

## W. C. T. U.

### PROCEEDINGS OF THE SIXTH ANNUAL CONVENTION.

The New Officers Elected for the Coming Year—Greetings From the Department Reports—The Resolutions Adopted.

The Sixth Annual Convention of Cambria County W. C. T. U. closed its sessions Tuesday night, Monday night Mrs. Mitchell, of Missouri, gave a very instructive talk upon her department of work in her State, among jails and prisons, telling of her own experience among that class who are to be found in the prisons; and in all the years she has been in the work she only found forty-two who were not addicted to strong drink. In the churches women are largely in the majority, but in the jails and prisons men are largely in the majority. Mrs. Mitchell was followed by Dr. Morehead, of Greensburg, the subject, "Esther."

The women of this country are the queens, alcohol is the Haman who desires the death and destruction of the people. Haman was the first man who ever offered to pay a license, offering ten thousand talents into the King's treasury if the Jewish people should be destroyed. But the good Queen Esther by her womanly tact and wisdom found favor in the eyes of the King, and the wicked plot was exposed, and Haman was hung, so the Queen of this day will expose the plots of the Haman of to-day, alcohol, and no too will be destroyed. The sessions of Tuesday were taken up with the business of the Convention. The Unions of Johnstown, Morrellville, Mountaineers, Ebensburg, and Glasgow were represented, and the reports of Unions and the address of welcome and reply filled the morning session. In the afternoon reports of Superintendents were read. The Superintendent of Scientific Temperance Instruction reported that one School district in this county lost its appropriation on account of not requiring its teachers to teach Scientific Temperance.

The afternoon session was taken up by conference on proposed Amendments to State Constitution, election of officers, appointment of State Delegates. Delegates to State Convention are Miss C. M. W. Foster, Miss Grace Young, Mrs. Rev. Smith.

Superintendents of departments were appointed as follows: Juvenile Work, Miss Emily Palmer; Y. Work, Mrs. Turner; Scientific Temperance Railroad Work, Miss Stewart; Soldiers and Sailors, Mrs. Chas. Louth; Social Purity, Mrs. D. Louth; Flower Mission, Miss Catherine Strou; Unfermented Wine, Miss Libbie Peterson; Miners Work, Mrs. Dr. Ruthrauff; Department of Music, Miss May Benford. Election of officers resulted in Miss Emily Sheridan as President; Miss Ann L. Stewart Recording Secretary; Mrs. Ray L. Beer, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Rev. Smith of Mountaineers, Vice President-at-large; Mrs. S. E. Turner, Treasurer.

The night session was a memorial service to the lost members of the W. C. T. U. Mrs. McMasters of Blainville, conducting this sad and solemn service. The Scriptures read and the tributes paid by the members to lost ones were most touching. These tributes of respect were paid by Miss Foster, Miss Duncan, Mrs. Cannan, Mrs. Stewart, for the women; and Miss Palmer and Miss Murdoch, for the young ladies.

At the close, the retiring President, Miss Foster, who utterly refused to be re-elected, presented the gavel to the new President, Miss Foster, in presenting the gavel, made an earnest and feeling address to the new President, and to the Unions, which was earnestly responded to by Miss Sheridan.

This closed the Sixth Annual Convention of the W. C. T. U., which was one of our best considering the circumstances of the W. C. T. U. since the great flood of May 31st. The books and papers of four Unions being lost, some of the members away from town, one of the officers dangerously ill, and many members removed from our midst, yet the meeting passed off pleasantly, harmoniously and profitably.

### GLEANINGS FROM THE REPORTS OF UNIONS.

No. 1, Central Union, of Johnstown, reported by Mrs. Stewart. Report was necessarily short because our books were lost in the great flood of May 31st. At a meeting of the Union after the campaign of the Prohibitory Amendment commenced, a Committee was appointed to wait on the pastors of the churches, asking the use of the audience rooms, for lectures, in the interest of the Amendment and also that our prayer meetings every Wednesday, be held in the lecture rooms and the church bells rung for these meetings. The latter requests were cheerfully granted. Programmes were printed with names of leaders and topics of each meeting. These were meetings long to be remembered by those who attended them. They not only prepared us for the great sorrow that came upon us May 31st, but also to endure the defeat of our cause on June 18th. On that day an all day prayer meeting had been arranged for but only a few were

permitted to meet. Many of those who attended and took part in our meetings had gone to our Father's house and it was with sad hearts we met for prayer in that last meeting of the campaign for God and Home and Native Land. Collections taken during the meetings were \$40.00; members joined, thirteen; lectures given during the campaign under the auspices of the Union, three. Report of Temperance Union by Miss Annie Stewart. This Union never began a year under more favorable circumstances than the year just closed. The officers, especially the President, started out with great earnestness and zeal in the cause, hoping to greatly increase the strength and usefulness by adding to the membership which was done principally through literary meetings alternated with the business meetings. The membership increased so much that headquarters became too small and they had to meet in the homes of members. Invitations were sent out and many came and were interested in this way and joined the Union. In May there were enrolled one hundred young ladies and twenty-five gentlemen.

Several entertainments were given, having a two-fold object in view, namely: The creating a temperance sentiment and the replenishing of the treasury. That the Y's were successful in both these efforts is evident from their increased membership and the popularity of these entertainments. Miss Dorntblaser and Miss Schrock, State Organizer, met with the Y's in the early part of the year. In April this Union gave up the literary meetings and engaged in the work of the Constitutional Amendment. Major Hilton was engaged for a series of meetings which were held in May. The different departments of Y. work, viz: Flower Mission, Juvenile, Literatures, Hygiene and Morality, and Dress Work, had efficient Superintendents. Miss Jolly, County Organizer, resigned, and at our semi-annual Convention it was decided that the executive take charge of that work for the balance of the year. Since that a promising Y. was organized in Woodvale, with Mrs. Christy as President. As far as we know the President and entire membership were swept away on that fatal 31st of May. The year commenced so favorably has ended very sad. Six members and two honoraries were taken from us in that terrible flood, and one was killed since. This report was submitted with the hope of soon having a home in which to gather the beloved Y's together and begin work anew.

Mountaineers Union reported by Miss Murray. Sympathy for the Johnstown Unions was expressed and Joshua, 11, chamber and 9th were sent for their comfort and consolation.

This Union has held its meetings every two weeks until of late, owing to the illness of its President, and absence of some of its members. A public prayer meeting was held on Thanksgiving evening. Lectures were given by Miss Julia Willard and Mr. McMasters. Several lecturers were sent by the Amendment Association. A petition for the Amendment had 145 names secured by our members, and the Sunday Rest Bill 150 names. An oyster supper netted \$25 for this Union. A number of Union Signals, Young Crusader, Oak and Ivy Leaf, and White Ribbon were taken. This township had a majority vote for the Amendment, thus showing that there has been a making up of temperance sentiment in the community.

Report of Glasgow Union was read by Mrs. Irwin, the President. Three lectures have been given; two hundred and forty copies of the *Educator*; one hundred of the *Amendment*; two hundred *Signal Lights* and *Timely Talks*, were distributed. Four hundred pages left in the railroad station.

Report of Ebensburg Union read by Mrs. A. M. Nipple. This Union sent one delegate to the State Convention last year at Pittsburgh, and distributed a number of cards and two thousand pages of literature in the Alms House and Jail, and at the station; four lectures given. All the Unions did not send reports owing to the late disaster, and for the same reason the reports of the treasurers were not complete, many of the books being lost.

Resolutions passed at the Woman's Christian Temperance Convention held in Morrellville, Cambria county, September 9th and 10th, 1889:

WHEREAS, We, as a Woman's Christian Temperance Union, have been permitted to meet together once more in our Annual County Convention at the close of the year, which has brought us many very sad and remarkable experiences, therefore be it

Resolved, That in the great loss which our Union has sustained during the recent flood in our midst, we recognize the hand of our loving Father, who, for some wise purpose, has permitted this sore bereavement to fall upon us, and who has said: "What I do Thou knowest not now, but Thou shalt know hereafter." And while many of our tried and trusted workers have been called by the Master from labor to reward, our hearts are full of thanksgiving that so many useful lives have been spared to continue in this blessed work for God and home and every hand. And be it

Resolved, That our earnest and prayerful sympathy be extended to those of our number who mourn the loss of near and dear ones. We commend them in their sorrow

to Him who alone can comfort and sustain us in the hour of trial. "He holdeth the waves in the hollow of his hand" and "all things work together for good to them that love Him."

Since our terrible defeat of the Constitutional Amendment in our State.

Resolved, That we believe it to be a clearly developed duty of the W. C. T. U. to reaffirm the position taken by our National W. C. T. U. at their Annual Convention in Detroit, to lead their influence to whatever party will give us the best principles of Christian Temperance.

Resolved, That we endorse the Prohibition party, because we endorse the aim and object of that party in the outlawing of the liquor traffic. Should any other party embody this aim and object clearly and squarely in its platform we will as heartily endorse it.

Resolved, For the promotion of this end we heartily endorse the action of the last National Convention in consenting to our National President accepting a place on the National Committee of the Prohibition party.

Realizing that we hail with delight the growing sentiment in political circles against the outrageous and wicked custom of carrying elections by the aid of the mob power, and we believe the day is rapidly approaching when this unchristian and uncivilized practice shall be a thing of the past, and that a certain moral and intelligent standard and not a bribe shall be the test of citizenship.

Realizing how dependent we are on one another for comforts, for assistance in the accomplishment of every good work, we would heartily express thanks to Mrs. J. J. McKim, Mrs. McMasters and Dr. Morehead for their presence and words of encouragement in the congregation in whose house we met to do the work of the kind people of all creeds for their kind hospitality, and to all who have helped make the convention a success.

**A Sad Case.**  
An independent press being the bulwark of a Nation's right and privileges, I respectfully beg space in your popular journal to expose the tyranny to which I am subjected and by those in charge of the distribution of relief.

I am one of the most afflicted widows in this town, having lost a fond and good husband and an only child in the late disastrous flood, perishing struggled for a considerable time myself till I was drawn out by a helping hand. I almost lost my hearing and was sent to Altoona for treatment. I am now left with a charge of a disabled brother, who fell from a height of forty-two feet, fracturing the skull, with the brain protruding and obliged to submit to a tedious and painful operation to save his life.

He is likely to be an imbecile during the remainder of his days. Notwithstanding my calamities and the feeble state of my health, I have been cut off the Relief list five weeks ago, for what cause I know not. I have had several interviews with those having control of the distribution, but can find no remedy. I have got the use of an Oklahoma house, but in so poor a condition that I will be obliged to expend over sixty dollars of the relief money I got to make it habitable for the winter. My brother never got relief, not even an article of clothing, he and I being obliged to subsist for weeks upon one penny ration daily doled out to me with a grudging hand.

Mrs. KATE CARR,  
Blainville, Pa., Sept. 12, 1889.

### OBITUARY.

P. R. Cole.  
On last Friday night the young man above named passed peacefully away. Mr. Cole was a nephew of Mr. William Cole, of Adams township, his father and mother both being dead. He has been a resident in this vicinity for a number of years, where he has made many friends. He was an earnest Democrat and a faithful worker for the success of his party at all times. In the fall of 1887 he began the study of the art of photography, with Artist Wesley J. Green, of this place, and during last summer erected a photograph gallery in Cambria borough where he opened up for himself, and was doing a good business. During the winter he began to decline, and when the spring opened up it became evident to himself as well as to his friends, that his lungs were affected. He gradually grew worse, and wasted away until his death. He made his home with his sister, Mrs. Mahaffey, on Branch street, Cambria, but at the time of the flood was at the home of his brother, Joe, in Morrellville, where he died. He was a member of St. John's Catholic Church, and died with the consolation of his religion in the full hope of a blessed immortality. Peace to his ashes.

JOHN KINTZ.  
Mr. John Kintz, one of the best known German citizens of this city, died at his residence in Morrellville on Saturday evening last. Mr. Kintz's property on Chestnut street, Cambria borough, was all destroyed in the flood, and since that time he has been residing in Morrellville. Three of his daughters and a daughter-in-law were drowned in the flood. It is believed that Mr. Kintz's death resulted from exposure during that fearful and terrible time.

Mr. Kintz was a man of wealth, and was one of the oldest merchants in Cambria. He always took a leading part in municipal affairs, and was among those who interested themselves in public improvements. He was a leading man in the proposed new water works for Cambria and Morrellville, and has filled many of the borough offices. He was an active member of St. Mary's German Catholic Church.

The next deed of blood was on November 9th, when the body of Mary Kelley was found. In that case the head, ears and nose were cut off, and the disembowling was shocking beyond description. After this crime there was a cessation in the career of blood, but just as it was hoped that it would not be renewed and the terrified quarter of London was recovering its courage, Alice McKenzie was butchered. That was on the morning of July 17th, last, and the details of the murder correspond so well with those of the others that there has been no doubt that it was the work of Jack the Ripper. This, with the murder of an unknown woman during Christmas week of 1887, and the murder just committed, make nine, which are traced to

## BEHEADED!

### ANOTHER BUTCHERY IN WHITE-CHAPEL.

The Ninth Victim of Jack the Ripper—Horribly Mutilated and Disemboweled by the Fiend—Who Must Kill Six More to Fulfill His Threat—Intense Excitement in London.

LONDON, September 10.—Jack the Ripper has added another to his long list of victims.

Early in this series of awful crimes Jack the Ripper announced, by notices chalked upon a board, that his bloody hand would not be stayed until fifteen unfortunates had been slain, and that then he would announce his identity and surrender to the authorities. To-day his ninth victim was found, and all London is now wondering if he will make good his threat and promise.

At 5:30 o'clock this morning a policeman found the body of a fallen woman at the corner of a railway arch on Cable street, Whitechapel.

An examination of the remains showed that the head and legs had been cut off and carried away and stomach ripped open, the intestines lying on the ground. A cordon of police instantly surrounded the spot. Policemen pass the spot every fifteen minutes. Those on duty last night say they saw nothing suspicious.

The physicians who examined the body state that, in their opinion, the murder and mutilation occupied nearly an hour. It is surmised that the murderer carried off the head and legs in a bag.

WORST OF THE SERIES.

The murder is the worst of the whole series of Whitechapel murders. The manner in which the limbs had been severed from the body shows that the murderer was possessed of some surgical skill. The woman was about thirty years old. Her clothing was shabby, and she was evidently a spirit drinker. The remains have not been identified. The most intense excitement again prevails in Whitechapel. Crowds surround the mortuary in which the body lies.

### MURDERED IN ANOTHER PLACE.

Later examination reveals that there was no blood on the ground where the body was found, neither was there any blood on the body. From this it is evident that the murder was committed in some other place, and that the body was subsequently deposited under the railway arch. The trunk was nude. A rent and bloody chemise was found lying near the body. The arms were intact, but the legs were missing. It is believed that the woman has been dead for two days.

Three sailors who were sleeping under the arch next to the one under which the body was found were taken into custody by the police. They convinced the authorities, however, that they had seen or heard nothing of a suspicious nature, and they were discharged.

### THE RIPPER'S LIST OF VICTIMS.

That this last crime was committed by the same hand as the others attributed to Jack the Ripper is evident by the manner of it. The style is that of the mysterious fiend.

The first of his victims was Martha Turner, who fell under his knife early in the morning of August 7, 1888. She had been stabbed thirty-two times by some sharp instrument, supposed to have been a bayonet.

The next was Polly Nicholas, whose head was nearly severed from her body, and the abdomen ripped open. She perished August 31, and the corpse was found a few moments after the murder, as it was still warm.

A week later Annie Chapman was butchered at the door of a lodging house, her throat being cut, and the disemboweling being more atrocious than in the previous case.

The terror then reigning and the watchfulness of the police sent the savage into hiding, but he came out early in the morning of September 30, and killed Elizabeth Stride, cutting her throat as usual, but apparently not having time to mutilate the body, or having finished with it in order to finish another ghastly task, while the police were engaged with the remains of Stride, as, while they were carrying her body to the dead house, he knifed another woman not more than ten minutes' walk away. Elizabeth Catherine Eddowes, and her throat was cut and body disemboweled.

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the one foul hand. There are others, but the evidence that they were committed by the same hand is not conclusive.

Numerous arrests have been made, and various devices, as the use of blood hounds, tried to get track of this phenomenal criminal, but all in vain. Various theories have been formed to account for his savagery, and especially for his malice toward fallen women, who have invariably been his victims, but the theories have not served any useful purpose to the police, who are as much in the dark as to his personal life and motive as ever.

### UNIDENTIFIED.

Bodies Interred at Old Nineveh, Indiana County.

John Barber, Esq., sends us the following list of unidentified bodies which are buried on the Indiana county side of the river, for the information of those looking for friends. This list has been printed before, but it is desired to give it the greatest publicity possible. Mr. Barber says this is a list of bodies not identified interred in the Riverside Cemetery, at Old Nineveh, Indiana county, the number of the description correspond to that on the head boards at the grave.

37. Female, about eight years old, light hair, fair complexion.

38. Female, aged about sixty-five years, full face, hair sprinkled with gray.

39. Male, aged about thirty-five years, a very large man, wore stockings woolen, marked H. S. T. Light complexion, full face.

40. Female, about eight years old, light hair, middling long, blue eyes, fair complexion.

42. Female, aged about sixty-five years, dark hair, weight about one hundred and forty pounds, dark complexion, dark eyes.

47. Female, height five feet, light brown hair, short nose, weight ninety to one hundred pounds, high forehead age about sixteen years.

48. Male, light brown hair, blue eyes, about two months old.

49. Female, height five feet ten inches, black hair mixed with gray, weight one hundred and sixty-five pounds, dark eyes, brown, turned up nose, age forty to forty-five years, supposed to be nursing. Recovered from the drift along the river in West Wheatfield township, by Wm. Liggett, New Florence, Pa.

55, 56. Two females found in a burnt drift pile on the Pershing farm two miles west of Nineveh. Fifty-five wore corsets, plain white undershirt, and a round plate with name Mrs. W. H. Wilson, Monaca-hela City found near the body. Fifty-six supposed to be a young boy. These two bodies were burned and charred but young recognition, only a part of each trunk remaining.

57. Female, aged about fifty or fifty-five years, gray hair, bald on top of head, red flannel undershirt, striped up and down, height five feet four inches, gray hair on chin, left lower jaw deformed.

58. Female, aged twenty-five to thirty years, height five feet six inches, light brown hair, wore a gingham apron with three ruffles, weight about one hundred and seventy pounds. The body was in an advanced state of decomposition when taken out of the debris below Hiee's grave yard, June 13th, by J. H. Lowry, G. F. Dick, and J. Barber, after three hours hard work.

59. Female, about ten years old, black and swollen when brought to the morgue. She was found by William Liggett, of New Florence, Pa.

60. Female, age eighteen to twenty-five years, brown Auburn hair, coat with large tin buttons, corsets, white drawers, black stockings, cloth button shoes, black leather top, red shirt, black buttons, full face, weight about one hundred and twenty pounds, height about five feet four inches.

62. Male, height five feet six inches, black mustache, round nose, blue eyes, forehead, large blue eyes, weight about one hundred and twenty pounds, age about twenty-five years.

63. Female, age eighteen to twenty years, height five feet six inches, weight one hundred and fifteen to one hundred and twenty pounds, red flannel apron, white drawers, black stockings, black leather shoes, black buttons, full face, weight about one hundred and twenty pounds, height about five feet four inches.

64. Female, height five feet six inches, weight one hundred and ten to one hundred and twenty pounds; round face, good teeth, black hair, low forehead, eyes supposed to be gray; red hat shirt, white corsets, spring garters, elastic striped stockings (patent); blue and white, worn colored under dress, leather button shoes, size 4 1/2 or 4 3/4, gingham apron, buttoned undershirt, short skirt, age about eighteen to twenty years. Partly decomposed when found, June 23th.

65. Female, weight one hundred to one hundred and ten pounds; height five feet six inches; aged about twenty years; button shoes, No. 4, red woolen stockings, red and brown undershirt, white and brown square gingham apron, blue cloth jacket, watch pocket in left side, brown calico dress (oblong spots), pale red undershirt, corsets, gusset padded with white cotton, white cotton drawers; small hands, sound teeth, upper teeth broad, low, round forehead; small gold ring, with set, on finger of right hand. The Committee on Valuables has the ring, where it can be seen.

Persons wishing to gain further information on the above, address with stamp, J. Barber, Seward, Pa., who will gladly answer all communications in regard to the bodies buried in the Riverside Cemetery.

Remains of Doctor Bingle Examined.

The remains of Doctor Bingle and three sons, George, Edward and Charles, were yesterday removed from the old Lutheran Graveyard, on Steppercreek street, to Grand View, under the direction of Mr. William Cover. Doctor Bingle died in 1864, his sons in 1844.

### AN INTERESTING SUIT.

One of the Principals Attacks His own Lawyer and Wins His Case.

There was quite a crowd of interested spectators at Justice Brandt's office Monday afternoon to listen to the testimony in two cases in which T. J. Craig was prosecutor, and George Johnson (colored) defendant.

Craig is a huckster, and on the 4th of September stopped with a friend at a restaurant on Franklin street, kept by Johnson, to get dinner. After finishing their meal and paying the regular price, Craig and his friend were about to depart, when Johnson claimed that there was five cents coming to him on account of some extra. Craig who had ordered the meal refused to pay and the two men got into a scuffle, and during the racket Craig had his teeth knocked out, and his watch-chain was torn from his vest. Johnson got the chain and refused to give it up until the five cents were paid, and Craig therefore, entered suit for the recovery of the chain and for assault and battery.

The defendant was represented by Hon. John M. Rose, and a jury trial was had on each case, the following persons acting as jurors: Thomas P. Reedy, Thomas Parritt, William Turner, Emanuel James, Owen McCue and John Williams.

Mr. Rose made a very affecting appeal for his client, and while admitting that he struck the other man, and it was done in self defense. As to the taking of the chain he declared there was no intention of keeping it.

Mr. Craig had no attorney, but made a strong plea for himself. The testimony of the witnesses who said that Mr. Craig had used very unbecoming language, was discredited by Mr. Craig declaring that he had not uttered an oath since he joined the Church, which was about six years ago. The jury evidently placed confidence in what Mr. Craig said, for they found Johnson guilty in both cases, and recommended him to the mercy of the Court. The Justice, after giving him a lecture on how to conduct himself hereafter, fined him \$1 and costs in the battery case, and \$5 and costs in the assault and battery case, the total amounting to \$6. Mr. Rose reached in his pocket and handed over the amount, and the defendant was allowed to go. In the taking of the money, however, it is not supposed that Mr. Rose will get left, as it was probably advanced by Johnson, who was very anxious to keep from getting into a little lock-up.

Mr. Rose thinks that because of his client's suffering because of the loss of his cold-pressed witness.

### THE GREAT STORM.

Communicated by the Atlantic City Press.

The very high waves of the great storm along the Atlantic coast for the past two days has been doing what it should do. Coming in by wire is an order of the day, and the information has not been lacking. The last Atlantic City wire is possible to be so say that the city was inundated, that it was necessary to wait through a winter for a necessary repair. The veteran came on the beach, and the shores of tremendous weight. It was said that was growing rapidly. The reports of the air, crashing and blowing, and the place of the storm, and the way. The high waves were so that in addition to the loss of the water and a storm, the sea is now in a later last night, and it is to be heard from from Atlantic City. We note in other places the nature of the storm, and that place.

### A Singular Accident.

Atones Tribune.

Mrs. Mary Miller, of this township, Cambria county, was almost instantly killed about 5 o'clock Thursday evening, by Charles E. K., who was returning from Ebensburg with an empty wagon, overtook Mrs. Miller and a little boy on the road, when he invited them to get into the wagon. The boy had been visiting his son-in-law, Clifton Houck, near the scene of the accident. She had several articles to walk to her home, and had considerable baggage. The team frightened at the horse lying at the side of the road. The horses became so unmanageable that the lady got off the wagon, and while passing around behind the vehicle the horses commenced backing. One of the wheels struck her, knocking her down, both wheels passing over her body and the team trampling upon her. She was taken to her son-in-law's, where she died within an hour after the accident. Deceased was about sixty-five years old.

### Excursion to Columbus, O., Pa.

On account of the meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. to be held at Columbus, Ohio, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Columbus at rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold September 13th to 15th inclusive, and will be valid for return passage until September 25th, inclusive.

### A Shower of Frogs.

came up from the outsturdy last in this city.