

Montour American.

FRANK C. ANGLE, Proprietor.

Danville, Pa., Dec. 12, 1907.

The Temperance Wave.

The sweep of the temperance idea is one of the most remarkable developments in the United States today, and is attracting more widespread attention, perhaps, than any other subject before the people.

There are now six States in the Union in which the sale and manufacture of intoxicants are prohibited by constitutional amendment. They are Maine, Kansas, North Dakota, Georgia, Oklahoma and Alabama.

Seven-eighths of the territory of the southern States has the ban on the open saloon, either by prohibitory enactment or by local option, and it is declared by the temperance workers that it will not be long before the south will be solid against the saloon. More than 30,000,000 people in the United States now live under laws wholly or partly proscribing the sale of liquor, for not only has the temperance sentiment intensified in the south, but every New England State has a prohibitory or local option law; a large part of New York State is "dry," and great gains have been made by the anti-license forces in Ohio, Indiana and all of the other States of the middle west.

These facts and figures are little short of startling. Anyone who, ten years ago, would have predicted such a condition today would have been regarded by ninety-nine out of a hundred of his fellow-citizens as hopelessly visionary.

One Man Power in Congress.

On the eve of the assembling of congress the newspapers have much to say about Speaker Cannon, of the house. Speaker Cannon is a man of ability, a man who has been in congress a number of years, and a man who has heard the presidential bee buzzing about his ears. The newspapers are just now telling their readers that Speaker Cannon is opposed to tariff reform; that he is in favor of currency legislation, and that he is going to do this and that when he shall have the house in working order.

There is no doubt that there is too much power conferred upon the speaker of the house. To allow one man to say what legislation shall or shall not be enacted is to permit him to rule with an iron hand, if he shall be so inclined. No matter how able a man may be he should not be given the power to regulate legislation affecting the interests of the whole nation and this power has been conferred upon the speaker of the house in recent years.

There is no government by the people where one man makes the laws of the land.

Swartmore's Decision.

Miss Anna T. Jeanes of Philadelphia, an eccentric Quaker lady of great wealth, left \$1,000,000 to Swarthmore college in her will, on condition that athletics of all kinds should be forever barred by that college. The trustees and president of the college after due deliberation, have decided that all things considered "the college could not afford to accept the one million dollars." Good! It was Miss Jeanes' property and she could do with it as she pleased, and the Swarthmore directors had the privilege of acceptance or rejection of this great gift proffered.

The stockholders of Swarthmore met last week and endorsed the action of the president and trustees, on the Jeanes bequest. After a discussion the stockholders were united in the opinion that it would be unwise for Swarthmore to bind itself to a principle for the sake of money, or to appear to accept a bribe for changing the policy of the institution. It was argued that it would be better to drop athletics for other reasons, if they should be dropped at all, than to discontinue them under such circumstances.

Many a college would have faltered. The pressing need of money is staring many an American college in the face. Hundreds of them are struggling along doing charitable and kindly deeds in silence and in want, because every worthy college and university in America is a great deal more of a charitable institution, than the outside world knows. But Swarthmore wanted to be free. It is the most priceless possession of a college, to be free in thought, free in action, free in policy unhampered by either sectarianism or politics so that it may seek truth in everything and hold before its students the highest ideals of knowledge of manliness and of life. Swarthmore's freedom was worth more than \$1,000,000 even though her foot ball team never wins another game.

Kodol For Indigestion

Our Guarantee Coupon

If after using two-thirds of a \$1.00 bottle of Kodol, you can honestly say it has not benefited you, we will refund your money. Try Kodol today on this guarantee. Fill out and mail the following, present it to the dealer at the time of purchase. If it fails to satisfy you return the bottle containing one-third of the medicine to the dealer from whom you bought it, and we will refund your money.

Town _____
State _____
Sign here _____

Digests What You Eat

And Makes the Stomach Sweet
E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, Ill.
For Sale by Paules & Co.

JURY CHOSEN FOR JANUARY TERM

Following is the list of jurors selected for the next term of court, which will convene on January 13th:

GRAND JURORS.

Danville, 1st ward:—George W. Roat, Alexander Grone, Irvin Vannau, James B. Watson, Joseph Y. Seetler.

2nd ward:—Alexander Hoffner, James Dailey, Thomas Swank.

3rd ward:—Thomas J. Rogers, G. F. Bondman.

4th ward:—John M. Mong, Alfred Yerrick, J. M. Kelso.

Derry Township:—George W. Diehl, Liberty Township:—William Robbins, E. F. Ware, Daniel Heim.

Mahoning Township:—Woodward Morrison, Edward Rudy, Wendel Byers, Henry Weirman, James Morrison. West Hemlock Township:—Peter Sandel, Peter Shultz.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

Anthony Township:—Amos Johnson, Samuel Hiner, Joseph Holdren, Amos Albeck, David Cox. Cooper Township:—John Mauser, George Heimback.

Danville, 1st ward:—John H. Hunt, C. C. Moyer, Thomas S. Woods. 2nd ward:—John Herrick.

3rd ward:—Thomas Roney, Samuel McCoy, Jacob Herman, Samuel F. Ricketts.

4th ward:—Alexander Mann, Paul Knoch, Hugh McCaffery.

Derry Township:—Charles E. Shires, Sr., Owen Reber.

Limestone Township:—George Walter, George Vanstrand, William Bogart, George F. Butterman.

Liberty Township:—Urban Rhodes, C. H. Auten.

Mahoning Township:—George Heckendorn, W. T. Madden, Conrad Rishel, William T. Dyer.

Mayberry Township:—Clark Kase.

Valley Township:—E. E. Renn.

West Hemlock Township:—Thomas Bradley, John Hawkins, Joseph Wintersteen.

Washingtonville:—William Messersmith.

London and Her People.

No city in the civilized world has a greater number of paupers or where there is more misery than in London. At the same time there is no greater city that does more for the benefit and help of the masses. A member of parliament writes very interestingly in a recent number of the Outlook, about the work of the London county council. This council was not created until 1889. Since that time it has reduced the number of public houses and restricted their location. It has purified the Thames river and conducted great sewerage improvements. It has cleared the slums and rehoused their people, finding new homes for 100,000 and reducing the death rate from 45 to 10 or 12. It has created 70 parks and public playgrounds. It has made the fire brigade efficient. It has acquired and now operates the street car lines, and has earned with them over \$5,000,000, \$1,500,000 of which was used to lower the county tax rate, and the average fare per passenger is one penny. The employees have one day off each week. It ensures pure milk, full weight bread, standard gas, and in the supervision of the coal trade alone it saved the consumers nearly \$1,000,000 per year. It carries on the school work, with 2,000 buildings, 20,000 teachers and 1,000,000 pupils. It gives free university scholarships, awarded on merit. And it does all this and more over 129 square miles and for a population of nearly 5,000,000.

Is old-fogy England going to outdo us at our own form of government?

No legislation, says the report, has reached the remotest school districts of the State like the minimum salary act of 1907, which increased the minimum pay of the teachers from \$35 a month to \$40 and \$50, according to their qualifications, and that the effect of this law will be to raise the compensation of the teachers more nearly to a living basis. Governor Stuart is commended by the report for carrying out the policy of the last legislature of more liberal support to the public school system of Pennsylvania.

CHRISTMAS CHEER GOING ABROAD

While the rich men of the country are being pinched by the financial stringency, and are sacrificing glittering securities to obtain ready money, figures seem to indicate that the poorer classes have not suffered accordingly. Particularly do the Christmas figures bear out the fact that it is a "rich man's" panic.

More than \$7,000,000 was sent by foreign born persons, mostly laborers, in New York city during the last month to their kindred abroad, and the Christmas rush at the New York post office money order windows is just beginning.

During November the amount of the foreign orders certified to at the general post office in New York alone amounted to \$6,631,837.09, against \$5,490,128.76 for November last year. This vast fortune is now enriching the peasantry of nearly every land under the sun and scattering Christmas presents everywhere.

BULLET PIERCED HIS HEART

With a bullet wound through his heart, Joseph Hyke, twenty-one years old, of Berwick, is lying at the point of death at the Joseph Ratti hospital, at Bloomsburg, and the police are undecided as to whether he is the victim of an accident or whether an attempt was made upon his life. At midnight Sunday night the young man was found lying on the street with a revolver beside him, containing but one empty cartridge. The bullet, which passed entirely through the left auricle of the heart, as been extracted, but Hyke is in a serious condition and unable to give any account of how the shooting occurred.

SENTENCES WERE VERY HEAVY

Four for five years and four for four year terms at separate and solitary confinement at hard labor in the Eastern penitentiary are the severe sentences imposed by Judge Evans Saturday afternoon upon the men who were convicted of participating in riots, rescuing prisoner, assault and battery with intent to kill, etc., in the borough of West Berwick on the 14th of September and the 3rd day of November, 1907.

John Lucas, William Shepla, Alex. Bassila and Nicholas Katchure were concerned in the riots of September 14th, which followed a wedding feast at the home of Alex. Bassila in West Berwick and all were convicted. Each was sentenced to 3 years in the penitentiary and pay a fine of \$250 each.

Mike Harrison, John Stecko, John Dreski and John Gosdeck the four defendants who were convicted out of the nine placed on trial for the riot, etc., which occurred on the night of November 3, 1907, during a Slavish wedding in West Berwick, were next arraigned for sentence. They were each sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution, a fine of \$250 and undergo imprisonment at separate and solitary confinement at hard labor in the Eastern penitentiary for a term of four years to commence with the date of sentence.

The scene in the court room which followed the sentencing of the prisoners almost beggars description and it is questionable if one like it ever occurred in the court room. It was one which made the stoutest heart quake. The men who all through the trial had kept up, now gave way to their pent up feelings when they realized they were entering upon a long term of imprisonment which meant separation from wives and families, and relatives and friends. Their relatives gathered around them and together they mingled their tears and sobs of anguish.

The Public School System. The wonderful growth of the public school system and the progress of education in Pennsylvania is set forth in detail in the forthcoming annual report of Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer, superintendent of public instruction. The report shows that in the last twenty years the biennial appropriation in this State for school purposes has increased from \$2,000,000 to \$15,000,000. The number of pupils in the public schools increased from 928,624 in 1886 to 1,223,388 in 1906. The No. of teachers from 23,882 in 1886 to 33,449 in 1906, the total expenditures for school purposes from \$10,129,732.94 in 1887 to \$31,067,304.64 in 1906, and salaries of teachers from \$5,878,749.78 in 1887 to \$15,796,954.03 in 1906.

The report suggests that either vaccination should be made compulsory or the State should make provision for the hundreds of children who are growing up in ignorance and illiteracy because their parents neglect or refuse to have them vaccinated. It also suggests that attendance officers throughout the State use their power to find the children who work in mines and factories before attaining the legal age for leaving school.

The report also states that after deducting the funds for the pay of county superintendents, and the maintenance of township and borough high schools from the biennial appropriation of \$15,000,000 made to the public schools by the last legislature, there will still remain \$856,000 in excess of previous years to be distributed to the school districts and that every district that complies with the school laws and has not suffered a decrease of population will receive a larger amount in 1908 than was paid to it in 1907.

DECEMBER AND MAY WEDDED

That Dan Cupid does not consider comparison of ages in uniting happy couples was proven at Sunbury on Monday morning when Register and Recorder Nicely issued a marriage license to J. R. Dagnell and Laura Z. Schell, both of Mainville.

Dagnell is sixty years of age while his bride-to-be is thirty-three years his junior, having given her age as twenty-seven. Both are well known residents of Mainville, Miss Schell being the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schell, and Mr. Dagnell being employed in a flour mill at that place.

On Saturday night as George W. Allen, aged 76 years, was ascending the stairway at his home he was stricken with apoplexy and fell down the stairs backwards, fracturing his skull. Death ensued within an hour. Deceased was a descendant of General Ethan Allen, of Revolutionary fame.

Rex Beach, the author of "The Spoilers" is a manufacturer of bricks—not the kind used in illegal commercial transactions, but real building bricks. See our Line of Christmas Candies. BELL.

SEVEN DEAD IN BRIDGE COLLAPSE

Continued from 1st Page of whom little is known at the scene of the accident. None of the bodies of the dead have been recovered, the remains in all probability being pinned beneath the wreckage.

THE INJURED.

All of those who were on the span when it fell were more or less injured. It is thought that some of the men are fatally hurt, although at this time it is impossible to tell just how serious the injuries are. Most of the men, however, who were rescued alive will live. The injured are:

PERCIVAL REICHENBACH, McKees Half Falls, leg broken, bruised and cut.

HOWARD REICHENBACH, McKees Half Falls, contused wounds of legs.

ROY SHERWOOD, Meshoppen, shoulder bruised, spine injured and skull punctured.

WILLIAM MOYER, Selingsgrove, leg broken.

LUTHER EGGERT, Liverpool, severe bruises.

OECIL SHARRER, Newport, shoulder dislocated.

NEWTON DUNLAP, Bellefonte, legs badly bruised.

JOHN SEESHOLTZ, Selingsgrove, head bruised.

HARRY C. GOODLING, Hoffer, elbow fractured.

WILLIAM MOYER, York, back broken, shoulder dislocated.

JOHN FISHER, Selingsgrove, arm broken.

WILLIAM WERTMAN, Snyder county, badly out and bruised.

AN EYE WITNESS.

H. G. Gearhart, a resident of Mifflinville, was on the river bank when the bridge collapsed, where he was trying up a boat for the night. His first intimation of the impending catastrophe was a loud report, and then the whole span seemed to sink quickly. He expected every man on the structure to be killed and for a moment closed his eyes to prevent viewing the heart rending spectacle. Then he, with others, who rushed to the river, put out from the shore.

MANY NARROW ESCAPES.

William Nesbit, who was on the fatal span, is a man who weighs 280 pounds. When he fell he was wedged among the iron and in that predicament plunged into the river. There, with only his head above the water, he remained until his weakening cries brought aid. Then he was compelled to tell his rescuers just where he was caught beneath the water so that the debris could be pried away.

Thomas Stacey, a bridge worker, was on top of the traveler when the crash came, and was still on top of the traveler when he was rescued almost unharmed a few minutes after his plunge of almost 200 feet.

Howard Reichenbach was also on top of the traveler. He fell 160 feet into the water and escaped almost unhurt.

Percival Reichenbach, his brother, said after the accident, that when he fell he caught himself on a piece of iron several feet above the water, where, with his leg broken and jammed almost to a pulp, he hung until help arrived.

Carl Lutton, general foreman for the bridge company also had a very narrow escape.

Clem Chamberlin, of Berwick, the well known base ball player, escaped having left the ill fated span but a few minutes before it plunged into the river. He was among the most indefatigable of the rescuers.

William Wertman, one of the injured, in his fall became pinned among the wreckage, and thus helpless floated a quarter of a mile down the river before his rescue was effected.

PERSONALS.

Miss Sara Bogar returned to Sunbury yesterday after a visit with Mrs. John Hendricks, Rush township.

Miss Emma DeWald returned to Hughesville yesterday, after a visit with friends in South Danville.

Mrs. John Grimes, Riverside, left yesterday for Greencastle, where she will spend several weeks with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Buskey.

Mrs. Herbert Dreifuss, Lower Mulberry street, left yesterday for a visit with relatives in Philadelphia.

Wesley Morrall, of the south side, has returned from Trenton, N. J., where he attended the funeral of his uncle, P. J. Kite.

Mrs. Rufus K. Polk and daughter Isabelle, Bloom street, left yesterday for a few days' visit in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Emma Montgomery, of Williamsport, called on friends in Danville yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. D. Lanmaster have returned from Pen Argy, where Mr. Lanmaster has been conducting services for the past three weeks under the auspices of the union churches. The meetings were largely attended and very successful.

Another big gas well was drilled on Saturday in Greene county by the Waynesburg-Aleppo Gas company, in the Aleppo field, several miles from Waynesburg. The pressure was so great when the gas pocket was penetrated that the casing was burst and efforts to control it have failed.

The Womerawa is a curious stick which the Australians use for flinging long arrows against enemies or animals.

BARBER SHOP RIFLED SUNDAY

For the third time in three years the barber shop of Thomas J. Evans, on Bloom street, near the Philadelphia & Reading crossing, was burglarized at an early hour Sunday morning. The thieves secured at least a hundred dollars worth of booty, comprising the most valuable articles in Mr. Evans' shop.

Saturday night Mr. Evans closed his shop at 11 o'clock, locking the place securely. The first intimation of the robbery was when John Farley, on his way to work at 6:30 Sunday morning, noticed the front of the barber shop. The front door stood open. The shutters on the bay window were also open and both panes of glass were broken. A hasty investigation disclosed the state of affairs.

Mr. Evans, arriving on the scene, found that the lock on the window shutters had been forced, the window panes broken and the best of the goods in the window, consisting mostly of pipes, had been taken. The door had been opened with a "jimmy" one lock being broken and the other sprung.

The burglars were evidently very discriminating for they took nothing but the best. Mr. Evans carries a very large line of pipes, but the thieves took only the high priced amber stem ones. In all Mr. Evans missed Sunday morning 20 high priced pipes in cases, 20 expensive pipes without cases, 7 razors (all but one in the shop), 3 pairs of clippers and 4 boxes of cigars.

This is the third time within three years that Mr. Evans' shop has been burglarized, and each time he has lost heavily and on none of the occasions have the robbers been apprehended.

BISHOP WILL GO TO LONDON

Concurrent with the Advent season, the beginning of the ecclesiastical year, Bishop Darlington has issued a letter to the parishes of the diocese of Harrisburg of the Protestant Episcopal church, copies of which were distributed on Sunday in churches throughout the see. This is the first time Bishop Darlington has issued a pastoral at this season; it is informative rather than recommendatory, the contents being matter published in The Harrisburg Churchman in previous years.

In the letter the bishop publishes his list of appointments for confirmation services during the present year. The final date is May 28th, all being earlier than usual in order to allow the bishop to reach London on June 15th. A Pan-American congress has been called to meet in London on that date, the first ever held. It will be attended not only by clergymen from all over the world but also by men and women of the laity.

Among the delegation from the diocese of Harrisburg will be Mrs. Darlington, the bishop's wife, and Mrs. A. Wilson Norres, of Harrisburg. The other delegates are Rev. Franklin T. Eastment, of Philipsburg, secretary of the Harrisburg delegation; Rev. W. Northey Jones, of Williamsport; Rev. Lewis Nichols, of Lock Haven, and C. LaRue Munson, of Williamsport. The annual diocesan convention will be held in Lock Haven May 12th and 13th.

Cures Woman's Weakness.

We refer to that boon to weak, nervous, suffering women known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. John Fyfe one of the Editorial Staff of THE ECLECTIC MEDICAL REVIEW says of Unicorn root (*Helonia Dioica*) which is one of the chief ingredients of the "Favorite Prescription":

"A remedy which invariably acts as a uterine invigorator... makes for normal activity of the entire reproductive system." "Helonia" in Helonia we have a medicinal plant which more fully answers the above purposes than any other drug with which I am acquainted. In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication of this remedy being needed. Dr. Fyfe further says: "The following are among the leading indications for Helonia (Unicorn root). Pain or achiness in the back; leucorrhoea; atonic (weak) condition of the reproductive organs of women; mental depression and irritability associated with chronic diseases of the reproductive organs of women; constant sensation of heat in the region of the kidneys; menorrhagia (flooding); due to a weakened condition of the reproductive system; amenorrhoea (suppressed or absent monthly periods); abnormal condition of the digestive organs and gastric (thin blood) habit; dragging sensations in the extreme lower part of the abdomen."

It more or less of the above symptoms are present, no invalid woman can do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, one of the leading ingredients of which is Unicorn root, or Helonia, and the medical properties of which it most faithfully represents.

Of Golden Seal root, another prominent ingredient of "Favorite Prescription," Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says:

"It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb. In all catarrhal conditions and general debility it is useful."

Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati, says of Golden Seal root:

"In relation to its general effects on the system, there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion. It is universally regarded as the tonic useful all debilitated states."

Prof. H. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Medical College, says of Golden Seal:

"Valuable in uterine hemorrhage, menorrhagia (flooding) and congestive dysmenorrhoea (painful menstruation)."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription faithfully represents all the above named ingredients and cures the diseases for which they are recommended.

Prohibitionist Meeting.

A meeting of Prohibitionists will be held tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. parlour. All Prohibitionists are urgently requested to be present, as business of special importance will be considered.

Lots of Reason For His Grouch. "What makes you so grouchy?" "I won \$50 at poker last night."

"Well, does that make you sore?" "Sure it makes me sore. I had to spend \$10 for drinks, \$3 for cigars, \$45 for a new dress to square myself with my wife, and I burned a hole in my new trousers with a cigar. And they paid me all my winnings in I. O. U.'s."

—Cleveland Leader.

THE NEW LOW SPEED UNIT

Work will begin on the foundation for the new engine and dynamo at the water works during the present week, and in the course of sixty days, according to the terms of the contract, the new unit will be ready for operation.

The committee in selecting a Corliss or slow speed unit feels that it will be able to demonstrate the wisdom of its choice before the new engine and generator have been in commission very long. The engine and dynamo in operation since the plant was installed constitute a high speed unit. It was lower in price than the low speed units and it was with the hope of effecting a saving for the borough that the committee selected it in preference to other types.

After an experience of nearly three years the committee has come to the conclusion that the plant should have a duplicate unit. Among other things the committee has learned that a low speed unit is preferable in more than one respect, notwithstanding that the first cost may be a little higher. In casting about for a new engine and generator, therefore, it is not strange that the committee seized upon the Corliss unit, which is acknowledged one of the best of the slow speed types, just as the Allis-Chalmers company, manufacturing it, is one of the safest and most responsible of its class. The committee believes that the Corliss unit's points of superiority are self-evident and that a short trial will convince the public that the committee made no mistake.

Like the high speed unit in use at present the new engine and dynamo will be "directly connected." Both engine and generator, however, are manufactured and installed by the same company, whereas in the high speed unit that the borough depends upon at present the engine and dynamo were manufactured by different parties, a circumstance which is pretty sure to be attended with disadvantages.

The new unit will run at 120 revolutions a minute as against 257 revolutions of the old or high speed unit. To compensate in the matter of speed both the fly wheel and generator will have a diameter nearly double those of the unit now in commission. It will be altogether a different looking piece of mechanism and will be some twenty feet long. It will be installed at the left hand side of the apartment containing the high speed unit. Both the fly wheel and dynamo will be sunk in a pit.

Notice in Divorce.

Anna C. Williams vs John Monroe Williams. In the court of Common Pleas of Montour County, No. 23 May Term, 1907. Divorce a. v. m.

To John Monroe Williams, Respondent above named:

You are hereby duly notified and required to be and appear in the Court of Common Pleas of Montour County on the first day of the next term thereof (the same being Monday, January 13th, A. D. 1908), then and there to answer the complaint of Anna C. Williams the above-named Libellant in the above-stated case, and to show cause, if any you have, why you should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with the said Libellant according to the prayer of the petition or libel filed in the above-stated case.

D. C. WILLIAMS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Danville, Pa., Nov. 25th, 1907.

WEAK LAWS MADE BY LEGISLATURE

At the close of the session of criminal court at Sunbury last week, Judge Savidge made some characteristic remarks in regard to some of the cases going to the county seat for trial. The last case of the session that came before him was a petty larceny involving the expenditure of a comparatively large sum of money, which impelled him to make the following remarks:

"It is a very lamentable fact that such trivial cases as these should be brought here for settlement. Here we have a case in which a man is charged with the larceny of a \$2.35 pair of shoes. The witnesses have been here since Monday. There are jurors to pay, lawyers, court reporter and many other things that, in the aggregate, reach an enormous sum—possibly over one hundred dollars, to try this case—and law is the most expensive thing on earth. I think the laws of the State in a good many instances, are very crude and unsatisfactory, framed and passed by an ignorant legislature."

"In a case before me this session a defendant was found guilty on a vile and corrupt charge. Yet, by an act of assembly, all I can fine him is \$10.00, when it took many times that sum to try the case."

"I sincerely hope that less expensive and more satisfactory methods of adjusting these numerous and trifling cases will soon be enacted."

Thomas Seibert, who lived alone on his farm near Hummelstown, Dauphin county, was stricken with illness early last week. No one knew of it until Sunday when the neighbors, noticing the cattle bounding, went to investigate and found Seibert lying in his sitting room, nearly dead.

Since Pius X was elevated to the pontifical throne, less than four years ago, no fewer than fifteen cardinals have died.

"EDDIE" MOYER UNDER ARREST

"Eddie" Moyer, the well-known peddler, who at irregular intervals turns up in Danville, was arrested in this city on Friday night charged with robbery and on Saturday was removed to Mt. Carmel to await a hearing.

The man arrested is a character in his way. He was born in Danville, but during many years of his life he has been on the road. His old home seems to have an attraction for him, however, and once or twice every six months he is pretty sure to turn up in Danville. He is a cripple and he presents a familiar picture as he limps through the streets swinging at his side a soiled and much worn valise containing an assortment of collar buttons and other trifles.

On last Friday "Eddie" varied things considerably by coming into town in a house boat, comfortably furnished with a bed and a stove. He dropped down the north branch with the current and tied up his domicile on the old ferry landing on the south side.

"Eddie" had not been in town long when he was taken into custody by Chief-of-police Mincemoyer on the strength of information lodged at Mt. Carmel by T. T. Mervine, a P. & R. Railroad detective, which information implicated Moyer in the robbery of one of the men arrested in connection with the robbery, who is now in jail at Sunbury, implicates "Eddie", explaining that the latter kept guard while others did the work. The store robbed was in Mt. Carmel. A portion of the booty consisting of revolvers, collar buttons and the like has been recovered by the owner.

"Eddie" was very much annoyed by his arrest. He had to go to the lock-up and remained there from Friday evening until Saturday afternoon, when he was taken to Mt. Carmel by Special Officer Mervine. He will receive a hearing today.

How "Eddie" came into possession of the house boat is not explained. When he found that he was obliged to sever the ties that bound him to Danville he handed the house boat over to the care and keeping of Chief-of-police Mincemoyer. As "Eddie's" future is very uncertain the disposal of the unique craft tied up at the ferry landing becomes a matter of considerable interest.

"Eddie" had a similar experience in Danville a couple of years ago, when he was arrested