

Disasters, Accidents and Fatalities, year-old Cora Maginnis jumped times in a contest with schoolmates at Dover, Del., and died.

A desperate fight between United States uthorities and a band of moonshiners took place near Big Bay. in Craighead county, Ark., in which one of the moonshiners, T. C. Bryan, was killed. The posse captured a kit and a quantity of beer and whisky. Two moonshiners were also secured.

An explosion and fire at Detwiller & Son's fireworks factory, in Greenville, on the shore of Newark bay, two boys, Albert Bottle and John Ettinger, were burned to death and weveral other employes were badly hurt.

Three fishermen were found in their sabin at Hope Creek, N. J., suffocated by coal gas. When taken out they were in a dying condition. The men were Edward. Press, Edward Turner and William Gross-cup, all living at Hancock's Bridge, six from Salem

In Philadelphia 5-year-old Willie Schmid-In Philadelphia 5-year-old Willie Schmid-tetter and his sister Bertha, 7 months old, were playing with a straw Easter basket full of candy eggs. Willie took the basket to a range, lighted it and applied the blaze to one of Bertha's long golden'curls and again to her clothes. When neighbors, attracted by the child's screaming, rushed in and ex-tinguished the flames, curls and clothes had disappeared and Bertha was soon a blacken ad corrase.

Thomenson, an employe at the Lambertville, N. J., spoke works, while carrying in his arms a bunch of heavy iron wagon wheel rims, became over balanced and fell heavily to the ground. His skull was crushed and he died almost instantly.

A one-and-a-half-story brick at Chicago, which had been propped up on posts pre-paratory to being moved, collapsed, serious-ly injering three workmen and a woman. The woman will die.

A collision between a freight train and a wild engine on the Chicago and Grand Trunk railway near Lapler, Mich., killed two trainmen outright.

At Des Moines, Ia. James Cockerham shot and killed his divorced wife and also an un-known mau who was in her company. Jealousy was the cause.

August Battenhausen, 45 years old, who was employed as doorkeeper at Amberg's Theatre, in Irving place, New York, was assaulted by Arthur Freidheim, a Russian isician, in the lobby of the theatre, and died soon afterward.

aster Kauffman, of Reisel, Tex., as been assassinated by two negro burg-

wife by crushing in her head with an ax. The dead body was only discovered yesterday and the murderer is still at large.

William Neese, of LaGrange, Tex., shot three brothers named Rischer, one of them dying instantly. The shooting was caused by the arrest of one of Rischer's laborers for carrying a loaded pistol.

Ernest Rapp, of Syracuse, N. Y., shot his wife and child and then shot himself. Afterward he took a dose of poison to make his work sure. Jealousy and family troub-les were the cause of his act. Rapp and his wife will die.

A Mrs. Harrell, of Kentucky Mountain near Chattanooga, Tenn., burned up her husband and infant, eloped with a man named Brady, and both were gored to death by a bull a few hours after.

Mrs. Maud Hania and Mrs. Minnie Tiffin two white women and a negro, have been two white women and a negro, have been arrested in Chicago charged with burning houses, their object being to obtain the in-Wm. Maddigank living in Chicago, was

shot and killed by Lewis Powers, a bulle from whose revolver also fatally wounded Wm. Alt. The shooting was the ending of an evening of dissipation. At Fort Worth Tex the wife of John

Hodges, alias Robert Stafford, shot and instantly killed the latter, shooting him through the neck, breaking it. She is now in jail, and will not talk. He and his wife

At Lagrange, Tex., W. L. Ness, a co At Ingitalize, Lean, W. L. arcss, a conserved killed August Mischer, of Rutersville, Tex., and inflicted a deadly wound upon Fritz Mischer, a brother of deceased, and also wounded a third brother in the arm. The Mischers attacked the constable.

Edward Drexel, a bachelor, was found dying Sunday at St. Louis, with his skull fractured. Burgulars had entered his place and the murderous work was done with a heavy iron bar

Capital, Labor and Industrial,

The Union silk mill at Catasauqua, Pa. was closed because 51, workers struck for higher wages, and 170 employes are idle.

The Cincinnatti (O.) carpenters and their evening. The wages are to be 30 cents an hour for the first six months and 33½ cents an hour for the succeeding 18 months.

At the Bethlenem (Pa.) Iron Works the two armor plate barbetts made for the tur-ret of the warship Monterey, now being built at San Francisco, have been passed by the Government Inspectors. They are said to be the most perfect ever constructed either in Europe or America.

proposed by the operatives, having had a were held throughout Illinois Tuesday. In beneficial effect, the situation has been nearly every case the license question was

made worse.

A nickel-steel ingot, 18 inches thick, weighing 160 pounds, was cast in open hearth mill No. 2, of the Homestead, Pa., steel works. It will be rolled in the armor plate mill of those works after being tested. It is the largest ingot ever cast in this country, even of common steel. The plate when rolled will be shipped to the war vessel Monterey at San Francisco. The large sel Monterey, at San Francisco. The largest ingots yet made of nickel-steel were those of the five 13-inch plates which have been made the last seven months, three of which have been sent to the Monterey.

The Prohibition State Convention met at

Trenton, N. J. Delegates were elected to Cincinnati, and a resolution was adopted against opening the World's Fair on Suu-

The Democratic State Convention met at Portland, Ore. The delegates go uninstructed but are favorable to Cleveland.

The Kansas Democratic State Convention met at Salina to elect delegates to fine Nat-ional Convention. The delegates were in-structed to vote for ex-president Cleveland.

The Republican State Convention at Columbia, S. C., elected delegates to the National Convention. Resolutions were adopted indorsing President Harrison, protection and reciprocity. The Massachusetts Republican State Convention for the election of four delegates at large and four atternates to the National Convention at Minneapolis, June 21, was held at Boston. The delegation is uninstructed, but favors Harrison.

So far 93 Democratic conventions have been held in Illinois. Of the delegates se-lected 473 are instructed for Palmer, 52 for Cleveland, 7 for Craig, and the remainder

The Convention Hall in Minneapolis is

Washington News, The bill authorizing a national bank at Chicago to establish a branch at the World's Fair was reported favorably to the House

The collection of internal revenue during the first nine months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, were \$113,302,600, an increase of \$4,777,686, compared with the receipts during the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year.

The pension payments so far this month amount to \$10,500,000, and the refund of direct tax to over \$1,000,000, and the consequence is that the Treasury balance has fallen to \$9,800,000.

The President has nominated Nathan O. Murphy, of Arizona, to be Governor of Arizona, vice John N. Irwin, resigned.

The House committee on postoffice and post roads ordered a favorable report on the bill consolidating third and fourth-class mail matter under the head of third class, and fixing the rate of postage at 12 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof. All the conditions as to wrapping, permissible printing, etc., now applicable to fourth-class matter, is to apply to the third-class matter, in addition to the privileges now conferred upon that class. upon that class.

The national silver committee issued a call for a convention, to be held in Wash-ington city May 26th and 27th. The call is extended to all who earnestly favor the immediate restoration of free bi-metalic coinage in the United States, and each congressional district is requested to send two delegates, and each State and territory to send two additional delegates at large. This reason given for the call for the convention is stated as follows:

is stated as follows:

This action is impelled by the manifest determination on the part of the gold combination to surpress the silver passage for at least another decade, and if pressible, by transmitting existing debts into gold obligations, and otherwise to fasten forever the single gold standard upon the people of the United States, and thus to perpetuate the subtle system of robbery that has been carried on for the past 20 years by means of a money standard that is constantly increasing in value.

Mr. Hoar asked and obbained have

Mr. Hoar asked and obtained leave of ab sence from the Senate for the remainder of the session. It is understood that Mr. Hoar's purpose is to make a trip to Europe, in order to consult the most distinguished specialists in eve diseases.

A fire in the Avon church, near Fontainbleau, has destroyed the altar and choir and the famous gifts of Anna of Austria.

At Kenosha, Wis., four business squares At kenosna, Wis., four business squares burned, causing a loss of about \$500.000, partly as follows: Northwestern Wire Mattress Company, \$550,000, insurance, \$200,000, Rain Wagon company, \$40,000, insured; \$27,000; Head, Sutherland & Co., \$45,000, insured, 13,000.

The yarn mill of E. B. Woolworth

oriskany Falls, N. Y., was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$50,000.

Five buildings belonging to the Staten Island dyeing-works at West New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y., were burned. Loss

\$100,000; insurance, \$40,000. At Atlanta, Ga., machinery hall of the

Georgia technological school. Loss, \$50,-000; insurance, \$30,000. Fire at Olean, N. Y., destroyed the Com mercial Hotel, 12 houses and 5 barns. Loss,

\$50,000.

For the first three months of the present For the first three months of the present year 350 fires with a loss of \$1,97,936 and insurance of \$5,839,681 have occurred in Philadelphia. The loss for the last three months is largely in excess of the corresponding periods of 1890 and 1891, when it was \$177,565 and \$835,025 respectively.

Near Traverse City, Mich., the town of Slights was completely wiped out by fire.

Loss, \$15,000; little insurance.

At Henrietta, Tex., most of the business square. Loss, \$100,000; small insurance, Political.

The Ohio State central committee of the People's party met at Columbus and fixed August 17 as the date for the State conven-Daniels, Badger & Co., Boston furniture manufacturers, have locked out their 122 workmen rather than accede to a demand for a nine, instead of a ten-hour day.

The lockout of the cotton spinners in Lancashire, Egg., where it is estimated 19,-000,000 spindles are idle, shows no sign of being amicably settled at present, and instead of the arbitration, which was recently

were heid throughout lithnois russays. In nearly every case the license question was the controlling issue. So far as heard from, in about 125 towns nearly 70 voted for li-cense and 50 for anti-license, in the others Councils being fied.

Councils being tied.

The full Louisiana vote, official, from all the parishes, is as follows: Foster, anti-Lottery Democrat, 79,270; McEnery, Democrat, 46,739; Leonard, regular Republican, 28,-834; Breaux, custom-house Republican, 11,301; Tannehill, People's party, 8,502. The Foster Democrats will have 18 of 36 members of the senate and 49 of 98 members of the house, creating a tie in both bodies. Fitzpatrick was elected Mayor of New Orleans.

Legislative.
The Ohio general assembly adjourned on

The One general Monday.

The regular session of the New York Legislature was concluded Friday, and both branches adjourned sine die. Previous to adjournment Governor Flower sent in a message calling a special session, to begin on Monday evening, to consider the Legislative responsionment.

reapportionment.

By a vote of 91 to 72 the Massachusetts

House refused a third reading of the bill
enabling a political party holding 2 per cent
of the votes for Governor to make nominations. This bill was in fayor of the Probibition party, and was supported by the Democrats and opposed by the Republi-

Sanitary Items. At Boston eleven cases of trichinosis, with one death, are reported from eating raw ham.

There have been two deaths from typhoid fever recently at the Pennsylvania military Academy, Chester, Pa., and there are five students lying ill with the disease. The opening of the institute, which was to have taken place shortly after Easter, has been postponed until May 1.

Thirteen new cases of small-pox were discovered in different parts of New York, for last week, and all were removed to North Brothers Island.

Crops Crops.

Crops.

Dispatches received from Muskegon, Grand Rapids, St. Joseph, Traverse City, South Haven, Saugatuck and other points in Michigan state that the outlook for an abundant peach crop is exceptionally fine. The buds are not far enough advanced to be injured by the recent frosts.

There is now in store in Duluth elevators more wheat, with one exception, than has ever been collected in one market at one time in the history of the American grain trade. The total is about 15,265,000 bushels. Indiana peach buds have been only slight-

The Weather.

A torrid wave has reached Denison, Tex. The thermometer Wednesday afternoon registered 90 in the shade. The weather is stifling and the most extraordinary expe-rienced at this seasonin a number of years. A blinding blizzard is now raging at Lake-field, Minn., and there is four inches of smow on the ground. The storm is growing worse. Seeding is two-thirds done. Snow storms are raging in Austria.

Snow storms are raging in Austria.

Religious.

May 19 to 30, inclusive, will be red-letter days in the history of the Baptist denomition in this country, as they will be celebrated as the anniversaries of the institution of the various branches of the church auxiliaries, as follows: Woman's Home Mission society, Missionary Union, Home Mission society, Education society, Publishing society. The Baptist congress will convene May 19 in the First Baptist church, Philadelphia, and will continue in session until May 30, inclusive.

Judicial.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

Baltimore who, according to the findings of the Civil Service law, are still retained in office. After some further miniportant business, the House adjourned.

Wennishax.—In the Senate to-day, after the usual morning business, Mr Sherman notified the Senate that further examination of the Chinese immigration question had convinced the committee on Foreign Relations that the existing Chinese exclusion legislation would not expire till 1894, and that there was, therefore, no pressure for immediate action on the question. He would, however, call it up at the convenience of Senators who desired to speak upon the subject. Theretipon the sirver resolution offered by Mr. Morgan was taken up, and Mr. Teller proceeded to address the Senate upon it, after which, on motion of Mr. Sherman, went into executive session and afterwards adjourned.

In the House the only business done was the discussion of the Noyes-Rockwell election case, which consumed the entire session.

Thursday.—In the temporary absense of

election case, which consumed the entire session.

THURSDAY—In the temporary absense of Vice President Morton the chair was occupied to-day by Mr. Manderson, president protem. The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar, passing a number, one of them appropriating 304,300 for a large number of lighthouses and otheratids to navigation, mostly on the Great Lakes. The House bill to prohibit, absolutely, the coming of Chinese persons into the United States was taken up for consideration, and Mr. Chandler moved to amend it by making the term of exclusion 15 years instead of Vycars. Mr. Sherman 15 years instead of Vycars. Mr. Sherman bill, It admitted, he said, Cossion who were duly accredited to the United States Government but what he asked, would Chinese diplomats come to the United States for if all other Chinese people were to be excluded? The nessage of such a bill who were duly accredited to the United States Government, but what, he asked, would Chinese diplomats come to the United States for if all other Chinese people were to be excluded? The passage of such a bill he said, would be sure to break off all diplomate relations between the United States and China. What then, he assed, would become of American commerce? The United States was depending on China for teat. The United States has a vast commerce with China, amounting to many millions a year. If this bill were passed not only would China have no diplomats and no consuls here, but the United States would have no commercial relations with China. The tela from China for the United States would have no commercial relations with China. The tela from China for the United States would have no commercial relations with China. The tela from China for the United States would have no commercial relations with China, and add the district of the United States would have no commercial relations of the United States would have no commercial relations of the United States would have no commercial relations of the United States would have no commercial relations of the United States would have no commercial relations of the United States would have no commercial relations of the United States would have no commercial relations of the United States would have no commercial relations of the United States would have no commercial relations of the Teach of the United States would have no commercial relations of the Teach of the United States would have no commercial relations with the United States would have no commercial relations with the United States would have no commercial relations with the United States would have no commercial relations with the United States would have no commercial relations with the United States would have no commercial relations with the United States with the States with the States with the United States with the States w

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Judicial.

The Supreme Court of Georgia has affirmed the constitutionality of the law making the property of railroads amenable to county taxation.

A Sioux City, Ia., judge has decided that Sunday street cars are a necessity. The decision disposes of 100 blue law arrests.

Turf News.

At Lexington Ky., the noted trotter, Lyle Wilkes, property of W. B. Hawkins, died by blood poisoning caused by a fall which resulted in a broken leg. Lyle Wilkes was bought at Woodard's sale in 1890 for \$3,500.

Financial and Commercial.

The depositors of the suspended Muncy, Pa., National Bank have at last been paid it full.

The First National Bank of Grafton, Mass, has been closed by the bank examiner.

Mortuary.

The countess of Antrim, wife of the eart of Antrim, died Saturday. She was the daughter of the late Hon. Charles Grey.

Personal.

Clearing House Manager Camp, of New York, was retired on an annual pension of \$7,500.

Miscellaneous.

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The house dournedafter a lengthy debate, without action. The House action for the rountered states, from State of the revised statutes, which authorizes appeals to the Circustry of any foreign power. The existing the service states from State of the revised statutes, which authorizes appeals to the Circustry of any foreign power. The existing the service states from State of the variety of the authority of any foreign power. The exist of the Vinted States under the authority of any foreign power. The exist of the Vinted States are the courted that the constitution of the variety o

the state is 6,489,552.

The largest number of immigrants in one day, 5,435, arrived Saturday in New York.

During the past week, 16,240 immigrants were landed at the port of New York. This is the largest number landed in any one week this year, 2,259 additional immigrants were landed on Sunday.

There has been another sale of negro vagrants at Frayette, Mo., three men and one woman. One man sold for \$7 for 60 days' work, the two others for \$4 for 30 days' work, and the woman at \$12 for two months' labor. The sale was on the block.

Susan B. Anthony has written an open letter advocating the opening of the world's fair on Sundays.

The three hundred and twenty-seventh birthday of William Shakespeare was celebrated at the Forrest home, at Holmesburg, Inhiadelphia on Saturday.

John Savage, who has for some time been an immate of the Scott county, Ill., Poor House, has fallen heir to an English estate went into executive session, and soon adjourned.

In the House the Noyes-Rockwell contested election case occupied the entire day, adjourned.

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HON. JOHN DEAN, THE PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICAN SUPREME BENCH NOMINEE.

PENN'A REPUBLIGANS CONVENE

DEAN, Mc'DOWELL AND LILLY,

The Nominees for Justice of the Suprem Court, and Congressmen at Large. The Platform in Full.

HARRISBURG, PA., April 21.—At 10:20 o'clock yesterday Chairman Watres called the convention to order, and Secretary Frank Willing Leach read the official call, following this with a call of the roll of delegates. There was not a single contest. James L. Mills, of Philadelphia, named ex-Adjutant General James W. Latta, of Philadelphia, for temporary chairman, and the convention promptly ratified the nomination.

ation.

The chair then announced that nomina ions for electors at large were in order tions for electors at large were in order. General Frank Reeder nominated B. F. Jones, of Allegheny: William Wood, of Philadelphia; J. Francis Dunlap, of Lancaster, and William H. Sayen, of Delaware. They were nominated by acclamation.

Mr. Magee moved the election of the following as delegate-stal-large Hamilton Disston, of Philadelphia; William L. Elskins, of Philadelphia; William Finn, of Allegheny, Henry W. Oliver, of Allegheny, Frank Reeder, of Northampion, Samuel A. Davenport, of Erie; Henry C. McCormick, of Lycoming, and Lyman D. Gilbert, of Dauphin. The motion was agreed to. Mr. Miles moved the election of the following atternates at large. William B. Abern, of Philadelphia; Janes A. Dale, of Got, John W. Toung, of Lycoming Joseph.

District electors were then named as fol-lows:

John L. Lawson, John Mundell, John Hunter. Alex Crowe, Jr., Charles B. Siner. Maxwell Clawer, W. A. Grundy, Traill Green, James K. Mosser, J. F. M. Geist, Henry A. Knapp, W. A. Harvey, James Muir, John H. Shebley, Coe Durland, Perry Stebbins, Lloyd T. Rohrbach, S. S. Shoch, J. Shallwilhelm, James B. Laux, Robert Pricairn, I. F. Lincoln, S. D. Bell, M. H. Taylor, C. F. Barday, Jesse E. Dale.

The convention then settled down to actual business, and the nominations for Supreme-Judge were called for and made.

Then the balloting, which lasted for nearly four hours, commenced. The following is the story of the ballots:

BALLOTS. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Convention of 1892 was no more.

THE PLATFORM.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania assembled in convention on the eve of another national campaign, send greetings to the Republicans of sister states. To the Republicans of Rhode Island, especially, we extend hearty congratulations upon the triumph they have just achieved, and hail at as the omen of a more declarievitely throughout the country in November. We earnestly invite the calm and dispassionate judgment of the people of our state upon the record of the R-publican party since its organization at Pittsburg. 30 years ago. We appeal to the voiers of all shades of political belief, and especially to the young men who cast their first vote this year, to study this record from the dark days when the new

Her Children Saw the Murder. Mr. Holly, N.J., April 19.—Louisa Checkley, a colored woman, 45 years of age, was committed to jail here to-day, charged with the murder of her 9-year-old daughter, Mattie, on Saturday. The murder was committed in the presence of her two other children, who were nowed to the comment of the color of the ren, who were powerless to prevent it. The girl, for some slight offense, was placed in a chair and a rope tied around her neck and the other end tied to the stove. The mother pulled on the rope until she had strangled the child to death. party arose in its might to oppose the defant pretensions of the slave power until
now, when its very name is, the synonym
of national strength and mighty achievemeet. It has swed the federal union from
destruction, enfranchised the slave, preserved and enlarged the public credit, established a sound currency and protected
American labor. The party of Lincoln and
Grant, of Harrison and Blaine, has always
had the wisdom to do right and the courage
to be consistent. It has never been found
on both sides of any great public question.
It has never in one breath, as our Demoeratic opponents in Pennsylvania have inst
ione, invoked the shades of deceased
tatesmen who were protectionists and
houted hosannus to living free traders.
From first to last the Republican party has
seen true to its professions and steadast in,
ts devetion to the public welfare.

We declare our unbounded confidence in
resident Benjamin Harrison, a leader
rithout fear and without reproach. He has
viven to the country a wise and patriotic adimistration of the government. He has
aintained the national dignity and homor,
le has upheld the glory of the American
ag abroad, while promoting peace and adincing prosperity. He has met every duty
his office with intelligence and party arose in its might to oppose the defi-ant pretensions of the slave power until

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maintained the national dignity and honor.

He has upheld the glory of the American flag abroad, while promoting peace and advancing prosperity. He has met every duty of his office with intelligence and courage, and has redeemed every pledge made to the country in the platform upon which he was elected. In the unfortunate disputes with Italy and Chile, in the threatened complications with Great Britain, and the development of the principals of reciprocal commercial intercourse, the Republican administration has acted with fudicial temper and with American spirit; and in the achievement of these victories of peace, we, as Republicans of Pennsylvania, have an especial right to pride in the eminent services of the distinguished Secretary of State, that brilliant son of Pennsylvania and ideal of Republican lating the property with the country lames G. Blaine.

We realifum as the corner stone of Republican faith the principal of protection to American labor, upon which our national greatness is founded, and by which our prosperity must be maintained. We heartily commend the McKinley bill as an exemplification of the principle, and challenge intelligent criticism of its spirit and cetalis. It protects every industry which still needs protection, while reducing duties upon the necessaries of life and making large additions to the free list. We hall with satisfaction the signs in the present elections, that the country las come to realize the visdom of its purposes as commerce and nanufacture have adjusted themselves to its provisions.

We denounce the policy of cowardice and also pretense pursued by the

the convention then settled down to actual business, and the nominations for Supreme Judge were called for and made.

Then the balloting, which lasted for nearly four hours, commenced. The following is the story of the ballots:

BALLOTS. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Dean. 49 56 53 62 60 87 99 100 135
Henderson. 42 52 56 68 84 102 114 120 127
Ewing 30 33 39 42 47 33 27 23 7
White 39 37 52 19 10 9 9 7 6 ...
Sadler. 61 55 58 57 49 21 6 2 1
Archbald. 37 33 29 24 20 13 17 19 ...
Clayton. 12

Thus one of the most remarkable political struggles withessed in Pennsylvania for rangy years was brought to a close and the chanseled convention took a recess unfile of clock a night.

When the gathering reassembled Miller, of Mercer, at once moved that further nominating speeches be dispensed with. This was cernical, and Willer then announced the name of Major McDowell. Water, of Philadelphia, presented Castor. Andy Robertson nominated General Lilly.

When the roll was finished it was seen that while McDowell was an easy winner, the result on the other place was much closer, and to make assurance doubly sure an Allesheny delegate changed from McDowell to Lilly. The result was then announced as McDowell, 195; Lilly were declared nominated, amid great enhusiasm. At this juncture Major McDowell was discovered upon the rear of the stage, and was at once called to the front. He made a characteristic speech, thanking the convention of 1892 was no more.

The Ropublicans of Pennsylvania assem. The Ropublicans of Pennsylvania to the saving any number of victories in the future. Then there were shouts for Lilly, but was a characteristic speech, thanking the convention of the heart conferred and pressgring any number of victories in the future. Then there were shouts for Lilly, but he was not in the passage of more convention of 1892 was no more.

The Ropublicans of Pennsylvania to the saving pension legislation.

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The transparence of the publican State of the publican State of the

the has fully contered use that those now in force.

We believe in a free ballot and a fair count, and affirm that unless in elligent and patriotic sentiment accord these rights to humblest citizens in every section of the country, it becomes the duty of the federal government to secure them by congressional enactment under the authority conferred by the constitution.

government to secure them by congressional enactment under the authority conferred by the constitution.

We heartly commend the action of the legislature of 1891 for the decided progress made by the the direction of the relief of local taxation by the appropriation of \$5,000,000 annually for the support of our public schools, the surrender to the local treasuries of the entire revenue derived from retail liquor licenses and the return to the several counties of three-fourths of the revenue derived from the taxation of personal property. We urge confinued efforts for the relief of taxation upon real estate, and such wise and conservative amendments of the present laws, from time to time, as will most effectually at complish this purpose.

Two Murderers Hanged. Two Murderers Hanged.
Cheyenne, Wyo., April 23—Charles Miller, the boy murderer was hanged yesterday morning. Two years ago, Miller, then 15 years old, shot and killed Waldo Emerson and R. T. Fishbaugh in a box car to obtain their money. He twice escaped from jail since he was convicted. He confessed his crime.

New Orleans' April 23—Philip Baker was hanged here yesterday for the murder of Mrs. Nelson, the wife of his employer. He always protested his innocence.