

Montour American

FRANK C. ANGLE, Proprietor.

Danville, Pa., Sept. 23, 1909.

DENTISTRY APPLIED TO TREES

Stato Zoologist Surface found a letter in the mail sent to the division of zoology of the Pennsylvania department of agriculture, asking how to prevent decay in a tree from making further progress.

Professor Surface replied: "The proper treatment for the cavity of your cherry tree is to clean it out, removing the decayed wood; then wash or spray the interior with an antiseptic, such as a two per cent. solution of formalin, or a very dilute solution of mercuric bichloride, which is corrosive sublimate; then paint it with ordinary putty of any kind and finally fill the cavity with any kind of cement, or use one part of Portland cement with about four or five parts of sand."

"This is practically nothing else than the principle of modern dentistry applied to the preservation of the tree. The dentist cleans out the cavity of a decaying tooth, applies an antiseptic to prevent further decay, and fills the tooth with some substance that by preservation will prevent the possibility of further decay. We are coming to see that the treatment of all living things for ills and afflictions is based upon the same fundamental biological principle."

PERSONALS.....

Mrs. Clair Rick, Miss Margaret Rick and Charles Rick, left yesterday for their home in Jacksonville, Florida, after a visit with Mrs. Rick's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Mouser, Strawberry Ridge.

Theo. R. Angle, West Market street, returned yesterday after a several days' visit with friends in Bethlehem.

Miss Ethel Reed, of Philadelphia, arrived in this city yesterday. She will be employed by Mrs. M. L. Douglass.

Mrs. George Schmick and Mrs. Geo. Waters, of Catawissa, spent yesterday with Mrs. A. L. Snyder, West Mahoning street.

Rev. Mark E. Stock, of St. Peter's church, York, spent yesterday with his brother, Dr. G. A. Stock, Bloom street.

Dr. McHenry and wife of Benton returned home yesterday after a visit with friends at Exchange.

W. H. Dikline and wife of Exchange spent Tuesday night with friends in Muncy.

Dr. J. S. Prout returned to Wisconsin yesterday after a visit with his brother, T. E. Prout, Grand street.

Emil Gaertner, Front street, transacted business in Shamokin yesterday.

Mrs. Mollie Siller, of this city, and guest, Mrs. Henry Trotter, of Philadelphia, spent yesterday with friends in Plymouth.

T. E. Prout, Grand street, was a Shamokin visitor yesterday.

Mrs. Sarah McCollum, Cooper street, has returned after a visit with relatives and friends in Montandon and Northumberland.

Miss Mand Bennett left on Tuesday for West Conshohocken, Philadelphia, where she will enter Inwood sanitarium as an attendant.

HOW "O. K." CAME INTO USE.

Death of a Toledo Man Recalls Origin of the Expression.

Cornelius Kendall, youngest son of Orrin Kendall, from whose initials the use of "O. K." (meaning all right) is said to have sprung, was buried in Toledo, O., his death having taken place there a few days ago. In the civil war Mr. Kendall was a member of the Chicago board of trade battery and was also a member of the firm of O. Kendall & Sons, whose bakery was in Chicago.

The firm furnished bread and crackers for the army, and on the crackers were the initials "O. K." These crackers are said to have been the only ones the soldiers relished, and their expression "These are all right" later developed into "These are O. K."

BUGPROOF POTATO.

Bay State Preacher Claims to Have Banished Pest.

The Rev. Amos N. Somers, a Unitarian minister at Montague, Mass., recently stated that he has succeeded in growing a "bugproof" potato. He said: "The vines of my potatoes have a peculiar odor which is offensive to the potato bug, for it never goes near them. I have taken bugs from plants of the usual type in the next row in my new vines, and in half an hour I can't find one."

How He Raised It. "How on earth did you ever cultivate such a beautiful black eye?" asked Brown's friend.

"Oh," replied Brown, who had unintentionally been illustrating the fall of man on roller skates, "I raised it from a slip."—Everybody's Magazine.

BODY WILL ARRIVE TODAY

The body of Mrs. Jane M. Carr, who lost her life in Allegheny, Tuesday morning, when the dwelling of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John Innis, was destroyed by fire, will be brought here for burial, arriving at South Danville on the 5:57 train this evening. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock from the First Baptist church. Interment will be made in Fairview cemetery.

Undertaker George W. Roat was in communication with Mr. Innis over long distance 'phone yesterday morning. Additional information concerning the shocking affair reveals that Mrs. Carr lost her life by returning to the burning dwelling to save her bible. The body was so badly burned as to be unrecognizable. The dwelling was destroyed. The members of the family lost all their clothing and it was this circumstance along with others brought about by the fire that has caused a delay in bringing the body east. The party will not be able to leave Pittsburgh until this morning.

Before leaving Danville for her new home in Allegheny last spring Mrs. Carr, as though she might have had a premonition of her death at an early day, made full arrangements for her funeral, employing an undertaker and giving him full instructions for bringing the body to Danville and observing the last rites. Not a single detail was omitted. Her sudden and tragic death to some extent has interfered with the carrying out of all her plans, but in the main it will be possible to respect her wishes. The services in the church and interment in Fairview cemetery, beside her husband, will be carried out precisely as she planned.

Dickens and Diet.

Dickens is the novelist of the meal. No other writer, pile he up never such lists of delicacies fit for Lucullus, has the gusto in describing humble feasts which gives the very reader an appetite. Thackeray, for all his "Ballad of Bouillabaisse," never touched the hem of his garments in the recording of meals. Who that has read them can ever forget, for instance, Mrs. Gamp's directions to the chambermaid for her nocturnal refection, or the tea which awaited Joe Willett and Dolly on their return to the locksmith's dwelling on the occasion of Miss Miggs's final rout, or the unassuming meals recorded in "David Copperfield," or the more pretentious feasts in "Pickwick," not forgetting the leg of mutton "swarray" to which Mr. Weller was invited by the elite of Bath footmen? And has not every reader of "Martin Chuzzlewit" allowed a tender smile to curl his lips over the evolution of that incomparable pudding in the preparation and consumption of which each damage was done to John Westlock's affections? So go and read—and acquire your appetite.—London Chronicle.

PLACES FOR DEAF MUTES.

Secretary Nagel Would Employ Them in Tabulating Census Figures.

Deaf and dumb persons are to have a chance in the government service if Secretary Nagel's plans for the next census work out. He stated recently that in the handling of the punching and tabulating machines there is much work a mute could easily perform, and he thought it was time the government took some pains in giving them opportunities for such work as they are capable of.

Some of the tabulating machines, it is now thought, can be built in the government workshop adjoining the census office, and in this way Mr. Nagel expects to save the government nearly \$1,000,000. Heretofore the machines have been leased for the rush weeks of the census.

Chief of the Orchid Tribe.

The giant orchid is the chieftain of the orchid tribe. It attains proportions which make all other orchids appear as miniatures in comparison. A gigantic specimen may be seen in Ceylon which is credited with being the largest in the world. It underwent a growth of forty years before it first flowered. It bears about seventy stems or pseudo bulbs, which vary from six to ten feet in length, each carrying over a hundred ribbon-like leaves, which are from twenty to thirty inches long. The enormous flower stalks are from five and a half to eight feet long, each bearing about a hundred flowers. The plant remains in flower for about two months, and as many as 5,000 flowers may be counted on it at once. The flowers, which are scattered, measure individually five and half to six inches across, their color being yellow ground with large purple or chocolate blotches.—London Strand Magazine.

Domestic Scheme.

Mrs. H.—Why are you so very fond of oriental rugs?

Mrs. R.—I'll tell you a secret. The dirtier they get the more genuine they look. You've no idea how much sweeping that saves.—Cleveland Leader.

Taft's Sunday Hair Cut.

The Massachusetts law forbids all work except for necessity or charity on Sunday, but President Taft had his hair cut on last Sunday at Beverly. Both the barber who did the work, Mattis S. Enos, and the president would have been subject to a fine of \$5 each if the Beverly police could have heard of the dark, secret goings on at the Taft home. "Mr. Taft is a very fine man," said Enos afterward. "He smiled and joked and talked with his family while I cut his hair and was very genial indeed."

Beechnut Year in Maine.

This is a "beechnut year" in Maine. The deer like to feast on beechnuts, and hence the prediction that there will be plenty of big game on the beech ridges after the first frosts come. Ditto, bears like beechnuts.

DANVILLE WON IN THE PLAY-OFF

Table with 4 columns: Danville, W., L., P. C. Nanticoke, 19, 6, .760

With a mighty slash Danville yesterday cut the Gordian knot that tied up the locals in the thirteen innings, 3 to 3 contest with Berwick last Saturday. The score yesterday was 11 to 4, which represents about half the number of tallies each team should have had.

Far from resembling the close, teamy work of Saturday yesterday's game was a sort of a juggle by both sides. The total number of errors made by both sides equalled Danville's runs.

"Peck" Rowe, having recovered from his injury of last Saturday when he was struck by a pitched ball, was in the box yesterday for Danville. He was hit freely by Berwick, a total of 10 binges being recorded. Six of these were in the first and eighth innings. Blocks again pitched for Berwick, but without the power he exhibited in last Saturday's game. Danville, apparently, hit and scored at will.

The locals put the game on ice in the second innings, scoring five after having taken one in the first.

DANVILLE.

Table with 4 columns: R, H, O, A, E. Hess, 3b, 1, 0, 2, 0; Livengood, 2b, 1, 2, 3, 5, 0; Umlauf, 1, 2, 3, 5, 0; Coveleskie, rf, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0; Thomas, lb, 2, 2, 14, 0, 3; Mackert, lf, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0; Dooley, c, 2, 5, 3, 0, 0; Metzler, cf, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0; Rowe, p, 1, 1, 0, 3, 1; Total, 11, 13, 27, 18, 5

BERWICK.

Table with 4 columns: R, H, O, A, E. Ash, ss, 1, 2, 1, 5, 2; Fisher, lb, 1, 2, 11, 0, 1; Morris, c, 1, 2, 7, 1, 1; Gilbert, cf, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0; Moyer, rf, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0; Savage, 3b, 0, 1, 0, 2, 0, 1; Convery, 2b, 0, 2, 1, 2, 1; Evans, lf, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0; Blockus, p, 0, 1, 0, 5, 0; Total, 4, 10, 23, 13, 6

To Transmit Vision.

Mexico City, Sept. 22.—Alberto Sanchez, an electrical engineer, at present an inmate of Belem prison, claims to have invented an apparatus whereby vision as well as voice may be transmitted over an ordinary telephone wire.

He calls the invention a teleadioptron, and the prison officials admit that successful tests have been made with models. It is said the contrivance resembles short opera glasses attached to a battery.

Birthday Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Nevius entertained a number of young people at their home, Ash street, Monday evening, in honor of the sixteenth birthday anniversary of their daughter Emma. Miss Nevius was the recipient of a number of beautiful gifts. Those present were Misses Margaret Kapp, Nellie Fry, May McKinney, Anna Goodall, Emma Nevius, Rachel Leeks, Mary McWilliams, Messrs. James Boyer, James Evans, Walter Mullen, Frank Gearhart, Lewis Williams, Scott Gibson, Edwin Eyerly, Harvey Jones, Sheldon Nevius, Mrs. John Mullen.

Taft's Sunday Hair Cut.

The Massachusetts law forbids all work except for necessity or charity on Sunday, but President Taft had his hair cut on last Sunday at Beverly. Both the barber who did the work, Mattis S. Enos, and the president would have been subject to a fine of \$5 each if the Beverly police could have heard of the dark, secret goings on at the Taft home. "Mr. Taft is a very fine man," said Enos afterward. "He smiled and joked and talked with his family while I cut his hair and was very genial indeed."

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MRS. JANE CARR BURNS TO DEATH

Mrs. Jane M. Carr, widow of Samuel Carr, was burned to death in Allegheny City Tuesday morning. The unfortunate woman was living with her daughter, Mrs. Belle Innis, in Allegheny, whose house burned down, causing the fire in which the aged woman lost her life.

The information at hand is most meagre. A telegram received by Undertaker George W. Roat about noon Tuesday stated that Mrs. Carr had been burned to death. A telephone message received by John Carr, son of the deceased, conveyed the additional information that the dwelling of Mr. and Mrs. John Innis had burned down and that Mrs. Carr had perished in the fire. The 'phone seemed to work badly and the above meagre information was all that could be gleaned.

The remains will be brought to Danville for interment, but just when they will arrive can not be stated at this time.

Mrs. Carr was a life-long resident of this place. She was aged 80 years, 10 months and 15 days. Her husband, Samuel Carr, died about eighteen years ago. One son, John Carr, of this city, and one daughter, Mrs. John Innis, of Allegheny, survive. The deceased was a sister of Samuel J. Welliver, the hardware merchant, and E. C. Welliver, of this city, and of Mrs. Charles Ammerman of the south side.

She resided in this city until last spring, when she left for Allegheny to live with her daughter. She was a woman of the most estimable character and the news of her shocking death will be received with the greatest sorrow.

The Great Bloomsburg Fair.

The annual Fair of the Columbia County Agricultural Society which will be held at Bloomsburg, Pa., October 12, 13, 14 and 15, marks the 55th milestone in the prosperous journey of success of this splendid exposition. While the management is ever alert for all that pertains to the excellence and success of the Fair, still special pains are being taken that this year's event shall be of unusual merit and excellence. There will be mammoth displays in every department, excellent special attractions, a clean and entertaining Midway with the latest novelties, a splendid program of races, the best band music, all combining to make this the most complete and popular Fair in Central Pennsylvania. Everybody needs an outing at this most delightful season of the year, and this is very cheap, easy and pleasant place to get it. Make your arrangements to attend the Old Home Week at the Big Fair.

WOMAN FELS MINK.

Hearing a commotion in her chicken coop Mrs. Albert Rodgers, of Bloomsburg, made an investigation and found an exceptionally large mink creating havoc in the coop.

Realizing that she would have small chance to capture the mink in the small coop she stationed herself outside, arming herself with a stout club. As the mink emerged she dealt it a heavy blow, killing it instantly. It proved to be an exceptionally beautiful specimen of mink.

HURT IN RUNAWAY.

Frightened by an approaching train at Bloomsburg, Tuesday evening, a team attached to an omnibus started at break-neck speed through a bridge nearby with no driver on the seat. Five passengers jumped and all except a three-year-old child received injuries of a more or less serious nature. The injured are: Mrs. William Casey, Mrs. Harry Miller and John Larned, of Bloomsburg, and J. C. Creveling, of Espy.

Hon. Fred Ikeler.

Hon. Fred Ikeler will deliver the address at the East End Mission chapel next Sabbath afternoon at 2 o'clock. There will be a Rally at that time, and Miss Margaret Ammerman will sing. All are invited.

BUENOS AIRES.

A City With All the Finish of a Paris or a Berlin. Buenos Aires, the capital of the Argentine Republic, is in some respects the most cosmopolitan city in the world. No important European nation but has contributed its capital and its people to the upbuilding of this great metropolis. It also has the distinction of being the second city of Latin population in the world, being larger than the largest cities in Italy and Spain.

There is perhaps no city which exhibits a greater variety of pleasing contemporary styles of domestic architecture. The city council tries to encourage beautiful building by annually offering a gold medal to the architect who is found to have planned the most attractive facade and by freeing from the building tax the building thus favored.

The outward aspect of Buenos Aires is rather that of a European than of an American capital. It has all the finish of a Paris or a Berlin. The absence of the irregular sky line, caused in North American cities by the extreme height of some business buildings as well as the fact that the ground of the city is quite uniformly built upon, even in the more outlying regions, keeps the city from presenting that unfinished appearance which even our largest cities have.—World Today.

Proposed Amendments To Penn's Constitution

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION Proposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article fourteen, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:— Amendment One.—To Article Four, Section Two.

Section 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:— "He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office, which may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to fill the office on the next election day appropriate to such office, according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months preceding the election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years; and two officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General shall hold the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

"The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years; and two officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General shall hold the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:— "All officers, whose terms are not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law, so as to read:— "All officers, whose terms are not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law; provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms. Amendment Nine.—To Article Fourteen, Section Two.

Section 7. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows:— "All elections for city ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, and so to read:— "The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

"The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year. Amendment Seven.—To Article Eight, Section Fourteen.

Section 8. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows:— "District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector or shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be chosen on the first election day, and thereafter, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon duty, and while engaged in their terms of service," so as to read:—

"District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as may be provided by law. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only; provided, That such laws be uniform in their operation to the same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be chosen on the first election day, and thereafter, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon duty, and while engaged in their terms of service, except upon warrant of a court of record, or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of duty. It is hereby declared that a person who is elected to any office shall be exempt from jury duty during their terms of service," so as to read:—

"District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as may be provided by law. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only; provided, That such laws be uniform in their operation to the same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be chosen on the first election day, and thereafter, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon duty, and while engaged in their terms of service, except upon warrant of a court of record, or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of duty. It is hereby declared that a person who is elected to any office shall be exempt from jury duty during their terms of service."

Amendment Eight.—To Article Twelve, Section One.

Section 9. Amend section one, article twelve, which reads as follows:— "All officers, whose terms are not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law, so as to read:— "All officers, whose terms are not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law; provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms. Amendment Nine.—To Article Fourteen, Section Two.

Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:— "County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law, so as to read:— "County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law."

Amendment Ten.—To Article Fourteen, Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:— "Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county, and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county to which he is voted for by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled," so as to read:—

"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county, and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county to which he is voted for by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled."

Schedule for the Amendments.

Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitu-

tion of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared that—

In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the general election of one thousand nine hundred and eight; nor any city, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is more than four years by the operation of these amendments, shall continue to serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, township, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year. All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, whose terms of office, under the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution, and of the amendments thereto, is hereby certified to be correct.

ROBERT M. CAFFEY, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

All For the Men.

A parson was sent for by a dying parishioner, who had always sternly refused to have anything to do with him before. He hurried to her bedside, found her in a most contrite mood and made the best of his opportunities in a long extempore prayer, ending with a sonorous "Amen!"

The last word made her sit up with sudden energy. "Aye," she exclaimed, "that's it! It's a' for men and nowt for us poor women in this world!"

The American Youth.

If the truth were told most young American men are not especially interesting. They do not keep up their reading. They have a national obduracy when it comes to music, to art, to literature, nor do many of them take any of these things at all seriously. The young among them are not good conversationalists. Our cleverest men are biologists, pure and simple. They lecture admirably. They are born orators along modified lines. They are inevitable story tellers. None of this is conversation, and women like conversation, like its courtesies, which at least pretend a little interest when their turn comes in the game. Knowledge of people and affairs outside our own country pricks more than one bubble about our young men.—Anna A. Rogers in Atlantic.

Discipline!

From the class room occupied by the roughest boys in the Sunday school came a great uproar. A secretary in the next room went to investigate. Complete silence followed the opening of the class room door. "Have you a teacher?" "No." "Do you want one?" "No." "Then be quiet or you'll get one."

Result, comparative peace.—Manchester Guardian.

Looking Out For Grandma.

You are considerate youngsters in Nottingham, as most people know, says London Tit-Bits. A little boy whose grandmother had just died wrote the following letter, which he duly posted: "Dear Angels—We have sent you grandma. Please give her a harp to play, as she is short winded and can't blow a trumpet."

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion on whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications should be sent to MUNN & CO., Patent Attorneys, 351 Broadway, New York.

R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule

Doctors find A good prescription For Mankind.

The 5-cent packet is enough for usual occasions. The family bottle (60 cents) contains a supply for a year. All drug stores.

WINDSOR HOTEL

Midway between Broad St. Station and Reading Terminal on Filbert St.

European, \$1.00 per day and up American, \$2.50 per day and up

The only moderate priced hotel of reputation and consequence in PHILADELPHIA

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD UNION COUNTY FAIR, BROOK PARK Near Lewisburg, Pa. September 28th to October 1st, 1909. Excursion tickets will be sold from Bellefonte, Newberry, East Bloomsburg, Mt. Carmel and intermediate stations to Brook Park, September 28, 29, 30 and October 1, good to return until October 3, at REDUCED RATES (Minimum Rate 25 cents) Special trains will be run on Thursday and Friday, September 30th and October 1st between Lewisburg and Brook Park every half hour from 9:30 a. m. to 5:30 p. m. See small hand bills. J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.