

An Easy Lesson.

While the cost of food products goes up the price balance is kept level by falls in the prices of other things. Man does not live by food alone. He needs other things, and when he does not know what he wants other men will tell him, so that he need not be ignorant of what is best for him.

Since the price of food is going up, why not stop buying food and buy mine stocks? The price of stocks is down far down, and for a few cents one may buy a share in a mine that will pay several dollars on every cent's worth of stock. One must guess who will get the dollars, but the offer of shares for a few cents is printed on good paper, and of course one will see that the offer ought to be good too. If one wonders why the mine owners do not keep all the wealth of the mines for themselves, let them reflect that there are many men who want their fellow men to get rich and be happy with them.

There are other chances to get rich quick that in the end are just as good. Every day one sees offers of riches that are bound to flow into the pockets of those who will invest a few cents in some gift scheme. Some of these will pay as high as 150 per cent. with out turning a hair or anything else. A few months ago one of the men with things to give away offered a certain man ten shares of stock that would be worth ten times their face value in a few months, if he would do something for the giver. The man to whom the offer was made suggested to the other that he send on the face value of the shares in cash and keep for himself the other nine times the face value when the shares matured, but the man who wanted to give the shares away turned him down because he had not the right business instinct.

It is a simple matter, as you will perceive, to tell men to buy stocks in all sorts of ventures, when it is easier to buy stocks than to buy food. But if you would rather eat be careful.

Battleship Question.

While other countries rival each other in building big battleships the newly appointed commander of the French Mediterranean squadron disagrees with the experts of the other nations and declares in favor of the smaller type of vessels, capable of great mobility and armed with guns of smaller calibre that can be fired more rapidly than the mammoth guns that shoot "railway trains" as Schley called them.

Unfortunately nobody will pay much attention to a commander who contends that the naval battles in the Russo-Japanese war did not prove the superiority of the big ships and the heaviest artillery should have a hearing. The Japanese know, but only imperfectly, whether their weight of ships and guns was the dominating factor in the destruction of the big Russian fleet. As a matter of fact that fleet was beaten before it left port. It was crippled by insubordination and sheer incompetence; in gunnery it was in no wise equal to the Japanese fleet. The Japanese know well the lesson of that naval battle. What kind of ships are they building?

The superiority of the mammoth guns was not demonstrated in the Spanish-American war. The Spanish vessels were destroyed by the smaller guns of the American ships. The official reports show that the battles could have been won as certainly had there been nothing larger than a six-inch gun in the American fleets. Is it wise to construct the mammoth ships that cost such immense sums of money and thus put all of the eggs in one basket?

A SENSE OF HUMOR.

It is a Precious Gift and Helps to Lighten Life's Way.

I regard a sense of humor as one of the most precious gifts that can be vouchsafed to a human being. He is not necessarily a better man for having it, but he is a happier one. It renders him indifferent to good or bad fortune. It enables him to enjoy his own discomfort.

Blessed with this sense he is never unduly elated or cast down. No one can ruffle his temper. No abuse disturbs his equanimity. Bored do not bore him. Humbugs do not humbug him. Solemn airs do not impose on him. Sentimental gush does not influence him. The follies of the moment have no hold on him. Titles and decorations are but childish baubles in his eyes. Prejudice does not warp his judgment. He is never in conceit or out of conceit with himself. He abhors all dogmatism. The world is a stage on which actors strut and fret for his edification and amusement, and he pursues the even current of his way, invulnerable, doing what is right and proper according to his lights, but utterly indifferent whether what he does finds approval or disapproval from others.

If Hamlet had had any sense of humor he would not have been a nuisance to himself and to all surrounding him.—London Truth.

Dear little Maudie awoke about 2 o'clock the other morning and asked mamma to tell her a fairy tale. "It's too late, darling," mamma replied. "Daddy will be in shortly, and he'll tell us both one."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Our Language.

"Ye's the coming man." "Yes; he's one of the best fellows goin'."—Baltimore American.

PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION

Free from famine, pest and war. Peace, with all mankind is ours; Much to us from High is given. Bourgeon, blossom, fruits and flowers So, with hearts full of thanksgiving, Joys within our bosoms lurk, And we'll send up songs of praise, Then we'll settle down to work.

President Roosevelt has fixed upon Thursday, November 28, as the day for thanksgiving and prayer. In his proclamation announcing the event the president says:

"Once again the season of the year has come when, in accordance with the custom of our forefathers for generations past, the president appoints a day as the especial occasion for all people to give praise and thanksgiving to God.

"During the past year we have been free from famine, from pestilence, from war. We are at peace with all the rest of mankind. Our natural resources are at least as great as those of any other nation. We believe that in ability to develop and take advantage of these resources the average man of this nation stands at least as high as the average man of any other. Nowhere else in the world is there such an opportunity for a free people to develop to the fullest extent all its powers of body, of mind, and of that which stand above both body and mind—character.

"Much has been given us from on high and much will rightly be expected of us in return. Into our care the ten talents have been entrusted; and we are to be pardoned neither if we squander and waste them, nor, yet if we hide them in a napkin; for they must be fruitful in our hands. Ever throughout the ages, at all times and among all peoples, prosperity has been fraught with danger, and it behooves us to beseech the Giver of All Things that we may not fall into love of ease and of luxury; that we may not lose our sense of moral responsibility; that we may not forget our duty to God and our neighbor.

"A great democracy like ours, a democracy based upon the principles of orderly liberty, can be perpetuated only if in the heart of the ordinary citizen there dwells a keen sense of righteousness and justice. We should earnestly pray that this spirit of righteousness and justice may grow ever greater in the hearts of all of us, and that our souls may be inclined evermore both toward the virtues that tell for gentleness and tenderness, for loving kindness and forbearance one with another, and toward those no less necessary virtues that make for manliness and rugged hardness—for with out these qualities neither nation or individual can rise to the level of greatness.

"Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States, do set apart Thursday, the 28th day of November, as a day of general thanksgiving and prayer, and on that day I recommend that the people shall cease from their daily work, and in their homes or in their churches, meet devoutly to thank the Almighty for the many and great blessings they have received in the past, and to pray that they may be given the strength so to order their lives as to receive a continuance of these blessings in the future."

How Much Do You Walk? This is the most delightful, healthful and invigorating season of the year for walking. Few there are perhaps, except on Saturday afternoon or Sunday have the spare time for an extended walk. But there are thousands of people in Danville and this valley who ride to work, or to the stores, who, for their physical benefit should walk. And whenever opportunity presents, take a walk for exercise if only for a short distance.

Physicians recommend walking as the best all-around exercise known to them, for several reasons. In the first place when you walk you raise the temperature of your body. It is like stuffing more coal in the furnace and opening the draught. There's something doing in your body. Everything gets into working order. Your muscles and nerves are getting up by perspiration and more waste is being carried off. Then you breathe more deeply. And that puts more oxygen in your blood, and oxygen is more necessary to you than your meals. And there's your skin. The millions of pores are opened up by perspiration and more waste is being carried off. And your digestion. Walking helps that process. And it puts an edge on your appetite. And appetite is one of the things necessary to good digestion. The doctors will tell you about your diaphragm. The diaphragm is a sort of stage floor between the chest and the abdomen. It is raised or lowered by the contraction or the swelling of the lungs. When the lungs are deeply filled the diaphragm goes down and presses upon the liver, stomach and spleen. It's like a massage on those organs. And this massage helps to keep them in good order—especially the liver. The man who regularly practices walking will never have liver trouble.

These are some of the benefits derived from walking. Nothing is here said about the mental benefits the exhilaration that comes from being in the open air the joy that comes from knowing that one's organism is in good working order. The Creator did not intend that you should ride in a street car or other conveyance to the exclusion of your two good legs.

SOUNDING A WARNING

Predictions of a sweeping victory for the Republican party in Pennsylvania at next Tuesday's election are based upon reports from the various counties that the rank and file of the organization is going to get out a large percentage of the Republican vote.

Much will depend, however, upon the activity of the party vigilantes, and warning messages are being sent out from Philadelphia headquarters to leave nothing undone to get Republicans to the polls.

While former independents are proclaiming their loyalty to the Republican nominee, the party leaders appreciate the danger that lurks in the feeling of security that exists among Republican committeemen. They realize that the Democrats are looking forward confidently to next year's national election and are going to poll a big vote to encourage the members of their party to line up for the coming presidential contest.

No State "Issues" This Year. There have been absolutely no state "issues" developed by the present campaign in Pennsylvania.

Governor Stuart's administration, following the action of the Republican majority in the legislature, brought about indictments in the state capitol cases and removed that issue from the political canvass, and the record of John O. Sheatz in public and private life prevented criticism of the Republican candidate from the outset of the campaign.

Upon every hand, however, the practical contest in this state has been regarded as the skirmish of next year's presidential battle, and Republicans familiar with the situation are concerned regarding the result of the balloting on Tuesday next.

They are fearful that a feeling of over-confidence will lead to a laxity among the party workers and that proper efforts will not be put forth to get the voters to the polls.

"If Pennsylvania is to take her proper place at the head of the procession of Republican states on Tuesday next," said Colonel Wesley R. Andrews, chairman of the Republican state committee today, "the Republican voters must be alert. They must go to the polls and register their continued adherence to the principles and policies of the party, and by so doing emphasize the sentiment of their great state in favor of the party of progress and prosperity. The Democrats are going to put their best efforts into the work of getting their men out to vote, and in order that they may record one of their old-time ringing majorities, the Republicans must be wide awake and active from the hour of the opening of the polls until the last ballot shall be deposited. They must take nothing for granted, but act upon the principle that a battle is never won until it is over and the enemy is captured or routed."

"Pennsylvania is the greatest industrial state in the Union, and Democratic triumph, which a reduced Republican majority would mean, would be disastrous to wage earners and capitalists alike.

Must Not Falter. "If Pennsylvania should falter on Tuesday next, the enemies of the protective tariff would have reason to be elated, and they would herald the result of the election as an indication that the so-called tariff reformers are growing in strength in our state, and that the 'Iowa idea' for a scaling down of the tariff is spreading even into Pennsylvania, the very citadel of protection.

"The consequence of such a state of affairs would be illustrated by a cessation of all industrial enterprises within our borders, with the inevitable result that the workingman and the farmer, the mechanic and the mill owners would in the end bear the brunt of the disaster.

"I sincerely trust that the Republican voters of Pennsylvania will not be deceived by those who affect to see no danger in Republican indifference, but that they will go to work at once and discharge their full duty to the party and to their state."

Call to Clubmen. President R. P. Hagood, of the State League of Republican Clubs, supplementing the call to arms of Colonel Andrews, has issued an address in which, among other things, he says: "This is not an off-year for Republicanism, it is, on the other hand, a vital one, and the majority recorded for the Hon. John O. Sheatz will serve as a glaring guide post to the Republicanism of the entire United States.

A small majority will point to indifference on the part of the Keystone state to tariff revision and Republican national policies next year. A rousing, record-breaking and old-fashioned majority will be a bulwark to the policy of standing pat on the tariff and an inspiration to Republican success throughout the country next year, when we all earnestly hope to centre the eyes of our sister states upon Pennsylvania's candidate for the presidency."

Pavement of Vitified Brick. The sidewalk on Bloom street between the P. & R. track and the lower end of the concrete pavement along the park is being laid with vitified brick.

It is a small section of street claimed by the P. & R. railway company, but inasmuch as vehicles that use Kline street have to drive backward and forward over it the borough is not relieved from responsibility. A compromise was effected whereby the borough of Danville furnishes the material and employes of the railway company do the work.

Increase at the Ridge. The population at Strawberry Ridge was increased by one yesterday afternoon when a daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Wolfe.

It is proposed to convert the Eiffel tower, in Paris, into a gigantic time-piece, and with that object experiments are now being made.

MANY HALLOWEEN PARTIES PLANNED

From present indications there will be many Halloween parties held in Danville tonight. Invitations have been issued and the night promises to be fittingly celebrated. Some of these will be weird ghostly affairs in which each of the persons attending will be required to dress up as witches and goblins.

For the benefit of the hosts and hostesses of this evening the Morning News published herewith several suggestions to enhance the pleasure:

THE MYSTIC DANCE. Clear a table in the center of the room and thereon place a dish, bearing as many raisins as there are guests present. Now pour alcohol over the raisins until they are saturated. Join hands around the table and as the raisins are lighted start the mystic dance. The flames from the raisins will be a weird green color lending a ghostly effect. As the raisins burn each guest should be required to snatch a raisin from the flames. The un successful ones shall be doomed to disappointment in love.

THE SAWDUST PUDDING. Take a large bowl and fill it with sawdust. Now cut slips of paper and on each write a fortune. Leave about five or six slips entirely blank. Over the top of the sawdust place a layer of crust exactly like a pudding crust. Mark off the pudding into as many pieces as there are guests and number each piece. Now make corresponding numbers on slips of paper and make each guest draw one from the pile which should be held by a witch. The number they draw shall be their portion of the pudding and therein shall either be their fortune or a blank; the latter is to indicate that they shall never find a mate.

There are many ideas which we have not the space to publish, but the above suggestions should be an aid to those planning to celebrate the evening with friends.

LIGHTNING. The Mystic Fluid Has Been Known to Cure as Well as to Kill.

A peculiar feature of lightning when attacking a human being is that it is known to cure as well as to kill. In one instance a man who was paralyzed on one side of his body from childhood was struck by a thunder-bolt, and after remaining insensible for twenty minutes he recovered with the full use of all of his members. Another case was that of an invalid in one of the Austrian hospitals who was lucky enough to stand in the way of an atmospheric spark and was enabled without delay to leave the hospital perfectly well.

A similar occurrence took place on the passenger packet boat New York when a person who had been hopelessly paralyzed for a great many years was struck by lightning. He was so astonished to find himself cured that he ran about the deck like a madman and was so crazed with joy that the rest of the passengers believed him to have become mentally unbalanced until they learned the cause of his exuberance.

The cases where persons have benefited by a visit from this heavenly power are too numerous to mention, as in a number of cases they have lost their deafness or regained their eyesight and in some cases their mental balance, and lightning really proves fatal in few cases in comparison to the number of people it touches each year. If we could provide a way by which we would not get an overdose of this most wonderful fluid, lightning would undoubtedly prove to be the long sought elixir of life, but the difficulty arises in its being beyond our control.—Denver Post.

Peculiarity of Hair. A woman leading two children stepped into a barber shop with her charges.

"I want their hair trimmed," she said, "but not all the way round. I only want it trimmed off even. It is just the right length on the right side, but too long on the left side. I had their hair trimmed only a little while ago and here it is noticeably longer on the left side. I don't believe it was trimmed evenly in the first place."

"Oh, yes, it was," the barber assured her. "It grows faster on the left side, that is all. Most people's hair does grow faster on that side, but it is on children's heads that we are most likely to notice it."—New York Press.

Man's Heartlessness. There is nothing like the heartlessness of a man. There is a certain pretense of a bride who is just coming to know that she fell out with her newly acquired husband. She said, "I forget quite what it was about, but it seems to me he had said things about a new gown of hers. At any rate, I was no longer worth living. She shut herself in her room and cried till her head ached. Then she bathed her eyes, brushed a tuft of powder over her red and swollen nose and called icily to her husband:

"Fred," said she, "bring me a spoon, please. I'm going to take poison." "Yes, dear," answered the heartless monster from below. "Do you want a teaspoon or a tablespoon?" Superstitious Bonapartes. The Bonapartes always were superstitious, especially the mother of Napoleon. She always had a presentiment that the rise and fall of her family would occur in the same century, that the glory which was prophesied for them would be followed by disaster. And the prediction was verified. She died in her eighty-seventh year, having lived long enough to see the downfall of all her children. Napoleon I always feared Dec. 2 as an unlucky day, and it is related of him that before every important battle he would throw dice to ascertain if he were to lose or win. The "red men" whom he always saw going to battle with him was a delusion that caused him much suffering.

SHEATZ HAS SCORED

John O. Sheatz, the Republican nominee for state treasurer, is about winding up a tour of the state in which he has scored at every place he has been.

He has shown himself to be a vote-getter. While he has none of the gifts of the trained orator with which to electrify an audience, he possesses to a remarkable degree an ability to impress everyone who hears him with his absolute sincerity of purpose and courage to carry out every pledge he has made.

With all the charges indulged in during the previous campaign regarding favoritism shown financial institutions that have gone upon the bond of the state treasurer, in the form of heavy deposits of state funds and security against unexpected withdrawals of such moneys, the voters of Pennsylvania must receive with gratification a declaration from Mr. Sheatz upon this subject.

A Popular Pledge. Said Mr. Sheatz:

"As a plea of information to the people of Pennsylvania, I wish to say that if I am elected treasurer of this great state, when the time comes for me to file my bond for \$500,000, I shall pay for it out of my own pocket, and not permit an obliging president of a trust company to arrange my security for me, thereby placing myself under obligation to that trust company to have \$60,000 or \$70,000 of the state's money constantly on deposit in that particular institution. I shall keep myself just as free from the dictations of the money powers as I am of the political powers."

Mr. Sheatz's attitude in this matter has called forth expressions of hearty approval from every quarter. His candidacy is accepted as a guarantee that the office of state treasurer will be conducted upon the highest possible plane. With Edwin S. Stuart in the governor's chair and John O. Sheatz as state treasurer, the people of Pennsylvania will have reason to be proud of the Republican party's administration of its affairs.

Champion of Public Schools. Probably no other act in the official career of Mr. Sheatz contributed more to his popularity than his advocacy of increased appropriations to the public schools. As chairman of the appropriation committee of the house of representatives, Mr. Sheatz made a valiant and successful fight in favor of raising the already large sums appropriated to education, and in his visits to the various counties in his present tour Mr. Sheatz has been complimented upon the result of his labors at Harrisburg in this direction.

The Republican party of Pennsylvania has a grand record in its fostering and protecting influence in the cause of the common schools. The statistics show that since 1887 the enormous sum of \$119,100,000 has been appropriated by Pennsylvania legislatures dominated by the Republican party, an amount many times larger than that appropriated for like purposes by any state in the Union for public school purposes.

The appropriation for the years 1887-88 was \$2,900,000; for 1889-90 it was \$4,000,000, and for each two years from that time until this year, with one exception, the appropriation was \$11,000,000, the exception being in 1902-03, when the amount was \$10,000,000.

When the legislature met this year Mr. Sheatz was among the potential factors in a movement to provide even more liberally for the schools, and with the hearty co-operation of the influential leaders of the Republican party this agitation was a fruitful one. The sum of \$4,000,000 was added to the state school fund, raising the grand total to the unprecedented appropriation of \$15,000,000 for the next two years.

This amount does not include the \$6,500,000 specially set aside for school purposes from the local taxes collected in the city of Philadelphia, nor the large amounts raised locally in other counties.

The money included in the state appropriation to the schools is allotted to the different counties in proportion to the number of children of school age, each county receiving its pro rata share. In nearly all of the counties the amount received from the state has proved amply sufficient to meet all of the requirements of the public schools, so that in such cases it is not necessary to apply any of the money received from local taxation.

"I want to see the day," said Mr. Sheatz a few nights ago, "when the state will provide every penny of the money needed for educational purposes. The aim of the Republican party has been in that direction, and I know that the continued success of Republicanism in Pennsylvania means the accomplishment of that end.

"I shall certainly continue to do all in my power to have ample money appropriated to place the public schools of our state upon a solid and practical basis in every county of the state."

An Angry Bedfellow. When Frank Urbany, of York, aged 35 years, turned in at his boarding place on Saturday night he found that his bedfellow, Henry Weber, had appropriated all the bed clothing and was occupying the middle of the bed. He shook Weber and demanded his share, a fight ensued and Urbany was taken to the hospital in a serious condition with knife wounds that required thirty-one stitches, while Weber was also battered up badly.

Raising Pheasants. Columbia county has the distinction of having the only pheasantry in the State of Pennsylvania. It is conducted by Associate Judge Elmer Yeager, in Roaring Creek township, who in addition to the duties of his office will experiment with the raising of pheasants. They have been successfully raised in Canada for years, but it is a business which is new in this country and hence will be watched with interest.

ENORMOUS INCREASE IN THE VALUATION

The unusual present prosperity of Pennsylvania is reflected in the enormous increase in the valuation of personal property as returned to the auditor general's department for State taxation for the year 1907. The 67 counties of the state show an entire valuation of personal property subject to State taxation, returned for the current year of \$1,014,867,787.40, an increase of \$24,000,000 in the valuation returned for 1906. These figures compare favorably with the returns to the comptroller of the State of New York for 1906, the total assessed value of personal property in that State last year being \$816,121,305.

All but five counties of the State show an increase. In these the aggregate decrease is \$287,388.55.

Personal property in this State virtually represents money at interest and is subject to a 4-mill tax. Three-fourths of the revenue derived from this source is returned to the counties, the balance retained by the State. The total revenue from this source for 1907 is \$4,059,451.15, an increase of \$28,000 over 1906.

Not only has there been an enormous increase in the valuation of personal property returned for 1907 in the larger counties, like Philadelphia and Allegheny, where the aggregate is more than \$40,000,000, but in the smaller counties like Greene, which shows an increase of over \$1,000,000, and Washington, where there has been an increase of over \$3,000,000.

In Montour county the increase in valuation for 1907 as compared with 1906 is \$184,477.

There has been an increase in the valuation not only of personal property, but of all other sources of State revenue in Pennsylvania for the current year. This increase will bring the revenue up to more than \$26,000,000 for the year ending November 30. It was thought when \$25,880,000 was raised last year, which was a record breaker, that the State revenues had reached high water mark.

MUSHROOMS.

Those That Are Poisonous Always Carry the "Death Cup."

Mushrooms when poisonous are the most dangerous plants in existence, as there is no antidote for the poison. Without going into the intricacies of the edible "meadow" (Agaricus campestris), and the "horse" mushroom (Agaricus arvensis), which are among the most wholesome and valuable vegetables, and of the numerous other harmless and nutritious varieties, as distinguished by their dark spores from the poisonous kind with white spores, one rule of observation will preserve the health and safety of any one collecting wild mushrooms for eating. Without the use of a single technical term, the difference in poisonous and nonpoisonous mushrooms is easily shown, even to a novice. What botanists call the "death cup," the volta around the stem, or, in plainer terms, the socket around the stem, is never absent from the deadly, well above ground, up around the lower part of the stem; then again it is below ground, but not attached to the stem so as to lose the cup shape, and sometimes it grows upon or is attached to the stem, giving it a bulbous, swollen base. Severely reject every plant that has a bulbous stem or the cup standing out around the stem. All edible and harmless mushrooms have straight stems, the same size from the root to the cap.—George Torrey Denman in Good Housekeeping.

Mystification. His weakness was prevarication, His wife detested lying and constantly urged him to mend his ways. One morning she said: "Will, see if you can't be perfectly truthful today. Don't tell a lie. Now, promise!" He promised and went away to work. When he came home to dinner, she said:

"I heard, did you keep your promise?" "I did," he replied soberly. Then he caught her in his arms. "Darling," he cried, "I will not lie to you. When I said I had kept my promise to you, I did not tell the truth; but, believe me, that was the only lie I told all day."

For twenty-two seconds she was lost in perplexity. Then she gave it up; the problem was too deep for her.

The Making of an American. "Talk about 'The Making of an American,'" said a settlement worker who is occasionally called upon to run over to Ellis Island, "while ago I happened to take particular notice of a young Polish girl who had just been released from Ellis Island with a lot of other immigrants. The girl was met by two women, one of them apparently her sister. The trio crossed Battery park just ahead of me and I soon saw that they were bound for the same ferryhouse as I. They reached the upper deck only a moment before me, but by the time I got there the shawl that covered the young immigrant's head and shoulders had been pulled off, her hair fixed a bit and a brand new hat and wrap put on her by the other two women who had brought along the finery to make the newcomer fit to be seen going home with them."—New York Sun.

Lying. It was said of Dr. Johnson that he always talked as though he were taking an oath. He detested the habit of lying or prevaricating in the slightest degree and would not allow his servants to say he was not at home if he was. "A servant's strict regard for the truth," said he, "must be weakened by such a practice. If I accuse my servant to tell a lie for me, have I not reason to apprehend that he will tell it for himself?" A strict adherence to truth the doctor considered as a sacred obligation, and in relating the smallest anecdote he would not allow himself the minutest addition to embellish his story.

NEWS ITEMS FROM 'ROUND THE STATE

The house of R. F. Livermore, at Corry, was entered by thieves who stole \$700 worth of ginseng that was in the attic drying.

Miss Essie Simmons, of East Nottingham, Chester county, has raised over a bushel of peanuts this season from a half pint of nuts planted.

An electric ore separator is being built at the great Cornwall iron ore banks, near Lebanon, at a cost of \$650,000.

A cigar factory, three warehouses and two stables were destroyed by fire with most of their contents, in Red Lion, York county, on Monday morning. Total loss \$10,000. A defective flue caused the fire.

Teachers' institutes are being held this week in Wilkes-Barre, Doylestown, and Norristown. At Monday's session over 900 were enrolled at Wilkes-Barre; 400 at Doylestown and 1,000 at Norristown.

William Lutz, of York, who went out hunting on Monday, returned without gun, jacket, ammunition or game saying that he had met two strangers who offered him a drink which he accepted after which they robbed him.

Three foreigners employed on the Pittsburgh, Harmony, Butler & New Castle street railway, who did their own cooking, were severely burned on Monday evening, near Evans City, by one of them pouring kerosene on a slow fire to hurry it up. Their shanty was wrecked by the explosion.

A box of matches which Howard Oewiler, of York, aged 15 years, was carrying in his pocket ignited on Sunday evening while he was on his way home from church. The flames spread to his coat and shirt and he was severely burned before some companions tore his burning clothing from his body.

Mrs. Rebecca May, of Coatesville, aged 74 years, when she retired on Monday night neglected to turn off the gas from a radiator in her room and was asphyxiated. Iva Lowry, who made her home with Mrs. May also came very near being a victim to the deadly gas, being saved by the bed covers being over her head.

Within a few weeks three of John Harro's children, of Harrisburg, have been in the hospital with broken bones. Howard, aged 7 years, fell and broke his wrist; Mary aged 16 years, fell and broke an arm near the elbow, and on Monday, John, aged 5 years, collided with an older brother and broke his shoulder blade.

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour eructations, and eructations of the stomach are all due to indigestion. KODOL relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest herbs and most constructive properties. Kodol for Dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by stimulating purifying, sweetening and strengthening the stomach membrane. KODOL FOR HEADACHE. Dr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenwood, Va., writes: "I was troubled with sour stomach for several years and was cured by the use of KODOL for Sour Stomach."

Kodol Digests What You Eat. KODOL aids digestion, and sweetens, purifies and strengthens the stomach. Prepared by E. W. DEWITT, Dr. Geo. W. McClellan.

For Sale by Pauls & Co.

A Reliable Remedy CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Drug-Gists or by mail. In liquid form, 75 cents. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

R-I-P-A-N-S Tabule Doctors find A good prescription For Mankind. The 5-cent packet is enough for usual occasions. The family bottle (60 cents) contains a supply for a year. All drug-gists.

Windsor Hotel

1217-1229 Filbert Street. "A Square From Everywhere." Special automobile service for our guests. Sight-seeing and touring cars. Rooms \$1.00 per day and up. The only moderate priced hotel of reputation and consequence in Philadelphia, Pa. W. T. BRUBAKER, Manager.