

In Another Light.

By Minnie Nelson Hinds.

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"Same old story," said the man bitterly as he gazed at the little gold circle in his big brown palm. The diamond seemed to twinkle at him "all its over" as he lifted his glance to the mutinous, fascinating little figure before him.

"Given one unreasonable woman, a lover who refuses to be a doormat, engagement at an end, man is politely requested to make himself scarce, and," he added in sarcastic tones, "there doesn't seem to be anything else for him to do."

The girl with the gentian blue eyes smoothed the lovelocks that would escape and settled her back comb firmly as she replied succinctly, "You are selfish."

"Selfish?" he snapped. "You know that Jack is in love with you."

"Nonsense!" answered Elsa, forgetting herself and allowing a shadow of a dimple to appear. "Here are the facts of the case: You are going away for a month, and Doris has invited me to her house party. You object because she has a good looking—with a sly glance from under the long black lashes—"brother and expect me to stay at home like a man. I just won't do it," she finished emphatically.

"Very well," said Ned firmly, though a white line formed around his well cut lips. "I am glad to know that a woman's love consists of." Disdainfully, yet longingly, he looked at the top of Elsa's pretty head with its coronet braid of soft brown hair. She was a most desirable vision, and his heart beat fast. How could he give her up? Jealous? Yes, he was. But who would blame him? The thought of Elsa living in the same house with fascinating Jack Denton for a month was more than he could stand. In his mind's eye he could see that fellow eternally at her side leaning over the piano and gazing devotedly into Elsa's eyes as she sang, while his glance conveyed



"GIMME THEM STONES QUICK." Unutterable things floating down the river in the still cool shadows, while Jack read his latest fad in poets, mortoring in his new car, confounded him! Decidedly Ned felt that he was justified, and Elsa had no right to torture him.

"You are sure that your decision is final?" asked Ned coldly.

"Quite," replied the girl, with a finality in her tone.

Ned dropped the ring carelessly into his pocket, lifted his hat formally and turned away in silence.

Elsa walked slowly along the rose bordered path toward the house.

"I'm glad of it," she said to herself defiantly. "I won't cry. The tears rolled down her flushed cheeks. 'There isn't a man living worth crying for,' she dashed them away scornfully. 'I wonder if he will go to Denver just the same.'"

Ned's uncle was the head of a big manufacturing concern, and his dearest wish was to let Ned step into his shoes when he "made good," as he phrased it. Ned had done well, and now had come the chance to prove whether he could handle the big trade in the west.

"Only a month," said Ned as he strode away. "She knows just how much it means to us. Oh, I forgot; there isn't any 'us' now. Well, she never could have cared or she would have given in."

Ned packed his grip that night with a firm determination never to come back east again. He had intended taking the 6 o'clock train, but—"I may as well see her once more," he said to himself miserably. "It will be the last time."

Meanwhile Elsa was listlessly dressing for the last dance of the season.

"Ned has gone, and I may as well go enjoy myself," she soliloquized as she gloomily patted and pulled a princess gown of daffodil liberty about her dainty figure.

"I shall not tell any one yet," she sighed as she opened her jewel case and took out its choicest treasure. This consisted of a necklace composed of tiny beads of beaten gold. Across the front five flawless sapphires alternated with four diamonds of purest water. The effect of this combination on Elsa's Christy throat was all that could be desired.

As she waited for the carriage in the hall she threw back her coat and gave a last glance at herself in the long mirror. "It certainly fits," she said virtuously. "I wish Ned could see it."

A shadow darkened the glass. Ere she could turn cold steel touched her cheek, and a hoarse voice said: "Gimme them stones quick. Don't holler or I'll bluz yer, see?" and a hairy hand fumbled

The Transgressor.

By TROY ALLISON.

Copyrighted, 1907, by E. C. Parcells.

The young rector of St. John's adjusted the student lamp until it threw a mellow light on the library table and then pulled down the window shades. He had just settled himself comfortably in the Morris chair when the bell rang.

In a mere man of the world the slight elevation of the eyebrows produced by the sound of the bell would have been interpreted as despair or disgust at the interruption, but the Rev. John Courtney's only attitude toward the rebellion of the flesh was that he had spent a very busy, trying day and that even ordained flesh craves rest and solitude occasionally.

"You, Miss Manning?" he exclaimed in surprise as the girl was ushered in by the rector's housekeeper.

Marion Manning sat down in the armchair indicated and was silent from the moment's embarrassment.

"I came to ask your advice, Mr. Courtney. I'm in trouble," she said finally.

The rector wondered what could have happened in the quiet town to have brought such evident consternation to his young parishioner. Since his installation as rector of St. John's, six months before, he had known the girl and had become accustomed to meeting her at every function as the life and mirth of the occasion. Her look of woe was entirely unfamiliar to him.

"I'm very sorry, Miss Marion. What has happened?" he asked, with real concern.

"Nothing has happened, but I've committed a crime against the government," she said hopelessly.

"That sounds very grave."

The rector could not for the life of him keep from smiling at the innocent look of the self-confessed criminal.

The girl spoke with a flash of spirit. "You probably will not smile when I tell you the whole of it. I don't know, but I think I could be imprisoned if it were found out."

The rector still had difficulty in preserving a proper amount of gravity. "Suppose you tell me all about it," he said.

She handed him a long official envelope.

"I have just received an appointment as a \$900 clerk in the pension office at Washington," she said dolefully.

He took the envelope and looked at the appointment with less pleasure than he should have shown in view of the fact that he had known all the summer how anxiously the girl had

WHALES AS RAMS.

Cases Where These Marine Monsters Have Attacked Vessels.

While cruising in the south seas the whaler Essex on Nov. 20, 1820, was furiously attacked by a cow sperm whale supposed to have been the mother of a calf which had just been harpooned. The whale had not been wounded herself, and her attack was very determined. At her first rush she passed under the Essex and carried away a great length of her false keel. Then, coming to the surface a considerable distance away, she appeared to take bearings and deliberately charged the vessel again, ramming her with such violence that she stove in the bows, while the ship rolled so heavily that the captain thought she must be dismantled. The case is memorable because the crew had to abandon the vessel, and one boat was never heard of again.

A more singular instance of a whale attacking a vessel occurred in 1835. The singularity lies in the fact that in the case of the Handa Isle the attack was entirely unprovoked. This vessel, a brigantine of 200 tons, was on her way to Sydney with a cargo of timber. On Aug. 24, about noon, a couple of sperm whales rose very close to the vessel and, while the crew watched them "sporting" across her bows, the pair suddenly srued around and came straight for her. One thought better of it and dived below the Handa Isle. The other struck her fair and square on the beam, crushing in her timbers. Having rammed the ship in this resolute fashion it sheered off, terribly damaged about the head, and presently sank tail first.

Fortunately there were some packages of rawhides on board, and the crew were able to keep the vessel afloat with the pumps until a rough and ready collision mat had been fashioned out of these and drawn over the leak.—Bailey's Magazine.

Women of the Kurds.

As to the way the Kurds treat their women, an Asiatic traveler says: "They neither veil them nor impose upon them heavy manual labor. Their women are well clothed and are free to ride abroad, bully their husbands and express their opinion in public affairs with as loud a voice as any suffragist could desire. To see a woman of sixty upright as a lance and with a good figure is not uncommon, and that, I think, is a sufficiently striking testimony to any one acquainted with the east."

A Practical Letter.

There has recently been an outcry against the deterioration in modern literary writing, but the following epistolary triumph from a tailor has leveled things up.

"I have today issued a writ against you," wrote a tailor whose letter was produced in the Westminster county court, "for the amount of your bill. Trusting for a continuance of your esteemed favor, I remain," etc.—London Globe.

A Business Matter.

She—Here is your engagement ring, Henri. I can't marry you; I love another. He—What is his name? She—In heaven's name, you won't kill him, will you? He—Oh, no; but I thought I might do a deal with him with this ring.—Sourire.

He Had Traveled. "Speaking of the 'Mysteries of Paris,'" said the literary boarder. "The greatest one of them," said the boarder who had been on a "personally conducted," "is the language."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

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In - - - Dormitory 10.

By TEMPLE BAILEY.

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Betty Belle, coming in that morning from "English two," found on the table in her room in the dormitory a coconut cake, a plate of chicken sandwiches and a card. The card read, "Compliments of Prudence Conway."

Prudence was the colored maid on the third floor of dormitory 10 of the summer school. To be chosen as a pet by Prudence meant many privileges. To the girl she liked she brought unlimited towels, while some less favored maiden might languish with two a week, and now in providing Betty Belle with materials for a midnight spread Prudence showed evidence of high regard.

Betty Belle was from the south, hence her name. There had been two aunts beloved by her mother, and the little girl had been called after them always. Betty Belle wondered why the northern girls thought it funny.

"Well, we don't string ours together that way, as a rule," Drusilla Davis told her. "And I don't believe we place such value on names. But you are a dear, Betty Belle, only you are different."

"How different?" Betty Belle questioned, and Drusilla laughed.

"Oh, you are so old fashioned and pretty and serious."

Betty Belle blushed. "You are pretty, too, Drusilla."

Drusilla shook her head. "Not in the fascinating way that you are, Betty Belle."

The scholars of the summer school ate at an adjoining boarding house, and at the lunch table that day Betty Belle told about the chicken sandwiches and the coconut cake.

There were four men at the table besides the girls. As Betty Belle described the deliciousness the men groaned enviously.

"And we don't come in for any of that?" asked Dick Chase, who had dunked in his studies the winter before and was making up during the

A DESERT SANDSTORM.

Experience of a Woman Traveler While Crossing Sahara.

What it means to encounter a sandstorm in the desert of Sahara is described by Mrs. Palmer Thomas: "Few things bring such a sense of utter powerlessness as a desert sandstorm, and I shall never forget my experience of one. Our dragoon one day suddenly called our attention to a darkening horizon line. 'See,' he said; 'sandstorm comes. No man will ride in such.' We had barely time to dismount and make the camels kneel in a circle on the sand before the storm was upon us. Each man threw his kaftan over the peaks of his saddle and crouched within the shelter it afforded and that formed by the animal's body behind him, while I nestled in the hollow formed by my camel's neck and shoulder, drawing the folds of the blanket-like stuff tightly over me. The wise beast, knowing what was coming, turned her long neck right round and laid her head on my knees, seeking the protection of my cloak for her eyes against the sand, which, driven by the fury of the wind, struck the face like powdered glass.

"But I looked out upon the scene as long as I could, watching what appeared to be a mass of brown gauze veils streaming up across the sky, darkening the sunlight and gradually blotting out everything from our sight. An icy wind preceded the cloud, increasing in intensity every minute until the sound of its roaring made one's own voice inaudible, while the darkness became that of densest night. And so we sat silent in the noise and the blackness until the hurricane abated. Then, looking out again, I saw the brownish mass of cloud flying before the wind away toward the Nile, some forty miles distant, and the cloudless blue of a March sky in Egypt once more over-spread above us.

"But the legs of our beasts were all covered with the sand that had fallen, and notwithstanding my sheltered position the sand was lying on my dress and hat and was thick upon us. For some time we watched the brown cloud losing itself in the immensity of the desert, where the whitening bones of animals tall with sad frequency of the overwhelming fury of these sudden tempests; then we mounted and rode away."—Chicago News.

Later On.

A Scottish architect was in Palestine when news reached him of an addition to his family circle. He provided himself with some water from the Jordan for the christening of the infant and returned to Scotland. On the Sunday appointed for the ceremony he went to church and sought out the sexton in order to hand over the precious water to his care. He pulled the flask from his pocket, but the sexton held up a warning hand and came nearer to whisper. "No the noo, sir," he said; "no the noo. Maybe after the kirk's oot!"—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Cutting Down Competition. "I saved \$500 this year by moving," "Cheaper house?" "No; I found that my wife was trying to outdress a rich woman in the same block."

WOLVES FEAR IRON.

A Piece of the Metal Will Keep the Animals From Any Carcass.

In the early days wolves were comparatively unsuspecting, and it was easy to trap or poison them. Then new knowledge, a better comprehension of the modern dangers, seemed to spread among the wolves. They learned how to detect and defy the traps and poison, and in some way the knowledge was passed from one to another till all wolves were fully possessed of the information. How this is done is not easy to say. It is easier to prove that it is done. Few wolves ever get into a trap, fewer still get into a trap and out again, and thus they learn that a steel trap is a thing to be feared. And yet all wolves have the knowledge, as every trapper knows, and since they could not get it at first hand they must have got it second hand—that is, the information was communicated to them by others of their kind.

It is well known among hunters that a piece of iron is enough to protect any carcass from the wolves. If a deer or antelope has been shot and is to be left out overnight, all that is needed for its protection is an old horseshoe, a spur or even any part of the hunter's dress. No wolf will go near such suspicious looking or human tainted things. They will starve rather than approach the carcass so guarded.

With poison a similar change has come about. Strychnine was considered infallible when first it was introduced. It did vast destruction for a time; then the wolves seemed to discover the danger of that particular smell and would no longer take the poisoned bait, as I know from numberless experiences.

It is thoroughly well known among the cattlemen now that the only chance of poisoning wolves is in the late summer and early autumn, when the young are beginning to run with the mother. She cannot watch over all of them the whole time, and there is a chance of some of them finding the bait and taking it before they have been taught to let that sort of smell alone.

The result is that wolves are on the increase. They have been, indeed, since the late eighties. They have returned to many of their old hunting grounds in the cattle countries, and each year they seem to be more numerous and more widely spread, thanks to their mastery of the new problems forced upon them by civilization.—Ernest Thompson Seton in American Magazine.

SELF RELIANCE.

The Lesson That Was Taught to Henry Ward Beecher.

Henry Ward Beecher used to tell this story of the way in which his teacher of mathematics taught him to depend upon himself:

"I was sent to the blackboard and went, uncertain, full of whimpering. 'That lesson must be learned,' said my teacher in a very quiet tone, but with a terrible intensity. All explanations and excuses he trod underfoot with utter scornfulness. 'I want that problem. I don't want any reasons why you haven't it,' he would say. 'I did study two hours.' 'That's nothing to me. I want the lesson. You need not study it at all or you may study it ten hours, just to suit yourself. I want the lesson.' 'It was tough for a green boy, but it seasoned me. In less than a month I had the most intense sense of intellectual independence and courage to defend my recitations. 'One day his cold calm voice fell upon me in the midst of a demonstration. 'No!' 'I hesitated and then went back to the beginning, and on reaching the same point again 'No!' uttered in a tone of conviction, barred my progress. 'The next! And I sat down in red confusion. 'He, too, was stopped with 'No!' but went right on, finished, and as he sat down was rewarded with 'Very well.' 'Why,' whimpered I, 'I recited it just as he did and you said 'No.' 'Why didn't you say 'Yes' and stick to it? It is not enough to know your lesson—you must know that you know it. You have learned nothing till you are sure. If all the world says 'No' your business is to say 'Yes' and prove it.'"

Riding Backward.

To be comfortable in summer, always ride with your back toward the engine. Your eyes miss all the smoke, and cinders. Insist that the porter make your berth with your pillow toward the engine. This will drive your blood to your feet and keep them warm, winter and summer, and your head cool—which is one of the familiar rules of health, handed down from our forefathers. In case of accident you go in headforemost.—New York Press.

Vague.

"My husband is really very attentive. Yesterday he bought me a dozen veils."—Megendorfer Blatter.

SOMETHING NEW!

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EVILS OF ALCOHOL.

Gems From an English Primary School Examination.

A paper published in Yorkshire, England, reports that some 6,000 children of Gateshead were recently required to do essays on "Physical Degeneration and Alcohol," as tots in the primary schools of this part of the world may now toss off brochures on "Variations in the Epithelium Cells in Invertebrates, Marsupials and Plantigrades." These Gateshead children had valuable thoughts to contribute to the temperance movement. The Yorkshire paper goes the length of publishing some of the gems brought out in this outpouring of infantile sapience. Here are a few of some:

"Alcohol is useful," says one of them, being most exquisitely pithy, "but not in the body. It is useful for polishing furniture."

"I hope I shall never touch it until I am dead," says another, and we wish him luck.

"A man who takes alcoholic drinks can see two things at once."

"The children of drunkards are often weak and are sometimes troubled with being bowlegged"—truly an irritating affliction.

"Those who take drink are not so broad chested as they were 100 years ago." How true!

"When a man is ill the doctor will say, 'Are you a drinker of alcohol?' and if he says 'yes,' the doctor will say, 'That is what has made you ill; you have a fatty liver.'"

"The more temporary we live the better it will be for body and mind."

"Some people say that if you want to speak at a concert you should take a glass of beer before. You should not, but you speak a heap of rubbish."

"When a man gets drunk his brains will not telegraph properly."

"I will finish up with a piece of poetry I have made up myself:

Never be a drunkard;
Never touch the gin;
Always be teetotal,
And you're sure to win."

—Boston Transcript.

Various Kinds of Meteors.

"Meteors" and "meteorologists" have little in common, although their origin is identical. "Meteor" meant a good many more things to Englishmen of a few generations ago than it does now, in accordance with the meaning of the Greek adjective, which signified "up in the air," so that "a meteor," the things up in the air, meant the heavenly bodies. Winds and whirlwinds were aerial meteors formerly in English, clouds, snow and rain were aqueous meteors, and among luminous meteors were reckoned rainbows and twilight. Meteorology preserves the memory of all this, but the word "meteor" has gone over altogether to the astronomer's sphere.

Infinitesimal Shears. A clever workman in a cutlery factory in Sheffield, England, made a dozen pairs of shears, each so minute that they altogether weigh less than half a grain. That is about the weight of a postage stamp. Each pair is perfect and will cut off sufficiently delicate material could be found. Lying on a piece of white paper they seem no larger than fleas.

Unopportune Advice. Mrs. Ascum—Miss Crabbe is a member of your suffrage club, isn't she? Mrs. Gaddie—No, we had to expel her. We were discussing the servant girl question the other day, and she had the impudence to say that if we only stayed at home and attended to business the servant question wouldn't bother us at all.—Philadelphia Press.

INSUPPURTABLE ADVISE.

"I don't care if he is worth ten millions," Betty Belle returned quickly; "he isn't a gentleman."

The girls looked at her, startled. "Why, Betty Belle," one gasped, "what makes you say such a thing?"

"He isn't," affirmed Betty Belle, with her head held high. "The gentlemen at my home have consideration for the wishes of ladies, and I told him not to sing. And he has an invalid mother who is just praying for his success, and he is wasting his time. It isn't right; it isn't right!" And Betty Belle clapped both hands over her ears to shut out the strains of "Dixie."

"Well, I wish he wouldn't," she said. Margaret Mills looked at her with raised eyebrows. "Why, Betty Belle Fairfax," she exclaimed, "he is worth a million! Any girl would be glad to have him pay her attention."

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"Some one will tell Dick Chase what you said about him," Drusilla told the small maiden after the other girls had gone to their rooms.

"I don't care," said Betty Belle hotly, but when Drusilla went away she sat down at the window and looked