Montour American.

RANK C. ANGLE, Proprietor.

Danville, Pa., Oct. 4, 1906.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
EDWIN S. STUART, of Philadelphia.

For Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT S. MURPHY, of Cambria.

For Auditor General,
ROBERT K. YOUNG, of Tioga.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs.
HENRY HOUCK, of Lebanon.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Congress,
E. W. SAMUEL.

For President Judge,
CHARLES C. EVANS.

For Associate Judge,
CHARLES A. WAGNER.

For Representative,
RALPH KISNER.

For Sheriff,
D. C. WILLIAMS.

For Jury Commissioner,
HENRY KERN.

HALTING A COLD.

What to Do When You Sneeze or Feel the Warning Chill.

A cold, as nearly every intelligent person knows, is the result of a stoppage somewhere of free circulation of the blood, to which one is first sensitive through a feeling of chill. So slight is the chill oftentimes that not until the preliminary sneeze comes is the victim aware he or she has been in a draft, or that the temperature has changed.

The usual notion is that by going indoors, by changing to heavier clothing or retreating from the moist atmosphere the danger is averted. These precautions are all well enough, but the first and most efficacious measure should be to restore the quick flow of warm blood through every vein, and so by heat instantly counteract the little chill.

When the temperature of the body or extremities is lowered, or a sudden chill or quick change from warm to cold temperature is endured, take three or four deep breaths through the nostrils, expand the lungs to their fullest extent, holding the inhaled air as long as possible, and then slowly exhale it through the mouth. In doing this the inflation of the lungs sets the heart into such quick motion that the blood is driven with unusual force along its channels, and so runs out into the toes and finger tips, and sets up a quick reaction against the chill. In short, the whole effect is to stir the blood and set it in motion as from rapid exercise.—Philadelphia Ledger.

WHERE CATS CAN'T LIVE.

In Very High Altitudes the Felines Go Mad and Die.

Cats go mad and die in high altitudes. Leadville, Colo., is a city over 10,000 feet above sea level, and there is not a single cat in the place that has been there more than three months.

The greater the height above sea level the greater the degree of nervousness both in people and the dumb animals. Even in Denver, which is only half as high as Leadville, cats are high strung and flighty, given to sudden fits of arching their backs and growling at nothing. But they do not go mad in Denver with the same unanimity that they do in Leadville. In the latter place cats seem to be more than usually drowsy when they are first brought there and spend nearly every hour of the twenty-four in sleep. This condition will last a week or two, and is succeeded by a state of ordinary well being, which terminates at a greater or less interval of time by their suddenly having a violent fit, which in a human being would be called hysterics. These fits are repeated with continually increasing frequency until one more violent than any of its predecessors carries the cat off. Even kittens born in high altitudes never seem to get accustomed to them and invariably go the way of their parents.—New York Herald.

A Strange Animal Friendship.

Sometimes animals which are by nature deadly enemies, such as dogs and cats, strike up a very strong friendship. I have known a cat adopt a puppy and nurse it tenderly, but as a rule they prefer to bite and scratch. A sculptor of animals, a Mr. Harvey, had two pets, a pigeon and a cat, who lived together in great friendship, and had their photograph taken while eating out of the same dish. The pigeon was named Pidgie and the cat was called Toddie. They ate, slept and played together, and when Pidgie died Toddie was nearly broken hearted, and would never again eat or drink from the dishes from which she and her little playmate used to eat together.—Home Notes.

THE YELLOW PERIL.

How Supremacy of the Chinese May Come to Pass.

Will the Chinese some day become the ruling nation of the earth? George Borrow, the English philologist, traveler and author, used to say that they would. Nearly fifty years ago, when he was studying their language, he maintained that there was among them the finest natural fighting material on the face of the earth.

He instanced in proof of his assertion their prowess in stone throwing, the most primitive form of marksmanship. An ordinary Chinaman, he said, could throw a stone weighing half a pound or more a distance of 120 yards with sure aim and deadly effect. He described a stone fight between some English bluejackets and an equal number of Chinamen in which the former were most ignominiously routed, many of them very badly hurt.

But it was not through their martial prowess that he predicted the supremacy of the Chinese. He said it would come about in another way. As western civilization became more luxurious and enervated and manual labor fell into contempt the Chinese would gradually supply all the workers in civilized countries—miners, farm laborers, factory hands, laundrymen, cooks, domestic servants would all eventually be Celestials. Then some day they would rise suddenly, cut the throats of their masters and become absolute rulers of the destinies of the world.—Chicago News.

DEDICATION OF CAPITOL TODAY

HARRISBURG, Oct. 3.—Everything is ready for the formal opening of tomorrow's festivities attending the dedication of the capitol. Over four hundred members of various fraternal organizations have already been appointed to act as guides and form the walking information bureau for visitors tomorrow. Each and every one of the members of this large committee has been given a handsome badge furnished by the publicity committee and with it they will wear the emblem of their organization in order that brother lodgemen will recognize them and feel more at home.

RAILROAD ARRANGEMENTS.

Special orders were issued yesterday to the local heads of the various railroad companies in this city to make arrangements for special trains to carry the crowds to and from this city tomorrow morning and night. The orders call for all special trains to leave their various starting points in time to arrive in this city at or before 10:30 o'clock tomorrow. Excursions will be run from all points in the State, but the details have not been announced. The Reading road will start an excursion train from Norristown on Thursday morning at 6:50 o'clock, stopping at all intermediate points and reaching this city shortly before 10 o'clock. In the evening special trains will be run to all points and will leave this city at 10:30 o'clock. The Reading road will run as far as Norristown a train large enough to accommodate all its patrons while the Pennsylvania, Northern Central and Cumberland Valley roads will run as many special trains as are needed to get the visitors from the city to their homes.

FIREWORKS ALONG RIVER.

While the fireworks will be the principal attraction along the river front tomorrow night, much of the beauty of the scene will be due to the number of boats on the water, if the night is clear. Rivermen have had all their rowboats engaged for weeks and a hundred or more canoes are expected to be afloat. In addition, most of the sand flats will be filled with chairs and steam tugs will pull them out into the channel shortly before the fireworks start. Persons with a commercial turn of mind who are sufficiently fortunate as to be located in the vicinity of Third and State street are arranging to reap a harvest, if possible tomorrow. One merchant who has a store at the corenr of these streets, in the Brady house, directly opposite the grandstand, has fixed up three tiers of seats. The lower tier, just a little above the level of the sidewalk, has seats which may be secured for the ceremonies at $5 each. An other tier has been built just above; ten dollars each will be charged for seats there. Seats on the balcony above will also be sold at $10 each.

CAPITOL LIKE BEE-HIVE.

The capitol was like a bee-hive during the early hours last evening. The dome was lighted and so were many of the rooms and visitors passed through the great building by the thousand. What it will be tonight and tomorrow can only be conjectured. Many of the Hill departments were open last evening and heads of departments did not attempt to keep visitors out. The doors were merely blocked open and the sightseers allowed to stream in one door and out the other at will.

The capitol will be open to visitors tonight and tomorrow and the dome will again be lighted up during the evenings.

At sundown tonight the lights about the streets will be turned on, if possible. The searchlights are in place atop the Union Trust and the Mt. Pleasant Press buildings and they will begin to play on the capitol about 7:30 o'clock tonight. The same program will obtain tomorrow night.

VISITORS POURING IN.

Visitors are pouring into the city for the dedication and this is evidenced nowhere better than at the capitol. All day yesterday, as well as last evening, the corridors and departments were thronged with transient visitors. The city is in gala dress and most of the business buildings are covered with bunting. The cards of admission to the speakers' stand on the grandstand were prepared at the executive department yesterday. They are works of art. Each is somewhat smaller than the average size of the visiting cards for men. They are of heavy white card board with beveled edges, the beveling being gilded. In the upper left hand corner of the card the coat-of-arms of the State is heavily embossed in gold. Mr. Roosevelt's card bears simply "The President"; Governor Pennypacker's card is prepared in the same way, only "The Governor" being written on it.

DAYLIGHT FIREWORKS.

The ceremonies and amusements committee of the citizens' committee yesterday announced that an additional attraction has been prepared for what might otherwise have been a dull hour of dedication day. The fireworks consist of a bomb which is projected skyward and when about 500 feet in the air it explodes. A parachute is liberated by the explosion and from this parachute will depend some sort of a decorative figure—a different kind to each piece. A clear space of about an acre in area is required to properly display such fireworks and it has been

What It Gained.

Statistics of passenger traffic on the Reading railroad for the year ending June 30th, as compared with the five previous years when free passes were in full swing, shows that the Reading company has added about $400,000 per annum to its passenger earnings by cutting off free transportation. Other roads no doubt have made equal gains.

Hazleton Police on the Rack.

The police force, of Hazleton, is being investigated. They are charged with taking money from prisoners and then letting them go, and other crooked things. Friends of the officers are trying to block the investigation, but it will go on notwithstanding the veto of the mayor. Startling revelations are promised.

SAN SALVADOR.

Built on a Volcano, the Results Are Somewhat Startling.

San Salvador is built on a volcano. It has been three times destroyed by an earthquake, but the people are becoming accustomed to such excitement now. Earthquakes are pretty frequent, and, while one is naturally nervous, there is really little danger to life. The shocks have been known to come as frequently as eighty times in an hour.

The effects are quite peculiar. In the city is a brick column, nine feet high and three feet square, which was removed a hundred feet without losing its perpendicular or cracking the mortar.

The ground under the city is full of caverns of unknown depth. A man was digging a well there. The last stroke he gave with his pick the bottom fell out, and he and his pick and all fell through, nobody knows where.

There is a volcano not far from San Salvador that some years ago discharged lava over a forest. The wood all caught fire, of course, but the lava, being light and easily cooled, formed and hardened into long arcades through which it was possible to walk. Even now the imprint of the trunks and branches of the trees can be seen.

You Get What You Give.

Man is the artificer of his own happiness. Let him beware how he complains of the disposition of circumstances, for it is his own disposition he blames. If this is sour or that rough or the other steep, let him think if it be not his work. If his looks curdle all hearts, let him not complain of a sour reception. If he hobble in his gait, let him not grumble at the roughness of the way. If he is weak in the knees, let him not call the hill steep. This was the pith of the inscription on the wall of the Swedish inn: "You will find at Trochate excellent bread, meat and wine, provided you bring them with you."—Thoreau.

Unexpected Answers.

An eminent lawyer had been interrogating a reporter in his hotel and the reply he got was unexpected, says the Buffalo Inquirer.

"That was an unlooked for answer, truly," he said. "It was like the answer the policeman gave to the good citizen. A good citizen, breathless and excited, ran up to a large, calm policeman one day and cried:

"'Officer, there's a terrible fight going on around the corner to the right.'

"'Thank you, sir. I'll do as much for you some day, sir,' said the policeman gratefully, as he took the turning to the left and quickly disappeared."

OBESITY A DISEASE.

It Is Not, as a Rule, the Result of Laziness or Gluttony.

It is a mistake and an injustice to many abstemious folk to assume that all fat persons are gluttons or large eaters. Very many excessively corpulent people, especially women, are small eaters, while some of the most doughty trenchermen are gaunt and thin.

It is not the quantity so much as the quality of the food one eats which determines the putting on of flesh. Yet it is not always the kind of food that makes the obese, for some stout people eat very sparingly of sugars and starches, while there are large consumers of sweets who never put on flesh. In such cases it is a question of constitution, often of heredity and not at all, or very little, one of diet.

Another prevalent error in regard to fat people is that they are inert or lazy and never exercise. Of course exercise does increase the processes of nutrition and so leads to the burning up of superfluous fat, but at the same time it causes an increase in the appetite and thus tempts to the consumption of a greater quantity of food. So one thing balances the other, and want of exercise alone is not a very potent cause of obesity. Many very fat persons are, it is true, sluggish, but they have become so since putting on their flesh, for it makes a great difference whether one carries 150 pounds about when one walks or whether it is necessary to propel half as much again or even double the weight. It is a tremendous handicap, and there is small wonder that the lightweights do the most exercising.

Obesity, indeed, is usually a disease and not merely the result of laziness or gluttony. Its cause lies deep down in the animal economy, in among those mysterious chemical changes by which the food we take into the mouth is converted into blood and bones and muscles, skin, hair and brain cells. It can often be warded off by a proper diet and mode of living, especially if taken in hand from the very first and not allowed to get the upper hand, but the tendency to stoutness will generally persist through life and can only be modified, but never removed.

Any treatment for the radical removal of flesh should be carried out under the advice of a physician, as violent measures directed to this end may be productive of terrible harm to the constitution.—Youth's Companion.

Qualified.

Baron—You have called to secure the position of porter? Applicant—Yes, sir. Baron—Was there not some one in the anteroom as you came in? Applicant—There was, sir. There was a man with a bill against you, Herr Baron, but I threw him out.—Fliegende Blatter.

Its Purport.

"What does that expert witness' evidence go to show?" inquired the man who was trying to understand the trial.

"It goes to show which side has paid him a retainer," answered the lawyer.

$100 REWARD $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all the stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing the work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address,
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

A special meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary will be held Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. All members are urged to be present.

On account of Hadley's moving pictures there will be no meeting of the Thomas Beaver boy's bible class on Friday evening.

AN ORDINANCE.

Authorizing, requiring and providing for the grading, paving and macadamizing of that portion of Mill street in the Borough of Danville, Montour County, Pennsylvania, from the northern building line of Centre street to a point where the township of Mahoning forms the northern boundary line of the said Borough, and further authorizing and empowering the said Borough to contract with the said State for such purpose, also requiring the owners of property fronting on such portion of suchs treet to change the footwalks and to set the curbs thereof so as to conform thereto and prescribing the penalty for such owner's failure or refusal so to do, and for other purposes in the premises.

WHEREAS the Borough of Danville through its Town Council, by proper ordinance in such specific behalf duly enacted, purposes to grade, pave and macadamize that portion of Mill street in the said Borough from the northern building line of Center Street to a point where the Township of Mahoning forms the northern boundary line of the said Borough and to require the owners of property fronting on such portion of such street to change the sidewalks and to set the curbs thereof so as to conform thereto,

AND WHEREAS the said Borough of Danville is about to enter into a certain proposed contract with the said State of Pennsylvania for such grading, paving and macadamizing, at such grade or grades, in such proportions or sections, at such proportinate joint expense and in accordance with such maps, plans and specifications, respectively as may be by them determined upon in the respective premises,

AND WHEREAS the said Town Council of the said Borough has already given due and legal public notice of its aforesaid purpose, has heard all objections thereto at a place and time fixed therein and therefor and has also in all other respects fully complied with the law preliminary to the enactment of a legal ordinance in the premises,

SECTION 1. Therefore, be it ordained and enacted by the Chief Burgess and by the Town Council of the Borough of Danville, in the County of Montour and State of Pennsylvania, in council assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same: That all of that certain portion of M ll street in the said Borough of Danville, in the said County of Montour and State of Pennsylvania from the northern building line of Center Street in the Third Ward of the said Borough to that certain point in the said Street where the Township of Mahoning in the said County forms the northern boundary line of the said Borough, including street and alley intersections eastward and westward to the eastern and western building lines of said Mill Street within the limits and termini aforesaid, throughout its entire width, be properly graded, paved with vitrified paving bricks and macadamized, respectively, and that the said Borough of Danville, by and through its Chief Burgess and its Secretary shall enter into a written contract with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by and through its State Highway Commissioner and his Chief Clerk, for the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to thus grade, pave with vitrified brick and macadamize, respectively all of that said portion of the said street at such grade or grades, in such proportions or sections, upon such foundation, at such proportionate joint expense of the said Borough and Commonwealth and in accordance with such maps, plans and specifications, respectively, as may by them, the said Borough and Commonwealth be determined upon in the respective premises.

SECTION 2. That for the purpose of further effectuating the aforesaid purposes and completing the above described improvements, the respective owner or owners of lot or lots of ground, property or properties fronting on the said portion of the said street are hereby required solely at their own individual and personal cost and expense to widen, raise or depress, grade, pave, repave and repair the respective sidewalks in front of such respective lot or lots of ground, property or properties and to place, replace, set, reset, construct, repair and maintain the respective curbs at the edge of such respective sidewalks next to the said portion of the said street with good, solid, hard free stone, and which said curbs for uniformity of effect and utility of purpose shall be precisely the same color and kind of stone as that which is now used for such purpose on the improved portion of the said street; such curbs shall also be five inches in thickness at the top, at least twenty-four inches in depth, at least four and one-half feet in length per stone, shall be smoothly dressed on the top and on the outside therefrom at least eight inches, shall be pitched off on the inside to a neat line to a uniform depth of three inches so as to permit the adjacent sidewalk to fit up closely to such curbing and that all of such curbing shall be firmly imbedded in a concrete foundation of at least eight inches in thickness, and shall be so set, constructed and maintained in all other respects as to strictly conform with the curbing of the adjacent properties as well as with the curbing of the improved portion of the same street.,

SECTION 3. That the standing committee of the said Town Council on Streets and Bridges, in conjunct i with the Borough Surveyor, shall prepare and furnish, subject to the adoption by the said Town Council and the approval by the said Chief Burgess, proper, detailed and complete plans and specifications with the necessary grade for all such widening, raising, or depressing, grading, paving, repaving and repairing of such sidewalks and for the placing, replacing, setting, resetting, construction, repairing and maintenance of such curbs respectively

SECTION 4. That the said Committee on Streets and Bridges, in conjunction with the Borough Surveyor and Street Commissioner of the said Borough, and all of whom shall at all times be subject to the direction and control of said Town Council, shall have full charge, direction and supervision of and over all such widening, raising or depressing, grading, paving, repairing and repaving of all such sidewalks as well as of all such placing, replacing, setting, resetting, construction, repairing and maintenance of all such curbs, respectively,

SECTION 5. That on the neglect or refusal of such respective owner or owners of lot or lots of ground, property or properties to thus widen, raise or depress, grade, pave, repave and repair such respective sidewalks, or to thus place, replace, set, reset, construct, repair and maintain such respective curbs in the manner and with the materials herein before provided and required, and to fully comply with all other regulations, requirements and duties in the premises for a period of thirty days after such maps, plans, specifications and grade therefore and a written notice requiring such paving and curbing to be thus done and performed shall have been duly given to such respective owner or owners of lot or lots of ground, property or properties, then, and in either of such events, the said Borough of Danville shall immediately after the expiration of the said period of thirty days cause all such widening, raising or depressing, grading, paving, repaving and repairing of all such sidewalks as well as all such placing, replacing, setting, resetting, constructing, repairing and maintenance of all such curbs, respectively to be done performed and provided at the sole, individual and personal cost and expense of such defaulting owenr or owners as aforesaid and that the said Borough of Danville shall collect the cost thereof and ten per centum additional, together with all charges and expense from such defaulting owner or owners, and sha'l file a municipal lien therefore against such lot or lots of ground, property or properties in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly in such specific behalf made and provided.

SECTION 6. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with or contrary to the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed so far as they relate to the above described portion of Mill Street only.

Approved the 18th. day of August, A. D., 1906.

WILLIAM J. ROGERS,
Chief Burgess.

Attest:

HARRY B. PATTON,
Secretary of the Borough of Danville.

Eat Light Food to Cure Insomnia.

Dr. Dabbs advises up to prefer light food to drugs during an attack of insomnia and points out that in some cases night food is necessary, in spite of the fact that the body requires no feeding when in an inactive state. He thinks that this night food may induce sleep, particularly in the early days of training, when a man has been forced to give up much of what has been hitherto surplus food. He gives the preference to liquid food. "Always," he writes, "after excessive fatigue, where, as in an overridden horse, the blood becomes toxic (poisonous), let your first food be bland, light, warm liquid food—very weak tea, milk and warm water, thin, weak soup or merely copious drafts of warm water. See that the kidneys and skin act freely before taxing the stomach to digest. And when you sleep (as you will, and all too soon) ask some friend to wake you and feed you every few hours. You might else sleep into sheer debility."—T. P.'s Weekly.

A Blackberry Superstition.

In some of the southern counties of England queer superstitions are current about eating blackberries after Michaelmas day. The country people say that on Michaelmas eve the old gentleman "plants his cloven foot" on all the blackberries as yet ungathered. After this date, Sept. 29, it is unlucky to pick or eat the fruit. The date upon which the devil puts his foot down against blackberry eating varies in different districts. In some it is as late at Oct. 10, by which time one would naturally suppose there were no blackberries left to stamp out. But the story of his prohibition is told in many places. Great misfortune, sickness or death will surely follow disobedience to his orders. But why his Satanic majesty should concern himself so particularly about blackberries when so many greater matters might be said to claim his attention, none of the stories states. It may be that he considers blackberries too healthy and wishes to limit the consumption.

THE ORIGINAL
LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

Cures all Coughs and assists in expelling Colds from the System by gently moving the bowels. A certain cure for croup and whooping-cough.

(Trade Mark Registered.)

KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE
COUGH SYRUP

PREPARED BY THE LABORATORY OF
KENNEDY & CO., CHICAGO, U. S. A.

For Sale by Panles & Co

Administratrix's Notice.

Estate of Henry Bernheimer, deceased, Late of the Borough of Danville, Montour County, Penna.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration in the above named estate have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands to present them without delay to

ANNA M. BERNHEIMER,
Administratrix.

Ralph Kisner, Attorney.
Danville, Pa., Aug. 3, 1906

What Ails You?

Do you feel weak, tired, despondent, have frequent headaches, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in morning, "heartburn," belching of gas, acid risings in throat after eating, stomach gnaw or burn, foul breath, dizzy spells, poor or variable appetite, nausea at times and kindred symptoms?

If you have any considerable number of the above symptoms you are suffering from biliousness, torpid liver with indigestion, or dyspepsia. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made up of the most valuable medicinal principles known to medical science for the permanent cure of such abnormal conditions. It is a most efficient liver invigorator, stomach tonic, bowel regulator and nerve strengthener.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is not a patent medicine or secret nostrum, a full list of its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. A glance at its formula will show that it contains no alcohol, or harmful habit-forming drugs. It is a fluid extract made with pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength, from the roots of the following native American forest plants, viz., Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Queen's root, Bloodroot, and Mandrake root.

The following leading medical authorities, among a host of others, extol the foregoing roots for the cure of just such ailments as the above symptoms indicate: Prof. R. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Med. College, Phila.; Prof. H. C. Wood, M. D., of Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., Author of American Dispensatory; Prof. Jno. M. Scudder, M. D., Author of specific Medicines; Prof. Laurence Johnson, M. D., Med. Dept. Univ. of N. Y.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., Author of Materia Medica and Prof. in Bennett Medical College, Chicago. Send name and address on Postal Card to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive *free* booklet giving extracts from writings of all the above medical authors and many others endorsing, in the strongest possible terms, each and every ingredient of which "Golden Medical Discovery" is composed.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. They may be used in conjunction with "Golden Medical Discovery" if bowels are much constipated. They're tiny and sugar-coated.

THE CAMPHOR LAUREL.

How the Drug Is Extracted From the Wood of the Tree.

The camphor laurel, from which the greater part of the camphor of commerce is produced, is a native of China, Japan, Formosa and Cochin-China. It is a hardy, long lived tree and sometimes grows to a great size. It has evergreen leaves, yellowish white flowers in panicles and is a very ornamental tree, the trunk running up to a height of twenty or thirty feet before branching. The fruit is very much like a black currant.

In the extraction of camphor the wood is first cut into small chips, and the chips are put into water in a still and steamed. The head of the still is filled with straw, and as the steam carries off the camphor in vapor it is deposited in little grains around the straw.

The crude camphor is then heated in a vessel, from which the steam is allowed to escape through a small aperture. The camphor sublimes in a semitransparent cake. In the manufacture of camphor the tree is necessarily destroyed, but by a rigid law of the lands in which the tree grows another is planted in the place of every one that is cut down. The wood is highly valued for carpenter's work.

Camphor was unknown to the Greeks and Romans and was first brought to Europe by the Arabs.

BROEK, IN HOLLAND.

It Is Said to Be the Cleanest Town in the World.

The cleanest town in the world is said to be Broek in Holland. It is only a few miles from the capital, and has been famous for its cleanliness from time immemorial. It is also notable on account of the fanciful style of its houses and yards and gardens and streets.

The people, though only peasants, are all well to do, and all feel a pride in their town. It seems to be the first business of their lives to keep their houses freshly painted, their gardens in perfect order and their yards and streets as clean as a new pin. No carts are allowed in the streets, and no cattle.

Though the raising of stock and the making of butter and cheese are their occupations, a stranger would never imagine that there were any cattle in the region, unless he went to the beautiful green meadows at the back of the houses or the stables out there, where cows are kept in stalls scrubbed and washed like a kitchen.

The streets are too fine and neat for the feet of the animals to step on. All are paved with polished stone, intermingled with bricks of different colors and kept so scrupulously clean that a lady could walk anywhere in white satin slippers.—Pearson's Weely.

Deadly Snakes.

The deadliest of snakes is said to be the mamba, an African cobra. It flies at everybody and everything; it goes out of its way to quarrel; it will ever come down from a tree to solicit an interview. Over in India there is the great king cobra, or hamadryad, a size larger, quite as fierce—it has been known to chase a man on horseback he had to ride for his life—but his poison is a degree less virulent. The difference, however, may be considered negligible and ceases to interest the patient after a few minutes. Among the Australian cobras, the pit vipers of America and the great west African vipers there are species with evil reputations, and the most alarming feature is that the aggressive snakes are al desperately poisonous.

The Sea a Good Neighbor to Man.

Let us be thankful that we have not got to send the sea to school and teach it to think. The sense of restfulness it gives us as we contemplate it comes a good deal, I suspect, from our feeling that here is one powerful and active creature that we have not got to train. It will take care of itself, and we can take care of ourselves and not bother about it. It will never want to vote, never blame us for misrule, never shame us with evidences of our selfishness and neglect. Restless as it is, turbulent and untamable, it is a comfortable neighbor, as neighbors go. Really, is there anything else on the earth that takes care of itself? The mountains have forest fires and need land laws and game laws, the very air may be polluted with smoke and smells, the cataracts are water power and can be stolen, the forests are merchandise, the plains are real estate, but the sea is not property, not perishable, not damageable. It is the one thing that balks greed and laughs at abuse—the one thing whereof there is enough to go around, and in which no successful effort need be feared to claim a monopoly.—E. S. Martin in Harper's Magazine.

THE FRENCH MEAL.

Its Greatest Charm Is the Cheerful Table Talk.

After all, excellent as are the dishes and the order and manner of their service, the table talk is perhaps the chief glory of the French meal.

It is no unusual thing to hear our countrymen and countrywomen, especially our countrywomen, refer to eating as a necessary evil, like the prescribed dose of poisone medicine; as an altogether bothersome business to be dispatched of as quickly as possible, with an air that is sour, aggressive, disgusted, languid, patronizing, dreamful, whining or discouraged, according as it springs from dyspepsia, puritanism, interrupted hustling anaemia, affectation, esoteric philosophy, disappointment in love, or honest weariness with a hard and monotonous daily round.

Such a sentiment would scarcely be uttered in France, where the attitude toward the table is universally cordial and respectful, and it could not be taken seriously if it were.

The French writer who said, "The table is the sole place where one is never bored during the first hour," voiced perfectly a national feeling.—Smart Set.

When the Earth Was Top Shaped.

After people dropped the old fashioned idea that the earth was as flat as a pancake they did not immediately grasp the globe or spherical idea as it is applied to worlds. The people of the time of Columbus believed that the earth was a body shaped like a top or cone, the surface rising from the north to the south. There are several letters written by Columbus and still in existence which go to prove that such was his conception of the shape of the earth. The top shaped idea of the earth seems to have originated with one John Blauvis about 1479 and to have immediately become very popular.

NOVEL ADVERTISING.

How a Firm of Architects Got Its Name on a Building.

Close observation on the part of a newspaper man in Boston several years ago revealed a striking device employed by the firm of McKim, Mead & White, the noted New York architects, of which Stanford White, who was murdered by Harry K. Thaw in New York recently, was a member. The device, says the Pittsburg Gazette-Times, was an acrostic of names famous in history, literature and art by which the firm's name was to be engraved on the Boston Public library. As may be observed, the arrangement defied literature, history and philosophy in arrangement, and this was the thing that attracted the newspaper man's attention. The names were conglomerated from all nations and ages into a seemingly neat ornamentation for the fine building. Beginning at the top of a space to be devoted to names famous in the world in various lines were the following:

Moses,
Cicero,
Kalidasa,
Socrates,
Milton.

These names, through their initials formed the first part of the acrostic, spelling plainly "McKim." A slight space appeared before the next list of names, which was:

Mozart,
Euclid,
Aeschylus,
Dante.

The initials of these names brought out the second name of the firm "Mead." Another slight space, and the following names appeared:

Vitruvius,
Isocrates,
Irving,
Titian,
Erasmus.

Here was the name "White" also engraved, the whole device bringing out the firm name of "McKim, Mead & White" in connection with the world's famed men. It was in 1890, just before the building was completed, that the discovery was made and published. The list of names was changed.

KILLING DUMB ANIMALS.

Cases Where the Use of Chloroform is Relatively Cruel.

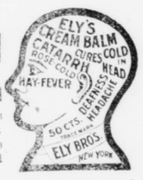
"Why will so many people cling to the idea that chloroforming is the most merciful means of death possible for dumb animals?" asked a veterinarian recently. "Only the other day I was called upon to perform the trying and almost impossible task of killing an old horse in this way.

"The horse, it seems, had been the pet of a wealthy woman who left provision for him in her will and decreed that if ever the family to whose care she intrusted him should deem it necessary to end his life this should be done with chloroform, so that he might be assured a painless death. Then the horse became blind and otherwise disabled, and the family decided that death would be a mercy.

"Of course the provision of the will had to be carried out, but no greater case of mistaken kindness could have been possible. It is impossible to administer sufficient chloroform at one time to kill an animal the size of a horse, so dose after dose had to be given, the poor brute slowly and painfully smothering to death.

"Chloroform is all right for cats or dogs, but for larger animals it is a positive cruelty, whereas a pistol, wed aimed at the head of any beast, will [illegible] so quickly that it has [illegible] the shot."—New York Press.

Nasal CATARRH
In all its stages.
Ely's Cream Balm



cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

R-I-P-A-N-S Tabules
Doctors find
A good prescription
For Mankind.

The 5-cent packet is enough for usual occasions. The family bottle (60 cents) contains a supply for a year. All druggists

RAILWAY TRAINS.

AN ORDINANCE!

To Regulate the Speed, and the Giving of Signals of the Approach of Locomotive Engines and Railroad Trains, Through, and in the Borough of Danville, Montour County, Pennsylvania

Be it ordained and enacted by the Town Council of the Borough of Danville, in the County of Montour and State of Pennsylvania in Council assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same: That it shall not be lawful for any railroad locomotive-engine or engines, car or cars, train or trains, to be run or propelled through any portion of the said Borough of Danville at a greater rate of speed than eight miles an hour. Any Railroad Company, or any employee or employees thereof who shall violate any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance shall forfeit and pay a fine of not less than Ten Dollars, nor more than Twenty Dollars for each and every such offence.

SECTION 2.—It shall be the duty of every Railroad Company, and of any employee or employees thereof having any locomotive-engine in charge, to ring the bell thereof at all times while passing through or moving about, any portion of the said Borough of Danville, and to properly sound or blow the whistle thereof upon approaching any street, alley, or other public crossing within the limits of the Borough of Danville. Any Railroad Company or any employee or employees who shall violate any of the provisions of this Section of this ordinance shall forfeit and pay a fine of not less than Ten Dollars nor more than Twenty Dollars for each and every such offence.

SECTION 3.—All fines and penalties, imposed by any of the provisions of this ordinance may be sued for, collected and recovered before any Justice of the Peace of the Borough of Danville, as debts of like amount and fines and penalties imposed for the violation of Borough ordinances are now by law collectible and recoverable, and shall be paid over to the Treasurer of the said Borough for the use of the said Borough.

SECTION 4.—All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with or contrary to the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

WILLIAM J. ROGERS,
Chief Burgess

Council Chamber,
Danville, Pa., Aug 4, 1906.
Attest:
HARRY B. PATTON.
Sec. of The Borough of Danville, Pa

Auditor's Notice.

IN THE ORPHAN'S COURT OF MONTOUR COUNTY.

In the first and final account of E. L. Lyons, administrator of George Fry, late of the township of Limestone, in the county of Montour and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

The undersigned, appointed by the aforesaid Court, Auditor to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the said administrator to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will meet all persons interested for the purposes of his appointment at his law offices No. 106 Mill street, Danville, Montour County, Penna, on Friday, the 16th day of November, A. D., 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the said day, where and when all persons having claims on the said fund are required to make and prove the same or be forever debarred from thereafter coming in upon the said fund.

EDWARD SAYRE GEARHART,
Auditor.

Danville, Pa., Oct. 4th, 1906.

Administratrix Notice.

Estate of Mrs. Sarah E. Hoffman, late of the Borough of Danville, County of Montour and state of Pennsylvania, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the above estate have been granted to the undersigned, in whom all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

ANNIE H. WILLIAMS,
Administratrix.

Administratrix's Notice.

Estate of Franklin P. Appleman, late of Valley Township, Montour County, State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

Letters of administration upon the above estate have been granted to the undersigned widow of decedent.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all persons having any legal claims or demands upon said estate shall make the same known without delay, to

MARY J. APPLEMAN,
Administratrix.

or to her atty.
Charles V. Amerman.

Windsor Hotel

Between 12th and 13th Sts. on Filbert St

Philadelphia, Pa.

Three minutes walk from the Reading Terminal. Five minutes walk from the Penna. R. R. Depot.

EUROPEAN PLAN
$1.00 per day and upwards.

AMERICAN PLAN
$2.00 per day.

FRANK M. SCHEIBLEY,
anager

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Cures Grip in Two Days.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months.
This signature, E. W. Grove
on every box. 25c.