South American repunge sent singular sculptures and tometer sent singular sculptures and to the sent singular sculptures and the results, showing the dolvia gave valu-able results, showing the are and customs of molent people. Similar is one outsoms of the Argentine Republic. There are special exhibits of folk lore and the games and religions of all courties. In the latter is the collection of idols of William I. Gunning, which contains four hundred

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THE INDIAN ENCAMPMENT.

S.F.P

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New Mexico, occupied long before those iands resounded with the monotonous repeti-tion of the marriage ceremony and arguments for free silver. The cliff dwellers' homes are operated as a "concession," the builder put-ting them up at his own expense and reim-bursing himself by selling tickets of admis-sion. This is the only money making section of the ethnological exhibit, except the Esqui-maux, who can only be seen after the pro-duction of twenty-live cents Of course there arent any life cliff dwell-ers, as not even Chleago can resurrect them, but there are plenty of savages. The wild man of Borneo has now come to town, but the wild man of America has -exclusive of purely lay visitors to the Fair, some of whom appear less cultured than the Infain, whose face, dubbc one swith colors and looking like is to be done escapes the notive of his wife. The savages (those on exhibition be it un-derstood) are placed in habitations such as



they occupy when in a state of nature. Per-haps the most elaborate of the ethnological contributions come from New York, whose Commissioners contributed delexates from the six tribes of the Iroquois, and they will live on the grounds for a period of six months, entirely free from all care. New York has a strip of land fronting 55 feet on the border of the lagoon and extend-

ol açe will beadmitted. The Japanese Com-missioners have given large number of dolls, and juvenile literature has been furnished by the German Commissioners, Illinois giving the book-cases. The building was erected at a cost of \$45,000. The playground is on the roof, which is furnished with swings and hamnocks. A trained corps of nurses will be in constant attendance on the children. Tra formal opening of the Electricity Building has at last taken place. The feature of the display was the unveiling and lighting of the big Edison tower erected by the Gen-eral Electric Company. This shaft is sit-nated in the exact centre of the building, and represents the highest achievement of the in-andescent hamp. It extends into the groined arch formed by the intersection of the nave and the transept, reaching a height of about 100 fest. The methods used in construction have resulted in showing a perfect column, is though the entire shaft were hewn from ne massive block of stone. It springs from her oof of a pavillon surrounding the base, and the entire interior is strewn with thou-sands of incandescent lamps, as many hued as the western sunset. The colors are ar-ranged by mechanical methods, capable of being flashed in harmony with the strains of music. The column is crowned with a well-proportioned replica of an Edison incan-descent lamp formed from a multitude of being flashed in harmony with the strains of music. The column is crowned with a well-propertioned replica of an Edison incan-descent lamp formed from a multitude of being flashed in harmony with the strains of music. The column is crowned with a well-propertioned replica of an Edison incan-descent lamp formed from a multitude of being flashed in harmony with the strains of music. The column is errowned with a well-propertioned replica of an Edison incan-descent lamp formed form a multitude of being flashed in harmony with the strains of music. The column is errowned with a well-propertinde to plushed from the interior by a large number of incandes

Twenty Six Men Burned to Death. Near Eagle Pass. Tex., twenty-six men mployed in the Fuents coal mines were uurned to death by an explosion.

Base Ball Record.

The following table shows the standing of the different base ball clubs up to date :

the different base ball clubs up to date: w. L. p'ct. w. L. p'c. Pittsburg. 21 9 .700 New York 15 17 .469 Boston... 20 12 .625 Wash n... 14 16 .467 Brooklyn. 17 13 .567 (Sincin'ti... 13 16 .448 Philadel'a 17 13 .567 (Cincin'ti... 14 18 .438 Clevel'nd. 13 11 .542 (Chicago... 12 17 .411 Baltimore 16 15 .516 Louisy'le. 3 18 .143

repaired to the fishing grounds in company win L. Clarke Daris and a guide. The day was spent in fishing, and the catch showed a total of 150, of which over 50 were large olue fish.

Railroad News. The Exposition Flyer, the handsomely appointed new World's Fair passenger train on the Central Railroad, arrived at Chicago three minutes ahead of the fast time sched-uled. This made the time for the entire 980 miles from New York to Chicago 19 hours and 57 minutes, which includes stops. There were 11 stops of nearly 5 minutes each and three stops for signals. The last stretch from Elkhart, Ind., to Chicago, over 101 miles, was made at more than a mile a minute.

Washington News, The President appointed Colonel M.Stern-berg to be surgeon general of the army to succeed General Sutherland, retired, on ac-count of age.

The Star says: The president has indicated that he will probably call congress together about the first of October, instead of the middle of September, as at first contemplat

Crime and Penalties. At Fall River, Mass., Miss Bertha Man-chester aged 22 years, was murdered in the kitchen of her father's house by robbers. Her body was horribly butchered.

At Philadelpeia David E. Coldron com-mitted suicide after shooting his wife. Mrs. Coldron will probably die.

Cholera Advices. The death from Asiatic cholera last week

a committee was appointed to bring in explanatory minutes, and the session ad-journed. THE LASTACT. At the Thursday afternoon session Dr. Craig convened the assembly as a court to hear the report of the committee appointed to prepare the explanatory minute in the Briggs case. Rev. Mr. Hoyt, chairman of the commit-tee, before naking the report, called upon Dr. Baker, chairman of a sub-committee sent to interview Prof. Briggs in a spirit of conclilation, to report the result of that in-terview. Dr. Baker said the committee had hoped that Prof. Briggs would say some-thing which might relieve the tension of the present distressing situation. But this hope thad not been realized. Prof. Briggs stated his irrevocable determination to ablide by the declaration made in his address before the assembly in his defense and to continue to teach the doctrines there avoved. At BRIGGS of DL, Baker, chairman of the sub-committee to the committee ad judgment in the case of the Presbyterian church, United States of America, against Prof. C. A. Briggs. "MY DFAR Sing- In accordance with your request I hereby state the ty our committee called upon me and asked me if I had any-thing to say to them respecting the disposi-tion of the case. I herefore said that I denered to all the positions taken before the deneral assembly and had nothing further to say, save that the appelee reserves all trafts and that the General assembly should the the action. C. A. BRIGGS.

ake the exclusive responsibility of any fur-ther action. C. A. BRIGS." Whereupon, Dr. Baker said, the commit tee took the action which Mr. Hoyt would now report to the assembly. THE SENTENCE. The report after reciting the proceedings in the case proceeds: This judicatory finds that said final judg-ment of the presbytery of New York is erroneous and should be and is hereby re-versed; and this General assembly, sitting as a judicatory in said cause, coring now to enter judgment on said amended charges, finds the appellee. Charles A. Brigg, has uttered, taught and propagated views, doc-trines and taching as set forth in said charges contrary to the essential doctrine of Holv Scripture and the standards of said Presbyterian church in the United States of America, and in violation of the ordinance yow of said appellee, which said erroneous yiews and cotorines strike at the vitals of religion and have been industriously spread; wherefore, this General asserbly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America, sitting as a judicatory in this cause on appeal, do and hereby suspend Charles A. Brizgs, the said appellee, from of America, sitting as a judicatory in this cause on appeal, do and hereby suspend Charles A. Briggs, the said appellee, from the office of a minister in the Presbyterian church in the United States of America un-til such time as he shall give satisfactory evidence of repentance to the General assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America of the violation by him of the said ordination yow as herein and heretofore found." THE SENTENCE ADAPTED.

by nim of the said ordination vow as herein and heretofore found." THE ENTENCE ADATTED. The report of the committee was adopted whereupon Dr. Sprague gave notice that at the proper time a protest would be offered against the finding of the assembly, as be-ing too severe a sentence for the offense of the honored scholar named, and as tending to restrict the liberty heretofore enjoyed by office-bearers in the Presbyterian church. An explanatory note was adopted and made a part of the record of the case. It takes strong ground against the views ex-pressed by Dr. Briggs and for which he has been suspended. The protest against the action of the as-

A CYCLONE'S PATH.

A Village Wiped Out and Two Persons

Killed. The little town of Endora, Ark., was destroyed by a cyclone on Friday, Friedlander, the leading merchant of the village was killed outright, his store having blown down on him, and about twenty dwellings were destroyed, one negro child being killed and several negross initized. Nath and several negroes injured. Nothing was left standing in the track of the cyclone.

left standing in the track of the cyclone. Over 5.000 People Homeless. Great distress and suffering exist among the people of Hope, Ark. and vicinity. The terrible cyclone of May 30 has left over 5.000 people homeless and in destitute circumstances. Major Black has started a relief fund. The storm extended over a territore 75 to

The storm extended over a territory 75 to 90 miles in length and 15 to 20 miles in breadth.

-An aged preacher and his wife were killed by a fast train on the Georgia Central road a few moments after services had been concluie d.