The Laughlin Nail works at Martins Fer ry, O., made last week in five and a half days, 11,200 kegs of nails, weighing 550 tons. This is claimed to be the biggest week's work ever done by any nail mill in the

The street car conductors and motormen f Memphis struck for 18 instead of 14 cents

The strikers at the Boggs Run mine, at Wheeling, W. Va., who have been out several months, returned to work at the old

from the painful accident which befell him at the Laurel House, Lakewood, N. J., Wednesday, and no serious consequences

A collision of trains on the Northern Pa-cific Railroad at North Town Junction killed Fireman Bell and wounded eight

A southbound express on the Housatonic railroad crashed into a wagon belonging to Captain J. S. Barnes, of Lenox, at Lee, Mass., instantly-killing the occupants of the wagon, Captain Barnes, coachman and Jerry Donovan, also both horses. The badies of the men were horribly mangled.

The lost steem barge Nashua was discovered bottom upward in Lake Huron, near Bayfield. No trace of c.ew or passengers was found, and it is believed they were all

A freight train on the Missouri Pacfic road dropped through a burning bridge about 60 miles west of Council Grove, Kans. Engineer C. T. Peffer, son of the United States Senator, and Fireman Clinton Howard were instantly killed and another man

Crime and Penalties

In Lenone county, N. C., a negro farm hand named Wakefield attacked his wife and two negroes, and shot and cut all three. The injuries are all pronounced fatal. Wakefield was captured.

A cottage at Powder Horn Lake, Minn. was searched and found to be a robbers' den. The occupant, named Neil, was also found to be in possession of a convict suit. In a large kitchen were found six highly polished skulls and other human box

Congressional Nomination tongressman Tom L. Johnson was nomi-ted by the Democrats for re-election in Twenty-first Ohio district at Cleveland.

The Republican convention of the Third Mississippi district nominated G. W. Giles, colored, for Congress. The Second Arkansas District Democrata

cominated A. M. Middlebrook, colored, for Congress, but Middlebrook stated that for obvious reasons he would not accept the mination. No further nomination was ade, however, and the convention ad-

This resolution has been adopted by the Conference Committee of the Business Men's Cleveland and Stevenson Club, of New York: "Resolved, That this commit-New York: "Resolved, I have the tee, through its Chairman, extends to the President of the United States its sympathy in his anxiety and affliction, and earnestly His wise judgment restore Mrs. Harristo health."

Senator Mills of Texas, has recovered sufficiently from his illness to fulfill his campaign engagements in Illinois the latter part of the week.

Political,

The Populists and the Democrats of Min. nesota have completed their fusion. The Democratic Presidential electors have withdrawn, and the People's party electors are indorsed. The Democrats have now but one straight-out candidate in the field, O'Brien, for Congress.

The fusion of the Democrats and the People's party in North Dakota has been completed by the withdrawal of the Democratic

The Pittsburg, Pa., city physician summed up the number of deaths in that city for the past week and found that there were 105. This is the lowest number of deaths for three weeks and is less than general at this time of year, all of which shows the city to be in excellent condition, so far as sickness nd death are concerned.

Washingon

of State Foster has been inform ed by the United States Minister to Brazil that the quarantine against the United States has been removed

THE CHOLERA IN EUROPE,

The Plague Continues to Increase at Rouen and Buda Pesth.

Fifteen new cholera cases and two deaths were reported Friday, while the disease has also appeared at Notre Dame de Londeville, also appeared at Notre Dame de Londeville, where, up to the present; six cases and two deaths are reported. The disease is attributed to the pointed Seine water, in which the sewerage of hundreds of towns and vil-

In consequence of the spread of cholera the parliamentary sitting will be transferred from Buda Pesth to Vienna. The city authorities have proved their utter inability to cope with the disease, and have consented to place the work in the hands of State officials.

officials.

At Hamburg, there were \$4 fresh cases of cholers and six deaths Saturday. The burials numbered 121, 36 more than the daily average in ordinary times. In the hospital 754 patients are under treatment.

—A RICH MINE.—Five carloads of ors
from the Seven Stars mine have just been
sold for \$20,000 at Prescott, Arizona. This
mine, which has been attracting so much
attention of late, has recently, developed an
additional body of ore and is rapidly inreasing in richness.

LUED TENNYSON DEAD.

England's Poet Laureate Passed Peace-fully Away to Unknown Shores. Lord Tennyson, the Poet Laureate of England, died at 1:35 o'clock Thursday

England, died at 1:35 o'clock Thursday morning, at his home in London.

In an interview with Sir Andrew Clarke, one of the physicians who attended the Poet Laureate, he said that Lord Tennyson's death was the most glorious that he had ever seen. There was no artificial light in the room, and the chamber was almost in darkness save where a broad flood of moonlight poured in through a western window. The moon's rays fell across the bed upon which the dying man lay, bathing him in their Pellucid light and forming a Rembrandt-like background to the scene. All was silent save the soughing of the wind as it gently played through the trees surrounding the house—a fitt ng requiem for the gentle poet, who sang of love and the beauties of nature.

ties of nature.

Motionless Lord Tennyson lay upon his couch, the tide of his life gently and slowly ebbing out into the ocean of the infinite. No rocks of pain or sorrow checked its course or caused a ripple upon the outgoing tide. As peacefully and gently as he had lived, so he died, looking until the end into the eyes of those dear to him. All the members of his family were by his bedside, and Sir Andrew Clarke remained by his side until he breathed his last. So gentle and painless was his passing away that the family did not know he had gone gone until Dr. Clarke broke the news to Lady Tennyson, who bore the closing scenes of her trial well in spite of her extremely delicate health.

The Hon, Mr. Hallam Tennyson, now Lord Tennyson, says his father's death was eminently peaceful and thore was not the alightest trace of suffering. Once or twice during the night he smiled at those sitting by his bedside, and when the end came he appeared as one going to sieep. Motionless Lord Tennyson lay upon his

appeared as one going to sleep.



LORD ALFRED TENNYSON.

Lord Alfred Tennyson's illness dates from Sept. 27, when he became chilled while driving. A cold resulted, which developed into influenza. For the last four days he had been lying at the point of death.

Sir Andrew Clark, England's royal physician, was sent by the queen to attend him, and the whole nation offered up prayers for his recovery, but to no avail. His vigorous constitution enabled him to make a prolonged struggle with death, but the eigenome fact, at least vigorous up to one was a oregone fact, at least vigorous up to within a dine of cert to his death, and he expressed of cert to eight the tuture world.

Alfred Tennyson was born on August 6, 1809, at Somerby, a village in Lincolnshire, about half way between Spilsby and Horncattle. He was one of the 12 children (of whom seven were sons) of the five, G. Clayton Tennyson, L. L. D., rector of Sumerby and year of Grimsby Alfred was taught the rudimentary subjects, partly at home and partly a "Bedney's Village School." Alfred Tennyson's first verses were written upon the model of Thomson's "Seasons," In 1828 he went to Trinity College, Cambridge, and 1829 gained a gold medal for a poem on Timbuctoo. He published his first volume about this time, and in 1828 his second volume was published by Mr. Edward Moxon. The story that "Locksley Hall" was based upon per-sonal experience is said to have not the slightest foundation.

In 1850 he was married to Miss Emily Sellwood, and in the same year succeeded Woodsworth as poet laureate, and produced on the day of the funeral of the Duke of Weilington (November, 1852,) his immortal "Ode." The Crimean war exerted a depressing effect on the sensitive genius, as evidenced by his poem "Maud." After a selection of the second of his dulys Tennyson had issued "Econoch Arden" Versers here when the cycle was completed by the publication of the "Holy Grall and Other Poems" (1869). In the interval between the publication of the second of his dulys Tennyson had issued "Econoch Arden" between the publication of the second of his

Other Poems' (1869). In the interval between the publication of the second of his Idyls Tennyson had issued "Enoch Arden" (1864). He has since then published the "Window, or the Songs of the "Wrens" (1870) and several dramas, lyrics, ballads, etc.

Songs of the "Wiens" (1870) and several dramas, lyrics, ballads etc.

"A Concordance to the entire Works of Alfred Tennyson," published in 1849, is a remarkable proof of the Laureate's wonderful popularity. At the Commenoration of 1855, the University of Oxford, giving expression to the universal feeling of England, conferred on the poet the honorary degree of D. C. L., and the fellows of his own college, Trinity, Cambridge, endorsing the Indgment of the sister university, subscribed to purchase his bust (by Woolner), which they have placed in the vestibule of their library, and in 1899 th y unanimously elected him an honorary fellow of the college.

THE LAUREATE SOM FORM ON BATH. Tennyson's admirers recall one of the most beautiful lyrics of the English language, written by the poet in his 80th year, on this very subject of death. It forms a fitting song for his own going out. It is entitled "Crossing the Bar," and is as follows:

Sunset and evening star, And one clear call for me!

Sunset and evening star,
And one clear call for me!
And may there be no monning of the bar
When I put out to sea;

But such a tide as moving seems asleep,
Too full for sound and foam,
When that which drew from out the boundless
deep
Turns again home,

Twilight and evening bells,
And after that the dark!
And may there be no sadness of farewells
When I embark;

For though from out our bourne of Time and

The floods may bear me far, I hope to see my Pilot face to face When I have crossed the bar. RILEY'S TRIBUTE.

THE HOOSIES POET SINGS IN PRAISE OF THE DEAD MASTER.

James Whitcomb Riley contributed to the Indianapolis News the following tribute to Tennyson:
We of the New World clasp bands with the Old
a new tervor and with firmer hold
had mobile fellowship,
had mobile fellowship, in new fervor ellowship.

It mobiles ellowship.

It mobiles with the finger-tip of death laid thus on thy melodious lip. It sees thou hast honored with thine art, the sages wet unborn, thou will be part by all songs pure and true. Then now the universal hornage due from O.d and New World—aye and still the New York or the same of the same of

THE DALTON'S EXTERMINATED

A BOLD ROBBER GANG WIPED OF

They Make Their Last Raid and Ten Determined Men Lose Their Lives. The Bloodiest Bandit Battle Ever Fought in Bleeding Kansas.

Wednesday morning, shortly after the first, Nationat Bank of Coffeeyville, Kan-sas opened its doors, five mounted men rode up before the bank. Three of them entered and with drawn revolvers ordered the cashier to hand over the money in the safe and vault. The cashier at first refused and a bullet whizzed by his head. A number of cit zens were attracted by the unusual sight of the mounted men in front of the bank,

of five mounted men in front of the bank, and when the sound of the shot was heard they rushed into the bank and a general fusillade followed.

The robbers retreated from the bank and attempted to gain their horses, at the same time firing their revolvers at the citizens who were attempting to kill or capture them. In the fight seven men were killed, four badly wounded, and two of the robbers captured. Two of the latter are said to be mortally wounded. They are members of the famous Dalton gang.

recognized as members of the Dalton gang of onulaws.

The robbers fired at the crowd of citizens, and the shots were returned with precision and effect. The fighting became a general one, and bullets ites thick and fast. When the smoke of the battle cleared away, four of the Dalton gang were lying dead on the ground, and three citizens were also killed. Two of the robbers were wounded, and three citizens had received serious bullet wounds. One of the gang succeeded in escaping, but a mounted posse is in pursuit, and it is certain that he will be captured.

ALL THE STOLEN MONEY RECOVERED.

After the battle was over search was made for the money which the bandits had secured from the two banks. It was found in the sacks where it had been placed by the robbers. One sack was found under the body of Bob Dalton, who had fallen dead upon it while he was escaping from the First National Bank. The other was found tightly clutched in Texas Jack's hand. The money was restored to its rightful owners.

The bodies of those of the attacking party who were killed were removed to their respective homes, while the bodies of the dead bandits were allowed to remain where they had fallen until the arrival of the Coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the Coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the Coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the coroner from Independence who had then seemoved to the coroner from Independence, who had them seemoved to the coroner from Independence who had then seemoved to the coroner from Independence who had the seemoved to the coroner from Independence who had then seemoved to the coroner from Independence who had the medical strength o

HISTORY OF THE BAND.

THEY BEGIN BY CATTLE STEALING AND END IT BANK AND TRAIN ROBBERIES.

The Daltons were a numerous family. There were five boys and three girls. Of the boys two were engaged in farming—one in Oklahoma, where he mother of the family lives, and one near Coffeyville, where three of the brothers met their death to-day. The Daltons were second cousins of the noted James boys, who defied the law in Missouri for so many years, and through them were related to the Youngers, who are now serving life terms of impresoment in the pentitentiary of Minnesota.

Bob Dalton was the first of the boys to enter upon a ca eer of crime. While he was scarcely more than a boy he became s

was scircely more than a boy he became of cattle thief and did a thriving business, driving off cattle from the her's on the Cherokee Strip, and taking them across the Indian Territory into Colorado, where he would sell them He was joined soon after he entered the business by his brother, Gration Dalton. Their depredations became so frequent and troublestrate that the attlemen organized to drive them from the trip. A poss-of cowboys was formed for that purpose and gave the Daltons a hard chase, finally losing them in the wilds of New Mexico.

The next heard of the Daltons was in California, where they took to train and stage robbing. While robbing a stage there are of the passengers was killed in the at-

California, where they took to train and stage robing. While robing a stage there are of the passengers was killed in the attack. This spurred the office s on to extraordinary efforts to effect the capture of the gang, and Grat Dalton was finally captured. While being taken to a place for safe keeping, he was rescued by the other members of the gang, the whole party finally escaping after being chased in California and through a good part of Arizona. In the spring of 1889, the gang turned upagain in the Indian Territory when Oklahome was opened to settlement, the Dalton boys secured a choice claim for their mother near Hennessey, where she still lives supported by one of her sons. At the time of the opening, Bob Dalton was a United States Marshal, being selected on account of his peculiar fitness to deal with desperate characters.

Af er the opening he returned to his life of outlawry and he and Grat were then joined by their brother Emmett, the youngest of the brothers. They were at that time also joined by Texas Jack, and soon gathered by the proper of the Delive's career from their stand of the Delive's career from their stand

It was then that the most successful period of the Dalton's career, from their stand point, began.

Their attention was first directed to the robbing of express trains and perpetrated many successful "heid-ups," the most noted of which are the robberies of the Santa Fe at Wharton and Red Rock; the Missouri Pacific at Adair, and the Frisco near Vinita

that The Wharton robbery was, perhaps, the most dramatic of all. The robbers went to Wharton on horsebuck, and, entering the station there, asked the operator if the train was on time. He replied that he would inquie, and was about to do so, when one of the band, tearing that the operator had recognized them, shot him dead upon the

spot without a word of warning. When the train arrived it was held up after the regu-

train arrived it was held up after the regulation manner.

After the pursuit of the robbers which followed, Outlaw Ed Bryant was captured at Enid by Deputy United States Marshal Ed Short, known throughout the entire Territory as a most brave officer. Short placed his captive in a baggage car of a Santa Fetrain to take him to Guthrie. He had disarmed him, placing his brace of revolvers on a convenient trunk, and had placed the drepe-ado in irons. When the train reached Asian: Short disembarked to send a telegraphic message.

When he re-entered the car Bryant had securred one of his weapons, and, holding it in his manaoled hand, fired, mortally wounding Short. The officer, however, had strengthenough to seize his Winchester and tumped four bullets into Bryant's body. expiring as he pulled the trigger for the last time.

There were no fatalities attending the

sumped four bullets into Bryant's body. expiring as he pulled the trigger for the last time.

There were no fatalities attending the Red Rock robbery, but the Adan robbery resulted in the death of two men. The express car was guarded on that occasion, and a hot fight between guards and the robbers took place. The place where the train was held up was in the must of the town. One stray bullet passed into the room of a physician, and, striking the physician in the head, killed him instantly. Another physician who, hearing the firing, had run in its direction, was also shot and killed.

The last train robbery by the gang was that of the 'Frisco, near Vinita. The amounts secured by the robbers in their various raids will possibly never be known. It was very great, however, and has been estimated at \$300,000.

After the 'Frisco robbery the Daltons seem to have diverted their attention to the robbery of banks. They rode into El Reno one day and attacked the onlybank in the town. The only person in the bank at the time was the wife of the Presid-int, who fainted at the first sight of the turly revolvers. The bandits leisurely took all the money in sight, and, remounting their horses, road away. This raid netted them \$10,000, which was such a severe loss to the bank that it was forced into liquidation.

Wednesday was the next and last raid of the gang, and with it ended the existence of a band equaled only in the desperate character of its undertakings by the James and Younger bands.

A HOMESTEAD DYNAMITER

An Attempt to Blow Forty Non Union is a Into Atoms.

An explosive was thrown into the Mansion House, Homestead, Pa., early Friday morning, and all the glass in the windows of the building shattered and some other little damage done. The house was occupied by about 40 boarders, but no one was injured. The building was recently purchased by the Carnegie Company from John F. Cox, and was used as a boarding house for nonunion men. The explosion caused a paniamong the boarders and great excitement in among the boarders and great exchement in the borough. The explosive, supposed to be a dynamite bomb, was thrown through the glass in the front door. A rigid investiga-tion is being made by Sheriff McCleary.

Superintendent Morrison of the Duquesne Steel Works, stated yesterday that he had proof that a man who has been prominent-ly identified with not only the Homestead strike, but who was conspicuous in an at Duquesne, Pa., last year, recently purchased 100 pounds of dynamite. To guard strike, but who was conspicuous in the strike chased 100 pounds of dynamite. To guard against a repetition of Friday's attempt, Sheriff McCleary placed a deputy on guard at each of the four large boarding houses where non-union men are quartered, while two deputies will hereafter patrol the town at night.

GENERALLY DEPLORED.

GENERALLY DEPLORED.

The strikers and people of Homestead generally deplore the affair, as they realize that it will tend to alienate the sympathy of the masses from them. The Advisory Board issued a statement deploring the attempt to blow up the house and condemning such actions very strongly. They say they have been trying to show that they are law-abiding citizens and want to continue in that way. It is intimated in the statement that the work was done to keep the troops and deputy sheriffs in Homestead: The state ment concludes as follows:

"We want it distinctly understood that we condemn all such outrages, and to convince the pub is we are in arness we hereby offer a reward of one criminal, whether he be a non-union man or a lock wheat man."

A GRASSHOPPER SCOURGE. Myriads of Them in Kansas and Missouri,

Myriads of grasshoppers have appeared in Buchanan (Kansas) and adjoining counties and are rapidly destroying the winter wheat. The hoppers are not of the variety that appeared in 1879, but are the common field preschoppers that they in any least the peared in 1879, but are the common field grasshopper that stays in one locality an entire season. The warm, dry weather he hatched them out by the millions, and unless a cold rain or frost comes immense dam age will be done.

The reports of the appearance of swarms of grasshoppers in various parts of the country are getting so numerous that they are beginners.

ning to cause some auxie y regarding the tender winter wheat plant which is just ap pearing above ground. Fourteen counties in Missouri report to the State secretary of the board of agriculture that the insec's are so poard of agriculture that the finest s are so numerous that they are causing alarm to the farmers. In many paris of Kansas they are said to be threatening to destroy many acres

COLLISION AT A CROSSING. A Train Strik sa Street Car, Killing Tw Passengers and Injuring Three Others.

A Ciucinnati street car on the Fairmount fine was struck by a train on the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern railroad at the Brighton crossing Wednesday evening, kill-ing two passengers and seriously injuring two more besides the conductor. The watch-man at the crossing raised the gates and allowed the car to pass through. Before it go safely passed, however, the train rushed down upon it, striking the rear platform turning the car over and throwing passen gers in every direction. The dead are: John Fries and John L. Murray.

John Fitzpatrick, the conductor of the car, was seriously hurt and two passengers, named Jacob Fitzpaget and James Johnson, were also badly out and bruised.

Another Peck Report.

Labor Commissioner Peck of New York has issued another section of his statistical has issued another section of his statistical tables on wages and, labor. The section consists of tables E. and F. They show that of 177,701 men in the construction trades from whom reports have been received, 177,634 had their condition improved by 177,634 had their condition improves by protection, and 17 were less prosperous. Table F shows that of 112,342 working people heard from not a single one was required to work more hours, but all had hours of work reduced. Of the laborers reported 6,342 had their wages increased and 17 reduced. Employers reporting are of bethesters. LATER STATE NEWS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

AN ALTOONA HUNTER KILLED.

AN ALTOONA HUNTER KILLED.

Hayes E. Butler, employed in the Roasting Paper Mills, Blair county, had one side of his head blown off by a charge of buckshot on Short Mountain. Butler was hunting in company with four others. William E. Gates was climbing over a fence, when his gun was discoarged accidently, Butler receiving the load. The victim cannot live.

STRANGLED TO DEATH BY A WINDOW. During the absence of his parents from home at Fleetwood, Berks county, Eugene Merkel, age 15, tried to get into the house by the way of the window, when the sash fell on his head and he was found in that position several hours later, strangled to

on several hours later, strangled to

On the assumption that 10,000,000 official and sample ballots will be required for the coming election, a taxpayer with a head for flutres has discovered that, with the tickets 52x22 inches, it will require as much paper as would completely cover two and eighttenths square miles of ground, or about 1,800 acres. Stretched in a single line, they would reach 8,207 miles, or about one-third the destance around the globe.

James B. Schaffer, engineer and R. B. Johnston, his fireman were smrithered to death in a tunnel, near Sendy Creek, by smoke from their stallet engine which had yome to a dead stop in the tunnel.

David and Homer King, of West Middlesex, pulled an 18-pound pike out of the Shenango river on Thursday afternoon.

-0HIO-

THAT MOON-EYED HORES.

The "moon-eyed horse case," which has exhausted all the horse knowledge of the county coarts, where it has been fought ever since the spring of '91, was finally decided at Steubenville in favor of the defendant. Both parties live in Warren township. Nearly two years ago Henry Merkie sold a horse to George Medill. Two, weeks after the sale the horse went blind. Veterinary experts pronounced the disease hereditary, deciaring that it could not develop in the solor time mentioned, and therefore the seller must have known of the animal's defect. The queer feature of the case was that while the horse was unquessionably blind at times at others he hab better than normal sight. The moon's changes, it is said, did the busine-s for the brute, his vision varying as the moon waxed or waned. Finally experts pronounced the case one of periodic ophthalmia, and Merkie made good his defense that he sold the horse on trial and that up to the time the trial ended and the horse was accepted there was nothing wrong and that the a himal was all right when the plaintif took him on trial.

right when the plaintif took him on that.

BAD ICE CREAM CAUSED SEVERAL PEATHS.

At a reception held recently at the home of Ross Johnson, at High Ridge. 15 people ate ice cream made from milk that stood in water that flowed through a sewer. Physicians say the milk was affected with becterias, which resulted in all who ate of the ice cream contracting typhoid fever. James Johnson have died and several more deaths are expected.

DEMOCRATS SWEEP GEORGIA. They Carry the State by About 80,000. The People's Party Makes a Very Poor Showing. Georgia has voted the Democratic ticket

Georgia has voted the Democratic ticket by about 80,000. Wednesday noon it was admitted that the Democrats had 30,000 majority; the agricultural counties being conceded to the People's party, it was here that the surprise was shown. When the re-ports from these counties began to come in they showed a steady stream of big majori-ties for the Democrats. The counties known to be hot-beds of third partyism came up with a surprising change of front. came up with a surprising change of The People's party leaders were completely demoralized. Rockdale, the home county of People's Candidate Peek, gave 500 majority

Falls in Many Pennsylvania and New York Towns and Covers the Catskills. York Towns and Covers the Catskills.

The first snow of the season fell at Philadelphia Wednesday afternoon. At Frackville, Pa., a blustery snow storm occured which soon covered the ground, prevailing along the whole of Broad Mountain. The storm continued unabated for over an hour, but disappeared almost as rapidly as it fell, A slight snow also occurred at Pittsburg. Dispatches from Rochester, Schenectady, Kingstown, Watertown and Buffalo, all in New York State, report light flurries of snow in those cities. The peaks of the Catskills are covered with snow, which fell to the depth of two inches. The ground was covered from Delhi to Big Indian, covering a section of many miles

REVENUE OFFICERS KILLED. Three Shot by Moonshiners-Uncle

Sam After the Murderers.

In a desperate fight with moonshiners, in Lincoln county, Tenn., three Internal Revenue officers were shot. S. D. Mather, Deputy Collector, was killed, and Joseph S. Spurrier, Special Deputy Collector, and C. S. Cardwell, Deputy General Collector, were mortally wounded.

C. S. Cardwell, Deputy ceneral Conector, were mortally wounded.

Instructions have been telegraphed from Washington to Marshal Harrison, Collector Nunn and Revenue Agents Chapman and Knisley to procure assistance and proceed at once to the scene of action and arrest all persons connected with the tragedy.

CONNECTICUT IS CLOSE. Resublicans Carry a Majority of the

Returns from 131 towns out of the 162 which voted in Connecticut on Tuesday, show that the Republicans have carried 69, the Femocrats 53, and that in nine results ree divided. The vote has been very close, and where some towns have shown Republican gains others have scored Republican

THE DALTON REWARD MONEY.

It Will Be Paid When the Dead Men's Identity Is Established.
Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco, have telegraphed the officials at Coffeyville, Kas., that as soon as the identity of the dead Daltons is established, the rewards, made up jointly by the Southern Pacific railroad and the express company, amounting to \$1000. the express company, amounting to \$3,000, would be forwarded.

A Contrast in the Weather Line. Snow fell in Troy, Pa., Thursday for the first time this season. A year ago Thurs-day in Troy the thermometer registered 93° above zero.

GOOD TRADE CONTINUES.

The Approaching Election Has Not Unsettled Business.

R. G. Dun & Co's Weekly Review of

R. G. Dun & Co's Weekly Review of Trade says:

The first week of October shows more activity in spile of the near approach of the Presidential election. Business is distinctly better at the South on account of the improvements in the price of cotion; more active at the West, with improved crop prospects, and only slightly retarded at the East. The moderate increase in the denand for money at New York, which preceded the October settlement, has passed without any embarrassment, and the rate for money on call has declined from 5½ to 4½ per cent., while at other cities the money markets on call has declined from by to 42 per cent, while at other cities the money markets are reported abundantly supplied with funds. The expected reaction from the extreme low price of cotton helps business at the South, and, although wheat is low in price, it is a little better than it was a week

price, it is a little better than it was a week ago.

At Philadelphia trade in jewelry and paints is sat sfactory, in liquors and tobacco good, and steady in chemicals, while businets in groceries is rully qual to last year. Business is brighter at Bautimore and the packing trade opens with great promise, while building transactions are heavy.

At Chicinnati trade in groceries is good, and in the month of September ab ut 30 per cent. greater than last year, while other trade is serive and money growing somewhat stiff. At Indianapolis there is a boom in manufacturing, and railroads find it exceedingly difficut to hancle all the tomage offened. At Detroit manufacturing is decidedly active and works are employed full-time

offered. At Detroit manufacturing is decidedly active and works are employed full-time

Chicago reports a large trade in merchandise and good collections, with bank clearings 14 per cent. larger than a year ago and a decided increase in real estate and lumber transactions. Receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep are slightly larger than a year ago, but receipts of flour, barley, cheese, hides and dressed beef are double last year; of wheat and butter, three times last year, and of costs and broom corn, four times last year, and of costs and broom corn, four times last year, and of costs and broom corn, four times last year, and of costs and broom corn, four times last year, and of costs and broom corn, four times last year, and a decrease being noted only in seeds, lard, wool and rye. At St. Paul trade is materially greater than a year ago, and at Minneapolis very good, lumber being nunusually active and the output of flour 20,000 barrels, against 194,000 last year. Business at St. Louis is more active than usual and collections prompt. At Kansas City, trade is steady, cattle receipts heavy and collections fairly satisfactory.

At Omaha business is good, particularly in groceries, and at Denver business is improving, which large sales of tobacco; at Naslavile trade is fair and at Memphis improving, and a decided improvement is noted at New Orleans, with better prices for cotton and very good collections.

The iron industry is doing well. Notwith-

and the demand gives a declarenty sumer tone to the market.

The business failures during the last seven days numbered, for the United States 194, (anada 36, total 220, as compared with 205 last week, 211 the week previous to the last, and 2:0 for the corresponding week

WHAT IS TREASON & A Letter on the Subject from Ex Chief Justice Agnew.

The Pittsburg (Pa.) Commercial Gazetts requested Chief Justice Agnew's opinion as to what constituted "Treason," and received the following reply:

To the Editor of the Commercial Gazetts.

the following reply:
To the Editor of the Commercial Gasette.

The Commercial Gazette asks my opinion as to treason against the State.

At the onteer I must say I can give none as to the Homestead cases. They are in the hands of the judiciary and it would be improper to interfers and it would be improper to interfers. It is that the state, and is defined thus:

"If say person owing allegiance to the common wealth of Pennsylvana shall levy war against the same, or shall adhere to the enemies thereof, giving them aid and comfort within the state or elsewhere, and shall be thereof convicted on confession in open court, or on the testimony of two winesses to the same over act of the treason whereof he shall stand indicted, such person shall, on conviction, be adjudged gulley of treason against the common wealth of Pennsylvania, and be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding \$2,000 and underg: imprisonment by separate and soitary confinement at labor not exceeding twelve years.

"The act is definite. The traitor is one who owes allegiance to the state and is guilty of the state of it. The central thought in duty with the traitor owes to the state here." "Treason, said C. J. Marshall, is a breach of allegiance, and can be communited by him only who owes allegiance, the law. Treason includes a violation of faith. It is essence is treachery, perjury, a violation of confidence.

"Treason, said C. J. Marshall, is a breach of allegiance, and can be committed by him only who owes allegiance, either perpetual or temporary. In the Latir, it is tradere, to give up, surrender, or betray.

"Allegiance means the ligament, tie, or obligation authleet or citizen owes to his king, state or nation. Hence, treason is the breach of this ligament, or obligation is subject or citizen owes to his king, state or nation. Hence, treason is the breach of this ligament, or obligation of the state. Riot is a breach or violation of the state. Riot is a breach or violation of the state. Riot is a breach or violation of the state. Riot is a breach

or the traitor to overturn the government, or subvert the law, or destroy an institution of the state. Riot is a breach or violation of law, but without a purpose against the

of the state. Riot is a breach or violation of law, but without a purpose against the state.

"The whiskey insurrection of 1794 is an illustration of treason. The United States passed a law to levy an excise on spiris. The purpose of the insurrectionists was to resist the law itself, and compell its abandonment or repeal, and for this purpose they took up arms. It illustrates another thought—that of class, viz: the law of a class—those engaged in distilling and selling spirits.

"On the other hand the great railroad riot of 1877 illustrates a mere breach of law. Its purpose was private, to remedy the alleged wrongs of the employes, and was directed against the railroad company, and not the State. It was a terrible violation of law, including a resort to arms and murder, but the rioters had no purpose against the State in violation of their allegiance.

"The difference between treason and riot lies in the purpose, public in one, private in the other.

"Respectfully, &c., Danker Agnew."

-MAJOR JOSEPH MAGONE Walked into Chl-—MATOR JOSEPH MAGONE WAIKEd into Chl-cago on the Rock Island tracks, completing a walk of 2,100 miles from Grant county, Ore. Major Magone underbook his long tramp July 4, and, except swimming a river in Oregon, he walked every step of the way to Chicago to attend the dedicatory ex-ercises of the Columbian Exposition, Major Magone is 82 years old.

Mrs. Harrison Growing Worse, Mrs. Harrison is reported to have spent a comfortable day, but a deep feeling of anxiety and concern prevails. Dr. Gardiner, upon his visits to-day, said her condition is very serious

THEER more bodies were recovered from the Norris mines at Ironwood, Mich, Eight bodies have so far been recovered and two more lie buried under the debris.

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