

# THE LATEST NEWS OVER THE WIRES FROM EVERYWHERE

## Disasters, Accidents and Fatalities

At Tombstone, Ariz., the residence of Samuel Barrows was burned and Barrows' 8-year-old son and 17-year-old brother-in-law burned to death. The origin of the fire is unknown.

A dozen persons were poisoned at a festival at Nevada, Mo., Monday night. A force of physicians saved their lives.

Nearly an acre of ground dropped into an underground lake in West Dubuque, Ia., Monday night.

Mrs. Mary Carter, a widow of Mountain Home, Ark., is a raving maniac. A black bear raided her cabin, killed two of her children and ate one of them before her eyes.

The four boilers of the Midland, Mich., Salt and Lumber Company's mill blew up. Three men were killed and a number of others injured. John Allen, Eugene Valkenburg and Dick Stears, are the names of the killed.

The bodies of two unidentified women, clasped in each other's arms, were found in Highgate pond, north of London.

During the cyclone at Augusta, Kas., last Friday evening, 25 houses were destroyed and two men fatally injured. Several people in the country were said to have been killed.

**Capital, Labor and Industrial.**  
Miners near Hartlepool, Eng., rioted because a non-union man was employed and wrecked two houses and injured several policemen.

It was learned that the executive council of the American Federation of Labor intends issuing a circular in a short time warning workmen to remain away from Chicago, as there are now 30,000 men walking the streets of that city. Since the World's Fair buildings were started workmen from all parts of the country have flocked to the Windy City and the result is that an army of men are idle, and some of them are in such financial straits as to prevent them from leaving the city.

Hooven's rolling mill, at Norristown, Pa., which has been idle several months as a result of the puddlers refusing to accept a reduction from \$4 to \$3.50 per ton, have resumed operations by agreement on the \$3.50 basis.

The coal miners' strike which began at Owensville, Ill., two weeks ago, has ended in a defeat for the men.

The cigarmakers' strike in Indianapolis has been settled.

At the Edgar Thomson Steel Works at Braddock, Pa., Saturday, 2,163 steel rails, weighing 60 pounds to the yard, were made in one turn of eight hours. This breaks the previous world's record, held by the same mill, as several months ago it made 1,963 in eight hours.

**Crime and Penalties.**  
J. Theodore F. Hunter, ex-president of the Farmers and Mechanics National bank of Phoenix, Pa., was given a hearing before United States Commissioner Bell on the charge of making false reports to the comptroller of the currency as to the condition of the bank, and held in \$10,000 bail.

Three masked men robbed Mrs. Ezenberger and a lady friend at Salt Lake City, the other night, of \$6,000 worth of diamonds. The thieves got away.

Abel Smith of Brooklyn, colored, quarreled with his wife Sunday, finally killing her by shooting her through the breast. He then threw himself in front of a passing train and was horribly mangled.

Miss McDonough and her 7-year-old son were found murdered near Lyons, Tex., on the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad. Frazier Davis, a negro, recently discharged by Mr. McDonough, is thought to be implicated. He is in jail at Caldwell.

In a row among the female employes in a cotton factory at Anniston, Ala., Rosie Brown was jumped upon and kicked so badly that she died a few hours later. Ten of the girls have been arrested on warrants charging them with murder.

Royal E. Fox, paymaster of the Solvay Process Company, of Syracuse, N. Y., and James Houser, his driver, were held up near the city by two highwaymen and robbed of \$2,900.

The second day's whippings at New Castle, Del., this year took place Saturday. Sheriff Simmons wielded the lash. The victims numbered nine.

During a conflict between white citizens and negroes at Norfolk, Va., one white man and a negro were killed.

**Financial and Commercial.**  
At Haywards, Cal., the agricultural works of Chisholm & Farrel, the town electrical works, the harness store of J. M. Bridge and some adjoining buildings. Loss, \$100,000.

Judge Sage in the United States Court at Cincinnati ordered a pre-emptory sale of all property of the Shawnee and Iron Point Iron and Coal Company. The sale is to satisfy a mortgage of \$100,000 held by the Philadelphia Guarantee and Safe Deposit Company. Among the assets of the coal and iron company are 45,000 acres of coal lands mainly located in the Hocking valley, Ohio. The effects of placing so large a quantity of coal lands on the market under a forced sale in the United States in the way of price and market.

W. H. Neff, a Cincinnati capitalist, has made an assignment, with liabilities of \$150,000 and assets of \$200,000.

The tanners and curriers of the country agreed at Boston to close all upper leather tanneries for 60 days in order to curtail production.

**Fires**  
At Philadelphia the cotton mill of A. Platt & Bro. Loss, \$30,000; fully insured. At Hamlin, W. Va., the entire business

square. Loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$10,000. Origin—a cigar stump. At Ottawa, Ont., Thackeray's planing and saw mill. Loss, \$80,000; insurance, \$10,000. At New York the stable of Henry Gustie, with 27 horses. A tenement house adjoining also damaged. Loss from \$15,000 to \$20,000.

At Trenton, N. J., Maddock & Sons' pottery, for the manufacture of sanitary ware, was burned. The loss is said to amount to nearly \$200,000. Several hundred hands are thrown out of employment. This is the second large conflagration at the pottery within a year.

At Savannah, Ga., 27 houses burned in one of the best residence portions of the city. Loss about \$100,000. The fire was of incendiary origin.

At Santa Fe, N. M., the territorial capital. Loss, \$250,000.

Fire losses at Boston last year amounted to \$1,628,413; total insurance, \$19,629,413.

Nearly \$25,000 worth of property in the center of the business portion of Jackson, Miss., burned Friday night.

**Washington News.**  
The Chinese Minister to the United States has not yet decided whether to withdraw from Washington or not. He is awaiting orders from Peking.

In the Senate Mr. Dolph called up the bill to make crimes against foreign denizens of the United States punishable in the United States Courts concurrently with the State courts, according to the penalties prescribed by the laws of the several States. Considerable opposition to the measure developed and it went over.

The river and harbor bill as it passed the House carried an appropriation in round numbers of \$21,300,000. In addition to this the Secretary of War is authorized to contract for the completion of important projects of improvement to an extent involving the ultimate expenditure of about \$23,000,000.

The House Committee on Elections by a unanimous vote decided the contested election case of John B. Reynolds against George W. Shonk, from the Twelfth Pennsylvania district, in favor of Shonk, Republican, the sitting member. Argument was begun in the Alabama contest of McDuffie vs. Turpin immediately after the vote in the Shonk case.

The president approved "The act to encourage ship building" within an hour after its receipt from the house committee on enrolled bills.

In the House Mr. Watson, of Georgia, served notice that the People's Party representatives would hereafter oppose all requests for unanimous consent. He did this because there appeared to him to be an arrangement for the recognition of a certain number of the old party members, but no provision for the Third party.

The House Committee on pensions has decided adversely on the bill of Mr. Newberry, of Illinois, that no pension be paid to any person who is not a citizen and a resident of the United States.

Senator Mitchell presented a resolution instructing the Committee on the Quadri-Centennial to inquire into the advisability of asking an appropriation to enable the National guards of the various States to hold an encampment at the World's Fair.

Baron Savoya Fava, the Italian Minister to the United States arrived in New York upon the steamship La Gasconne. He was met by a large delegation of fellow-countrymen, who gave him a hearty welcome. Fava expressed his pleasure at returning to the United States, where he said he had formed many good friends. He has always worked, he said, and would continue to work to strengthen the friendly relations existing between the two countries and between the king of Italy and the president of the United States.

**Railroad News.**  
A jury at Helena, Mont., has given John T. Reese, a traveling man, a verdict of \$25,000 damages against the Union Pacific Railway for injuries sustained while boarding a train, the injuries resulting in the amputation of one arm.

The Pennsylvania, Reading and Baltimore & Ohio companies have agreed to reduce coke freight rates 10 per cent. Simultaneously the Reading road reduced the rate on anthracite coal 10 per cent. These reductions will benefit the eastern ironmen.

Striking section hands on the Wabash, between Chicago and St. Louis, have won their fight and an advance from \$1 10 to \$1 25 a day.

The Philadelphia and Reading Company is distributing a new book of rules among the train hands and other employes. One of the rules prohibits all passenger trainmen from smoking or using tobacco in any form while on duty.

**Crops.**  
The condition of the wheat crop in most Russian provinces is favorable.

The Michigan crop report shows the condition of wheat to be excellent. The fruit outlook is promising.

The following bulletin was issued by the weather bureau at Washington: Pennsylvania crops are looking well in spite of the cool weather and backward season; warmer weather is noted everywhere. Corn planting in southern portions nearly finished. Fruit trees are heavy with blossoms. Gardening has begun.

**Turf News.**  
The Chester cup handicap in England was won by Dare Devil. Silver Spur was second and Tableau Vivant third.

Sumol will eat hay that cost \$37 per ton. The price was \$13 per ton at Pleasanton, Cal., and the freight to Meadville \$24.

**Political.**  
The Louisiana Legislature canvassed the votes for State officials cast at the recent election as follows: Governor, Murphy J. Foster 79,388, S. D. McEnery 47,037, H. A. Leonard 29,459, J. E. Broux 23,237, R. L. Tannehill 9,792.

**Judicial.**  
At Louisville, Ky., Judge Toney decided that the Frankfort lottery had a right to run, no matter if the State Constitution did prohibit it. The Henry college lottery grant was, however, declared exhausted.

The manufacture of wines has increased about one thousand per cent. in California during the past ten years.

**The League Record.**  
The following table shows the standing of the various base ball clubs:

W. L. PCT.	W. L. PCT.
Boston.....18 5.782	Chicago 12 11.522
Brooklyn.....13 7.659	Philadelphia.....10 12.455
Cleveland 12 9.571	New York 9 11.459
Louisville 13 10.538	Washington 9 13.459
Pittsburgh 13 11.542	St. Louis.....7 18.280
Cincinnati 13 11.542	Baltimore.....4 16.200

**Miscellaneous.**  
Harry McCloskey, the twelfth victim of the Philadelphia Central Theater fire, died in the hospital there. James Pigeon and William Hinchcliffe are still in a precarious condition.

Confederate memorial day was generally observed throughout the South with the usual impressive ceremonies Wednesday.

In the three years that Pittsburg has enjoyed the advantages of electric and cable railways, 73 lives have been sacrificed to "luxury" up to date, and about 1,000 persons and animals have been injured more or less, and a liberal estimate places the number of those permanently maimed or crippled for life at one-tenth of that number.

The death of General Gresser, Chief of the St. Petersburg police was caused by the injection of quack medicine.

Caterpillars have stripped many North Carolina forests of leaves, and are more numerous this year than last.

The steamer Conemaugh, bearing flour, grain and provisions from America, designed for the famine sufferers of Russia, arrived in Riga roadstead. The work of discharging the vessel was begun, and is being pushed as rapidly as possible. Hearty greetings were given those on board the steamer by the municipal authorities.

Supt. Bradley, of the Farm school at Thompson's island, Mass., reports the finding of the bodies of five of the boys drowned April 10. All the bodies were floating in the water off City Point, and all have been positively identified as follows: Frank Hite-hock, aged 19 years; Charles H. Graves, aged 17 years; William Curran, aged 17 years; Adelbert H. Packard, aged 16 years.

The jury in the case of the 14 victims of the Central theatre fire in Philadelphia have found the lessee and his employes, the fire marshal of Philadelphia and the building inspectors grossly negligent in not providing sufficient means of exit, and recommends that laws be made more strict. James Pigeon, the fourteenth victim of the fire, died at the Pennsylvania hospital Saturday.

**BEYOND OUR BORDERS.**  
During a review Monday, Emperor William called to the front Private Lucke, the sentry who recently shot two civilians for attempting to pass him without giving the proper countersign, shook him warmly by the hand, commended him for his display of correct conduct of duty and promoted him to be a lance corporal.

The latest report from Emin Pasha is that he has become totally blind.

Rudolph Jaeger, the defuncting chief cashier of the Messrs. Rothschild, the great banking house at Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Germany, whose flight was made public April 30, was arrested in a hotel at Ramleh, Egypt. His disappearance is estimated at 1,700,000 German marks.

An extraordinary tidal wave occurred at Montevideo, Uruguay. Several vessels were left dry when the waves receded. A number of melas and coins of the Spanish epoch were found on the shore.

At Buenos Ayres, a large skating rink in course of construction collapsed yesterday. Thirty persons were killed.

The bill prohibiting the maintenance of gambling tables in Belgium has passed the senate at Brussels.

In an incendiary fire at Wiedskerk, Russia, 350 houses were burned and four adults and three children perished.

At Neusatz, Hungary, a number of women have been placed on trial on the charge of poisoning their husbands and lovers with arsenic.

The question, how many people are injured daily in the streets of London, has just been answered by the home secretary. Last year 147 people were killed and 6,000 wounded by street traffic. Some of the latter died and others were maimed for life.

At a review of troops at Spandau, Friday, Emperor William gave a sudden order to the Mayor to close the schools and let the children attend the review. Within 15 minutes 5,000 children were on the drill grounds.

The Swiss Federal Court has sentenced the Canton of Berne to pay five American tourists, who had been wrongfully arrested and ill-treated, \$120 each, as well as a fine of \$169 and costs.

A menagerie in Hungary was overtaken by a flood and wrecked. The proprietor's wife and many beasts were drowned.

A band of devils recently made a descent upon Serra, 20 miles north of Wady Halfa, Egypt, and massacred 31 natives who fell into their hands there.

Anarchists blew up the public building in Albany, France, with a dynamite bomb Saturday. No one was hurt.

**JOHN S. BARBOUR DEAD.**  
Virginia's Junior Senator Expired Suddenly of Heart Failure.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Senator John S. Barbour, junior representative in the United States senate of the State of Virginia, died suddenly about 7 o'clock Saturday morning of heart failure. The only persons present at his bedside when he died was his sister-in-law, Mrs. Dangerfield, Colonel Shepard, of Virginia, a guest at the house, and the domestics, the doctor, who had been hastily summoned when the senator aroused the household and told them of his illness, arriving just after dissolution.

Senator Barbour was born in Culpepper county, Va., December 19, 1820, graduated at the University of Virginia and then became a lawyer. He was elected to the State legislature repeatedly, and was a member of the Forty-seventh, Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth congresses, and March 4, 1889, succeeded Senator Riddleberger in the United States senate. He was also engaged in various enterprises, being at the time he was elected Senator president of the Virginia Midland railroad, which office he resigned to enter the senate. The funeral services were held in the senate chamber this afternoon, after which the remains were removed to Poplar Hill, Va., for interment.

## PRINTERS' HAVEN OF REST. THE CHILDS-DREXEL HOME

Dedicated at Colorado Springs. The Gift of Philanthropists and Thousands of "Typos."

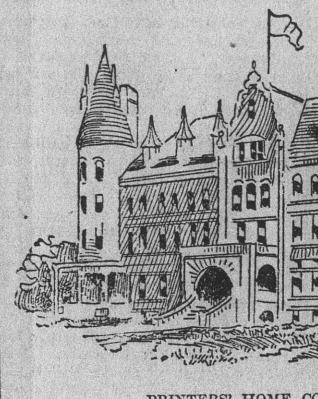
The dedication of the Childs-Drexel Home for Union Printers at Colorado Springs took place Thursday, the 63d birthday of George W. Childs, of the Public Ledger, of Philadelphia.

George W. Childs and A. J. Drexel, the gentlemen who in 1896 gave a check for \$10,000, which formed the nucleus of the fund that paid for the Home, were present. About 7,000 delegates of the National Editorial Association, on their way to the national convention in California; the State officials, the county and city officials from every county and city in the State; a detachment from the Chaffee Light Artillery; delegations from many of the principal typographical unions and other labor organizations of the United States, in addition to the officers of the International Typographical Union and board of Trustees, under whose direction the Home was constructed, took part in the ceremonies.

Addresses of welcome were made by Governor John L. Routh, Mayor Ira T. Sprague of Colorado Springs, and W. B. Lunt, president of the Chamber of Commerce, to which W. B. Prescott, president of the International Typographical Union, responded. August Donath gave a history of the home, and Senator J. H. Gallinger, of New Hampshire, an old printer, delivered the oration, which was an excellent effort. Some remarks were also made by W. S. Cappeller, of Mansfield, O., president of the National Editorial Association.

George W. Childs, one of the founders of the Home, occupied the position of honor on the platform. Telegrams to Mr. Childs congratulating him on his 63d birthday were received by him from all parts of the country.

The Home is located one mile from the center of the city, on a site that overlooks the entire surrounding country, and nowhere in the United States can the eye gaze upon a more pleasing picture. Standing, as it does, above all other buildings it presents a



PRINTERS' HOME COLORADO SPRINGS.

high back arm or reading chairs, a folding bed in the shape of an armchair with heavy plate glass front, and in addition to this there is a wooden mantel that is to be set up at the fireplace. The upholstery is of the finest kind of leather. The wood is of the quality known as wave and burl. The one shows innumerable wave lines, while the other has spots very much like those seen in bird's-eye maple. In the center of the round table is a gold oval plate, on which is inscribed:

From San Francisco Typographical Union No. 21, to the Childs-Drexel Home for Union Printers, May 12, 1892.

The second floor in general plan, with the exception of the chapel, is substantially the same as the first.

The third floor is arranged for dormitories, and for cheerfulness, sunlight and ventilation and convenience cannot be surpassed by any institution in the country.

The fourth floor is yet unfinished, as the money at the disposal of the trustees has been expended before reaching the top floor.

The fund which was used for the construction of the Home was started in 1888 by George W. Childs and A. J. Drexel, of Philadelphia, who, through Mr. James J. Dailley, presented the International Typographical Union a check for \$10,000, the joint gift of the two gentlemen above named. The gift was conditional and the disposal of the money was designated as the Childs-Drexel fund, to be added to until a sufficient amount had accumulated to warrant the building of a Home for superannuated printers. Various ways were devised to increase the fund, and as a result of many deliberations it was decided that on the anniversary of the birth of Mr. Childs each printer working in offices east of the Mississippi should contribute the price of 1,000 ems composition toward the fund, and that on September 13 of each year, the anniversary of Mr. Drexel, the compositors at work in offices west of the river named should make a like contribution to the fund. The fund was placed in the hands of Trustees, and in the course of time it grew to such an extent that they felt warranted in constructing the Home.



GEORGE W. CHILDS.

most imposing appearance. The building is of stone—white lava with red sandstone trimmings—and the interior finished in what is designated as "natural," with copper

**BIGGEST IN AMERICA.**  
The Bridge Across the Mississippi at Memphis Dedicated To-Day.

MEMPHIS, TENN., May 14.—The new bridge over the Mississippi river was formally opened. Senator Vorhees, of Indiana, delivered the oration. The bridge is a mile and a half long. It is the third largest structure in the world and the most gigantic in America. It is exceeded in its mammoth features only by those over the Fifth of Forth in Scotland and over the Sukker river in India. It has the longest span of any bridge in the United States and it is 100 feet longer than the next longest span. There are five spans and six piers. The bridge has two tracks of standard gauge in the center and broad passenger ways on either side. It is an enormous roadway of concrete over a great river. The piers are sunken to depths varying from 70 to 131 feet below high water mark.

**The Lottery Snowed Under.**  
NEW ORLEANS, May 14.—The Secretary of State announces to-day that the constitutional amendment, voted for at the late election, by which Louisiana was to renew the charter of the Louisiana lottery for 25 years for \$1,250,000 a year, was defeated by 150,000 majority and received only a few hundred votes.

**Sued an Odd Fellows Lodge.**  
CHICAGO, May 12.—John Geiger sued Court Valley Forge No. 169 of I. O. O. F., for \$25,000 damages, claiming that while being initiated, the officers of the lodge compelled him to jump into a supposed lake of fire to show his courage. He says that instead of getting a plunge in the lake he landed on the floor and broke his leg in three places.

**CONDITION OF BUSINESS.**  
Bad Weather a Drawback to Western Trade. Good Reports from Other Sections.

R. G. Dunn & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: The continuance of very unfavorable weather throughout a large part of the West begins to cause apprehensions regarding the crops. In all other respects the situation appears satisfactory, and at most points the prospects for trade are considered more hopeful, so that a short period of good weather would speedily change the temper of business. The money markets are everywhere easy.

Bad weather, long-continued heavy rains, impassable roads, and delay in plowing and seeding are named as retarding trade in dispatches from Cleveland and Denver, and from nearly every intermediate city reporting. Yet at Chicago sales exceed last year's, collections are easy, and the good conditions of trade are manifest.

St. Louis notes strong trade in all lines; Kansas City heavy receipts of cattle, though grain receipts are light; Minneapolis a good lumber trade, a four output of 30,000 carrels dairy, and excellent prospects; Omaha and Denver a fairly maintained trade. The East reports a fair trade. At Pittsburg a better demand for iron is seen. At Boston dry goods jobbers have been closing out summer goods, but stocks are moderate; woolen mills are busy, though clothiers are not buying freely; blankets are sold far ahead; orders for boots and shoes come readily and keep the factories busy, and leather is in strong demand. The South has little to report at this season.

The business failures during the last seven days number, for the United States, 150; Canada, 25; total, 175, as compared with last week, 211 the week previous to the last, and 237 for the corresponding week of last year.

The Indians of the Columbia River make bread from a kind of moss.

## CHAIN OF FATAL DISASTERS

TWO RAILROAD WRECKS, A Sudden Squall, and a Mine Cave-in Bring Death and Disaster to Many Homes.

**FIVE PEOPLE KILLED.**  
CINCINNATI, May 16.—A frightful collision occurred on the Big Four railroad near Cleves, Sunday, resulting in the death of five persons and the injury of 12 or 15. The regular Sunday accommodation, which usually leaves Aurora for Cincinnati at 8:30 a. m., started at 7:30 instead, owing to a change in the schedule. When near Cleves the engineer of the passenger engine saw a freight train approaching, but too late to prevent a collision. The freight car had forgotten about the change in the schedule, and supposed the track was clear. The two engines came together with a terrific crash.

The killed are: W. O. Edwards, Greensburg, Ind.; William Higgs, Lawrenceburg, Ind.; David Heywood, Indianapolis; Hiram Bruce, Greensburg; Philip Gribben, Lawrenceburg.

Injured—John Schroeder, Lawrenceburg, Ind.; Holton Terrell, Lawrenceburg, Ind.; C. M. Ritchie, Shelbyville; Timothy Keefe, Lawrenceburg; Edward Bass, Chattanooga; F. O. Connelly; William Cromar; Lillie Reading, Aurora, Ind.; Mrs. Moreland, North Bend, Ind.; a little girl; George W. Hubler, Miamisburg, O. It is thought there are more dead bodies in the wreck.

**ANOTHER DISASTROUS WRECK.**  
HAGERSTOWN, Md., May 16.—The first train on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, which leaves here at 12:40 a. m., was wrecked 12 miles south of here shortly after 1 o'clock Sunday morning by jumping the track and dashing into three loaded freight cars standing on a siding. Conductor Hays was killed instantly and 10 passengers were seriously injured, two of whom will die. Several legs and arms were broken and one passenger had to have a leg amputated.

The injured were brought back to Hagerstown. One coach and one freight car were smashed to splinters. The accident was due to an open switch.

Among the injured are John Hawke, aged 19, of Lewistown, Pa.; J. P. Hawke, his father, William Sealing, of West Fairford, Pa., cut about head and body badly lacerated.

**EIGHT MEN KILLED.**  
PITTSBURGH, May 16.—Eight men were killed in the 800-foot level of the Anaconda mine this afternoon by a cave-in. Their bodies were recovered. The known killed are John Smith, John Clark, John Williams, William Clark. The injured are James Breen, Mike Callahan and Robert S. Works. A quantity of earth timbers, and estimated to be 100 feet in length and 100 feet wide, fell without the warning of a second. Those imprisoned are as follows: William Hyland, Tim C. Murphy, Quinn Leary, Jerry N. Harrington, Seward Stewart, Daniel Sheehan, John Nordstrom, John Smith, John D. Sullivan, Frank Aggaza, John Davis, Michael Laughran, James Breen, P. J. Murphy and Robert Works.

**THREE YOUNG MEN DROWNED.**  
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 16.—During a squall Sunday afternoon a rowboat on the Delaware river containing five young men and boys was capsized and three of the occupants were drowned. Lewis Bernerio, 19 years old; Charles Anderson (colored), 22 years old; George Koalt, 24 years old; Joseph Morgan, 14 years old, and Lenni Setero-boah a rowboat and when off Gloucester the boat upset, throwing the occupants into the water. Anderson, Bernerio and Koalt were drowned, the others clinging to the boat until taken off by Gloucester boatmen.

**CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.**  
Congressman Tarsney was renominated by the Democrats of the Fifth Missouri district.

General Charles H. Grosvenor has been nominated by acclamation for Congress by Eleventh Ohio district Republicans.

At the Republican Congressional Convention of the Twenty-fifth District at New Castle, Pa., Thomas W. Phillips was nominated on the first ballot.

The Democratic convention of the Fourth Ohio Congressional district renominated Hon. F. C. Layton by acclamation.

L. A. Tucker was nominated for congress by the People's party of Crawford Co., Pa.

The Republicans of the Fourth congressional district of Kansas, nominated Charles E. Curtis for Congress.

The Democratic congressional convention of the Fifth Missouri district renominated John C. Tarsney by acclamation.

The Democrats of the Second Indiana District have renominated Congressman Bretz.

**SIXTY PEOPLE DROWNED.**  
A Terrible Disaster on the Danube by a Raft Going to Pieces.

VIENNA, May 12.—A great lumber raft carrying 100 men, women and children, who lived on board during the trip down the river, went to pieces on snags near Brody in Galicia during a high wind to-day. All on board were thrown into the river. Sixty were drowned. The rest clung to logs and boards from the raft until help reached them from the shore. About 40 of the bodies have been recovered and have been laid side by side on the river bank. Scores of men are out in boats dragging the river for the other bodies. The raft was defectively constructed and the owners will be prosecuted.

**THE BOSLYN DISASTER.**  
Seven Bodies Recovered From the Fatal Mine. Many More Dead or Imprisoned.

BOSLYN, WASH., May 12.—Last night's explosion in the Kangley mine, by which some miners were killed, was caused by gas, which was probably ignited by the careless use of a lamp. Seven hundred miners are at work rescuing the bodies of the dead, seven of which were found on the fourth level. There are still 38 men unaccounted for, who are either dead or imprisoned in the mine. Many of the families of these are entirely destitute, and the widows and children are about the entrance to the slope weeping and carrying on in a terrible manner.

**World's Fair Half-Dollars.**  
The secretary of the treasury and the director of the mint have approved the proposition of the managers of the World's Columbian exposition for the special issue of 200,000,000 fifty-cent pieces for use at the exposition and bearing designs appropriate to the occasion. The authority of such action rests with congress.