

# MONTOUR AMERICAN

FRANK C. ANGLE, Proprietor.

Danville, Pa., May 5, 1904.

## TOGO FAILS TO BOTTLE UP HARBOR OF PORT ARTHUR

ST. PETERSBURG, May 3, 3:48 p. m.—It is reported that Vice Admiral Togo made another desperate attempt to block the entrance to Port Arthur last night but failed. Victory Alexieff sent out a section of the fleet to meet the attack and sank eight fire ships and two Japanese torpedo boats. The channel is reported to be clear.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 3, 4 p. m.—Later the report that Vice Admiral Togo had made another attempt to block Port Arthur was confirmed. Victory Alexieff reported officially that the Japanese sent eight fire ships last night to block the entrance of the harbor, but they were all sunk by the Russian torpedo boats and the fire from the land batteries, leaving the channel clear. The Viceroy also reported that the Russians sank two Japanese torpedo boats.

## RUSSIANS RECEIVE OFFICIAL REPORT

ST. PETERSBURG, May 3.—The Emperor has received an official dispatch from General Kuropatkin forwarding a dispatch from General Sussalitch, commanding the Russian forces which have been engaged with the Japanese advance from the Yalu. It is dated noon Sunday, and describes how he ordered the Russian forces at Antung and Kullen-Cheng to fall back along the main road toward Feng-Wang-Cheng.

This movement was protected from the threatened flank attack by men and guns stationed at Potientinsky, one mile north of Kullen-Cheng, and Ching-Gow, villages on the Litzavenna River. Here the fighting was protracted and severe. The Russians lost artillery and horses, being obliged to abandon, according to the text, "a few guns." General Sussalitch says:

"Although we were unable to hold our positions here we inflicted heavy losses on the enemy."

## RUSSIANS NOW ADMIT LOSSES

ST. PETERSBURG, May 3.—2:25 p. m.—The silence of the authorities here regarding the later details of the fighting on the Yalu River is interpreted ominously and there is a consequent prevalence of all sorts of irresponsible rumors regarding the magnitude of the Russian losses, some figures going as high as 3,000. These manifestly are gross exaggeration.

The absence of official information is explained by the general staff by the fact that a few Japanese have succeeded in getting in the rear of the Russians position and cutting the wires between Tai-San-Cheng, and Feng-Wang-Cheng.

Heavy losses are admitted, but they are not believed to exceed a few hundred men and some guns. The latter, while protecting the retreat of the Russian forces from Antung to Kullen-Cheng, had to be abandoned owing to the loss of the horses. The breechlocks, however, were carried away, so the guns will be of no service to the enemy.

According to the latest information General Zassalitch is retiring in good order along the main road and the Japanese are not following him. Details are expected as soon as General Zassalitch is again in communication. There is no confirmation of the reports that General Zassalitch or General Kastelchinsky are wounded.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward of any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

We understand, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him.

WEST & TRACY, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo O. W. ALDING, KINSMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

## FIANCEE TRIED HARD TO SAVE LOVER'S LIFE

CHICAGO, May 3.—While his fiancée and another young woman vainly tried to lift the heavy vehicle, H. S. Ring, of Chicago Heights, was crushed to death in the mire of a ditch beneath his overturned automobile.

The accident occurred in the North Chicago road, nearly a mile from the village of Chicago Heights. The occupants of the automobile besides Mr. Ring, his fiancée and Miss Elizabeth Canedy. On approaching the village Mr. Ring attempted to turn out to pass a farmer's wagon. The heavy machine swerved into a ditch at the roadside and the occupants were thrown from their seats.

Miss Bernhardt was severely injured by striking the further bank of the ditch and was made unconscious. Miss Canedy was thrown into the water and escaped uninjured. When Miss Bernhardt regained consciousness the young woman began a search for their companion and saw him struggling in the water and mire beneath the overturned machine.

They attempted to move the automobile, but their efforts were unavailing and Mr. Ring's head sank beneath the water. The farmer failed to stop when the accident occurred and Miss Canedy and her companion walked nearly a mile to summon assistance. Mr. Ring was superintendent of the American Foundry and Machine Co., Chicago Heights.

A lodge of Elks will soon be organized at Milton.

## PROFICIENT GRANGER GIVES HIS VIEWS

By this time most of the farmers have planned out their summer's work. The spring is late and this will make a very busy summer. Help is scarce. The wet of last year has complicated matters. There will be but few that are not behind with their work. After spring opens you will often go to bed very tired; so tired that you will not care to wake up in the morning. You will do less than your usual amount of plowing. Three years is the utmost limit that ground should be left sod but many of you will have to leave your land longer. This is an injury to you; but you cannot help your soil. It is the greatest folly to break up more land than you can properly till. It is labor and seed wasted. Two hundred bushels of potatoes from one acre cost you by one-half as much in labor and seed as do the same quantity from two acres. Plow less and cultivate better. Use your manure to better advantage. Plow none of it under. That is a waste. I have tried it in all ways and find that spreading it on my sod after having gives the best results. The next best way is to manure in the hill or on the growing grain. This is also the experience of the experimental stations. It is strange that farmers will persist in the wasteful method of plowing manure under after all that has been written and told them by the instructors at the Farmers' Institutes. Don't add to your already belated spring work by hauling and spreading your manure on land that you are to plow this spring. If your corn and potato ground need it put it on the hill on days that you cannot do other work; on your oats wait until the grain is an inch or two high then sow your grass and clover seed and give a light coating of it. If you have never tried this plan you will be surprised at the result. On your sod ground, that should be broken up this spring but cannot be, for want of time, put about ten loads to the acre later in the season when you have the time. It will thicken the sod up for you. You will have something to plow under that will do your land much more good than will your red stable manure. You may ask why is not manure plowed under as valuable as that spread on top? The answer is this. In it there are three valuable elements: Potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen. The two are perhaps as valuable under as on top, but the nitrogen which is the most expensive of the three is free. That is what makes the smell. The free nitrogen is absorbed by the surrounding soil and comes to the surface and passes off in the air before there are crop roots to take it up. It is only free when damp. Spread the manure on the sod ground. It is inert when dry and with every rain it is liberated and carried to the sod roots which take it up at once. After being absorbed by these roots it is not "free" until digestion or rotting takes place. The rotting roots liberate it but slowly and the roots of the succeeding crops take it up again when damp, faster than it can be gathered up again.

## ALMOST A SEQUEL TO BOLIG'S DEATH

Professor L. H. Dennis, supervising principal of the Trevorton public schools, had a thrilling escape from death on the Pennsylvania Railroad bridge between Sunbury and Northumberland. He was walking across the bridge Monday he saw a train approach. Dennis almost dropped into the Susquehanna river several times as he ran. The train came so fast that he was forced to give up the struggle. Huddling close to the side of the structure, the train grazed his body as it swept by. Mr. Dennis finally reached the end of the bridge in safety, but was not able to repeat the experience.

When there is a Dull Heavy Feeling in the head; bad taste in the mouth; tongue furred and taste blunted; skin dry and feverish; whites of eyes streaked with yellow; sores rising in the throat; fugitive pains in the head, chest and back, etc., take Cal-cura. Dr. David Kennedy's new medicine, right to be used and well in a few days. Write to the Cal-cura Company, Rondout, N. Y., for free book and sample bottle.

Examinations at Bloomsburg Normal School.

We have just received a circular from the State Normal School at Bloomsburg, Pa., giving detailed information in regard to the examinations to be held at that school June 17-22.

We note that arrangements can now be made by those who desire to do so to take the Faculty's preliminary examinations at their own homes.

Young people who expect to enter a Normal School, will find it greatly to their advantage to write Principal J. P. Welsh at Bloomsburg for one of these circulars, and for other information in regard to the entrance examinations.

Bloomsburg is having the greatest year in her history, and calls for her graduates are being received in numbers greater than ever before from all parts of Pennsylvania as well as from other States.

School men are discovering where good teachers are trained; and bright young people are finding out where to get the best training.

New Auditor General in Charge.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 3.—William P. Snyder, of Chester county, today succeeded Edmund B. Hardenbergh, of Wayne county, as Auditor General. The change was made with-out formal ceremony. Mr. Snyder will retain Sam Matt Friday, of Mountville, as deputy, and John A. Glenn of Philadelphia, as corporation deputy.

J. N. Langhan, of Indiana, takes the place of N. E. Hause, of Hawley, as chief clerk.

It is Memorial Day.

Don't call it "Decoration" Day. It is Memorial Day. The decoration of the graves of the hero dead is part of the object of the day set apart for the perpetuation of their memory. The veterans themselves desire that the 30th of May should be denominated Memorial Day, and all who revere them for the sacrifices they endured for the perpetuation of this Republic should defer to their wishes in the matter. Besides this, the day is legally designated as "Memorial Day."

New Gas Main.

The Standard Gas Company is laying a new gas main on Cherry street. At present it will extend no further than Center street. This is sufficient, however, to indicate the growing popularity of gas. With each succeeding year the Standard Gas Company extends its system, taking in one or more additional streets.

Oldest Printer is Dead.

MILFORD, Mass., May 3.—James C. Cook, known as the oldest practical printer in the United States, if not in the world, died here today of old age, in his 87th year. Mr. Cook was the senior proprietor of the Milford Journal.

Where to Spend the Summer.

The 1904 edition of "Pleasant Places on the Philadelphia and Reading Railway" is now ready for distribution.

It is a neat booklet with a brief description of the summer resorts on the line of the Railway from the Seaboard to the Mountains, within easy reach of Philadelphia, with rates of fare, etc., and a concise list of the Hotels and Boarding Houses at each place, of price and Post Office Address, giving valuable information to those seeking summer quarters. There is also a list of the Picnic Grounds suitable for a day's outing.

It can be procured at the principal ticket offices of the Company or by mail to any address, upon receipt of a two-cent stamp, by Edson J. Weeks, General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia.

Mr. Carmel's smallpox siege of two years ago put the municipal treasury into a hole that seemed impossible to close. Then the banks went to the rescue and cashed the old orders to the extent of more than fifteen thousand dollars. These orders are still held by the banks and it has been decided now that the banks will enter said and secure judgment against the borough for the amounts held.

The announcement that the Bard Bros. Big New United Shows will appear in our city on Thursday, will be hailed with delight by both young and old alike. The Bard Bros. have for the season of 1904, an entire new outfit, new acts, new novelties, and in fact have one of the best popular-priced tented exhibitions ever offered to the American people, and deserve the patronage of all.

The Far East war has actually reached a point where somebody seems to be getting killed.

## STORY OF CAL-CURA.

Discovered by Dr. David Kennedy—Only Kidney Remedy Sold Under Guarantee.

Dr. David Kennedy was born in New York City, but at an early age his family moved to Roxbury, N. Y. He was graduated in 1860 from the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons. He at once volunteered as a surgeon and was assigned to the United States Army General Hospital in West Philadelphia, and soon became President of the Examining Board and Consulting Surgeon.

After the war, Dr. Kennedy settled in Rondout, City of Kingston, N. Y., where for a number of years he enjoyed a large practice as an operative surgeon. He was one of the Presidential Electors of New York State, Mayor of Kingston for four years, and held many other professional, business and political offices.

The latest achievement of his life was the discovery of Cal-cura Solvent, a positive cure for all diseases of the kidneys and bladder. In speaking of this remarkable remedy, he said: "Cal-cura Solvent is the crowning achievement of my life. It will not disappoint. Your druggist will return your money if Cal-cura fails to cure, and The Cal-cura Company, of Rondout, N. Y., will pay the druggist. Cal-cura Solvent cures 98% of all cases of kidney, bladder and liver disorders. \$1.00 a bottle. Only one size.

## MANNERS AT TABLE

A LESSON IN THE LAWS AND USAGES OF POLITE SOCIETY.

How to Sit and What to Do With the Hands and Feet—Rules For Informal and Ceremonial Occasions—The Use of the Knife and the Fork.

To be well-mannered is to be a lady or a gentleman, to observe punctiliously all the laws and usages of society, which is important unless one would be ostracized.

If the function—breakfast, luncheon or dinner—is one of ceremony and gloves are worn to the table they are removed as soon as one is seated and laid in the lap. The habit of tucking them in the sleeves, at the wrists, is most inelegant. The napkin is unfolded, at dinner placed upon the lap. Gentlemen do not tuck their napkins in their waistcoats, no matter how convenient they may find such an arrangement. Nor is the napkin used as if it were a big cloth. One end is all sufficient for touching the lips. The napkins, at dinner placed upon the lap, gentlemen do not tuck their napkins in their waistcoats, no matter how convenient they may find such an arrangement. Nor is the napkin used as if it were a big cloth. One end is all sufficient for touching the lips. The napkins, at dinner placed upon the lap, gentlemen do not tuck their napkins in their waistcoats, no matter how convenient they may find such an arrangement. Nor is the napkin used as if it were a big cloth. 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