REV. DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

THE TIME OF DEPARTURE.

The Sunday Sermon as Delivered by the Brooklyn Divine.

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TEXT: "The time of my departure is at hand."—II Timothy IV., 6.

Departure! That is a worl used only twice in al. the Biole. But it is a word often used in the courtroom and means the desertion of one course; of pieading for another. It is used in navigation to describe the distance between two meridians passing through the extremities of a course. It is a word thave recently heard applied to my departure from America to Europe for a preaching our to last until September. In a smaller and less significant sense than that implied in the text i can say, "The time of my departure is as hand."

Through the primiting press I address this sermon to my readers all the world over, and when they read it I will be in micocean, and unless something new happens in my my continue when applied to exchange of world. But how unimportant the world when Paul wrote. "The time of my departure when applied to exchange of world when Paul wrote." The time of my departure is all wrote. "The time of my departure is and or in the world, what was the starting place and a place of destination. When Paul left this world, what was the starting place and a place of destination. When Paul left this world, what was the starting place and a place of destination. When Paul left this world, what was the starting place and a place of destination. When Paul left this world, what was the starting place, it having no means of ingress or egress but through an opening in the top. Through that the prisoner was lowered, and through that came sell the food and air and light received. It was a scene of great private and through that came sell the food and air and light received, the was a terrible place, that upper dungeon, and that was still more weretched, the only light and the only air coming through the roof, and that roof the flower dungeon.

I was in that lower dungeon in November, and that he of the dunner that not the flower dungeon in the top. That was Faul's last earthly residence.

roof, and that roof the floor of the upper chungeon. That was Pau's last earthly residence.

I was in that lower dungeon in November, 1889. It is made of volcanic stone. I measured it, and from wall to wall it was fifteen teet. The highest of the roof was seven feet from the floor and the lowest of the roof five feet seven inches. The opening in the roof through which Paul was let down was three feet wide. The dungeon has a seat of rock two and a half feet high and a shelf of rock two and a half feet high and is shelf of rock two and a half feet high and is she of the roof high made with the cold, waiting for that old overcoat which he had sent up for to Troas and which they had not yet sent down, notwithstanding that he had written for it. If some skillful surgeon should go into that dungeon where Paul is incarcerated we might find out what are the prospects of Paul's living through the rough imprisonment. In the first place he is an old man, only two years short of seventy. At that very time when he most needs the warmth, and the sunlight, and the fresh air he is shut out from the sun. What are those scars on his ankles? Why, those were got when he was fast, his feet in the stocks. Every time the turned the flesh on his ankles started. What are those scars on his back? You know he was whipped five times, each time getting thirty sine strokes—one hundred and ninety-five bruises on the back (count then I) made with roos of eluwood, each one of the one hundred and ninety-five strokes bringing the blood.

Look at Paul's face and look at his arms. Where did he get those hunkas? It think it where

the blood.

Look at Pau's face and look at his arms. Where did he get those bruises? It think it was when he was struggling ashere amid the shivered timbers of the shipwreck. I see a gash in Paul's side. Where did he get that? I think he got that in the tussel with highwaymen, for he had been in peril of robbers and he had money of his own. He was a mechanic as well as an aposte, and I think the tents he made were as good as his sermon.

was a mechanic as well as an apostie, and I think the tents he made were as good as his sermon.

Hark! what is that shuffling of feet in the upper dungeon? Why, Faul has an invitation to a banquet, and he is going to dine to-day with tue King. Those shuffling feet are the feet of the executioners. They come, and they cry down through the hole of the dungeon. "Hurry up, old man. Come now; get yourself rendy." Why, Paul was ready. He had nothing to pack up, He had no baggage to take, He had been ready a good while. I see him rising up, and straightening out his limbs, and pushing back his white hair from his creviced forehead, and see him looking up through the hole in the root of the dungeon into the face of his executioners, and hear him say. "I am now ready to be offered, and the time of my departure is at hand."

Then they lift him out of the dungeon, and they slart with him is rine p.ace of excution. "They say. "Hurry along." "Jow I are is i," says kull. "Thee miles is a good way or an old man to travel after he has been whyped and my plet with maltreatment. But they go and he is fastened to the pillar or marryrdom. It soes not take any strongth to the him fast. He makes no resistance.

is fastened to the piller of martyrdom. It soes not take any strength to the him fast. He makes no resistance.

O Paul' why not now strike for your life? You have a great many friends here. With that withered band just launch the thunderbott of the people upon those manners of the people upon the people upon the people upon the face of the people upon those manners of the people upon those upon the people up

othing pain of the emission flow, from the sharp sword of the heads in it, he goes into the most brilliant assemblace of heaven, a king among kin is, multitudes of the sain-hood rushin is out and strateging forth hands of welcome, for I do really think that as on the right hand of God is Carlet, so on the right hand of Christis Paul, the second

sory of the text. The since of my departure statisms?

Now, why cannot all the old people have sees mee holy glee as that aged man had? Charles I., when he was combing his hair, ound a gray hair, and he send it to the meen as a great joke; but old age is really to joke at all. For the last forty years you may been dreading that which ought to have been an exhilaration. You say you most fear the struggle at the moment the coul and body part. But millions have ensured that moment, and may not we as that moment, and may not we as They got through with it and so can

Besides this, all medical men agree in saying that there is probably no struggle at the sast moment—put so much pain as the pricit of a pin, the seeming signs of distress being altogether involubtary. But you say. "It is the uncertainty of the future." How, shild of God, do not play the infule. After God has filled the Bible till it can hold no more with stories or the good things ahead, better not talk about uncertainties.

I remark again, all those ought to feel this joy of the text who have a holy curiosity to know what is beyond this earthly terminus. And who has not any curiosity about it? Faul, I suppose, had the most satisfactory view of heaven, and he says. "It doth not yet appear what we shall be." It is like looking through a glass darkly." Can you tell me anything about that heavenly place? You ask me a thousand questions about it that you cannot answer. And do you wonder that Faul was so glad when martyrdom gave him a chance to go over and make discoveries in that blessed country?

I hope some day, by the grace of God, to go over and see for myself, but not now. No well man, no prospered man, will think, wants to go now. But the time, will think, wants to go now. But the time, will the gate ajar forever. I want them to stillings I want explained—about the gate of the government of his world, about they all, about the government of his world, about they all, about the government of his world, about they all about the year and more brilliant country? John Franklin risked his life to find this continent, and shall we shudder to go out on a voxage of discovery which shall reveal a vaster and more brilliant country? John Franklin risked his life to find the sent housed things I wante explained—about on the copy of discovery which shall reveal a vaster and more brilliant country? John Franklin risked his life to find this continent, and shall we shudder to go out on a voxage of discovery which shall reveal a vaster and more brilliant country? John Franklin risked his life to find this continent, and shall

that admiration? Who is the cantre of that glittering company? It is Jesus. The champion of all the world, the favorite of all ages.

Do you know what is the first question the soul will ask when it comes through the gate of heaven? I think the first question will be, "Where is Jesus, the Saviour that pardoned my sin, that carried my sorrows, that fought my battlest, that won my victories?" Oh, Radiant One! how I would like to see Thee! Thou of the manger, but without its pangs; Thou of the cross, but without its pangs; Thou of the grave, but without its darkness.

But when I meet my Lord Jesus Christ, of what shall I first delight to hear Him speak? Now I think what it is. I shall first want to hear the tragedy of His last hours, and then Luke's account of the crucifixion, and John's account of the crucifixion, and John's account of the crucifixion will be nothing, while from the living lips of Christ the story shall be told of the gloom that fell, and the devils that arose, and the fact that upon His endurance depended the resous of a race; and there was darkness in the six, and there was darkness in the six, and there was darkness in the six, and the cursing of the mob came to His ear more faintly, and His hands were fastened to the horizontal piece of the cross, and His feed were fastened to the horizontal piece of the cross, and His feed world in the story is done, and every harp will be put down, and every lin closed, and all eyes fixed on the Divine Narrator until the story is done, and every harp will be put down, and every lin closed, and all eyes fixed on the Divine Narrator until the story is done, and tern, at the tap of the most of the Messiah. "Worthy is the mouth of trumpet, there shall rolls out it is story is done, and hone and glory and power, world without end!"

When the edernal orcesetra will rouse up finger on string of harp

without end!"

what He endured, oh, who can tell.

To save our sonis from death and hell!

When there was between Paul and that magnificent Personage only the thinness of the sharp edge of the sword of the executioner, do you wonder that he wanted to go?
Oh! my Lord Jesuie life conthe sharp edge of the sword of the executioner, do you wonder toat he wanted to go?

Oh! my Lord Jesus, let one wave of that glory roll over us! Hark! I hear the wedding bells of heaven ringing now. The marriage of the Lamb has come, and the bride hath made herself ready. And now for a little while good by. I have no morbid reeling about the future. But if anything should happen that we never meet again in this world, let us meet where there are no partings. Our friendships have been delightful on earth, but they will be more delightful in heaven. And now I commend you to God and the word of His grace, which is able to build us up and give an inheritance among all them that are sanctified.

strongly asserted to red.

river, either north or south of the city; river, either north or south of the city; that Fort Sanders being the most available for Gen. Longstreet to concentrate his forces upon, it most like-the fort must be reinforced, and that he had some doubts of the propriety of trusting so important a command to so young an officer as Lieut. Benjamin.

I then ventured the query whether had any regular officer in his army, with experience in the field in companions.

FLOURS HEAVIEST WEEK

The Record of Production by the Minne-apolis Mills is Broken. MINNEAPOLIS, June 20 .- The Northwest

A plan has also been put into practice by which broken glass of various colors is mixed up, placed in molds lined with silica, tale, or some other resisting material and fired. The result is a firmly coherent mass, which can be dressed and cut into blocks, which are, of course, irreglarly colored, and may he employed in place of artificial marble. If decorative effects are desired designs in releft can be obtained by pressure while the block or slab is still plastic.

MAN manufactures most of his A plan has also been put into prac-

Man manufactures most of his temptations himself.

WAR REMINISCENCES.

FORT SANDERS.

Who Commanded It, and What a Staff Officer Knows About It.



dispatch to Gen. Burnside, ordering him not to repulse Gen. Longstreet at the Tennessee River, but to try and induce him to cross and go up the valley as far as conducive with his own safety, end to intercept Longstreet's rear, until he (Grant) repulsed Gen. Bragg, and that if he (Burnside) got into trouble he would assist him. Gen. Burnside ordered me to retreat the army to Lenoir's Station, Nov. 15. the army to Lenoir's Station, Nov. 15.
At 12 o'clock that night, he ordered the retreat to Campbell west of the railroad station, at which place he ordered me to assume command of the advance line of battle to intercept Gen.

dered me to assume command of the advance line of battle to intercept Gen. Longstreet's advance. After the battle, Nov. 16, he ordered the retreat to Knoxville, where the army arrived at daylight Nov. 17. 1863

Capt. E. M. Poe, Engineer in Chief of the Army of the Ohio, consisting of the Twenty-third and Ninth Corps, assigned the troops their respective positions on the line of defense around Knoxville, the Second and Third Divisions, Twenty-third Corps, on the north of the city, from the railroad to the Tennessee river. Upon this line of defense was the fort on Temperance Hill, eccupied by the 24th Ind. and the Elgin (Ill.) batteries. The Ninth Corps was on the west and southwest of the city, while Col. Sanders' dismounted infantry were on the south, their left resting on the right of Fort Sanders; Lieut. S. N. Benjamin's Regular battery, U. S.Art., to Fort Sanders; Sanders, Diett. S. R. Benjamin a regardar battery, U. S. Art., to Fort Sanders; Maj. Reemer's battery (L) to the fort on College Hill. east of Fort Sanders; which completed the investment of the city south to the river. These two forts were situated on the eminences

forts were situated on the eminences touth of Run No. 2, and were formidable structures for military defense, commanding all the approaches of the south to the city of Knoxville.

It was in the advance, and to the right of Fort Sanders, that Gen. Longstreet's advance attacked Gen. Sander's forces on the 18th and 19th of November, in which assault Gen. Sanders was killed. His forces was then reinforced by Col. Ferrero's Brit. Sanders was killed. His forces was then reinforced by Col. Ferrero's Brigade, consisting of the 79th N. Y., the 69th Pa., and the 25th Mass., of the Ninth Corps, and Col. Ferrero, with the rank of Brigadier-General, was assigned to the command of the consolidated division by order of Gen. Burside.

I still seemed to have been considered by Gen. Burnside as a general about on the line of defense. about on the line of defense. At a.m., November 28, I was ordered to report in person to his headquarters. After ascertaining the condition and vigilance of the lines, their ability to resist an assault, he informed me that resist an assault, he informed me that he had received unofficial information that Gen. Grant had repulsed Gen. Bragg's army at Chatanooga, and Gen. Sherman, with his command, was enrout for Knoxville; that if General Longstreet was not already informed of the result he would soon be, and would surely attack Knoxville before Gen. Sherman could arrive. The conversation turned upon the probable point of attack, and Gen. Burnside strongly asserted it would be at the river, either north or south of the city; that Fort Sanders being the most available for Gen. Longstreet to coacentrate his forces upon, it most likely would be the point of attack, and

with experience in the field in command of artillery, to relieve Lieut. Benjamin. It being decided that Maj. Roemer could not be relieved from the fort on College Hill, immediately east of Fort Sanders, I was then instructed to report the military situation to Gen. Julius White, of the Second Division, Twenty third Corps. The interview

Minneapolis, June 20.—The Northwestern Miller says: The mills made their banner run last week, grinding 214,930 barrels, or 35,821 barrels daily. The heaviest previous output was 208,930 barrels, made for the week ended October 31, 1891. For the corresponding time last year the production was 133,455 barrels, and in 1890, 63,620 barrels.

Drowned in a Cloud Burst.

Spring Valley' Minn., June 18.—There was a cloud burst just before 8 o'clock last night, which destroyed a great deal of property. One woman whose house was swept away was drowned, but further than that there was no loss of life.

Broken Clāis.

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A plan has also been put into pracsessing the first Sanders. It was then instructed to report the millitary situation to Gen. Julius White, of the Second Division, Twenty-third Corps. The interview was then adjourned to 2p. m., with the request that Gen, White be present. At 2 p.m. Gen. White was unable to be present and Gen. Burnside then in formed me he had reinforced Fort Sanders with one section each from Maj. Roemer's and Berkley's batteries, leaving my friend, Lieut. Berjamin, in command. He theu proceeded to give me full instructions for commander of the infantry forces in case of an atack; that Capt, Lee of the U. S. Army, should command the reserve infantry, which should support the force of Fort Sanders.

east: that Gen. Ferrero would support

Kingston, Tenn., and would attack

Longstreet from the South. We would intercept his retreat to Virginia and thereby force Longstreet to defend his army against our forces.

The events that followed proved Gen. Burnside was not a day too soon in the preparation for the defense of his lines, Gen. Longstreet ordering the assault on Fort Sanders Nov. 29, 1863, at 4 a. m., the assaulting forces consisting of one brigade of Pickett's Division and detachments from the Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi Divisions, in all amounting to one division of troops, supported by Gen. Wheeler's artillery overed on the east and south of the Tennessee river. The river at this point runs due south below College fill, thence west to the rail road.

Hie ertillery was brought within

College Hill, thence west to the rail road.

His artillery was brought within range of the fort and Gen. Longstreet made the assault on the fort about 5 a. m. from the southwest and it lasted from 20 to 30 minutes.

Lieut. Benjamin, according to his instructions, reserved his fire from the fort until the storming column was in full range of his guns, when he opened fire. The effect was terrific. At the same instant Maj. Roemer opened his guns from the fort on College Hill, which gave a cross fire on the advancing and storming column of Gen. Longstreet. The repulse was complete; the slaughter of Longstreet's forces was simply terrible. He withdrew his re-

street. The repulse was complete; the slaughter of Longstreet's forces was simply terrible. He withdrew his remaining troops at once, and his army was in full retreat from Knoaville northward to Bristol, on the Virginia line, Dec. 3 and 4, 1863.

Gen. Sherman's forces arriving on the morning of Dec. 5, I met Gen. Sherman on Gay street. Knoaville, and accompanied him to Gen. Burnside's headquarters at 10 a. m. I cannot waderstand how Gen. Longtreet obtained so much notoriety for his charge on Port Sanders and why Lieut. Benjamin of the regular army got so little credit for repulsing his forces.—D. W.Edmistron, in National Tribune.

PROMINENT PEOPLE

OSCAR WILDE is about to revisit this

country.

JEFFERSON, the comedian, is worth over a quarter of a million.

Ex-QUEEN NATALIE, of Servia, has dramatized her matrimonial experiences.

MRS. U. S. GRANT has concluded to spend most of the summer at Cranston's, West Point, N. Y.

FOIRT, N. Y.

RUDYARD KIPLING'S contributions to the
London Times are paid for at the rate of
\$150 a letter.

JUSTICE LAMAR is frequently seen in
Washington at an early hour doing the family marketing.

ily marketing.

QUEEN VICTORIA, of England, is gradually being reconciled to her various royal relatives with whom she has not been on good

W CLARK RUSSELL, the popular novelist, first conceived the ides of writing a story while imprisoned on board ship for insubordination.

while imprisoned on board ship for insubordination.

SIGNOR GIOVANNI GIOLITTI, the Italian Premier, is the youngest head of a Ministry that Italy has had since Cavour. He is barely fifty years of age.

COMMODORE ELBRIGE T. GERRY will creet a home in New York that will surpass in magnificence any private residence ever reared on Manhattan Island.

GENERAL LONGSTREET has become very infirm with advancing years, and is so deaf that all conversation with him has to be carried on through an ear trumpet.

CARDINAL MANNING did not leave property enough to pay his funeral expenses. These amounted to \$2100, and to meet them a subscription was started among his relatives and intimats/riends.

WOMEN in Washington are represented as being wild with envy at the magnificent wardrobe of the Chinese Minister. He never appears at any public entertainment twice in the same costume, and his silk and satin garments are valued at \$150,000.

EDISON received a fee of \$40,000 for his opinion as an electrical expert when he was

garmens are valued at \$150,000.

EDISON received a fee of \$40,000 for his opinion as an electrical extert when he was employed by the company organized to bore the Niagara power tuned to examine the ground, study conditions and plans, and give an opinion as the feasibility and practicability of the work.

ity of the work.

The United States Marine Band will soon lose the service of John Philip Sousa as leader. He will, in about sixty days, take charge of a musical organization at Chicago at a salary of \$6000 per year. Mr. Sousa has for twelve years served the band and the public of Washington with great merit.

THE LABOR WORLD.

NEW YORK cash girls get \$1.50 a week. THE formation of a National organization of engravers has been set on foot. THE Californians are alarmed by reports that Japanese cheap labor is being brought

CHINESE laborers are to be imported into Africa to teach the natives how to cultivate tobacco.

AUSTRALIAN colonies are proposing com-bined action against the importation of colored labor.

THE sponge industry of the Bahama Isl

ands employs 500 boats and nearly 5000 workmen and boys.

It is calculated that the aggregate annual income of the working classes of England is about \$1,500,000,000.

THE National Federation of Sailors, recently organized in Chicago, is taking steps to form an international organization comprising America, England, India and Australia.

A LAW in opera on in Missouri compels railroad companies to fill or block all switches, frogs and guard rails with the lest known appliances for the protection of em-

GOVERNOE FLOWER has issued a perion to Joseph Barondess, the leader of the New York Cloakmakers' Union, who was cou-victed and sentenced for extorcing money as a condition of ending a strike.

a condition of ending a strike.

Thy report of the Secretary of the Order of Railway Telegraphers to the convention at Chattanooga, Tenn, showed a membership of 26,000, with a protective tund of 88,000 and a general fund of \$40,000.

The superintendent of the new elevated read in Chicago makes all applicants for conductorships sing him a song or two. He is determined to have clear-voicelyoung men who will not numble hoarsely the names of the stations.

In the United States the average expendi-

In the United States the average expenditure per family is stated at \$611 in the cotton industry and only \$534 in the woolen industry, a difference of \$217, while the difference in nucome is only \$5, and that in favor of the industry in which the expenditure per family is least.

Wonderful.

A Georgia man boasts possession of an ordinary school slate which has been in constant use for more than fifty years and is yet unbroken.



HOCHSTETLER'S SLAYERS.

Old Man Miller Gets Ten Years and His Son Robert Two.
At Somerset William C. Miller, convicted franslaughter for the killing of Johathan C. Hochsteller, the moonshiner, was sentenced to 10 years in the Penitentiary. His son Robert escaped with a sentence of two

Florence Fuhrer of Pittsburg, the slayer of Michael Niland, got a nine-year sentence; and William Boyer, convicted of criminal assault will spend the next eight years in the penitentiary.

Legislative Nomination The Republicans at Huntingdon nomina ted K. Allen Lovell for State Senate; and P M. Lytle and Captain John S. Bare for the

Legislature.

The Adams county Democratic Convention nominated W. L. Zeigler, of Gettysburg, and W. F. Rittaz, of Littlestown, for

burg, and W. F. Ritaz, of Intrescours re-the Legislature.

At the Republican primary election held in Forest county on Saturday, Captain J. J. Haight, of Balltown, defeated Dr.S. S. Tow-ler, the present member of the Legislature,

for renomination by a majority of 32.

THE Northumberland County Republican
Convention nominated John L. Shelley, of
Mechanicsburg, for the Legislature.

A Storm Swept Valley Near Pottsville.

Thurspay evening at dusk a terrific wind and hail storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning, passed through the Deep creek valley, a farming district about eight miles west of Pottsville. Great damage was done to crops. In many instances entire orchards were uprooted, fences were torn down and many buildings razed to the ground. The storm affected the country for a distance of 15 miles, and the loss will be a distance of 15 miles, and the loss will be thousands of dollars.

Victims of The Biszing Sun.
As a result of the excessive heat of the past two days, numerous cases of sunstroke have been reported in the vicinity of Potts-ville. At Cressons there were three cases and at Minersville five. Charles Erb, of the former place, and Thomas Perry, of the latter place, are in a precarious condition. The thermometer raged from 93° to 97° at different points.

Another Johnstown Flood Victim.

The bones of a flood victim were found at Johnstown, being the second found since sat winter. A common marble in one of the pockets indicated that it was the body of boy, though all other means of identificaast winter

tion were lost. A Cloud Burst.

A cloud burst at Moscow wrecked and de-A cloud burst at Moscow wrecked and de-luged buildings and caused considerable damage. The Delawire, Lackawanna and Western Rairroadtracks were washed out and in places swept the tracks entirely away. Several bridges and dams were car-ried away. Trains were stopped in time to prevent catastrophes. Communication with New York was entirely shut off for everal days. everal days.

everal days.

THE Du Bois Deposit bank of Clearfield county, capital \$75,000, was chartered.

county, capital \$70,000, was chartered.

At Old Eagle. Washington county, the wife of a Frenchman, who is a miner at the coal works there, was burned to death. After building the fire, which did not burn fast enough to suit her, she poured oil from a can on the wood, and instantly there was an explosion. She was burned in a horrible manner and died shortly after.

BENJAMIN HERBER, aged 55, a farmer of cenhartsville, committed suicide by hanging innself in his barn. The previous owner of the farm hanged himself in the same spot. the farm hanged himself in the same spot.
WILLIAM HENRY PARNON was hanged at
York for murdering Mrs. Strominger while
trying to burglarize her house.
WHILE drawing tubing in an old gas well
on Mackey's hill in Budler, Tuesday, Frank
Bell was struck on the head and killed by
the tubing breaking.
G. B. Arnold, aged 17, and Arthur Pollenger, 19, Be gians, were drowned at Charleroi while bathing.
Michael Mulligan, a trackmen was

MICHAEL MULLIGAN, a trackmen, was killed by a train at Alloona.

Joe Camperli was found in a dying condition at the railroad at No. 4 lock, near Monongahela City, having been struck by an early train. He was section foreman of a gang at that place. Perry Daubenspeck, charged with for-gery, J. H. Black, charged with jail break-ing, and J. G. Reynolds, awaiting trial for assault and battery, escaped from the Butler jail, sawing the bars of their cells, and are still at large.

An oil can exploded Monday evening at the home of Jules Leroy, a French miner, at Imperial, while his wife was cooking supper. Mrs. Leroy was badly bruised. Her baby inhaled the flames and died. An-other child is also seriously burned and may

Ar a meeting of the students of the Washington and Jefferson College at Washington, Pa., a resolution was passed which will discontinue came rushes here in the future. The faculty of the college are greatly pleased with the move.

The 4-year-old son of Peter Benson was killed by a heavy railroad tie falling on him at Butler.

By the burning of a cap of the tank at the McKeeglass works at Jeannette, 300 men are thrown out of employment and a loss of \$3,000 caused.

An electr'c storm of great fierceness and unusual rainfall passed over Williamsport, flooding the low sections. A bolt of light-ning shattered the spire of St. Mark's Luth-eran church.

Mrs. Rosa Flemine, whose daughter Clara was killed last fall on the P. C. C. & St. L. R. R., by a rock falling through the car, while entering Pittsburg, was awarded \$2,700 by the jury at Little Washington.

Lighthy at the control of the farm of Parker Snodgrass, Peters township. Washington county, and a flock of fine sheep under it were instantly killed. The flock contained 23 sheep and lambs.

A LARGE copperhead snake crawled through a hole in the stone chimney of the residence of George Lisbon, in the mountains above Fairchance, and got in the family bedroom. When Mrs. Lisbon got up in the dark Friday morning the reptile struck at her from the fireplace and bit her on the foot. It was thought she would die, but she is improving.

EDWARD PEYTTS, aged I7, and John Bergman, aged I4, were fatally injured by a runaway at Braddock. They were in a wagon delivering goods when the horse, in going down a grade, took fright and dashed down the street. The wagon was overturned,

SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON FOR SUNDAY, JUNE 26. "Messiah's Reign," Psalm Ixxii., 11-

1. "Give the king Thy jucgments, O God, and Thy righteousness unto fize king's son." A pealm penned by a king, dedicated to a king and concerning the King of Kings. Solomon was a type of Christ in wisdom and in the peace and prosperity of his kingdom. No mater upon the period of Christ as to Hischment of the peace and prosperity of his kingdom, and all judgment is given to Him (John v., 22). "He shall judge thy people with righteousness, and twy poor with judgment." Compare Isa xi., 4, 5; xxxii., 1, 17. When Jesus shall be made King over all the earth, the righteous branch of David reigning and prospering, executing judgment and justice upon the earth, in the days of lerael's restoration, then shall all, without exception, enjoy the full benefits of equitable judgment and righteousness (Zech. xiv., 2; Jer. xxii., 5, 6).

3. "The mountains shall bring usease to

boules. Deceit and violence shall end when he comes.

15. "And He shall live, and to Him shall be given of the gold of Sheba; prayer also shall be made for Him continually, and daily shall He be praised." He was dead, but is alive forevermore (Rev. 1, 18). The church seems to have hard work to raise money te carry on her work, but in kingdom days wealth shall pour in from all quarters (Iss. 18., 5, 11 R. V) We may be said to pray for hi in when we pray for His members.

16. "There shall be an handful of corn in the earth upon the top of the mountains, the fruit thereof shall shale like Lebanon, and they of the city shall flourish like grass of the earth." There shall be great results

fruit thereof shall shake like Lebanon, and they of the city shall fourish like grass of the earth." There shall be great results from apparently small causes. "A little cone shall become a thousand, and a small one a strong nation; I the Lord will hasten it in his time islas lx. 22).

17. "His name shall endurs forever. His name shall be continued as long as the sun, and the men shall be blessed! in Hin; all nations shall call Him blessed! The greatest name on earth, the sweetest name in heaven. See the power and blessedness of His name in such passages as Acts iii., 16; 10., 10, 12, 30; 1x., 15, 16; 2x., 43.

18. "Blessad be the Lord God, the God of Israel, who only doeth wondrous things." One has wisely said that this verse and the next calls for adoration, not excosition. Compare Ex. xx., 11; Jer. x., 6, 7, 10.

19. "And blessed be His giorious name forever, and let the whole earth be filled with His giory. Amen and amen." The five books of the Fatter and with xii., 13; txxix., 52; vvi., 45; el, 6. It is worth waile to compare the cose of each book. When this pashm shall be fulfilled then David shall have no more occasion to pray. The promises that the whole earth book. When this psaim suant be trained, then David shall have no more occasion to pray. The promises that the whole earth shall be filled with His glory are found in Rum, xiv., 21; Isa. xi., 9; Hab. ii., 14. They should inspire us to work mightily to hasten it.—Lesson Helper.

Trapped by Nature.

An insect of South America has its fangs so like the flower of the orchid that smaller insects are tempted into that smaller insects are tempted that its jaws, while cortain spiders double themselves up in the leaf-stock and the stem, and so closely resemble flower buds that their unsuspecting prey approach to their destruction. tai be th Sl cin Fi sh th sto an ha M.

Ir is not what we think about God but what we know about Him that the devil is afraid of.