

THE LATEST NEWS FROM OVER THE WIRES

Crime and Penalties.

Thomas Gaffey shot and killed Edward Buggy at Duncomb, Iowa. Gaffey was a rejected suitor of the girl with whom Buggy was walking when killed.

Wm. A. Losey, confidential bookkeeper for Mallison Bros. & Co., paper warehouse, New York, has been arrested, charged with appropriating \$31,708.37 of the firm's money. The pecuniations have been going on for over two years and the money was spent in playing policy.

Agent Robert McClure of the Pittsburg, Pa., Law and Order Society was held under \$1,000 bail for court trial to answer the charge of perjury preferred against him by J. M. Sharpe, a newsdealer.

N. F. Evans, a director of the defunct Spring Garden National bank, of Philadelphia, was held in \$15,000 on charges of misapplication and embezzlement of the bank's funds.

Robert Musgrave, the life insurance swindler of Terre Haute, Ind., was refused a new trial and sentenced to prison for ten years.

Officer Berlean, of Philadelphia, shot and killed a man named W. H. Brooks while trying to arrest him on a charge of attempted burglary.

Two young men at Sandosville, Ga., W. H. H. and Fred Horton, are on trial for burning eight railroad ties and bridges.

Six men ambushed C. M. Brittain, a mine owner, and three others near Durango City, Tex., a few days ago, knowing he had \$10,000 in silver in his wagon. The robbers were repulsed, with the loss of one man on each side. No arrests.

J. Messigale and his 17-year-old son were murdered at Yazoo, Miss., by some unknown parties in their store. They had been killed by blows on the head with some hard weapon, probably a hatchet.

At Indianapolis, Oscar Abbott, colored, 26 years old, shot and slightly wounded Celia Bass, also colored, and then blew his brains out. She had refused to marry him.

John T. Bright, of Taney county, Mo., shot and instantly killed his wife while she was returning from a spring with a bucket of water. He then proceeded to the house and informed his children that their mother was dead. The little ones subsequently found her corpse on the wayside. Bright was captured and lynched.

Capital, Labor and Industrial.
A. Leggett & Sons, the Allegheny, Pa., axle makers, have reduced the wages of their employees 10 per cent.

The sixth annual report of the New York factory inspectors sent to the Legislature, shows that child labor has been reduced in this State over 60 per cent. since 1886. The sweat shop evil is increasing, and it is no uncommon thing to meet in them with men and women who work from 16 to 19 hours a day, seven days a week for weeks in succession. The swarm of inferior immigrants who have come to the country within the last few years supply these sweat shops.

The strike of the employees in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's shops at Indianapolis, which began three weeks ago, now seems likely to affect the entire system.

Hoorens iron mill, in Norristown, Pa., was shut down, throwing 230 men idle. The wages of McHose & Sons blast furnace employees, of Norristown, have been cut 10 per cent.

The report of William Stein, mine inspector of the sixth anthracite district, (Pa.) for 1891, shows the total production of coal was 6,419,302 tons, and increase of 182,748 tons over 1890. The fatal accidents for the year was the same as in 1890—96; non-fatal, 92; a decrease of 5. Employees inside the mines, including foremen, 11,203; outside the mines, including superintendents and clerks, 8,203. Total outside and inside, 19,472. Tons of coal produced per life lost, 95,757 as against 94,491 in 1890.

Twelve furnaces at Birmingham, Ala., have reduced wages 10 per cent. In only one has there been a strike, and in that case a sufficient force was immediately secured to continue work. The reduction affected 8,000 men.

The Laughlin nail factory at Mingo Junction, O., closed indefinitely, laying idle 150 men.

The machinists' strike at Indianapolis has been officially indorsed.

The building trades school at Pittsburg will graduate its first class of journeymen bricklayers next month. Their work is pronounced by experts to be fully equal to that of competent journeymen.

Legislative.
The Iowa prohibition law was practically wiped out of existence Wednesday. The State senate then, by a vote of 27 to 22, adopted the Gatch bill, which allows county option, each community being given the right to settle the liquor question for itself by elections to take place not oftener than every five years.

After a good deal of debate the New York Senate declined to investigate the Keeley cure.

In the lower house of the Iowa State legislature the question of the resubmission of prohibition to a vote of the people came up and was carried.

The New York assembly committee on codes has agreed to report favorably on the bill, amending the capital punishment act of the State. The bill does away with the electric chair and substitutes hanging. The bill is reported without amendment.

The N. J. Senate passed on third reading the bill legalizing the recent Reading railroad deal in that State. The Senate also adopted a resolution asking the World's fair commissioners to close the fair on Sunday, and asking the New Jersey commissioners to close the State's exhibit on that day.

In the Iowa Senate the Australian ballot bill passed without a dissenting vote. It is different from the ballot bill passed in the house, and will now go to that body again.

Governor Thomas, of Utah, has vetoed the World's Fair appropriation bill.

Disasters and Accidents.
Robert O'Neil fell down an elevator shaft at Indianapolis a distance of 105 feet. The most remarkable feature of the fall is that he was not killed. He alighted on his feet and walked home, a distance of several squares.

At Danville, Ill., Jeremiah Moran, a well known mining expert, was squeezed to death between the mine roof and a car which ran off the track.

Edward A. Rush, a New York horseman visiting Lancaster, Pa., was kicked in the abdomen by a horse and fatally injured.

Two Big Four freight trains, from Cincinnati to Indianapolis, collided near Brookfield, Shelby county, Ind. It was a rear-end collision, the first train stopping unaccountably. Conductor Wm. McGill and brakeman Myers, in the caboose of the first train, were instantly killed. Considerable loss of property resulted.

Olas Lesh and H. A. Swatos were engaged in a friendly boxing contest at Bluffton, Ind., when Swatos struck Lesh a blow on the neck. He fell and expired in five minutes.

Convention News.
The Texas State Republican convention elected four delegates to the national convention and adopted resolutions instructing the delegates to cast the vote of Texas for Harrison.

The Executive Committee of the People's Party State Central Committee has issued a proclamation calling upon the people of Kansas who indorse the declaration of union and independence of all industrial forces and the platform promulgated by the St. Louis conference to meet in mass convention in their respective county seat towns on March 26 for the purpose of ratifying the action of the conference.

The Republican State Convention at Indianapolis elected delegates-at-large to the Minneapolis convention. All except the 17 delegates from Ft. Wayne or Allen county are in favor of Harrison's renomination. The latter are for Gresham or others.

A Texas convention of white Republicans has been called, and will send a contesting delegation to Minneapolis.

The Plymouth County Republican convention at LeMars, Ia., instructed for Harrison, and tabled a resolution indorsing the Gatch liquor license bill.

Fires.
Factory D, the largest and most valuable plant of the United States Glass Company, was destroyed by fire at Pittsburg, entailing a loss estimated at \$150,000. The factory, commonly known as Duncan's, covered half an acre.

At Milwaukee, the art store of Roebel & Reinhard. Loss, \$48,000; many valuable paintings were destroyed.

At Chicago, a 6-story building, 195 and 197 Michigan street. Loss, \$125,000.

At Philadelphia, fire destroyed John Greaz Bros' cotton and woolen mill. Loss, \$75,000, insurance \$50,000. Also the Irving public school at Dubuque, Iowa. Loss \$15,000, insured.

At Bloomfield, Ia., the entire south side of the public square, including the Opera House and many stores. Loss about \$200,000.

At Bedford, Ind., 11 business blocks and three residences. Loss, \$35,400; insurance, \$8,390.

Washington News.
Representative Holman, of Indiana, is again confined to his rooms in Washington by an attack of illness.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate: George W. Miller, of Pittsburg, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Twenty-third District of Pennsylvania. Judson C. Clements, of Georgia, to be an Inter-State Commerce Commissioner, vice, Walter L. Bragg, deceased, and William Lindsay, declined.

The House Committee on Territories will report favorable on the Arizona Statehood bill.

Secretary Blaine is improving slowly. It is the general impression that he will take a Southern trip as soon as he is able to travel.

President Harrison issued his proclamation announcing the establishment of the reciprocal treaty with Nicaragua under the reciprocity section of the McKinley bill.

Sanitary Items.
The Japanese leper, John Wing, of Philadelphia, had been cook at the Penobscot hotel there, where 150 guests boarded, until within a few days. He was sent to the pest house. Dr. Paide, the proprietor of the hotel, entered bail in the sum of \$1,500 to appear in court for employing a cook afflicted with leprosy.

Only one case of typhus fever has been reported by the board of health at New York City within four days, and it is thought that the health officers now have the plague under control and that it will soon be wiped out. During the week just ended 12 cases of typhus were reported. The deaths number eight. The total number of cases since the disease was first discovered is 149, and the deaths 76.

Personal.
The Hon. Charles Foster, secretary of the United States treasury, has embarked for New York on the North German Lloyd Steamer Spre, the same vessel on which he went to England.

Jay Gould has given \$25,000 to the University of the City of New York. The gift was made a few days after he gave his check for \$10,000 to the Presbyterian church extension committee.

It is said that Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., yielding to the arguments and importunities of her counsel and friends, has decided to forgo for the present her promise to give the public the full text of her love letters, which she claimed Secretary Blaine had garbled in his statement.

The Crops.
The prospect of large yield of fruit in Southern Indiana were never better than at present with the exception of the peach crop.

Reports from various cities and towns.

throughout Kansas and Illinois are to the effect that winter wheat has been greatly damaged by the recent blizzard. Some of the Kansas reports say that thousands of acres are blackened and killed.

Southern Indiana fruit prospects, except peach, were never better.

Michigan peach buds are in peril.

The blizzard has damaged winter wheat in Kansas.

Political.
In the municipal election at Seattle, Wash., J. T. Ronald, Democrat, was elected Mayor by 800 majority. The Democrats also elected nearly all the other officers. At the last State election Seattle gave 300 Republican majority.

Assemblyman Richard Curran (Rep.) defeated Wm. Carroll (Dem.), the present incumbent, for Mayor, by 2,968 majority at Rochester, N. Y. The whole Republican city ticket is elected.

Da. T. L. FLOON, of Meadville, is the only Republican candidate in the field for Congress in Crawford county.

Democrats carried Seattle, Wash.

Financial and Commercial.
The Standard Oil Trust, the greatest and most powerful monopoly in the world, is going out of existence. The real purpose in terminating the trust, it is supposed, is to reorganize all its companies into one great company, as the Sugar Trust did. Thus the legal difficulties would all be overcome at one stroke. The new company would be a far greater trust than the Standard Oil Trust itself.

Medical.
Infectious cerebral meningitis has caused five deaths within a few days in the vicinity of Laurel Hill, town of Newton, L. I., N. Y. Three of the deaths were in one family.

Religious.
In the Methodist conference at Philadelphia, the question of admitting women as delegates to the general conference was passed upon and defeated by a vote of 76 to 68.

Sporting.
Collins, the Detroit pug, easily whipped Gilmore of Chicago in eight rounds at Detroit.

The Weather.
Cold weather has formed ice in Louisiana and Mississippi.

Miscellaneous.
A bold attempt was made Tuesday evening to abduct Carrie, the 8-year-old daughter of H. W. Petsinger, Pittsburg, Pa. The little girl was out walking when a man seized her and started off. He was overtaken some distance away, when he dropped the child and fled.

O. C. Perry, the Eastern train robber, is said to have secured \$27,000 from the Adams express car which he robbed three weeks ago, but no trace of the money has been found. Detectives are working on the theory that he hid the money which was afterwards removed by a confederate.

The Philadelphia conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, now in session at Philadelphia, passed unanimously a resolution protesting against the opening of the World's Fair on Sundays.

Last night the Rev. R. Cyrus, a colored Methodist minister at Trinidad, N. M., while at Las Vegas, N. M., on a visit, fell dead in the pulpit while preaching.

Victims of the blizzard in the Northwest are now being reported. Nelson Blackmer was lost near Albert, La., and has not been found. At the town of Badger, Ia., Thomas Oneseone was blown from his wagon and his neck broken. Frank Brithwaite was frozen to death one mile from his home at Oberon, N. D. His wife and two children were with him, but were protected in the sleigh and arrived home safely.

Ex-Auditor James C. Lavel of Washington, Ind., when it will be decided how long the suspension shall be continued. In the Tyne, Wear and Lancashire factories about 500,000 persons have been notified that the stopping of the coal supply will throw them out of work. Altogether there are now 500,000 men idle, and this number is likely to be doubled. Many of the establishments in Leeds and Manchester have already damped their fires.

ALL ENGLAND IS STRIKING.
Half a Million Miners and Factory Hands Idle.
LONDON, March 14.—By the great strike of English miners for the purpose of keeping their wages from being reduced, about 500,000 men are idle to-day. Saturday the Durham miners, 70,000 strong, surrounded their pits. The diggers of Lancashire, Yorkshire, Warwickshire, Staffordshire, Cheshire, Cumberland and North Wales, to the number of 35,000 men, also quit work. The strike is spreading rapidly. A convention will be held in London on Wednesday, when it will be decided how long the suspension shall be continued. In the Tyne, Wear and Lancashire factories about 500,000 persons have been notified that the stopping of the coal supply will throw them out of work. Altogether there are now 500,000 men idle, and this number is likely to be doubled. Many of the establishments in Leeds and Manchester have already damped their fires.

MANY MORE OUT.
Today the miners of Lincolnshire quit work, acting in sympathy with the Miners' Federation. This action will make necessary the shutting down of the Appleby Iron Company, the North Lincoln Iron Company, the Frodingham Steel and Iron Company, the Trent Works, the Redburn Hill Iron and Coal Company and several other large concerns in the North Lincolnshire trade. By the action of to-day alone, it is estimated by the most conservative, that at least 100,000 men will be added to the great army already at play. Reports from Sheffield, Birmingham and other places show a slow stoppage of work in the factories in case the strike continues more than a week or two.

THE POOR SUFFER.
The poor in this city and elsewhere are already suffering from a lack of fuel. Only English colliers at work are those of South Wales. Prices have already risen 50 per cent. The Miners' Federation will pay the men strike wages and claims it can continue this for four months. In Scotland the miners are at work.

Prairie Fires Raging.
GUTHRIE, O. T., March 15.—A terrible prairie fire has been raging for several days in Payne county, doing many thousand dollars damage. John Showell, William Query, John Query and others had their farm swept clear of everything and are left penniless. John Query was fatally burned while attempting to save his home.

HURON, S. D.—A prairie fire twelve miles south of here has destroyed the farm-house of William Mills and William Eye with household goods and clothing. Several sheds containing a large amount of grain, hay and farm machinery were burned.

Sacrificed Himself for His Family.
JAMES TOWN, N. D., March 14.—Frank Braithwaite, wife and two children, living seven miles west of Oberon, were lost on Wednesday when a mile from home. The team was unable to go further, and Braithwaite froze to death while trying to lead the horses. The women and children were in the sleigh with blankets and arrived safely at Oberon.

Retaliation Against United States.
OTTAWA, ONT., March 12.—A bill has been introduced in parliament to prohibit the importation and immigration of foreigners under contract or agreement to perform in Canada. This is a retaliatory measure against the United States.

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

Cholera has appeared at Herat and is said to be advancing along the road to Persia.

Dispatches from Port Said, report the foundering of Sicily island, February 19, of the German steamer, Messina. The cook of the Messina has been landed at Port Said, and it is believed all others on board perished.

There has been an Indian outbreak in Bolivia. The rebels were completely routed in one battle, with a loss of 1,000 men. Thirty soldiers were wounded.

The market at Glasgow closed against cattle, sheep and pigs in consequence of the foot and mouth disease, which despite the efforts made to stamp it out, seems to be spreading in Scotland. A large number of cattle and swine have been slaughtered at Paisley by order of the authorities.

A love match has been concluded between Prince Ernest, brother-in-law of Emperor William, of Germany, and Marie Jensen, daughter of a poet.

The railways of Spain are badly crippled by damage done by recent heavy floods.

The Russian government, in order to alleviate as far as possible the distress among the peasants, is employing large numbers of them at Nijn Novgorod, Orel, Kazan and Tula in clearing off over 3,000 acres of forest land at Samara, a bay to be constructed under government direction to afford a shelter for steamers during the winter.

Richard Frederick Cavendish, a nephew of the Duke of Devonshire, about 21 years of age, has been fined forty shillings for swearing in the streets of Cambridge, England.

George Woodcut Hastings, Unionist M. P. for East Worcestershire (England), was sentenced to five years at hard labor for embezzling £15,000 from the estate of John Brown, of which he was trustee.

Thomas Healy, a brother of Timothy, has been elected as M. P. from the county of Wexford in the place of J. E. Redmond, Parnelle, who resigned Wexford, and now represents Waterford.

The grand duke of Hesse died at Berlin. Accounts are still being received of the terrible ravages of yellow fever in Brazil.

It has been ascertained that a foot and mouth disease exactly resembling the English outbreak, has appeared among Belgium cattle. There is great consternation in the agricultural districts. The Brussels cattle market will probably be closed.

The Madrid Gazette published a government decree prohibiting the manufacture of artificial wines in Spain.

There is much destitution among the working classes in Liebon.

Heavy snow storms prevail in Germany and Spain, and a blizzard raged in Northern Austria and Hungary.

General Booth, the Salvationist, addressed an audience of London roughs and criminals Friday night. The crowd was very abusive and disorderly and nearly broke up the meeting.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

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DEAD AND ALIVE ENTOMBED.

150 MINERS KILLED.

A Series of Fire-Damp Explosions Occur While 300 Men and Women Are in a Belgium Mine.

BRUSSELS, March 12.—A terrible series of explosions of fire-damp occurred yesterday at the colliery at Anderlues, near Charleroi. About 300 persons were in the mine when it occurred, 25 of them being women. Fully 100, and probably 150, people have perished either through suffocation, fire or falling debris. Of the dead 30 have been recovered and brought to the surface. Five of them are women. Ten miners were rescued still living, but can hardly live more than a few hours. The pit mouth is surrounded by a walling, desperate crowd of the relatives of those who were in the mine.

There are more than 200 miners and women still unaccounted for. The work of rescue is proceeding slowly, as many parts of the mine have fallen in, while other parts are flooded and the rescuers themselves are in deadly peril.

The explosions took place about noon. Volunteers were let down the pit mouth over which a dark cloud hung. When the cage containing the brave volunteers was half way down on the first trip the furnace caving of the shaft frightened them and they returned. Five of the 10 men refused to go down again as the mine was flooding rapidly, they said, and the loosened sides of the shaft threatened to fall in and bury them. The other five made the second trip and reached the mouth of the second gallery. They found a few men who had been nearest the shaft when the first explosion occurred. The miners had run for their lives, but had been caught at the entrance by falling timbers.

All had broken bones and three were so firmly lodged in the wreck that the rescuing party dared not wait to extricate them. Five of the wounded were brought up on the second trip, and two others and five dead were brought up on the third trip. The rescued men say that 25 of the miners still imprisoned are women. There are about 200 in all still to be accounted for. It is thought that those nearest the first cave in, in the gallery, may be rescued alive. Those furthest from the entrance of the gallery have probably been suffocated before this, and if not will die before they can be reached.

The work has been set back twice this evening by the caving of great blocks of soil and stone from the sides of the wrecked shaft, and since the third trip no volunteers have been sent down to assist. The superintendent of the mine has twice gone down 200 feet, but has returned saying that the chances would be four to one against him if he went lower. The dead will number at least 100 and probably 150. About 400 members of the families of the missing men will camp in the fields around the shaft all night.

About 50 of the 300 men in the gallery at the time of the first explosion got out by the second gallery, 300 feet below the surface, and work at this depth is difficult and dangerous.

Late this evening another rescue party descended to the scene of the explosion in the Anderlues mine. They cleared away debris at the entrance of the gallery and found 25 dead bodies. Five of them were women. Most of the bodies were terribly mutilated. Others showed but few fractures of the limbs. Death had been caused apparently by suffocation. The rescue party returned to the spot and are still at work in the gallery clearing away debris and continuing the search for bodies.

King Leopold has contributed 5,000 francs from his private purse to the temporary support of the families of the miners killed in the progress of the work of rescue. Hundreds of men and women from near-by villages have gathered near the mouth of the pit and are camping around bonfires to keep warm. The progress of the rescue is slow. Families and relatives of the 200 or more men who have made their home in the fields for the night and are cooking their meals over open fires so as to get the earliest news from those imprisoned by the shattered shaft.

The place at which the explosion occurred is in the second gallery, 300 feet below the surface, and work at this depth is difficult and dangerous.

The foul fumes coming from the mine are greatly hindering in the work of rescue.

BRUSSELS, March 14.—Another explosion at the Anderlues pit, near Charleroi, added the horrors of fire to the scene. The crowd about the pit mouth has increased. Hour by hour more mutilated remains are brought to the surface by the searchers. It has been learned that the number of men in the pit was 238. Of these 30 have been brought up dead, 9 injured, 25 escaped by the shaft, and 174 are entombed. There were 90 in the lower gallery when the explosion occurred. It is impossible even to hazard a guess when more bodies will be brought to the surface. Eight days at least will be required to flood the lower middle galleries, which are at present the seat of fire, and before the submerged bodies can be recovered the water will have to be pumped out. The second explosion occurred when the flooding of the mine had been commenced. Help is being given the families of the distressed. A great column of flames has shot out of the mouth of the pit, destroying the buildings connected therewith.

THE CONDITION OF BUSINESS.
 outlook Seems to Be Favorable Despite Complaints.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Distribution of products is unquestionably improving. Transactions are, on the whole, larger than a year ago, in spite of depression at the South, being very much larger in the West. Nor is improvement confined to that section. Though general there, it is also more distinctly felt in Eastern cities, and there are not wanting signs that trade at the South, though still much embarrassed by the low price of cotton is steadily gaining. With all the great industries active, with money abundant in spite of gold exports and with speculation kept in wholesome check, the outlook would seem to be unusually favorable, notwithstanding general complaints that prices are low and margins of profit unusually small.

Pittsburg finds the volume of trade in iron smaller, and some further talk of closing hardware, boots and crockery, and of the grocery trade at Cincinnati is good. Good trade is noted at Cleveland in dry goods, hardware, boots and crockery, and of jobbing trade. Money is plenty for legitimate trade in Chicago. Throughout the North west the storm has unsettled trade, though even where prospects are considered bright.

The business failures during the last seven days for the United States were 230, for Canada 23, total, 253 as compared with 240 last week, 270 the week previous by the last, and 273 for the corresponding week of last year.

FROM THE FOURTH FLOOR.
A Nurse Throws Two Children and Herself out of a Window.

New York, March 12.—Kate Noolock, a nurse, during a fire in a dwelling threw two children named Burns out of a fourth-story window and jumped after herself. All were badly hurt.



Officer A. H. Braley, of the Fall River Police, is highly gratified with Hood's Sarsaparilla. He was badly run down, had no appetite, what he did eat caused distress and he felt

Tired all the Time
A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla effected a marvelous change. The distress in the stomach is entirely gone, he feels like a new man and can eat anything with old-time relish. For all of which he thanks and cordially recommends Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is very important that in the months of

March April May

The blood should be thoroughly purified and the system be given strength to withstand the debilitating effect of the changing season. For this purpose Hood's Sarsaparilla, possesses peculiar medicinal powers and it is the

Best Spring Medicine
The following just received, demonstrates its wonderful blood-purifying powers:
"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

"Gentlemen: I have had salt rheum for a number of years, and for the past year one of my legs, from the knee down, has been broken out very badly. I took blood medicine for a long time with no good results, and was at one time obliged to

Walk With Crutches
I finally concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken one bottle the improvement was so marked that I continued until I had taken three bottles and am now better than I have been in years. The inflammation has all left my leg and it is entirely healed. I have had such benefit from

Hood's Sarsaparilla
that I concluded to write this voluntary statement."
J. J. Temple, Ridgeway, Mich.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills.
P. N. 111 1893

Before the cause of consumption was known (that was only a few years ago) we did not know how Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil did so much good in consumption and in the conditions that lead to consumption.

The explanation is interesting. We send it free in a book on CAREFUL LIVING.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 138 South 5th Avenue, New York.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil. Four druggists everywhere. Do not be misled.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

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