A DRUNKEN ELEPHANT.

Raises a Big Rumpus in a Circus in Indiana.

The mistake of a careless keeper in the menagerie of Ringling Brothers' circus, while exhibiting in Frankfort, Ind., recently, almost resulted in the killing of one of the attendants and the breaking loose of the wild animals of the menagerie. "Babe," the biggest elephant of the circus, was taken with cramps, and the veterinary surgeon of the show prescribed a tablespoonful of peppermint in a pint of whisky once in half an hour. Ryan, the elephant keeper, procured a jug containing a gallon of whisky, and Babe was given a dose. Ryan had occasion to leave the tent, and carelessly left the jug within reach of the elephant, who had had a taste of the contents. When Ryan returned he was surprised to find the jug uncorked and empty. Fearing discharge, should his carelessness be discovered, and knowing full well where the contents of the jug had gone, he hastened to a near-by saloon to have it refilled before the mistake should be found out.

But it was not long before the elephant began to develop symptoms of intoxication. The attention of other keepers was attracted by peculiar noises, the like of which they had never heard before. They hastened to the tent to find the huge brute rocking from side to side with a peculiar light in its little eyes. One of the men took an elephant hook and endeavored to calm the excited beast, but the medicine was not of a soothing nature, and Babe became very angry. With a remarkably quick motion the keeper was seized by the elephant's trunk, and after being held aloft fully a minute was violently thrown about twenty-five feet, fortunately striking against the side of the tent and narrowly missing a pole.

With a single mighty effort the chains were broken and Babe was free. Staggering from side to side, the animal commenced a wild rampage through the menagerie. The other elephants were panic-stricken, and the caged animals made mad efforts to free themselves. The tank of the hippopotamus was in the path of the reeling elephant, and with loud trumpetings it commenced an attack which would have shortly demolished the cage had not the keepers succeeded in entangling the legs of the elephant in ropes in such a manner that it was rendered helpless. In two hours the effects of the whisky had passed off, and Babe was as peaceable as ever and free from cramps.

Australian Sorcery.

Among the natives of Finke River, Australia, if one falls sick or dies they at once conclude he must have been bewitched or bitten, or hurt by the devil. At the same time they can bewitch others, the old ones and the medicine men fostering that belief. For this purpose they employ a variety of agencies as charms, including implements of wood and bone, which are thrown by the sorcerers in the direction of their enemy to make him sick or kill him, tufts of feathers of the emu and eagle to give the wearers strength to kill their enemies, and a little implement, about six inches long, of bone or wood, worn through the septum of the nose, by means of which they also think they can hurt others.

Mrs. A. A. Williams
Lynn, Mass.

FOR THE GOOD OF OTHERS

Rev. Mr. Williams Heartily Endorses Hood's Sarsaparilla.

We are pleased to present this from Rev. A. A. Williams, of the Sillsbee Street Christian Church, Lynn, Mass.:

"I see no reason why a clergyman, more than a layman, who knows whereof he speaks, should hesitate to approve an

Article of Merit

and worth, from which he or his family have been signally benefited, and whose commendation may serve to extend those benefits to others by increasing their confidence. My wife has for many years been a sufferer from severe

Nervous Headache

for which she found little help. She has tried many things that promised well but performed little. Last fall a friend gave her a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It seems surprising what simply one bottle could and did do for her. The attacks of headache decreased in number and were less violent in their intensity, while her general health is improved. Her appetite has also been better. From our experience with

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I have no hesitation in endorsing its merits." A. A. WILLIAMS.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. Price 25c.

PNU 45 '92

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

EVERETT'S SAFE RUPTURE CURE We can cure your rupture if your truss holds you perfectly. If it does not hold you, get one that does and then send for our Rupture Cure, price $1. Address the F. Everett Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass.

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WANTED—Young men to handle advertising; enclose stamp. Inter-State Adv. Co., Corning, Iowa

THE REALM OF FASHION.

WHAT TO WEAR AND HOW THEY MAKE IT.

Juvenile Toilets. Some Pretty Costumes For Boys and Girls. Little Lord Fauntleroy Styles Are Discarded.

CHILDREN'S clothes are included in woman's thoughts and tribulations of dress. Just now the fond mother is costuming her hopeful son for the late autumn and early winter. If the little fellow has only just had his skirts of infancy taken off, the doting parent is in a quandary. Her first great struggle in the matter, of course, is whether or not to cut off the darling's pretty curls. The father either requests or insists—according as he manages such family affairs or doesn't—that it is time for the boy to be distinguished from a girl. The mother agrees readily that the skirts must go, and some form of masculine leg covering be substituted; but she is

MANLY DRESS FOR A BOY.

sure to have a good cry over the cropping of his hair. However, it is a plain and sure chronicle of current fashions to write it down that short-haired little boys are considered the correct thing in New York swedom. Little Lord Fauntleroy has gone clean out of sight, and only rarely is an example of him seen.

A PRETTY HOME-WEAR DRESS.

Little boys not only have close-cropped heads this fall, but their attire is completely free from girlish shapes and adornments. The initial picture shows one of these small chaps, exactly as he appeared. It will be seen that no ribbons or any other flimflams were on him. His hat was not ribboned; his coat was a manish sort of reefer, and even the knee-breeches, which are still

BOY'S SAILOR RIG. | A GIRL'S COSTUME.

fashionably retained, were here displaced by regular trousers. The material, as mothers inclined to follow this model may like to know, was heavy navy blue serge, without any decoration whatever. But such a suit would look well with the collar and plastron in blue and white stripes, with embroidery on a white or light blue ground.

The picture shows a manly dress for a boy. The coat is single-breasted, and under it is a vest buttoned up to the turn-over collar. Such a coat is suitable for a boy of six to ten years old.

The revulsion against what we may call sissy boys has extended to theatrical audiences, and no longer is the infant actor liked, except as a subsidiary and incidental performer in a play.

To return to juvenile toilets, look at the picture for such a dress as fashionable mothers put on their little daughters for home wear. In this case the gown was made of navy blue flannel, with a narrow white stripe in it. A little bertha was white lace.

A boy and girl were sketched as they play-

MODEL HAT FOR GIRLS.

ed in Central Park. The boy was 9 or 10 years old. His suit was nautical to some extent, the trousers being of navy blue, the blouse of white flannel and the collar of a blue which matched the pantaloons. The girl was a year or so older. Her gown was gray flannel and the Greenaway bonnet matched it in color.

The picture gives an idea of children's fashions of the season. The boy's sailor rig gives free play to his limbs. The girl's dress is equally comfortable, while a little more ornate. The hood protects her face and gives a picturesque touch to the costume.

In making dolls of her little girls the mother will endure no restrictions. The juvenile belles are picturesque this season, and often fantastic. The hat shown in the picture, with the pretty face of a belle in minature looking out from its frame of grim, is a model that will be rather extensively duplicated this winter. Not only will such hats, made of soft felt and often trimmed with fur, be worn by little girls, but also by young women.

The very latest news of millinery is that hats will be dressier than usual and therefore will be worn on occasions when hitherto bonnets were considered more appropriate.

These hats may be described, in a general way low crowned and wide brimmed. In some cases the crown is uniquely pressed, and to the brim is given some capricious touch of adjustment. Some of the bonnets show broad crowns with narrow cap-like brims. Ostrich feathers will be used plentifully in trimming hats, placed separately as a rule, and not in a close group. Thus it comes that finer and costlier feathers will have to be used. Felt will be in great favor alike for bonnets and hats, but they will be trimmed richly with velvets, satin ribbons and braided chenille.

The Monthly Debt Statement.

The monthly debt statement issued from the Treasury Department at Washington shows a net increase of $689,079, 15 in the month of October, The surplus including $100,000,000 gold reserve greenback redemption fund, amounts to $131,011,401 19. The National debt, net, less the $131,011,401 19 cash in the Treasury, is $835,311,332 04, of which $585,032,020 is interest bearing.

Twenty Poisoned by a Cow.

Twenty persons living on a farm at Groitsy, a village of Poland, have been poisoned by eating the flesh of a cow that had been suffering with cattle plague. Ten of the persons who partook of the meat have died, after suffering great agony, and the physicians state that some of the others will not recover.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

GLADSTONE'S physician forbids his attending evening receptions.

GUY DE MAUPASSANT, the famous French story writer, is out of the lunacy hospital.

TENNYSON is believed to have made more money by his poetry than any other poet.

GOVERNOR TOOLE, of Montana, is the only one of the forty-four who has no staff.

AN American author in Paris named Harris has received the Legion of Honor ribbon.

QUEEN VICTORIA, of England, is said to be disturbed because of the mutiny among the Windsor troops.

GENERAL RICETER, confidential secretary and adviser of the Russian Emperor, is a German by birth and a very devout Lutheran.

THERE are three Governors—the Chief Magistrates of Kentucky, Maryland and Roode Island — who bear the name of Brown.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD has presented to the Washington and Lee University, Virginia, his entire collection of law books. The whole gift is valued at $25,000.

TENNYSON destroyed a mass of his letters and manuscripts a few years ago in a fit of alarm caused by his reading Froude's "Reminiscences of Thomas Carlyle."

THE birthdays of the King and Queen of Portugal fall on the same date, September 28th, a coincidence that does not attach to any other of the European sovereigns.

E. R. GUXBY, of Tampa, Fla., is Collector of Customs at that place, thirty-two years old, boyish looking, and is said to be the youngest Collector in the country.

PARSON KNEIPP, of Germany, the basis of whose medical system is water and going barefooted, has been called upon for advice and treatment by the Empress of Austria.

EX-GOVERNOR MERRIWEATHER, of Kentucky, who was Henry Clay's successor in the United States Senate, celebrated his ninety-third birthday at Louisville the other day.

GOUNOD, the composer, is an eccentric individual and will only work at his own time and to order. It is said that he has twelve unfinished operas lying in his manuscript drawer.

THE late Mrs. Harrison's portrait, to be painted by an artist not yet selected, has been provided for by the Daughters of the American Revolution in Washington, and will be sent to adorn the gallery in the White House.

FREDERICK STOX, the sailor who planted the first French flag upon the soil of Algeria, on the 14th of June, 1830, has just died at the age of eighty-five years. He was decorated for that and other achievements some years ago.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE world has 4,000 paper mills.

CHICAGO handles 1300 trains daily.

DAHOMEY has fallen to the French.

FROST in Brazil has sent coffee up.

CHICAGO is to have a Chinese theatre.

RAINS have caused floods in England.

DEER are plentiful in the Adirodacks.

ITALY is suffering from a lack of small corn.

CHOLERA is making appalling ravages in China.

THERE are 300 Indian voters in the new State of Washington.

APACHE Indians in New Mexico and Arizona are on the warpath.

THE Swiss Republic has been duped by a bogus Minister from Salvador.

THE Bolivian Congress has passed a law fixing the Presidential term at four years.

THE railroads of the country were never so overrun with business as the are to-day.

DYSENTERY is raging fatally in some districts in China, with 3344 deaths in 15,000 cases.

THE Ohio River at Pittsburg, Penn., is lower than for years, and traffic has been suspended.

DEER are so plentiful in Michigan that boys have to be hired to stone them out of the turnip fields.

ABOUT 800,000 cases of unusually fine sweet corn and 100,000 cases of succotash is the pack reported for Maine.

THE girl baby born in the Esquimaux village at the World's Fair, Chicago, has been named Columbia Susan.

MANY counties in Oklahoma are so poor that they have been unable to comply with the Territorial Australian ballot law.

THE Missouri Pacific Road has given $10,000 to the families of those killed in the fight with the Dalton gang at Coffeyville, Kan.

THE heaviest loss among swine, according to the Department of Agricultural reports, is sustained in the South. Georgia leads, with a loss of almost ten per cent., while Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas are not far behind.

A GENERAL rain throughout the Northwest has given the railroad managers encouragement in their efforts to raise the grain blockade. They say the rains will make the roads bad and stop farmers from hauling in grain.

THE original Columbus letter, recently purchased in Europe for the Lenox Library, reached the Custom House, New York City. It was put under safe lock, for the precious document has an invoice value of $7,500. There is no duty upon it.

A MANITOBA Indian made a death-bed confession that he and a companion, while accompanying a Sir John Franklin Arctic relief expedition, discovered one of Franklin's ships, but were afraid to report it, fearing delay at a time when provisions were short.

PROFESSOR FANCIULLI, of New York, has been appointed leader of the band of the United States Marine Corps at Washington, to succeed John Philip Sousa. The new bandmaster is an Italian, having been born in Tuscany and educated in the Conservatory of Music of Florence.

THE heaviest armor plate ever made is now in course of preparation at the Bethlehem (Penn.) Iron Works. The ingot weighs eighty-four tons, and when completed will be seventeen inches thick. This armor will defend the side of the battleship Indiana, now building at Cramp's ship yard, Philadelphia.

A PIMAS Indian was about to shoot his squaw near Tempe, Arizona, when the latter's brother suggested that the irate brother had better shoot him, which suggestion was promptly adopted, and the big brother dropped dead. Four Pimas, deputized as constables, subsequently pursued the murderer, and as he failed to heed their warnings to stop he met with a similar fate at their hands.

THE LABOR WORLD.

TEXTILES are first in Prussian industries.

MINERS at Carmaux, France, have resumed work.

THE strike of the printers in Pittsburg has lasted over one year.

THE pay of an ordinary British constable is from $7.50 to $9 a week.

THE Bakers' Unions of the States of New York and Pennsylvania are forming State organizations.

A CO OPERATIVE shoe factory is about to be established by the Knights of Labor in Rochester, N. Y.

WAGES for miners have been raised two per cent. by the Schuylkill Coal Exchange, in Pottsville, Penn.

OVER seven thousand applications were recently received in Paris, France, for fifty-five vacant positions.

OVER 3,750,000 women are working for wages in France, and hundreds of thousands are seeking work without being able to find it.

UNION bricklayers who were employed to build an addition to the Butler University at Indianapolis, Ind., refused to work on an old foundation built by non-union men. The trustees allowed them to tear down the old wall, and then the work went on.

THE Order of Train Dispatchers was permanently organized at Memphis, Tenn., with 152 charter members. The constitution and by-laws embrace the protective features which caused so much discussion at the convention in New Orleans last June.

THE following are a few examples of the rate of pay of women in London: Making paper bags, eight cents per 1000; possible earnings $1.25 to $2.25 per week. Buttonholes, six cents per dozen; possible earnings, $2 per week. Shirts, four cents; each worker finding her own cotton can get six done between 6 a. m. and 11 p. m.

AFTER several years of struggle, cotton spinning of Chinese cotton by Chinese hands is established in Shanghai. Five hundred and fifty looms and 21,000 spindles turn out weekly 130,000 yards, thirty-six inches wide, of a superior quality of imitation American drill sheeting. Half the looms are of English make and half of American.

KONSBERG, in Norway, seems to be a little paradise for workmen. Of the 400 miners employed there every one has a house of his own, and men having worked for ten years have a right to a pension of ten per cent. of their wages, which increases every year two per cent. After thirty years the pension would amount to $8.25 per month, or sufficient for a man to live upon. Idleness from lack of work or through strikes is unknown in Konsberg.

—FROM January 1 to October 31 there have been in Philadelphia 3,685 cases of diphtheria. Of these 1,095 were fatal. Twenty-six cases were reported on Friday.

—THE business failures in Germany during the first six months of this year were 60 per cent. greater than during a corresponding period in 1891.

—A. W. BENNETT, the telegraph operator, whose negligence caused a freight collision on the Fort Smith road, in Arkansas, killing two men, is now a raving maniac.

—THERE were 552 alarms of fire turned in in Chicago in October, a larger number than ever received in any month in the city's history.

WOLVES have become so plentiful in Converse County, Wyoming, that the cattlemen have offered $8 apiece for scalps.

DAVID C. COOK.

The Pioneer Publisher of Sunday-School Literature.

David C. Cook, of Chicago, whose name has become a household word through his Sunday school publications, is but 42 years old. He was born in East Worcester, N. Y., in 1850, a son of Rev. E. S. Cook, a Methodist minister, and from a child an earnest and devoted member of the church and Sunday-school.

DAVID C. COOK.

He began teaching in Ward's Rolling Mills Sunday-school, in Chicago, at the age of 17, helping also in one and sometimes two mission schools of the West Side, meeting at different hours, until the great fire of 1871 changed his plans, and marked the beginning of his work on the North Side. Seeing the distress and pressing need for help, he left his home and rented rooms in one of the poorest and roughest neighborhoods of the burnt district, where, with three other young men whom he persuaded to join him, he gave himself to relief and mission work. Here on North avenue, in a German theatre and beer hall, was started his "Everybody's Mission," afterward removed to a building of its own near by. This mission, with attendance of 350 to 450, he started, built up and sustained without aid from any church or society for five years, until others were able to occupy the field. He also organized and superintended on the North Side, North Avenue Mission, Lake View Mission and Lake View Union schools, and, in Elgin, the Grace Church School, besides several smaller enterprises elsewhere.

His first publications were prepared only for his own schools, then, to divide the cost of type-setting, he asked orders from others. No one could be more surprised than he at the demand thus created. Afterwards his schools afforded a place for first testing new helps and new ideas. It is to this love for the work, and close application to it, that schools are indebted for what he has done for the cause of Sunday-school literature.

CHAUNCEY DEPEW carries half a million dollars' insurance on his precious life. He does not know when he may be obliged to ride on some of the railroads in which he is interested.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

"Do you love me?" "With all my soul. I swear it." "Nay, do not swear. Speak it into the phonograph and that will be enough."—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

Have You Asthma?

Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn., will mail a trial package of Schiffmann's Asthma Cure *free* to any sufferer. Gives instant relief in worst cases, and cures where others fail. Name this paper and send address.

Among Queen Victoria's choice china is a Sevres dessert service valued at $200,000.

Rev. H. P. Carson, Scotland, Dak., says: "Two bottles of Hall's Catarrh Cure completely cured my little girl." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The cholera germ propagates so rapidly that in 48 hours one will produce 280,000,000 others.

A Complete Newspaper For One Cent.

The Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph is sold by all News Agents and delivered by Carriers everywhere, for *One Cent* a copy or *Six Cents* a week. It contains daily, the news of the world, receiving as it does, the reports of both the Associated Press and the United Press. No other paper which sells for *One Cent* receives both of these reports. Its Sporting, Financial, Fashion, and Household Departments are unequaled. Order it from your News Agent.

If you are constipated, bilious or troubled with sick headache, Beecham's Pills afford immediate relief. Of druggists. 25 cents.

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn off. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

"German Syrup"

I am a farmer at Edom, Texas. I have used German Syrup for six years successfully for Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Pains in Chest and Lungs and Spitting-up of Blood. I have tried many kinds of Cough Syrups in my time, but let me say to anyone wanting such a medicine—German Syrup is the best. We are subject to so many sudden changes from cold to hot, damp weather here, but in families where German Syrup is used there is little trouble from colds. John F. Jones.

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PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

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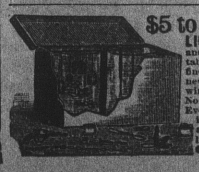

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Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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Dissolves Gravel,

Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pains in urethra, straining after urination, pain in back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure.

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Tube casts in urine, scanty urine. *Swamp-Root* cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

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Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

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It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

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