

The Somerset County Star.

VOLUME I.

SALISBURY, ELK LICK POSTOFFICE, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1892.

NUMBER 47.

1852. 1892.
Established 40 Years

On the Corner of Grant and Ord Streets.

And yet we are not content. While our trade has been growing year by year, we are today working as diligently to enlarge our business and serve you better in years to come than our efforts were in the past.

"Onward!" Is The Watchword
Diligence, Perseverance, Generous Dealing,
Low Prices,

a matured experience and unflagging enterprise are the keys to success.

We thank you for your patronage, which has made this store what it is today. A continuance, we hope, will be as fruitful in the future development and enlargement as it has been in the past, and your happiness will be increased proportionately.

We keep in stock a full line of Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Confectionery, School Books, Stationery, Wall Paper, Coal Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Corliss Engine Oil, Neatsfoot Oil, Lubricating Oil, Turpentine, Varnishes, Dyes, Paints mixed, Paints in oil, Putty, Window Glass, all kinds of Miners' Tools, Ropes of all sizes Wood and Willow-ware, Trunks and Valises.

Mining Powder and Salt by the Carload!

Royal Flour, Minnehaha Flour, etc. Country Produce taken in exchange at market prices.

P. S. HAY, SALISBURY, PENNA.

Hardware! Hardware!

Do you know that **BEACHY BROS.** keep the fullest line of Cook and Heating Stoves on the market—also Guns and Ammunition, Harness, Paints and Oils, Lap Robes, Horse Blankets?

ROGERS' BEST SILVERWARE!

Call on us for your Christmas and Wedding Presents in this line. We also have

Buggies, Wagons, Spring Wagons

and Road Wagons, which we will sell at this season at **bottom prices.**

And don't you forget it we will have Sleights on hand as soon as the fleecy flakes appear.

Headlight Oil only 15 cents per gallon.

Bargains!

H. C. SHAW'S, WEST SALISBURY.

Look at the following quotations and govern yourself accordingly:

Minnehaha Flour, per barrel	5.40
Pillsbury's Best, per barrel	5.40
Vienna Flour, per barrel	5.40
Best's Best, per barrel	4.90
Becker's Flour, per barrel	4.90
Stanton's Buckwheat Flour, per D.	25 cts.
Shelled Corn, per bushel	60 cts.
White Oats, per bushel	40 cts.
Salt, per sack	85 cts.
Mining Powder	1.40
Patent Meal and all kinds of Mill Feed at	

Bottom Prices.

Give me a call and I will save you money.
H. C. SHAW.

W. F. Garlitz,

Expressman and Drayman,

does all kinds of hauling at very low prices. All kinds of freight and express goods delivered to and from the depot, every day. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE VALLEY HOUSE,

H. LOECHEL, Proprietor.

Board by the day, week or month. First-class accommodations. Rates reasonable.

THE ONLY LICENSED HOTEL IN SALISBURY.

We take pleasure in trying to please our patrons, and you will always find THE VALLEY a good, orderly house.

West Salisbury

ROYAL ROLLER MILLS,

headquarters for
Fancy Flour,
Grain, Feed, Etc.

Custom exchange and chopping done promptly with best satisfaction.

Gill's Best Patent Flour a specialty.

H. A. Reitz, Elklick, Pa.

Wahl's Meat Market

is headquarters for everything usually kept in a first-class meat market.

The Best of Everything

to be had in the meat line always on hand, including FRESH and SALT MEATS, BOLOGNA and

Fresh Fish, in Season.

Come and try my wares. Come and be convinced that I handle none but the best of goods. Give me your patronage, and if I don't treat you square and right, there will be nothing to compel you to continue buying of me. You will find that I will at all times try to please you.

COME ON

and be convinced that I can do you good and that I am not trying to make a fortune in a day. Thanking the public for a liberal patronage, and soliciting a continuance and increase of the same, I am respectfully,

Casper Wahl.

WHEELER AND WILSON

NEW HIGH ARM



Duplex Sewing Machine.

Sews either Chain or Lock stitch. The lightest running, most durable and most popular machine in the world.

Send For Catalogue. Best Goods. Best Terms. Agents Wanted.

Wheeler & Wilson Mfg. Co.,

Philadelphia, Pa.

EDITORIAL REMARKS.

The smoke nuisance in Pittsburg will be stopped, if the Democrats get full control of the country, because free trade will close all the factories.

The criminal suit brought by the Democrats against Labor Commissioner Peck, of New York, was dismissed on Monday by the Court. The counsel for the prosecution did not appear and it was evident the Democrats had come to the conclusion that it would be folly to fool with Peck for proving that wages have been increased under the McKinley bill.—Somerset Standard.

The Democrats are raising a great howl about the money that is being contributed by the great manufacturers to the Republican campaign fund. They forget, however, to mention the big sums that are being contributed to their own campaign fund by the wealthy importers of foreign goods. American goods are good enough for us. In fact they are the best and cheapest goods we can buy. If American business men are willing to put money into the campaign, it is the best kind of evidence that our own business interests demand it, and why should we desire to

see the business of foreign countries flourish in preference to our own?

For the Thoughtful Consideration of Voters.

Before another week rolls around you will go to the different polling places of the country to cast your votes for some one whom you want to see elected President of this, the greatest, the grandest and the most powerful nation on earth.

Of course, every intelligent voter in the land knows that either Benjamin Harrison or Grover Cleveland will be elected to fill this high office for the next four years. Vote with whichever party you choose, you will in a measure help to elect one of these two men. For example, if you heretofore have been a Republican, and this year vote the Prohibition ticket, you will be taking a vote from Harrison and thereby help Cleveland's chances, knowing as you do that there is no show whatever to elect a Prohibition President.

It is therefore a plain case that the struggle for supremacy will, as usual, be between the Republican and the Democratic parties, and the question now arises, Which do you prefer—Harrison and protection, or Cleveland and free trade? As for our opinion, we believe firmly that Harrison and protection will be victorious, and we believe that we can give good reasons why every intelligent and patriotic citizen of the United States should vote that ticket.

To begin with, the Republican party has a grand record—a record, it is never ashamed of, but always points to with pride. It is the party of Abraham Lincoln; it is the party that freed over four millions of slaves; it is the party that gave us a sound currency; it is the party, in fact, that gave us nearly every blessing of modern civilization that we now enjoy.

Now, we do not like to refer to the past record of the Democratic party, for several reasons. One reason is because ever since Buchanan's time it has had a very bad record, and another reason is that whenever we refer to that record some of our Democratic friends feel insulted; although there are very few who ever attempt to dispute that the past record of their party is very bad.

Our Northern Democrats, of course, are, in the main, good, patriotic citizens, and are no doubt ashamed of the past record of their party. Many of them were brave Union soldiers and fought to wipe out the curse of slavery. But why any intelligent Northern man should continue to belong to a party that has for its backbone the ignorant and illiterate South, largely made up of ex-rebels and ex-slave drivers, is past finding out. Northern Democrats, especially you who were in the Union army, why not vote the way you shot? Why should any old soldier vote for Cleveland? When the war broke out Mr. Cleveland was a bachelor and had nothing to keep him from going to war in defense of his country; he had no family ties to sever, no loving wife and children to leave behind. But did he go to war? No; he hired a substitute and afterwards allowed him to die in a poor house. And what did Mr. Cleveland do when he filled the Presidential chair? He vetoed more pension bills than all the other Presidents combined. He also wanted the Rebel flags captured in the war, returned. Furthermore, while he was President he went fishing on Decoration day, while a grateful nation was decorating the graves and honoring the memory of our departed heroes. Think of it—the President of the United States, who should have been foremost in observing Decoration day, along the banks of a stream, fishing, on that day! The blush of shame should come to his enormous cheeks, and no Union soldier should vote for such a coarse, ungrateful, ill-mannered man. But how about General Harrison? Well, he has never vetoed one pension bill; he never went fishing on Decoration day, and if you go back to when the war broke out, you will find that he buckled on his armor and went into the great struggle. He kissed his loving wife and family goodbye and responded to his country's need. He was a brave and daring soldier, and there is nothing in his whole history that is unmanly or unpatriotic. Old soldiers, which of these two men has the better record? Which will you vote for, brave soldier Ben, or Grover the pension bill vetoer and substitute hater? Perhaps you are getting a pension. If so, you believe that you are entitled to it, do you not? But would you be getting that pension if it wasn't for Republican legislation? No, you wouldn't and you know it. The Democrats in Congress are the men who always have voted against every bill that was ever brought up for the benefit of the old Union veterans. Most of the Democrats in Congress are from the South, and the Northern Democrats who would be willing to help the old soldiers are handicapped by the Southern wing of their party; hence all legislation for the benefit of the soldier naturally had to come through the Republican party. This being the case, and it can not be

disputed, we again ask, why should any old soldier vote the Democratic ticket?

Now let us turn to the present platforms of the two parties. Among other things the Republican party advocates a protective policy, reciprocity and sound currency, which means protection to American labor, increased home and foreign markets, good wages for our workmen, good prices for our producers and prosperous times for the people in general. But some one will say, "protection makes too many millionaires and syndicates." Let us see whether it does. When we had free trade, what was the result? The result was that it made syndicates and millionaires by the score, but in England instead of the United States. Those millionaires built scores of large factories in England and employed thousands of English workmen to manufacture goods for Americans. We had to depend on England for our merchandise, and her millionaires knowing this, charged us much more for goods of all kinds than we are paying now. We all know this. But the Republican party put a high protective tariff on foreign goods, and what was the result? Manufacturing plants sprung up on this side of the water as if by magic, and today we are the greatest manufacturing nation on earth. American workmen now manufacture our own goods and home competition has made merchandise of nearly all kinds much cheaper than it ever was before. Who, then, wants to go back to the "good old Democratic free trade days," when agriculture was the only thing for our people to be engaged in and laborers could be hired for from 25 to 50 cents a day, payable in farm produce or the worthless "red dog" or "wild cat" Democratic money of those days? 'Tis true that protection makes millionaires and syndicates, but we need them and must have them in order to be a prosperous people. What would the town of McKeesport, Pa., be today if it wasn't for the syndicate that built the National Tub Works, which gives employment to 7,000 men? Would the town have risen from an obscure village to a city of 30,000 inhabitants, in a few years? Hardly, few low citizens, hardly. If there were no millionaires and great syndicates in this country, who would build our large factories and machine shops? And if we would not have these thousands of factories, which our rich men have built by the aid of protection, where would our millions of laborers all find employment? And what would our farmers do for a home market? But some will say, "the laborer does not get his share of the benefit of protection." Doubtless in many cases he does not; but how would free trade benefit his condition or even make it half as good? Calamity howls are cheap, but all the same there never was a time in American history when the laboring classes of the United States were better paid than now and when a poor man could enjoy as many luxuries and dress himself and family as well as at the present time. These are facts that can not be set aside and which statistics will bear us out on. The McKinley bill did not raise the price of the poor man's dinner pail, as we were told it would do, but it established tin plate factories in this country that are giving work to thousands of American workmen, and if this tin industry is not wiped out by returning the Democratic party to power, it will not be long until the poor man can buy a dinner pail for half the present price of one.

And what is this Republican reciprocity? For example, it is this: We can raise no coffee, neither can we produce as much sugar as we need. We therefore say to Brazil: "We will admit your coffee and sugar to our ports, free of tariff, if you will reciprocate by admitting our manufactured goods, implements, flour, pork, beef, etc., to your ports, free of tariff." This is a benefit to the consumers of coffee and sugar in this country, and it is a fair sample of reciprocity. But at the same time, in order to not damage our own sugar industry, the government pays all our sugar producers a bounty sufficient to make up for competition of foreign producers. "Reciprocity, then, is about the same as free trade." Some one may remark "Oh no, for it only admits such things free of tariff that we can not produce in sufficient quantities ourselves. We do not say to England: "We will admit your steel rails, cutlery, clothing, etc., to our ports, free of tariff, on condition that you will reciprocate the favor." Therefore, reciprocity is not free trade, for we do not propose to let England supply our markets with such things as we can manufacture ourselves.

But the Democratic party says in its platform that Republican protection is a fraud. In the same platform it also favors a return to the old State banking system, which means a return of the worthless currency known as "red dog" and "wild cat" money. In short, the Democratic party wants to get back into power on dead issues and by ridiculing everything that is truly American and that has made this nation the greatest,

the grandest, the richest and the most powerful on earth. But who wants to return to the old mossback free trade system and the days of "red dog" and "wild cat" money? We do not believe such a doctrine can win in this enlightened age. Neither do we believe that the Democratic sneer at American tin will gain them any votes. It is no crime for us to make our own tin plate; it is an achievement that all patriotic citizens should feel proud of. Why is it, anyway, that the Democratic party always hoots at everything that is American? And why should any patriotic citizen vote that ticket?

And why should any patriotic citizen vote the People's party ticket? Who is it headed by and where and for what purpose was it brought into existence? The People's party was conceived in the brain of way Southern ex-Rebels, who saw in it a chance to overthrow the Republican party. Speakers were accordingly sent North to arouse the unsuspecting Northern farmers, to get them to organize farmers' alliances. At first it was to be no political organization, but as soon as enough ex-Rebels, Democrats and Republican soreheads and outcasts could be smuggled into it, the People's party grew out of it, which is today the most corrupt and senseless political organization that ever sprung into existence. It is today headed by Calamity Weaver, of Iowa, and a man named Field, who was a Rebel officer. Suppose Weaver and Field should be elected and Weaver should die in office. In such an event Field, an ex-Rebel, would fill the presidency, the highest office in the gift of the people. Would any of us want to see such a state of affairs? We think not. It is not likely that many Northern voters will be hoodwinked into voting that ticket, for the Southerners who claim to belong to the new party have already proven that they are not acting in good faith, and we believe that there are not many Northern men who are going to be led into a trap. The late Georgia election should be an eye-opener to Northern people who belong to the People's party. Notwithstanding the good treatment shown Field when he lectured in the North, and the pretended good faith of the Southern wing of the People's party, the late Georgia election resulted in a greater Democratic victory than ever, which shows that the Southerners voted as they always voted before—Democratic. Furthermore, when Mr. Weaver, the ex-Union soldier, went South to propound the People's party doctrine, he and his wife were rotten egged, and the only name that they heard cheered was that of Grover Cleveland. Furthermore, we are personally acquainted with some of the leading men of the People's party, having lived several years in one of their banner states, and we know from our own personal knowledge, that they are among the most corrupt men in the United States. Therefore, it is just as hard for us to see why any intelligent voter should vote the People's ticket as to vote the Democratic ticket.

Another thing we can not understand is why any Irishman should vote the Democratic ticket. England has always been Ireland's oppressor, and it being a well-known fact that England is today more interested in Cleveland's election than the Democratic party itself is, we can not understand why any of our Irish citizens should vote the Democratic ticket and thereby aid their former oppressors. These things are all significant and worth thinking about, and we believe every intelligent voter who thoughtfully and honestly considers these things, laying all prejudice aside, will vote the Republican ticket this fall, the straight Republican ticket and nothing but the Republican ticket. Our ticket is a good one from top to bottom, far the best in the field. The Republican party is the party of Lincoln, Grant, Garfield and Blaine. The Democratic party is the party of secession, of Jeff Davis, Boss Tweed, "King Veto" and corrupt Tammany Hall. The People's party is the party of the most corrupt politicians outcasts that ever disgraced the ranks of the two old parties, and all it is fit for or calculated for is a Democratic aid society. The other little parties cut no figure, and we will let the helpless rest. Let every voter turn out next Tuesday, and may the Republican vote be the largest ever polled. The business interests of the whole country demand a continuance of the Harrison administration.

It is said, but we will not vouch for the truth of it, that one of our local ministers was recently so much surprised at seeing a certain man in church, that he walked back to where he was sitting, shook hands with the man and said: "I am glad to see you here in the house of God; come often, please, and later on I feel sure that you will renounce sin and Satan and come over to the Lord's side." The sinner is said to have hesitated a moment, then lifted up his voice with a handspike, and said: "Impossible, dear boy in broadcloth, I am too hard a Democrat to ever become mixed up to any great extent with the righteous."