On August 8th excursion tickets will be sold for regular trains leaving Pittsburgh at 4:30 and 8:10 p. M., at the rates quoted below, and in addition to the regular trains a special train of Pullman Parlor Cars and Day Coaches will run on sched-

	nate.	Train leaves.
Pittsburgh.,	\$10 00	8.50 A. M.
Cast Liberty	10 00	9.00 "
irwin	10 00	9,30 "
Uniontown	10 00	6 58 "
Connellsville	10 00	7.82 "
Scottdale	10 00	7.54 "
Stonerville	10 00	8.02 "
Greensburg	10 00	9.48 "
Indiana	10 00	6.30 ''
Butler	10 00	6,15 **
Apollo	10 00	8.25 "
Latrobe	10.00	10 05 "
Blairsville	10 00	9.99
Johnstown	9 25	11.03 **
Cresson	8 50	11.52 "
Altoona	8 00	12.30 P. M.
Rellwood	8 00	12.41 "
Clearfield. Philipsburg	8 90	9.40 A. M.
Philipsburg	8 35	10.32 "
Osceola.	8 25	10.45
Bellefonte	8 65	10.25
Tyrone	7 65	12,58 P. M.
Tyrone	7 10	1.23 "
Cumberiand	8.50	8.20 A. M.
Bedford	8 50	9.55 "
Mt. Union	6 75	1.43 P. M.
McVeytown	6.50	5.03
Lewistown Junction	6 00	5.50 "
Miffilm	5 65	2 40 "
Port Royal	5 60	2.44 "
Newport	5 00	8 10 **
Newport Philadelphia, arrive		7.16 **

The members of the party arriving by special train will spend the night in Philadelphia and proceed to the shore by any regular train of the following day. train will spend the night Those arriving by regular train will pre ceed to shore by regular train of that day The return coupon of tickets is valid for use on any regular train except New York and Chicago Limited within the return

### SPRECKELS IS A FEEDER.

Some of the Dainty Dishes Set Before the

Sugar King.
Philadelphia North American.
Claus Spreckles, whose fortune of \$12-000,000 grows larger every hour, is one of many notable men who drop in at the Bellevue for lunch. He is socially inciined and nearly always has somebody with him. He has no dyspepsia and his fancy roams treely. An average lunch would include, say, some nice teal duck, with jelly, and French asparagus, with champagne of course. After lunch he cigars that cost \$1 each. His bright son Adolph is also a good liver, with a partiality for French dishes. He is fond of sirloin a la Russ, that is to say, a sirloin with horseradish and a sauce of plain cream and butter and salt cooked together. He likes chicken a la Creole, that is, say, chicken stewed with fresh mushrooms, green peppers, toma-toes, a little onion and butter and salt. This is a pure French dish, and there never was a French chef that couldn't

Letter From a Former Johnstowner.
PATTERSON, PA., July 27, 1889.
to the Editor of the Johnstown Democrat.
Your valuable paper of Friday July 19th failed to reach me and I feel its loss greatly. I enclose stamps for which please forward to my address a copy of that date and oblige. Under ordinary ci cumstances I would not make this request, but since the great flood of May 31st the family, escpecially my wife and myself, are always anxious for its prompt arrival, as each copy is filled with interesting matter relative to the flood and have found through its columns the deaths of some or the escapes of others whom we have been acquainted with. see in this week's number a letter from our old time friend G. Nelson Smith wherein he suggests the name "City of Conemaugh" as the fu'ure name of Johnstown and adjoining towns, after consolida tion. I am of the same opinion as Mr. Smith, and think the name very appropriate; I also heartily endorse his views in regard to the distribution of the money donated for the benefit of the sufferers of the flood and the money should be turned over to the local Finance Committee of Johns town, who are in position to know better than any others how and where to distribute it. I am pleased to know that you have been able to resume the publication of your valuable paper and hope that the Conemanth Valley may be exempt from the contractors.

Conemany
Hoods hereafter.
Hoping that you may be soon established on a firmer basis than ever, I remain
Very Respectively Yours,
DAVID T. CRAMER

### Cat-Tail Down for Burns

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Record vouches for the wonderful efficacy of the common cat-tail as a remedy for burns. He says: Take the down, and with just enough lard to hold it together make a plaster and lay upon any burn, seems a miracle. Put upon a fresh burn and in less than half an honr the smart is and in less than half an noir the smart's gone; if it is an old burn, the healing will commence in twenty-four hours. "Cattail" is also the Indian remedy for scrofulous sores or ulcers. Age does not destroy its healing virtues. It can be laid away and kept for years without losing any of its remedial properties.

Who Can Explain?

Who Can Explain?

Several weeks ago the body of a female was found in the cellar of Mr. Butler, on Morris street, and with the body, according to the story of some of the workmen was found four ten dollar and one twenty dollar gold pieces, besides some paper money and silver. The report given in the paper said that \$25,00 in money was found with the body. Now some one would like to know where the rest of the gold got to. Who knows? Is there a mistake somewhere?

For the People of Our Stricken City.

COMMISSION TO THE RESCUE.

Balance of the Relief Fund to be Paid at Once.

AMOUNTING TO \$1.250.000.

No Cessation of Payments, But They Go Right On.

WHEN THE \$500,000 IS EXHAUSTED Orders Will be at Once Issued for the

The Flood Relief Commission have come and gone, and have covered themselves with glory. If they could have stayed two or three days in our city, we heard quite a number say, there is not a citizen but what would have been glad to have taken each member by the hand and said : " We did not understand your policy and said some harsh things about you. Now that we understand your plans, which were for the best, and your candid explanation, we want to beg your pardon."

We present the glorious news to the people of Johnstown, and all the other boroughs, this morning, that the Commission in executive session yesterday afternoon, voted unanimously to pay out the remaining funds in the hands of the Commission at once. So that when the \$500,000, which Treasurer Thompson has been giving his checks for, that gentleman will go right along and pay the balance, amounting

TO NEARLY \$1,250,000.

If this does not put life nto the average citizen, then nothing will. Every sufferer knows what to expect now. He can go to sleep and know he has nothing to worry him. Relief is at hand and he is provided for.

If Pittsburgh and Philadelphia and one or two other cities turn over their relief funds it will swell the amount to something like \$1,600,000.

There is only one disappointment, and that affects the school districts only; and that is the Commission de cided it had no authority to appropriate any of the funds for the benefit of the public schools.

ARRIVAL OF THE COMMISSON.

As was announced Gov. Beaver and the other members, Messis. Scott, Marvin Miller Ogden, K: amer and Reeves, arrived in the city Wednesday morning, and spent some time viewing the progress of rebuilding. Governor Beaver, who minus a leg, took a horse and with Treasurer Thompson, rode over the city. He was evidently pleased with the work ne, as he was in the best of humor all

Promptly at 11 o'clock the Commission ssembled in the offices of Messrs. Dick & Murphy in Alma Hall, and at once proceeded to business. Among the citizens present were Messrs. Cyrus Elder, James McMillen, J. M. Rose, D. J. Jones, Rev. Beale and Cantain Kuhn. Governor Beaver, as Chairman of the Commission, extended an invitation to any one, and even urged to let the members know their views and what they thought ought to be done. Mr. D. J. Jones, Secretary of the

Johnstown School Board, was the first to claim the attention of the Commission. and presented the condition in which the School Board found themselves at present.  $_{\mathrm{He}}$ stated enrollment of children attending the Public Schools was 1,900, or perhaps a little more. Now the great question with the Board was what to do with them. There are no school houses and no money. Mr. Jones made a strong appeal to the Commission to help them out. He said that, under the law, public schools were required to be kept six months in the If there is no money in the treasury for this purpose, it cannot be done, not even one month. Mr. Jones made a strong appeal to the Commission for aid, and guaranteed if the money was advanced the Board could have two school houses ready for occupancy by September 1st. Closing Mr. James urged the Commis-

sion to give an answer as soon as possible Captain Kuhn took the floor and gave a detailed statement of what the Commissaries had done since took charge of them. He stated he found a large number of people subsisting off the Commissaries who were able to support themselves, and had cut them off at once. At the present time the Com-missary was providing for 727 widows get our streams dredged. If missary was providing for 727 widows and their children; thirty-nine orphans; they remain as they are now we will have men and women in the hospital, on to go through the same experience as we physicians certificates, forty-seven did two years ago. It is a matter for seforty-six girls who were able to work as domestics, and these at once. he proposed to cut off to-day. All dovernor Beaver said the matter had the Commissaries have been merged given him a great deal of consideration.

needs of those who were now being provided for.

Governor Beaver asked the Captain if he thought there were stores enough in Johnstown where the people could get anything they wanted, provided they had

Captain Kuhn replied there certainly was. Anything could be bought from a cucumber to a sewing machine. THE FUN COMMENCES,

Rev. Dr. Beale at this point deliberately arose and threw a bomb-shell into the camp. He prefaced his remarks by saying he did not expect to appear, as he had supposed the Commission would hold a star chamber session. But he was glad to find such was not the case. He said great dissatisfaction existed among the people because they thought the Commission should let the people have the balance of the money

to their own advantage. Build their own houses; patronize their own merchants. J. B. Scott-How do you know, Doctor, but such is the intention of Commis

Dr. Besle-Only from the way the Commission has acted in the past. The people throughout the United States have been very generous to us, and yet nearly two months clapsed before we got anything from the Commission.

Governor Beaver-Don't you know Doctor, that the first dispatch I received said "We don't want money. We want

bread and clothing." Dr. Beale-That is true at that time. We had no use for it at that time. But it is different now.

Beaver-Well, what about the second. That said the people wanted

Dr. Beale-So they did. But that was about three weeks after. You sent them, and what are they. I, myself, ordered an Oklahoma, but when I saw the kind of a house it was, I countermanded the order. Ministers as a rule have large families, and to cook and sleep in two rooms, I couldn't stand it.

After this little controversy between the Governor and Dr. Bealc, he proceeded to pay his respects to Judge Cum-He claimed there were twenty clerks employed at from three to five dollars a day, and not one of them belonged to Johnstown. The doctor, however, was mistaken in this as it was shown there were only two strangers em, loyed.

The Doctor next went for the imported contractors. He claimed that they came here and brought their own men, thus compelling Johnstown contractors and their employees to stand idle. He claimed the Commission should have advanced our own contractors the necessary wherewith to get on their feet. He also claimed that home contractors could do the work

The Doctor was cross-examined by pretty nearly every member of the Board, but with one or two exceptions held his

Governor Beaver recognized Mr. J. M. Rose, and asked that gentleman if he had anything to say. Mr. Rose said that up to a few minutes before the meeting he had supposed he was not wanted the roo.p. In fact, when he was coming up stairs he met a friend who asked him if he was going in, and he replied: "No, I don't suppose they want me." However, he said, he agreed with Dr. Beale in the main. So far as the contractors were concerned, he thought they were not in a position, since the flood, to do the work. They lost everything they had. But as regarded the workings of the Commission he was of the same mind as other citizens. But now since he had heard the expressions of the members, he saw a new light. He felt free to say it was all the result of misap prchension

Mr. J. B. Scott here said that the \$500. 000 which they sent was for the purpose of getting experience; to see which was the best way to proceed in paying out such a large amount of money. However, the Commission could not have sent more had they so minded. The \$500,000 practically bankrupted the treasury. The erty, and who gave such a privilege? If funds in the large cities could not be no chartered right, was there any such funds in the large cities could not be drawn for because the committees absolutely refused to allow the money subscribed to be paid out in cash. However now that we know the people of Johnstown, and have witnessed their good sense, the next payment will probably be the final one, as we now have the money.

General Beaver said he held a conversa tion, by telegraph, with Mayor Grant, of New York, trying to explain to him that if the money he held was expended in building stores, so that business could be started, it would be much better than if it was expended for what, as was claimed, was subscribed for.

Mayor Grant replied that the money was subscribed for the purpose of buying bread, clothing, tools for men, and for the purpose of giving shelter to the homeless, and it could not be used for any other pur-

Governor Beaver said it took him just one-half day to convince Mayor Grant that the money could be used to a better advantage the other way.

Mr. Rose again took the floor and said he had one more question to ask, and get

into one. Concluding the Captain said he The State could in no wise do the work,

had plenty of everything to supply the because the Constitution forbid it. The only way he could see was to make application to the War Department for two engineers to survey the streams, and then ask Congress for an appropriation.

Mr. James McMillen had some remarks to make about the way Mr. Hughes was putting up the houses. He said the contract called for ten a day, but up to date there were only thirty-nine up. He also elaimed Hughes was doing outside work, to the detriment of that which he contracted for.

There was some discussion among the members about taking the contract away from Hughes, but that gentleman put an appearance and said had a great deal of trouble in getting to the ground, sometimes having to carry the house half a square. He agreed how-ever to have 100 finished by Saturday night, and the balance in ten or twelve they now have and let the people use it

The Commission, after asking the opinion of the citizen present, concluded to order 200 more of the same houses.

Mr. Cyrus Elder asked the attention of the Commission to the condition the city would be in case a fire broke out. Everything is wood, and if Johnstown was burnt up that would be the last, for the people would not be so liberal again. He said the old fire companies were ready to reorganize, but they had no engines or apparatus. For \$25,000 five good engines could be be bought, and the town would be amply secured. He urged the Commission to appropriate that amount.

No one present having any more suggestions to offer, the Commission took a recess, having been in session from 11 A.

After lunch the Commission went into executive session over at Camp Hamilton, which continued without cessation until 6:30 P. M. The main point discussed was paying out the balance, and as stated above it was decided to continue right

The Commission spent a good part of the afternoon passing on bills presented. The Commission spent the busiest day yet, and all were thoroughly tired out They left for Cresson on the 7;16 train.

Dropped Dead.

Yesterday morning, before seven o'clock Thomas McJenkins, an aged resident of Ligonier, dropped dead at the passenger station at this place, while waiting for the train for Pittsburgh. The deceased was about seventy-two years of age, and had come to Latrobe on Saturday to visit J. H. McCreery, whom he partly raised. Tuesday morning he started to the station to take the early train for Des Moines Iowa, where he had relatives living, and to the consternation of those present dropped dead. He was taken to Stader's undertaking rooms and medical aid summoned, but it was beyond human skill to do anything for him. Mr. McJenkins was an Irishman by birth, having emigrated to this country in 1842 and located at Ligonier, where he has lived ever since and amassed some property. He had no rela tives nearer here than Des Moines, Iowa. The remains were taken to Ligonier and interred yesterday afternoon. Apoplexy ed to have been the cause of hi

South Fork Club Suit. against the South Fork Club to recover damages for injuries sustained by the breaking of the dam, much speculation is indulged in as to its probable outcome Among the points that will pe raised there is one on which much will depend, name ly, does the charter give them the right to build a dam. A charter granting certain corporate privileges, if silent on the subject of erecting such a dam as they built, would fail to relieve the club of responsibilities. And if no such right was secured to the club, then it looks as though the nembers, not as an organization but as individuals, could be held responsible. It strikes most people that the plea of Providential interference in the shape of unusual heavy rainfalls, will amount to nothing, as the questions will be what right had the club to dam up the waters to an extent that imperiled life and prop-

Railroad Rates

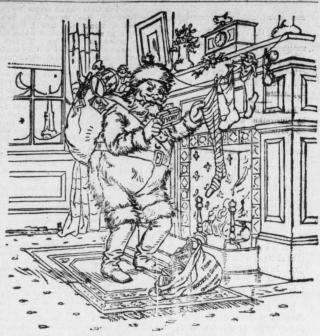
Among other good things that the new State of Dakota will incorporate into its Constitution, is a law prohibiting railroads from discriminating in their rates between places or persons. The rates per mile for carrying persons and property for a short distance cannot be higher than is asked for transportation of the for a long distance. What a God-send would such a law be in Pennsylvania. Under its operation the exhorbitant local rates of some of our roads would be reduced to something like a reasonable com pensation; but as it is, a trip of a dozen or so miles, runs up to a figure that almost equals a price of a ticket from Johnstown to New York. And it would effectually squelch the practice of charging as much for transportation from New York to Johnstown, as from New York to Chicago As to the Inter-State Commission-well it amounts to about as much as the Civil Service Commission-both arrant frauds.

The Randall Club.

We acknowledge an invitation and con plimentary ticket to the Fifth Annual "Fete Champetre" of the Randall Club of Pittsburgh, to be held at Silver Lake Grove, East End, Wednesday, August Dr. A. N. Wakefield, of this city, is on the Reception Committee.

There are 5,000 unoccupied dwellings

in Philadelphia.



### THOUGHTFUL SANTA CLAUS.

"I've traveled through the sleet and snow, "I've traveled through the sleet and so Across the country high and low, To fill the stockings small and great That here in line my coming wait. In creeping baby's tiny hose The india rubber rattle goes; A handsome doll, with staring eyes, Will much the little miss surprise; And what will more delight the boys Than musket, drum or bugle toys? And now, before I climb the flue, I'll bear in mind the mother true, I'll bear in mind the mother true, Who works so hard by day and night. To keep the clothing clean and white, And in her stocking, long and wide, Some cakes of Ivorn's Soap I'll hide."

### A WORD OF WARNING

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory' a" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it. Copyright, 1886, by Procter & Gamble

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The Leading Millinery

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Offer the following line of

### SPRING and SUMMER GOODS

AT THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY:

Ladies' and Children's Straw Hats, Fancy Drapery Silks, with Fringes

to match, Ladies' and Gents' Underwear, Ladies' and Children's Trimmed Hats, Ladies' and Children's Wraps and Dress Shirts, Woolen Shirts, at all

Jackets,
Ladies' and Children's Corsets of all kinds, kinds,
Lace Curtains and Portieres,
Parasols and Umbrellas, 600 styles,
Silk Underwear, Silk Hosiery,

Silk Mitts and Gloves, 19c. to \$1, Kid Gloves, 44c. to \$2 a pair, Dress Trimmings, Notions, Jewelry, White Goods of all kinds,

1,500 doz. Ladies' Ribbed Vests, 13c. 15c., 18c., 22c., 25c., the greatest bargains ever offered any-

Our Motto-Best Goods; Lowest Prices.

## Danziger & Shoenberg.

SPECIAL and

## Important Announcement.

We are now offering more than ordinary inducements to purchasers ineach of our seventy-five departments, attention being particularly di-

SILKS, DRESS GOODS, WASH FABRICS, COTTONS, LINENS, LACE CURTAINS AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS, CORSETS, GLOVES, HOS-IERY AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

Our enormous sales in these departments require us to add large lines daily, and as the same goods can be purchased now lower than they were much earlier in the season, we are enabled to offer our recent purchases at a corresponding reduction.

We are the money-saving house for the people. OUR ENORMOUS SALES ATTEST TO THIS FACT.

We extend a cordial invitation to all out of town visitors to come and seeus. Mail orders receive promptand careful attention. Sample send on application.

DANZIGE& SHOENBEG, SUCCESSORS to MORRIS H. DANZIGER, SIXTH STREET AND PENATVE., PITTSBURGH.