Danville, Pa., Dec. 6, 1906.

As to President's Message, No citizen should fail to give the message transmitted to congress Tuesday by President Roosevelt, a careful of the questions which are today bethat congress will enact into laws all the subject of lynching he makes some very sensible observations, and if his ideas are adhered to, and his counsel should not become a thing of the past civilization erased. On this question message deals the president's remarks Instincts of a Child." The treatment are for the perusal of his countrymen | was psychological in its nature. at large as well as for their chosen minister a few hard raps to preachers subject should be carefully poudered.

corporations, the president gives cougress to understand that its work was not completed when the railway rate packing bill were passed. The passage of these measures simply marked an doubtless elicit the most comment and perhaps criticism is that relating to an inheritance and income tax. The president goes on record as favoring the part of congress. It will be time enough "when next our system of time, he gives us something to think about.

On the question of marriage and stitutional amendment so that the matter may be dealt with by congress instead of by the variou States, with the resultant differences in the laws and the scandals and abuses. In the matter of the subsidy shipping bill urges its passage by the house at this session. He also earnestly recommends changes in our currency laws so that some very serious defects may be remedied, and he is equally emphatic in urging the passage of a lower tariff for the Philippines and the conferring of American citizenship on the Porto Ricans.

Those people who over six years ago were wont to say that Theodore Roosevelt was impetuous and would precipitate this country into war at the first opportunity, ought to read what questions are sound and if congress to try? will but heed his advice, and enact into law the recommendations he makes, we will advance to a higher plane than we have yet attained.

LOOK AHEAD.

Discussing the magnificent fluence at count of uneven diewalks. or for Pennsylvania for te

ster the following famina " Vanie erial reduction. It would be a wide stretch of the imagination to always expect such good times as we are now enjoying. In whatever manuer the appropriations are increased by the com- that "the charmy of early shopping may in the years to come be the neces- forded to salespeople, delivery men and sity of reducing them to a basis pro- horses. Consideration for the willing lugubrious tones, "Gentlemen, a light!" portionate to less favorable industrial workers who distribute Christmas conditions. We are now at flood tide." cheer should be extended. There will candle to you" is somewhat doubtful, The Record's words are wise. They be plenty of work, at be t, for prosper should be heeded. The coming appropriations committee shou d be composed of men who are disposed to mix greater expenditures for gifts than wisdom with liberality.

THE NEWSPAPER FOR ALL.

The McKeesport News makes some remark which everybody ought to be of the public and imposition upon Itude and a gas jet easily turned on or acquainted with but which some have vet to learn: "The newspaper is for everybody and hence must publish something for everybody. If you see something which is of little interest to you remember that there are others and that the entire paper is not printed especially for you. The very thing that is dull and uninteresting to you may be the one thing in the paper for some other readers. There are whole pages in the daily papers that are of no interest to some, but they are to others." It is very true that a newspaper which tried to please every reader in every item it contained would soon have very few readers.

A PROUD MOTHER. S. B. Rhawn, of Catawissa, is the owner of an energetic and strongminded hen which retired to private life some three weeks ago so effectually that she could not be found. On last Wednesday she reappeared in public. but not alone, for with her were sixteen lively little chicks of which

she was the proud mother. Those late

comers into a chilly world are likely

to be snuffed out unless the efforts of

their mother to care for them are suj .

plemented by human kindness. Bishop C. C McCabe addressed the Methodist preschers of Philadelphia last Monday and made an earnest plea for concentration of effort toward the extinction of the debts of the churches

MUSIC AT THE INSTITUTE

[Continued from First Page.] could be prevailed upon to expend a small sum of money for supplementary reading, if the teachers showed the proper enthusiasm and tactfully presented the matter to the school direct-

Oral reading is general in the school perusal. The president discusses many room, although after our school days nearly all our reading is "silent." fore the country and it is improbable Professor Lose advocated at least one a very general stagnation of industry exercise in silent reading during the the recommendations he makes. Upon week in order to drill the pupil in getting at the thought.

Professor Lowden, who will be with the institute all week, has attracted taken there is no reason why lynching much attention by the depth of his researches and the originality of his and one of the darkest blots on our thought. His concluding talk yesterday afternoon was a marvel in its as with the others with which the way. His topic was: "The Literary

The literary life of a child, he held, representatives. This is apparent in begins with its first cry. This first his remarks concerning capital and cry, he held, invariably represented a labor, wherein he takes occasion to ad- vowel, which explains why the vowel sounds predominate in our language. of discontent, "The men who seek to In the American babe the sound is church services. During the eleventh excite violent class hatred against all that of short "A"; in the babe of men of wealth." His words on this Italy the first sound uttered is that of famous for its copper work, and some synagogue \$300,000, of the Temple so much concern to Goldsmith's coten-Italina "A". The first consonants ut-On the subject of the regulation of tered by the child are "1" "m" and "p", and they are the manifestation of the first operation of instinct along ing, became a common device for lightcertain lines. The literary life of a ing a church, and some of these are bill, the pure fo d bill and the beet child begins at the age of three years and succes ively passes through, the rhythmic stage, the Mother Goose stage the fairy tale stage, the Sauta Claus important advance in the proper direction, but he does not urge immediate the great myths of the world, after legislation on the subject. He, however, at considerable length, tells of
the enforcing and actual working of
the laws that have been passed. The
fortune of the more approximately strong the laws that have been passed. The feature of the message which will originality of thought and the bold-ness with which he treats his themes.

MT. CARMEL JUSTICE GUILTY. The case against Enoch Ososki, Justice of the Peace Hayden, of Mt. Carboth, although on this subject, as on mel and Anthony Shultz, of Franklin that of the regulation of corporations, township, Columbia county, took up he does not urge immediate action on the attention of the Columbia county court the greater part of yesterday.

Ososki is charged with assault and taxation is revised." In the mean- battery by Mrs. Joseph Potiery, of Franklin township, with Hayden and Shultz as accessories. Hayden and Ososki were found guilty and were divorce, the president hints at a con- fined \$50 each. Shultz was acquitted.

UPHELD FATHER'S RIGHTS. The Columbia county jury yesterday returned a verdict of "Not Guilty" in the case against Contractor Elmer Kelly, of West Berwick, confirming his position that the father has a right which passed the senate last spring, he to inflict corporal punishment on a minor daughter when the girl's moral conduct is such as to require drastic action.

The case was brought by Mrs. Halloway, agent of the society for the prevention of cruelty to children. Kelly was charged with whipping his 17vear-old caughter so that her back was lacerated and black marks were left there for several days.

HELP THE CLERKS.

In some of the cities the friends of the shop clerks are engaged in a conhe says about our relations with the certed effort to presuade the general Japanese. In dealing with this delic- public to do its shopping early in the somewhat similar plan was used as a ate question he displays diploma y and month. In New York the wives of the sign before shop doors to attract cusstatesmanship of the highest order, labor unionists are being systematicaland his recommendations ought to be ly asked to make their purchases not Lamps fell into disfavor at the beginspeedily enacted into law by congress. later than the 15th. The idea is to give ning of the seventeenth century and of late years that we ought to spell ex-On the subject of Cuba, the Rio con- the clerks a little less strenuous time were used only by the poor and in pas- actly as we speak; which, besides the ference, our foreign relations and various domestic problems not already holiday season, and it is a splendid enumerated the President writes most one. Can it be imitated to any extent interestingly His views on all public in Danville? How many are willing sticks their most exquisite form. A

Sued Borough.

The horough authorities of Suppury crystal pendants came into fashion. are now confronted with a problem involving the responsibility for in- attempted in Paris until about the midjuries sustained by pedestrians on acsome time ago a Sunbury property

brogaba and not raise the adjoining poor slid along, feeling their way by samwark ass Au is Fry, in stepping the walls. In his edict of September, the present annual surplus is decide | from si ewark to the other sprained 1667, the king provided that candles inly gratifying, it must be borne in her ankle, and now seeks to recover closed in a cage of glass should be mind that p riods of depression may damages to the extent of her doctor's hung by cords at the height of the first come, when there will be a very mat-

REAL CHARITY It occars to the Scranton Tribune lighted. ing or subesquent legislatures, there consists in the relieft at would be atous times have filled purses, and the fact that, as the small light stand had approaching holidays will witness not yet been devised, any one who deever before in the nation's history. | Vant stand beautiful die. One cannot imagine that reading Let this immense work be spread over in bed under these circumstances the month, instead of concentrating it into three or four days. Inconvenience to one who had been accustomed to solfaithful servants may be avoided by a off, but there is everything in habit.little forethought."

TIDAL FLUX AND REFLUX.

lows of the Oceans. Those who see the rise and fall of the tides in our Atlantic harbors seldom think of the wonderful course of the ocean waves which cause the tidal flux and reflux. Such billows not only cross the sea, but flow from ocean the other the pail is hung near his to ocean, and in this way complicated movements are set going.

Thus, for instance, once in every twelve hours the moon raises a tide billow in the southern Indian ocean. When this biliow passes the Cape of Good Hope at noon its successor is already born, and by the time the first billow has reached the Azores islands at midnight the second is rounding the cape, and a third has come into ex-Istence in the southern ocean. By 4 clock in the morning following its passage of the cape the tide billow reaches the English channel, and there the shallow waters delay it so much that it does not arrive at the strait of Dover until 10 a. m. Here the narrowing channel causes the tide to rise very high and almost puts an end to the wave.

In the meantime another branch of the billow runs around the western side of the British islands, rounds the north point of Scotland and moves slowly down the eastern coast of England until it finally flows up the Thames and laps the wharfs of London.-Philadelphia Record

THE STORY OF LIGHT

EARLY SCONCES AND LANTERNS. CANDLESTICKS AND LAMPS.

Tragic Incident of the Ancient Custom of Carrying Flambeaus at Festivals - Origin of the Phrase, "Holding a Candle to You."

There was a panic of a curious origin about the beginning of the eleventh 000. century. It was widely believed that the world, and this superstition caused valued at \$950,000. and commerce. Such panics have occurred at irregular intervals ever since. Twelfth streets, is valued at \$750,000. the last one being within the memory by Mother Shipton's prophecy:

The world to an end shall come In eighteen hundred eighty-one.

However, as soon as people became convinced that the world was not really going to come to an end in the year 1000, they resumed their work and play, and the making of lamps and at \$700,000. candlesticks, like other manufactures, entered upon an era of prosperity. Monasteries were famous schools for this work, as for all other forms of handicraft, and paid peculiar attention to the beautifying of lamps and candlesticks because of their usefulness in century Dinant, in Belgium, became of the most beautiful chandeliers of this period were made there. At about this time the "couronne des lumieres," or circle of lights hung from the ceilexquisite works of art.

In this period, too, various devices for improving and shielding the light came into use. Our ancestors were very practical people, and if some of candlestick which has not its use. The old time silversmiths and copper workers did not spend their strength on mere decoration.

The sconce and the lantern were in general use throughout the middle ages The sconce was a light covered and guarded from the wind, lifted down by a handle, and distinct from the lantern, serving somewhat the same purpose, but hung by a chain.

Lanterns in the thirteenth century. were made of gold, silver, copper or iron, according to the means of the owner. The light in them was shielded from the wind by thin sheets of horn. Lantern making was an impor tant industry in Paris.

At this time, too, noblemen and rich merchants took to having luxurious little traveling equipments made for the work of art." them, and among these were traveling candlesticks and wash basins in this fine enameled work, the secret of

The custom of having servants carry flambeaus at festivals also became general about this time, and a strange and tragic incident is connected with this fashion. At a ball given by Charles VI. the torches carried by some careless servants came too near the headdresses of certain persons dressed as savages and set them on fire. The unfortunate guests were burned to death, and the king at the had a serious effect on the history of France.

Magic lanterns were invented in the time of King Francis I. A device on a

light was needed. Candles had then reached their perfection and candlecandlestick of crystal given by Louis XIV. to La Valliere is still in existence and it was at this time also that the Street illumination was not seriously

dle of the seventeenth century. In the first years of that notable century the streets of Paris were dark. The rich were escorted by lackeys bearing or reled his sidewalk to a grade torches, the middle class folk picked e by the borough surveyor. His their way, lantern in hand, while the story of the house, three lanterns for every street, one at each end and one in the middle. At the sound of a bell, struck by a watchman, they were

> Paris was, however, considerably in advance of other cities of the world at this time. In London link boys stood about in public places calling out in The origin of the phrase "holding the but some authorities trace it to the sired to read in bed had to have a servant stand beside him to hold the canwould be very enjoyable, certainly not

Industrious Chinese Children. The Chinese are a wonderfully industrious people, and their children learn very early to make themselves useful. In the streets of a Chinese town it is no uncommon sight to see two children who are so young that they can hardly talk trotting along with a bamboo pole on their shoulders by which they are carrying home a pai of water. If one child is stronger than shoulder, for thus he takes the "heavy

THE ORIGINAL *AATIVE COUGH SYRUP* Outes all Coughs and case is the inchelling command the sound the sound the sound the sound the coupling the

For Sale by Paules & Co

NEW YORK CHURCHES.

Trinity and the Land It Occupies Valued at \$12,500,000 Trinity church is valued at \$12.500,-000. This estimate includes the land oc-

cupied by the churchyard. It is in the most valuable part of New York, if not in the most valuable division of property in the world. St. Paul's church is valued at \$5,500,fis front elevation bearing the words:

Grace church, at what was once dethe year 1000 would witness the end of scribed as the head of Broadway, is

> The First Presbyterian church, on Fifth avenue, between Eleventh and and a medallion of the poet. St. Mark's church, on Second avenue, an old landmark in that neighborhood, is valued at \$275,000.

valued at \$1,000,000. street and Columbus avenue, is valued

9 and 11 West Fifty-ninth street, at \$1,000,000.

The valuation of the Temple Emanu El is \$1,530,000, of St. Patrick's cathe and Seventy-sixth street, \$1,300,000, of the Broadway Tabernacle, Broadway and Fifty-sixth street, \$700,000 and of Park West and Sixty-eighth street,

PRACTICAL PICTURES.

Substantial Dinner.

There is a practical minded millionire who has invented a substitute for valuable pictures which it is hoped will not commend itself to others. He has bling. Owing £2,000, unable to obtain ad a large number of bank notes framed, and these are hung upon the wall where the pictures should be. In the drawing room is one frame that contains a bank note for £100,000, and he says: "There is the money in case I find a picture which is sufficiently valuable to pay that price for it. Meanwhile the note tells its own tale and saves me from explaining to my visitors that 'this picture cost so much,' as most other rich men do.

"The chief pleasure of these collectors appears to arise not from the beauty of the work, but from the cost of it; then why not have checks or bank notes for a large sum hung on the walls, as I do? Besides, I find that it is much more interesting to my visitors, for most of them look long and carefully at the bank notes who would but glance at

This eccentric man gave a dinner on the same principle. In the soup plates there was no soup, but sovereigns; for fish were served five-pound notes, for game checks and for sweets shares in a thriving company, and there was not a guest who did not enjoy this entertainment more than any he or she had ever before been present at .- London Truth.

Dean Swift on Spelling.

Dean Swift roundly denounced the poets of his day who had introduced the "barbarous custom of abbreviating sight lost his reason, a madness which words to fit them to the measure of their verses." Swift instances "drudg'd" and "disturb'd" as mortal offenses. The custom so introduced had begun to dominate prose. Another cause-borrowed. Swift suggested, from the clipping process-which he held had contributed to the maiming of the lan could evaporate and a great deal of stroying our etymology, would be a thing we should never see the end of."

THE GROWTH OF TROUT. Age, Food and Temperature Seem to

Have No Bearing on Size. The Salvelinus fontinalis, which is currently but inaccurately called brook trout, was supposed for many years to be a small fish. Agassiz was largely instrumental in exploding this fallacy. It is not an uncommon thing for an angler with ordinary luck to get a six or seven pound trout of this variety. It is known that a trout may grow to weigh eleven or twelve pounds. There is, however, great difficulty in accounting for its variation in size.

In northeastern Canada there are large streams and lakes in which only fingerlings have ever been found. In the immediate vicinity of such water three and four pound trout are quite common, and seven and eight pounders are not phenomenal. In all these waters crustacea do not abound; there are no small fish of any kind except small trout. All the fish are pure fly feeders. At some places, it is true, frogs abound, but, taken as a whole, the difference in food supply is not an adequate expla-

nation for the difference in growth There is no substantial difference in the waters as to temperature, size, oriare the same. The small trout taken to virgin lakes in which there are no fish have sometimes grown to a great size have sometimes remained small and sometimes have not thriven. The anglers who haunt these waters have not yet found a satisfactory explanation of this peculiar condition of things. It is one of the mysteries which lend ascination to the art. "You never can tell what is going to happen when you o fishing."-St. Paul Dispatch,

SEALED PROPOSAL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 24th. Sealed proposals will be received by the State Highway Department of Pennsylvania, under the Act approved May 1st, 1905, for the construction of 2,013 feet of road, extending from the intersection of Centre and Mill streets, along Mill street to the Mahoning Township Line, 1,200 feet of which is to be paved with brick, in Danville Borough, in the county of Montour. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the county commissioners, Danville, Pa., and at the office of the State Highway Department, Harrisburg, Pa. Bidding blanks will be furnished by the State Highway Department upon request. Bids must be endorsed "PROPOSALS FOR RECON-STRUCTION OF ROAD IN DAN-VILLE BOROUGH, MONTOUR COUNTY," and received at the office of the State Highway Department not Edward Sayre Gearhart, later than December 19th, 1906. JOSEPH W. HUNTER.

State Highway Commissioner

2 BRICK COURT.

Temple Chambers In Which Oliver Goldsmith Amused Himself. Few buildings link the London of the present day with so many of the literary characters of the London of the past as does the house at 2 Brick court, Middle Temple. The dominant memory which clings around it is that

perpetuated by a handsome tablet on

Goldsmith's, however, was seldom a lonely figure, and he gathered around him at Brick court all the wit of the metropolis of his day. In 1765, on the The Marble Collegiate church, Fifth strength of the success of "The Good avenue and Twenty-ninth street, is Natured Man" and the fact that he was making some £500 a year, "Goldie" The Church of St. Paul the Apostle expended £460 on chambers "up two (the Paulist church), at Fifty-ninth pair right" and fitted them with showy carpets, gilt mirrors and furniture extravagantly uphoistered in blue velvet. The West Presbyterian church, on Thus equipped, he embarked on a West Forty-second street, is valued at course of expenditure in which fine \$450,000, St. Thomas' at \$1,700,000 and clothes for himself, grand dinners to a the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, literary coterie and pretty trifles for venal beauties all bore costly parts. Johnson, Dr. Arne, Percy Reynolds, Francis and Bickerstaff were among the frequent visitors at 2 Brick court, dral \$6,000,000, of the B'nai Jeeshurun but their arrival was not the cause of Beth-El, at the corner of Fifth avenue ants as that of some other of the poet's guests. It was the little supper parties to Goldsmith's young friends of both and Fifty-sixth street, \$700,000 and of the Christian Scientist church, Central Blackstone, hard at work on his famous "Commentaries" in the rooms below "Goldle's," bitter protests against the Both "The Traveler" and "The Vicar

of Wakefield" were published soon after Goldsmith moved into Brick court. but the income they brought him was insufficient to withstand the drain made on his resources by his extravagance, his generosity and his taste for gam further advances from his booksellers and seeing no way out of his embarrassments. Goldsmith broke down in spirits and health. He had to leave those windows from which he used to watch the rooks in the grove, which once stood where now is Elin court, as he wrote, "often amused myself with observing their plan of olicy." Goldsmith returned thither, revertheless, to die, and though he was arried to his last resting place through rows of weeping women the benches of the Temple appear to have valued so little that the very place of his burial became forgotten. For that neglect the tablet came as tardy but welcome reparation.—Lendon Tribune.

A TALL TIGER. The Way the Sleek Brute Impressed

Tigers are impressive creatures, esecially when one meets them in the forest. George Maxwell writes of them: "There is little doubt that almost every one has a peculiar sensation of the almost godlike beauty, power, activity and strength of a tiger. A can forests the butterflies and the birds tiger will overawe and make conscious

of his inferiority a man who would be unaffected by the bulk of an elephant. The feeling is, however, elusive of description, and I can perhaps best explain it in the words of a most charming French gentleman who was once manager of a great tin mining comlunch when he entered in a state of tremendous excitement. Walking alone and unarmed along an unfrequented bridle path through the forest, he had

walked almost on to a tiger. "He gave us a most vivid narrative of the encounter-how the tiger had been lying down concealed in some long lalang grass beside the path: how he was within ten yards of it before he saw it: how then it rose and looked at him: how it vawned at him: how it then walked slowly across the path in front of him and then stopped and looked at him, again yawning, and how it then deliberately walked away into the forest, whose depths finally hid it from view.

"Some one asked the Frenchman whether it was a big tiger. He answered: 'Well, messieurs, I cannot say if he is a big tiger. My eyes see that he is big, but I cannot say how big I see him to be, and if I say how big it is perhaps that I tell you a lie. But I can tell you, messieurs, how big I feel him to be, and I can tell you the truth. When he is standing there in front of me I tell you that I feel he is not less than thir-r-ty feet high." - Exchange.

Unstamped Letters In England. Many people are unaware of the fact that the sender of an unstamped letter can be proceeded against for the postage. The moment a person posts un unpaid letter he becomes a debtor to the postoffice. If it is refused by the addressee the sender is liable for the postage. An enormous number of unstamped letters are posted every year. record is kept of the exact number. Many large firms give instructions at the postoffice that unstamped letters not to be delivered to them. They are then returned to the senders, and in the case of frequent offenders legal steps are taken.-London Lady.

Why He Did Not Resign. William Wightman held office in youd the prescribed time, and at last, der Cockburn, "you told us that you to the lord chancellor before the end of August." "So I did," said Sir Wilon earth de you thin!; that we can do come down to court again."- Dundee

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Mary Crossley late of the Borough of Danville, in the county of Montour and State of Pennsylvania deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of Admistration upon the above state have the disease been granted to the undersigned. All tarth and drive persons indebted to the said estate are required to make payment, and those | Head quickly. having claims or demands against the said estate, will make known the same J. P. BARE

Administrator Mary Crossley

P. O. Address

POWER OF PERFUMES.

Nearly all perfumes have antiseptic

The perfumes which are the most

the sound of faroff music.

it is not safe for any one with disease of gr. pes, but if any such spot has of that organ to inhale it for any | een overlooked you failed to discover length of time. Reviving perfumes come from herbaccous plants largely, from the odors of mignonette, rose- vincy and on the Rhine. Next to the mary and lavender, and soothe the finencial returns, the chief advantage nerves.

acacia are pleasant and soothing to a ties look down on you from the most signed Executor of the last will and healthy sense, though delicate nerves inaccessible peaks. cannot enjoy them even in their garden depressing, so that persons grow faint

SIMPLE MEDICINES.

Remedies That May Be Found In Nature's Drug Stores.

If chemists and druggists disappeared from the face of the earth humanity could still worry along with the simple remedies which nature yields, practically ready made. There is nothing to beat rhubarb juice as a cure for gout or rheumatism except water from medicinal springs. All kinds of scurvy and blood poisoning yield to the juice of lemons or of limes, which are the greate t blood purifiers in existence. Even doctors acknowledge that natural, fresh cream from cows' milk can give points to cod liver oil and similar nasty liquids in treating consumption. Common mustard used as a plaster or poultice is the best cure for a cold on the chest, and the white of an egg with sugar is the finest medicine for hoarseness. To cure a burn an application of the white skin that lines the shell of an egg is unbeatable, while the raw yolk is a capital tonic. In fact, gardens and roadsides are full of herbs of which the juice or leaves afford remedies or palliatives for almost every disease to which humanity is heir.-New York Mail.

PROTECTIVE RESEMBLANCE.

Mimiery of Color and Form Common Among Insects.

An official of the National museum at Washington who has made many trips abroad in the interest of that institution states that in South Ameriare equally brilliant in their colors, but that the butterflies, being weaker, fall a prey to the birds. One very bright hued species of butterfly, however, is not disturbed by the birds on account of the disagreeable odor that it emits. Singularly enough, some other groups physicians had failed. of butterflies, which resemble in color the species just described, also escape persecution by the birds, although they emit no odor. It is evident that the similarity of color deceives the birds, and thus serves as a shield for the butterflies. This sort of mimicry of color and form, which naturalists call "protective resemblance," is not very uncommon among insects.

blance" which exhibits much contrivance and skill is sometimes found among birds. Some birds hide their eggs among stones that resemble the eggs in form and color. The little "bot tle tit" in England weaves a bottle shaped nest out of moss, lichens and spiders' webs, and when placed in a tree or bush the nest so closely rese bles its surroundings that it can hardly be detected. The color and appearance particular tree in which it is placed.

ENGLISH SPORT.

It Abounds In Graft That Would Not Be Tolerated Here. If there is any man on this earth,

white or black, who insists that his expenses in competitive sport must be no drain on himself, that man is the Britisher. And he is quite right. An land situate in the First Ward of the Nov. 27th, 1906. amateur should be neither in nor out a dollar. It is entirely proper that his club, his college, his association or such collection of bodies as he represents ed and described as follows, viz: should pay his legitimate expenses ally "found" during the entire season. No graft of this kind could exist in A. G. Voris. my wife she said. 'Why, William, what this national predilection through the medium of cricketers, golfers and othwith you messing about the house all er English athletes that have visited TWO-STORY Brick DWELLING House, day?' So, you see, I was obliged to us .- Caspar Whitney in Outing Maga-

> A Positive CATARRH CURE Ely's Cream Balm is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

Taste and Smell. Full size 50 ets., at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10 ets. by mail.

CLIFF VINEYARDS.

son in farming. If you wanted to buy for office can ever receive the vote of agreeable to the sense are not always all over a 100 acre tract to make sure Selinsgrove for at least 40 years. She the most helpful to the nerves. Am- the soil was so and so and that there says that Sunday was her birthday

tears.

A fairt odor of musk acts as a tonic, for which the best antidote is the odor of musk acts as a tonic, for which the best antidote is the odor bluffs of the Rhine secmed almost as of sandalwood. The fragrance of cit- impossible before the enterprising ron is as soothing to nervous folk as grapevines got a start there. There he sound of faroff music.

The scent of orange flowers is so decilias where some German has not pressing to the action of the heart that made a terrace big enough for a bunch it with your bi peulars.

There are advantages in owning

"The lives in that big brownstone Brought closer in clusters bouse?" you ask a German passenger charged from all I ens and encum of blossom, their odor is narcotic and on your steamer as you round a bend, "That is the castle of an old noble at the smell of them and may be put man who kidnapied a beautiful maid into heavy slumber, as if drugged by and held her prisoner." you are informed. "When the knights of those days tried to rescue her, the old nobleman would simply drop a big stone or two upon then as they attempted to at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the climb the c'T. One day while rolling said day, the following described real a stone down woon a knight the nobleman fell off und was killed."

the place is for reut. Do you know how much the adulaistrator wants for Township of Derry, in the County of It?"-Chicago Fost

plants which possess the most valuable John Morrison, thence by lands of medicinal virtues is abundantly attested John Blee, Jr., south seventy-three valuable American medicinal roots. 000

and a half perches, thence by lands of william Schultz north eighteen and points with pride to the almost marvelons cures effected by bis "Golden Medical Discovery," which has moven tiself to be the most efficient stemach tonic, liver invigoration, heart tonic and regulator, and blood cleanser known to medical science. Dyspersia, or indigestion, to pid liver, functional and even velvular and other affections of the heart yield to its curative action. The reason why it cures these and many other affections, is clearly shown in a little book of extracts from the standard medical works which is mailed the to any address by Dr. R. V. Plerce, of Buffalo, N. Y., to all sending request for the same. request for the same.

Not less marvelous, in the unparalleled cures it is constantly making of woman's many peculiar affections, weaknesses and distressing derangements, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, as is amply attested by thousands of unbolding testimonials contributed by waterilipations who have been cured by it of catarrhal pelvic drains, paintuperiods, irregularities, prolapsus and other displacements caused by weakness, ulceration of uterus and kindred affections, often after many other advertised medicines, and after many other advertised medicines, and

Both the above mentioned medicines are wholly made up from the glyceric extracts of native, medicinal roots. The processes employed in their manufacture were original with Dr. Pierce, and they are carried on by skilled chemists and pharmacists with the ald of apparatus and appliances specially designed and built for this purpose. Both medicines are entirely free from alcohol and all other harmful, habit-forming drugs. A full list of their ingredients is printed on each bottle-wrapper. 0 0

MASTER'S SALE

REAL ESTATE! In Equity.

of Common Pleas of Montour County absolute of the said sale. Deed to be of the nest are imitations of the pre granted to him for such purpose, the delivered to the purchaser or purchasvailing color and appearance of the undersigned will expose to public sale ers thereof upon such confirmation abupon the premises situate in the First solute of the sale and the payment of Ward of the Borough of Danville, the balance of the said purchase money County of Montour and State of Penn. and the cost of writing such deed shall

> Saturday, Dec. 20th, 1906 at two o'clock in the afternoon of the said day, the following described real ment of Mary Lockhoof, deceased.

estate, to wit: All those two certain town lots of Borough of Danville, County of Montour and State of Pennsylvania, bound

THE FIRST THEREOF, -Fronting Estate of Michael H. Wa'lize, late of when he is sent to compete for that thirty and five tenths feet on Water college or club or association or union, street on the South, two hundred and England goes much farther and gives thirty two feet on alley on the East, much more latitude in the matter of twenty seven and nine tenths feet on expenses than we do. In cricket, for alley on the North and two hundred example, "amateur" players in England and forty teet on lot of land hereinaf whose services are desired for the ter described on the West, being Lot county championship series are liter- Number two in plan of lots laid out by

America without raising such a storm THE SECOND THEREOF-Fronting as would blow the whole thing to on Water street on the South, lot Num the old Court of Queen's bench far be-kingdom come. Nor would we toler- ber four of Lewis Byerly on the West, ate the conditions that obtain in Eng- an alley on the North and lot Number on the eve of the "long vacation" he lish track afficeles and "amateur" foot- two hereinbefore described on the took a sort of farewell of his brother ball, both of which are steeped in cov-Judges. However, when "the morrow of All souls'" came around he turned up smiling at Westminster hall. "Why, Brother Wightman," said Sir Alexandra Cockhura, group tall, are the English game. You might as Number four of Lewis Byerly, twenty of the English game. You might as well deprive him of his dearest pos- seven and nine tenths feet on allev and intended to send in your resignation session-his prejudice, for instance-as two hundred and forty eight feet on deprive him of his junket. Let the Lot Number two above described, beof August." "So I did," said Sir Wil-lam, "but when I went home and told American dollars have gone to satisfy laid out by A. G. Voris, and whereupon are erected a

> and other out buildings, with the appurtenances. To be sold at the suit of Paul M. Smith vs. Daniel Smith et al TERMS OF SALE:-Twenty five per cent, of the purchase money shall be paid in cash upon the striking down of the property, and the balance thereof shall be paid on the confirma tion of the said. Deed to be delivered to the purchaser or purchasers thereof upon confirmation absolute of the sale and the payment of the balance of the purchase money, and the cost of writ-

er or purchasers. WILLIAM L. SIDLER, Master. MICHAEL BRECKBILL, Auctioneer. gists Only One.

The Way Various Scents Act on the The Farmer on the Rhine and the person within her borders, says an ex-Snyder county has but one colored Going down the Rhine you get a les change. No Snyder county candidate a farm in America you would go out colored man. "Old Black Harriet." with a pick and spade and dig holes as she is best known, has resided at bergris, for instance, is positively of-fensive to many, yet it is said to pos-rood. On these cliff vineyards along nearly all centenarian nergoes, Harriet the Rhine it looks to you as if there claims to have seen General George was not more than a bushel of earth washington. She declares that when the other hand, attar of roses, with the to the rood and that the rest was all Washington. She declares that when suggestion of glowing suns and gorgeous eastern colors, predisposes to

In America you wouldn't buy a farm of his country ride in a great parade

> Orphan's Court Sale OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

ESTATE OF MARY LOCKHOOF DECEASED.

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Montour County grant-The perfumes of lilles, jasmine and hangs ever the bluffs. Frowning case ed to him for such purpose, the undertestament of the said decedent will expose to public sale -(freed and disbrances whatsoever) upon the premises situate in the Township of Derry, in the County of Montour and State of

FRIDAY, DEC. 28th, 1906

estate of the said decedent, to wit: All of that certain messuage or tene-

ment and tract of land situate in the Montour and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: That our American rorests abound in Beginning at a post in line of land of by scores of the most eminent medical degrees east twenty-eight and a half writers and teachers. Even the untu-tored Indians had discovered the useful-perches, east sixteen and a half perness of many native plants before the advent of the white race. This information, imparted freely to the whites, led tion, imparted freely to the whites, led the latter to continue investigations until to-day we have a rich assortment of most seven perches, south twenty-five and a half degrees east eighty-seven perches, thence by lands of John W. Gonnigal Dr. Pierce believes that our American for ests abound in most valuable medicinal roots for the curved most obstinate and fatal discount of the curved properly investigate these controls of the curved properly investigate the curved thirty-one degrees east eighty perches, and by lands of Peter Schultz north forty-three and a half degrees west seventy-one perches, and by lands of Philip Schultz south forty-fiv deegrees west sixty-four perches, north fortyfour degrees west nine and eight tenth

> sixty-eight perches, and whereupon are erected a 2-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE a frame Barn, and other usual farm

perches, and by lands of John Mor-

rison eleven and one-fourth degrees

west ninety-four perches to the place

of beginning, with the appurtenances.

containing ninety-three acres and

buildings. By a special order of the aforesaid ourt the said premises with the purtenannces will be sold freed and discharged from all liens and encumbrances whatsoever.

TERMS OF SALE: - Twenty-five per cent of the purchase money shall be paid in cash upon the striking down of the property, and the balance there-By virtue of an Order of the Court of shall be paid on the confirmation be paid by such purchaser or purchas-

WILLIAM HOUSER, Executor of the last will and testa-EDWARD SAYRE GEARHART,

Counsel.

Executrix Notice.

the Borough of Danville, Montour county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and these having legal claims against the same, will present them

without delay in proper order for set-MRS. MARY JANE PERSING, Executrix. Danville, Pa., Nov. 1st, 1906.

Windsor Hotel

Philadelphia, Pa. Three minutes walk from the Read

Terminal. Five minutes walk from

the Penna. R. R. Depot. I U OPEAN PLAN

> \$1.00 per day and upwards. MERICAN PLAN

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A good prescription For Mankind.

ing deed shall be paid by the purchas- The 5-cent packet is enough for usua occasions. The family bottle (60 cents contains a supply for a year. All dru

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. 6. The Grove on every Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, 6. The Grove box. 25c.