t his

the com-

k Na-ndian ple at very for he istens arose id to , 1879

ps to soon y de-

ngs of silver year, unted

rs of

hown es of hor of hoes." o ef-

could e na-

o our
ot apot all.
ood in
egard
orked
bare

ing a and g not



Secretary of the Treasury Foster sailed from New York sailed for Europe on the Spree, accompanied by Dr. J. B. Hamilton, ex-Surgeon General of the Arny, and W. F. McLennon, Chief of the Warrant Division of the Treasury Department.

He was to go from New York to Bremen, was to visit London for a couple of days and catch the return steamer at Southampton. The Secretary was accompanied from Washington by W. F. McLennon, Dr. J. B. Hamilton, E. O. Leech, C. M. Hendley and R. J. Wynne, his private secretary. It is said that Secretary Foster is going abroad for his health.

Secretary of War Elkins, ex-Governor McCormick, of Arizona, and many other friends called at the Fifth Avenue Hotel during the morning to express the hope that his health would be benefited by the voyage, and as the Spree steamed down the harbor she was escorted by the revenue cutter Chandler, on board of which were many of the Secretary's friend.

By order of the Secretary of War the Spree was saluted with seventeen guns from Governor's Island and also by the guns at Fort Wadsworth and Fort Hamilton. Seventeen guns is the regulation salute for a Cabinet officer.

A NEW POLITICAL PARTY.

Closing Session of the Industrial Conference at St. Louis. Points of the Platform.

St. Louis, Feb. 25.—The National Industrial Conference yesterday agreed upon a date and place for a national Presidential nomination. July 4 was selected as the date, the place for holding the convention being left to be chosen by a sub-committee of ten to be appointed by Mr. Taubeneck, of Illinois.

The first thing the convention did was to resolve itself into a "blue and gray" mass meeting—a regular fraternal love feast in which both Northern and Southern dele-gates indulged to their heart's content. The

gates indulged to their heart's content. The incideat ended picturesquely by a man on the platform snatching up a big American flag and waving its folds over the head of Cabell, of Virginia, a colored delegate.

The Prohibition or temperance plank was omitted from the platform, Jerry Simpson declaring that, they must cure poverty befors they could intemperance.

Ignatius Donnelly offered an address to the peop e of the U.S. The address calls for a new party and concludes with the following declaration of principles:

First—We declare that the union of labor forces of the United States this day accomplished, permanent and perpetual; may its spirit enter into all hearts for the salvation of the Republic and the uplifting of mankind.

Second—Wealth belongs to him who

plished, permanent and perpetual; may its spirit enter into all hearts for the salvation of the Republic and the uplifting of mankind.

Second—Wealth belongs to him who creates it. Every dollar taken from Industry without an equivalent is robbery. If any will not work, neither shall he eat. The interest of rural and urban labor are the same; their enemies are identical.

Then a demand is made for a mational currency for the payment of all debts, public and private, without the use of banks; a tax not to exceed 2 per cent as set. Forth in the Farners' Alliance sub-treasury scheme; free and unlimited cottage of silver; that the directivating medium be increased to not less than \$50 per capita; a graduated income tax; all national and state revenues shall be limited to government expenses, that the government establish postal saving banks, all lands necessarily owned by railroads and by aliens be reclaimed for actual settlers; the government operate railroads, and by aliens be reclaimed for actual settlers; the government operate railroads and by aliens be reclaimed for actual settlers; the government of the depreciated money in which he was paid and gold.

The platform adopted concludes with the following:

Resolved. That we hall this conference as the consummation of the perfect union of the hearts and hands of all sections of our common country; the men who wore the gray and themen who wore the blue meet here to extinguish the last smouldering embers of civil war in the tears of joy of a united and happy people, and we agree to carry the Stars and Stripes forward forever to the highest point of national greatness.

A resolution was adopted demanding that the question of universal suffrage be submitted to the Legislatures of the different States and Territories for favorable action.

The platform was adopted after a lively fight, and subsequently a new political

States and Territories for favorable action.

The platform was adopted after a lively right, and subsequently a new political party was organized, but no name was chosen.

Fred Swayne, ex-member of the Missouri Legislature, and a local labor agitator, at tempted to introduce an 8-hour resolution. A free right resulted. Swayne was attacked one very side, and laid out. Four of the antagonists were finally taken by the collar, waist and legs and carried into the lobby.

Second rate:

Monterey. Monitor, 4,003 ton Amphitrite.

"Ministonomoh. "3,815 "Ministonomoh. "3,815 "Terror. "4,003 ton Amphitrite. "4,003 ton A

Prohibition Still Rules in Iowa.

Des Moines, Feb. 27.-The liquor license bill was put on its passage in the Senate. The result was 23 yeas to 25 nays, but as two members were absent and a majority of the full house was necessary, the bill was de-

Singular as it may appear, the German capital maintains and pays an official bird catcher. The catching of birds is prohibited, but the collections and educational institutions of the University require, for scientific purposes, birds, bird's eggs, nests, etc., and the taxidermist, Lemm, is the only person commissioned to furnish them.

Although in the ordinary course of things it is the general rule for the heirs apparent to the thrones of Europe to marry as soon as they arrive at a fitting age, the history of Englandalone affords several exceptions to a practice which is rendered necessary by reasons of the highest policy.

Three hundred and thirteen places are licensed for stage plays in the kingdom.

GRAND ARMY COLUMN

A WAR RELIC.

A Michigan Comrade Has a Muster-Roll of the Black Horse Cavalry.

The following memorandum is taken from a Confederate muster roll of Co. K. 6th Va. Cav., while stationed near Hamburg, Va., and dated Dec. 12, 1862. It is in a good state of preservation and contains the names of 14 commissioned and non-commissioned officers and 81 men. If any surviving member of this company, whose name appears on the roll, would like to get possession of it. I should be glad to correspond with him for the purpose of making an appointment to meet him at Washington during the coming G. A. R. Encampment. Although I have kept this old war relie for many years, it being a constant reminder of many of my previous discomforts, yet it may be more highly prized by some survivor of that once famous Black Horse Cavalry, and if so I will take pleasure in presenting it to him at the time and place above mentioned. Washington being so near the homes of many of that regiment, possibly some of them may be attracted to the city at that time; hence this notice. The roll contains in a well-written hand the following record of events: written hand the following record of

events:

"This company was with Gen. Robinson's Brigade on the march from Harrisonburg to the Rapidan; also during his stay at Gordonsville and Orange Courthouse. It was also with him at the battle of Cedar Run, Aug. 8, 1862, but was not engaged, as the cavalry was not in the fight. It was with Col. Jones (now Brigadier-General) when he crossed the Rapidan at Burnett's Ford and run the Yankee cavalry picketts into our infantry camp, capturing a Lieutenant of infantry and two privates, also two on three cavalrymen. It was also with the brigade when it advanced beyond the Rapidan, engaging the Yankees men at Brandy Station, Culpepper Co. on the 19th of August, where it sustained itself well under a long run of fire, in which there was one man wounded and one horse killed and three wounded. Later in the day it was in the charge made by the brigade at Brandy Station to within a short distance of Rapidan Station. The Yankees were repulsed and several prisoners and guns captured by the company. It was also with General Stuart in his raid on Catlett's Station on the day and night of Aug. 21, in which it had one man severely and events:
"This company was with Gen. Rob-

OUR NEW NAVY.

OUR NEW NAVY.

We Will Soon be in Shape to Make a Very Respectable Showing Affoat.

We have not been long at building our new navy; that is, long as other Nations go about the work, but we are already showing a strength affoat that attracts the attention of the world. It is the intention of the Government to hold a grand naval review in April, 1893, in New York harbor, in which foreign nations will be invited to participate. Barring accidents, the folticipate. Barring accidents, the following vessels of the new navy, now in service or under way, will take part:

額	Aimored vessels. First late.							
	New York		8,150 6,648	tons				
g	Texas	Battleship	6,314	**				
3	Second rate:	at s						
8	Monterey	Monitor,	4,003	tons				
뗗	Amphitrite	4.6	3,815					
릨	Miantonomoh	4.4	3.815	t.				
題	Monadnock		3,815					
	Terror		3,815					
	Third rate:							

	Cruiser No. 6			5,560	tons
	Second rate:				
ă	Chicago	Protected	Cruiser.	4,500	tons
ŝ	Baltimore	11	11	4,400	16
	Philadelphia	44		4.300	
	Newark		"	4.083	
	San Francisco		- 11	4.083	
	Charleston		41	4.730	
	Boston		rnigor	3,189	
	Atlanta		14,	3,189	
ä	Raleigh	建设的基础	**	3,000	
	Cincinnati		46	3,000	
	Third rate:				
	Cruiser No. 9		Cruiser,	2,000	ton
	(ruiser No. 10			2.000	
	47 37 44		44	0.000	

srmament, be protected, 7,400 tons, and will go 22 knots an hour. In November following three more battle ships of 10,000 tons each, the Indiana, Massachusetts and Oregon, will also be ready for action They will have remarably heavy armaments; more formidable than any now in existence, a speed of 16 knots an hour, with a radius of 5,000 miles, equal to many eruisers.

cruisers.

In addition there are still in use the wooden steamers of the old navy, Galena, Richmond, Enterprise, Pensacola, Essex, Tallapoosa, Mohican, Iroquois, Ranger, Monongahelia, Alert, Nipsic, Omaha, Swatara, Monocacy, Alliance, Marion, Pinta, Michigan, Fortune, Thetis and the training aquadron, consisting of the Jamestown and Portsmouth.

HOW TO WRITE DATES.

Many Modes of Putting Down the Day of the Month.

"The Listener" writes in the Boston Transcript: "January 3, 1891," is a date which looks picturesque, distinguished and fin-de-siecle on paper. It reminds one that the world is getting particularly old. It will be very interesting to write down "1900" at the top of one's letters, when the year comes around; it would be still more interesting to write "2000" there. interesting to write "2000" there.

Few of us will ever do it, though if science does its duty and finds a way to prolong a civilized person's life to a California Mission Indian's, some of a Canfornia Mission Indians, some of us may hope to do it. The writing of that date above reminds the Lis-tener that there is a great diversity of usages nowadays in the writing of a date. Looking over a number of pri-vate letters, the Listener has found them dated in all the following ways:

nem dated in all the follow 1. December 24, 1890. 2. December 24th, 1890. 3. 24th December, 1890. 4. 24 Dec. 1890. 5. Dec. 24, 1890. 6. 24th Dec. 1890.

7. 1890, 24, December. 8. 12 | 24 | 90. 9. XII, 24, 1890. It would be hard to say which the Rapidan, engaging the Yankees men at Brandy Station, Culpepper Co. on the 19th of August. where it sustained itself well under a long run of fire, in which there was one man woundad and one horse killed and three wounded. Later in the day it was in the charge made by the brigade at Brandy Station to within a short distance of Rapidan Station. The Yankees were repulsed and several prisoners and guns captured by the company. It was also with General Stuart in his raid on Catlett's Station on the day and night of Aug. 21, in which it had one man severely and one slightly wounded. It was with the guns in the movement on Manassas and Bristoe Stations, and during the subsequent battle on that well known field. It was on detached service in Loudoun county from the 1st to the 18th of October, 1862, arresting deserters and conscripts.

"On the 9th, Lieut. Meanes and 21 men, very poorly armed, went to Aldie on a scout, where he met a scout of the enemy of about the same number, which he charged and put to flight, with what loss has not been ascertained, Lieut. Meanes and Private Russell, a Baltimorean, having been killed almost instantly, the Yankees having stood to deliver a well directed fire before retreating. Serg't Ball was also slightly woundet. It is but due to state that Lieut. Meanes had but seven with him in the charge, the rest having been lasted by another officer under misapprehension of orders.

"C. H. Ball. Captaan, Com'd'g Co."

—Thos. Moloney, in National Tribune.

OUR NEW NAVY.

Higher Education of Women.
The higher education for women is undoubtedly an excellent and commendable thing, but it is open to question if it may not get too high for the best practical utility, says the Boston Jester. I number among my acquaintances a most charming young woman, who has devoted a number of her more recent years to the general furbishing of an intellect naturally bright. As a result, she scintillates furbishing of an intellect naturally bright. As a result, she scintillates with a continuousness and readiness that at once daze and delight. She knows as much about literature as the late Lowell, and she handles the piano with a touch altogether Paderewskish. She has also given much earnest thought to the Rig Vedas of the ancient Hindoos, and also to theosophy. She is, in short, intellectual. These tastes naturally compel a residence in the immediate purlieus of Boston, but she occasionally pays a fleeting visit to her home, repel a residence in the immediate purlieus of Boston, but she occasionally
pays a fleeting visit to her home, remotely situated in New Jersey.
Thither at the recent Christmas time
she went. On the breaking of Christmas morn her little brother, a young
person of 4, was up early to begin the
investigations of the day, and Erudita,
wishing to lighten the maternal cares,
essayed to dress him. Finally, after
great deliberations and frequent experiments, he was duly attired. But
the young man was not happy, and
after the manner of his kind he soon periments, he was duly attired. But the young man was not happy, and after the manner of his kind he soon began to snivel. "Why, my estimable brother, what is it that distresses you?" "Boo, boo! my clothes hurt me." A long and careful search utterly failed, however, to disclose anything amiss. But the tender tears still flowed till the mother appeared on the scene. "Who dressed that child?" she asked. "I did," replied her accomplished daughter. "Well, you've got his pants on hind side before."

Raleigh ... "3,000 "
Cincinnati... "3,000 "
Third rate:
Cruiser No. 9. ... Cruiser, 2,000 tons
(ruiser No. 10. ... "2,000 "
Bennington ... Gunboat, 1,700 "
Concord ... 1,700 "
Concord ... 1,700 "
Delphin ... "1,485 "
Gunboat No. 5. ... 1,000 "
Gunboat No. 5. ... 1,000 "
Fourth rate:
Vesuvius, Dynamite ... Cruiser, 970 tons
Petrel Gunboat, 870 "
Torpedo Cruiser ... Gunboat, 870 "
Cruiser No. 10. ... 12. ... 855 "
Cushing ... Torpedo Boat, 100 ... Torpedo Cruiser ... 975 tons
Petrel Gunboat, 870 ... Torpedo Cruiser ... 975 tons
Petrel Gunboat, 870 ... Torpedo Cruiser ... 975 tons
Petrel Gunboat, 870 ... Torpedo Cruiser ... 975 tons
Petrel Gunboat, 870 ... Torpedo Cruiser ... 975 tons
Petrel Gunboat, 870 ... Torpedo Cruiser ... 975 tons
Petrel Gunboat, 870 ... Set girl ... in fact, for none of the fair daughters of our favored city. The shoe was made for the famed Miss, Ella Ewing, of Fairmount, Mo., who is only 18 years old, and whose weight is 325 pounds. Her height is 7 feet and 10 inches, and she is said to be a robust sample of our Missouri maidens.—Rich Hill (Mo.) Review.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

At Cassis, France, granite blocks of teen cubic metres have been moved by

At has been shown conclusively that insect or meat fed plants bear heavier and more seeds than those which are un-

The new British cruiser Pique in a re-cent run is reported to have made a speed of seventeen roots an hour without difficulty.

Recent experiments in France on the velocity of propagation of electric waves give a mean velocity which is almost exactly that of light

actly that of lights,

It has been found that vaccination is
beneficial to horses having the glanders,
and this treatment is now being used in A marine railway has been built in Elizabethport, N. J., which is capable of hauling a 2500-ton vessel out of the water in nine minutes.

water in nine minutes.

The enterprise of stocking the rivers of Arkansas and Missouri with the rainbow trout of California is said to be a most gratifying success.

The alleged power of camphor to awaken seeds or stimulate their germination has been shown by the experiments of M. Henry de Varigny to have no real existence.

Currents of water serve to a vast ex-tent the purpose of distributing seed. Many trees are found on the banks of streams which carry their nuts miles away, where they spring into new for-

ests.

An alloy which adheres firmly to glass and can therefore be used for joining up glass tubing, is said to be made by adding five per cent. of copper to ninety-live per cent. of tin. The tin is first metted and the copper added subsequently. quently.

A recent English invention is a buoy

ant life saving seat for ships. It is in-tended for a deck seat, the upper and lower parts being made of buoyant ma-terial, so that if thrown into the water the apparatus will support several people comfortably.

Sometime ago Professor Parisi, of Athens, Greece, was surprised at being relieved of a tape worm after a very free use of cocoanut. Since then he has tried this as a remedy with almost invariable success, and good results are reported from its trial in America.

W. Verner writes to the Zoologist that the Kentish plover, like the stone curiew or thicknee, is being rapidly exterminated in the county from which it derives its name by collectors and so called "naturalists," who, with walking stick guns, in and out of season, destroy all they can opproach.

It is proposed to use electricity for the

all they can opproach.

It is proposed to use electricity for the disinfection of ships. By the electrolysis of sea water chlorine gas is liberated and the same effect—that of the oxydation of the noxious substances—produced by chloride of lime results. The gas will be carried in pipes from the electrolytic bath to the various portions of the ship.

Dew may be derived from moisture from the ground or from excess of moisture in the air, near the earth, coming in contact with vegetable or other substances that have become cold by radiation. Dew falling upon metallic roofs is free from the inducence of ground moisture, and is due to saturation of the air by cooling of both air and metal by nocturnal radiation.

A recent improvement in arc-light

A recent improvement in arc-light pencils consists of a wire cloth containing no carbon, but is coated with a chromate of any kind. These chromates are non-conducting, but the metal cloth starts the arc and the intense heat reduces the chromate to a chromate of the metal used. These pencils burn at the rate of one-eighth of an inch an hour when the carrent is properly controlled. when the carrent is properly controlled.

Crown and Scepter.

The Emperor William of Germany is called "Gondola Willie" by his comrades of the Life Guards. Every officer

rades of the Life Guards. Every
in this corps has a nickname.
William II., the new King of Wurtemberg, is a man of simple domestic tastes,
with no liking for the display and gaythat characterized the court while

decided "crank" and the younger is a lunatic.

Queen Victoria's favori'e retreat, it is said, is the private garden of Osborne Castle, on the Isle of Wight. She is less exposed there to the restraints of high place and the espionage of servants than in her other residences.

The Queen of Holland is very particular about her letter paper. It is all pure white and very thick, with crowns and armorial blazorry of gold, scarlet and blue. The simpler sorts have only her name, surmounted by a crown.

Prince Henry of Prussia, the Emperor's brother, has also affected a beard, but, unlike His Majesty, has diligently let it grow. The young man 1s quite simple in his habuts, and delights in walking the deck of his ship with bare feet to copy the custom of the sailors.—Chicago Herald.

A Wealthy Pauper.

A Wealthy Pauper.

At Moisberg, near Labeck, Germany, Ged recently Fraulein Susanne Morgenroth, in abject aqualor. For many years she has been an object of commiseration and charity, has gathered all her firewood on the highways, and drawn monthly supplies from the poormaster. In her mattress were found securities showing that she had over \$10,000 safely invested, and stockings full of gold and silver were found under heaps of dirt and beneath the floor.—New Orleans Picayune.

HOUSEHOLD MATTERS.

TO PRESERVE SCRUBBING-BRUSHES Scrubbing-brushes should be kept with the bristias down and they will last twice as long. Common sense will tell you if you stand them the other way the water will run down and soak into the back, loosening the bristles, whether they be glued or wired.—New York Journal.

COPPER STEWPANS.

The reason why copper stewpans are considered desirable is that in the first place they are more durable, far outlasting any other; and secondly, being thicker, they cause the heat to be more uniform, hence they are preferred by our "cordons bleus." On the other hand, they require to be frequently retinned, and become a source of danger unless kept perfectly clean and bright inside. For this reason, doubtless, they are much less used than formerly, which is very detrimental to the look of the kitchen dresser, as "bright coppers" give an air of cheeriness and well being to a kitchen that is very attractive.—New York Tribune.

To CLEAN WHITE FURS.

Very few people know how to clean white furs, and it may, therefore, be of interest to learn the method recommended to a Bazar writer by the famous St. Petersburg (Russia) furrier, Cubeaus. The furs must first be washed with tallow soap and lukewarm water, and then rinsed with a weak solution of crystals of soda, all the soapsuds being removed from the fur with a hard brush. Should there be dark stains, such as are made by carriage grease or other fat substances, on the fur, it will be necessary to rub them with benzine a few hours before washing it. It sometimes happens that in spile of this treatment the furs retain a yellowish hue; this can, however, be removed by bleaching them in the following manner: While still damp the articles must be immersed in very cold water, in which four pounds of sulic acid are added to the mixture, which must be well stirred. Whilst the furs are in the fluid the vessel containing them should be tightty covered, so as to exclude the action of sel containing them should be tightly covered, so as to exclude the action of the air on the acids. Lastly, the furs must be rinsed several times with pure cold water.—Boston Transcript.

THE SCIENCE OF DUSTING.

THE SCIENCE OF DUSTING.

It is a science, since the doctors have discovered for us that the furnishings of our houses are the camping ground of lively unknowables called bacteria, writes Helen Watterson. The removal of dust is, therefore, not only a performance of esthetic necessity, but of the greatest sanitary importance as well. It is not going too far to say that there is just as much need of classes in the hygienes of cleaning and dusting as there is of cooking classes.

cleaning and dusting as there is of cooking classes.

The simple displacement of dust isn't dusting, and the whisking of the feather duster is no more evidence of cleanliness than the possession of many books nowadays is an evidence of learning. A room is dusted only when the dust is taken out of the room and that is done only when it has been carried out of the room. This is done by using a soft, slightly dampened cloth to dust with and by wiping the surface of each article slowly and with care not to throw the particles of dust up in the air, whence they will settle again instantly somewhere else.

particles of dust up in the air, whence they will settle again instantly somewhere else.

The utility of the feather-duster except for walls is to be doubted, and even for walls a soft cloth is better. A thin silk cloth or a piece of cheese-cloth makes a good duster. So does a soft, firm woolen cloth, but linen and cotton finnnel leave lint behind them. One woman uses all of her worn-out silk stockings for dusting and still another makes loose mittens out of old woolen which she puts on as dusters. A turkey's wing is admirable to get the dust out of chinks and between rails and chamois gives a last polish better than anything else. The best polish in all the world to keep furniture from looking dingy is the following: Two tablespoonful turpentine. Instead of cotton-seed oil grout oil and good vegetable oil may be used. This should be well rubbed into the wood and then a last polishing given with chamois. This is the recipe of a famous furniture dealer in New York.—Chicago News.

RECIPES.

A Dish of Snow—One pint of stewed, strained, sweetened apple flavored with rosewater. Add the whites of two wellbeaten eggs. Eat cold with cream.

Graham Muffins—Sift one and one-half cups of wheat flour, two teaspoonhalf cups of wheat flour, two teaspoon-fuls of cream tartar and one of soda, a teaspoonful of salt and three teaspoonfuls of sugar on a cup and a half of graham flour. Stir into the dry ingredents a cup of milk and two eggs. Beat well and bake in muffiu pans. Rye meal is delicious made by this rule.

delicious made by this rule.

Golden Cream Cake—Cream threefourths of a cup of butter, add slowly
two cups of sugar, add four eggs, one at
a time, without first beating them. Beat
well. Mix two teaspoonfuls of baking
powder with three cups of flour, and add
this alternately with one cup of milk.
Bake in layers. This makes a yellow
cake, which is more attractive with cocoanut filling.

A Game Soup—Break up the carrasses



Gettysburg

Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla

"C, I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"I was in the Army of the Potomee, and at Gettys
burg was struck in the ankle by a minnie ball, which
smashed the bone. My leg was amputated in the
field hospital, and after a long time it healed. I was
discharged and went home. After 8 years

My Wound Broke Open afresh. Dr. Pease amputated an inch of the bone, and it healed. Four years later it once more opened, and for eight years HOW I SUFFREED ! I do not believe it possible for a human being to suffer worse agony. During this time I had to ge escrutches, being unable to wear a wooden leg. Whenever possible I relieved my sufferings by fating opiate, but when I was obliged to go without it, I suffered fearfully and thought I SHOULD GO CRAZY. I tried every thing I could get with my limited means. Physicians said I would never be any better. Finally my

Blood Became Poisoned and it broke out all over my face and on some part of my body so that my face is all covered with scars now. One day I read of Hood's Sarsaparilla bought a bottle and began taking it. A week or two later, my wife in dressing my leg, said it seemed to be improving, and after taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Col. C. A. Weaver mmander of Root Post, G. A. R., himself a one ned veteran, fully confirms Mr. Hammond's state at, and J. L. Belden, the pharmacist, also endorses s perfectly true.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headach

PNU9 POULTRY For PROFITS Parker Poultry practical poultry inggains By practical poultry measure;
best poultry paper in the person of the pe

Kennedy's Medical Discovery Takes hold in this order:

Bowels. Liver, Kidneys. Inside Skin, Outside Skin,

Driving everything before it that ought to be out.

You know whether you need it or not.

DONALD KENNEDY, ROXBURY, MASS.

ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM CATARRY COLD IN HEAD costarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It aliays inflammation, protects the memberane from additional colds, completely heals the sores and rostores sense of taste TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER

German Syrup"

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Mr. Albert Hartley of Hudson, N. C., was taken with Pneumonia. His brother had just died from it. When he found his doctor could not rally him he took one bottle of German Syrup and came out sound and well. Mr. S. B. Gardiner, Clerk with Druggist J. E. Barr, Aurora, Texas, prevented a bad attack of pneumonia by taking German Syrup in time. He was in the business and knew the danger. He used the great remedy—Boschee's German Syrup—for lung diseases.

ASTHMA Address of Eury Astronomy Courses to Stav Guree. Astronomy Courses and Courses and