RAILROAD TIME TABLES

PENN'A R. R.

EAST.	WEST
7.13 A. M.	9.14 A. M.
10.17 "	12.58 P. M.
2.21 P. M.	4.53 "
6.09 "	.51 "
SUNDAYS.	
10.17 A. M.	4.53 P. M.

D. L. & W. R. R.

EAST.	WEST.
6.58 A. M.	9.09 A. M.
10.19 "	12.47 P. M.
2.11 P. M.	4.35 "
6.10 "	8.20 "
SUNDAYS.	
6.58 A. M.	12.47 P. M.
6.10 P. M.	8.20 "

PHIL'A & READING R. R.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7.42 A. M.	11.25 A. M.
4.00 P. M.	6.05 P. M.
BLOOM STREET	
7.44 A. M.	11.23 A. M.
4.02 P. M.	6.04 P. M.

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ROOSEVELT'S ACCEPTANCE.

Declares the Republican Policy Was Established by Jefferson.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Sept. 17.—The letter of acceptance of Theodore Roosevelt accepting the Republican nomination for vice president is a document of over 4,000 words, devoted mainly to the Philippines question. He appeals to "all good citizens who are far sighted enough to see what the honor and interest of the nation demand."

After asserting that the re-election of President McKinley is "of vital importance to the whole country," that to put into practice the principles of the Kansas City platform would mean grave disaster to the nation, that the policy of 16 to 1 is fraught with destruction to every home in the land, and that men who refuse to make the financial issue paramount have no excuse for raising it at all, Mr. Roosevelt discusses briefly the question of trusts, declaring that publicity as to capitalization, profits, etc., is the most useful measure for their control. Discussing the Philippines he says that "The parallel between what Jefferson did with Louisiana and what is now being done in the Philippines is exact. Discussing this question further he says:

The constitution has never yet "followed the flag;" the army officer and the civilian agent still exercise authority, without asking the "consent of the governed." We must proceed in the Philippines with the same wise caution, taking each successive step as it becomes desirable, and accommodating the details of our policy to the peculiar needs of the situation. But as soon as the present revolt is put down and order established, it will undoubtedly be possible to give the islands a larger measure of self government than Jefferson originally gave Louisiana.

We are making no new departure. We are not taking a single step which in any way affects our institutions or our traditional policies. From the beginning we have given widely varying degrees of self government to the different territories, according to their needs. The simple truth is that there is nothing even remotely resembling "imperialism" or "militarism" involved in the present development of that policy of expansion which has been part of the history of America from the day when she became a nation. The words mean absolutely nothing as applied to our present policy in the Philippines, for this policy is only imperialistic in the sense that Jefferson's policy in Louisiana was imperialistic; only military in the sense that Jackson's policy toward the Seminoles or Custer's toward the Sioux embodied militarism, and there is no more danger of its producing evil results at home now than there was of its interfering with freedom under Jefferson or Jackson, or in the days of the Indian wars on the plains. Our army is relatively not as large as it was in the days of Wayne; we have not one regular for every thousand inhabitant. There is no more danger of a draft than there is of the reintroduction of slavery.

It must be remembered always that governing these islands in the interest of the inhabitants may not necessarily be to govern them as the inhabitants at the moment prefer. To grant self government to Luzon under Aguinaldo would be like granting self government to an Apache reservation under some local chief.

Fell Two Hundred Feet to Death.

Pottsville, Pa., Sept. 17.—James Boyer, of Minersville, aged 21 years, fell down the shaft at Oak Hill colliery and was killed. He, in company with the stable boss, were looking after the mules in the mine. Boyer made a misstep and fell 210 feet.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

The population of Harrisburg is 50,167; in 1890, 39,385.

The population of Erie, Pa., is 52,733; in 1890, 40,634.

Richard Croker has bet altogether $40,000 against $100,000 on Bryan's election.

The population of Elizabeth, N. J., is 52,130; in 1890, 37,764.

Chicago coal dealers have raised the price for all grades of hard coal from $6.25 to $7.

The cattle disease known as "anthrax" apparently is on the increase in Wayne county, Pennsylvania.

Prince Albert of Saxony was thrown from his carriage near Baden Baden, his horse taking fright. He was instantly killed.

Grand Master F. M. Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, announces that he will not be a candidate for re-election.

At a mass convention of Missouri Populists at Kansas City resolutions were adopted endorsing the entire Democratic state ticket.

Rather than wait 20 minutes for a ferryboat, six negro laborers took a batteau to cross the river at Savannah, Ga. It capsized and all were drowned.

At Seminole camp, Turtle Mound, Fla., in a big sun dance last week four braves had a bloody fight, all being aspirants for the chief's daughter. All were killed. The girl then drowned herself.

The American Transvaal League, to assist the Boers, will be organized at Chicago Sept. 25.

The steel freight steamer Howard L. Shaw, for lake traffic, was launched Saturday at Detroit.

For a murder committed 14 years ago, Peter Austin, a farmer, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., was indicted Saturday.

With the thermometer at 20 above zero it commenced snowing at Negaunee, Wis., yesterday and continued all afternoon.

In New York last night 60-year-old Charles Sibley kicked a dog that was barking at him and was fatally shot by 26-year-old Louis Guiffra, the dog's owner.

Several convicted oleomargarine dealers in Philadelphia were sentenced to from ten to thirty days' imprisonment and $50 to $100 fine.

It is announced by the director of the department of hygiene at Brussels that he has no fear of the introduction of the bubonic plague into Belgium.

Frank Brown, William Brown and David Moore, three negroes under indictment for murder, were lynched yesterday at Yazoo, Miss., by a masked mob composed of about 60 white men.

KRUGER VIRTUALLY A PRISONER.

Not Permitted to Transact Transvaal Business on Portuguese Territory.

London, Sept. 15.—According to the Lourenzo Marques correspondent of The Daily Telegraph Mr. Kruger is virtually a prisoner in the residence of the district governor. This is at the instance of the British consul, who protested against Mr. Kruger using Portuguese territory as a base for directing his executive.

The French consul has been forbidden access to Mr. Kruger, as have also the latter's own officials. The district governor has notified Herr Pott, the Netherlands consul, that he (Pott), who had acted as the Boer consular agent at Lourenzo Marques, can no longer be recognized as a representative of the Transvaal, which is now British territory.

"I have had an interview with the American attache, who is homeward bound," says the correspondent, "and he is of the poinion that hostilities may drag on for a considerable time, as the Boers in their despair threaten to fight to the death.

"Acting President Schalk-Burger arrived here yesterday to confer with Mr. Kruger, but he was not permitted to see him, and he returned immediately to the Transvaal."

The imperial government, says the Cape Town correspondent of The Standard, "intends at an early date to declare a state of peace in South Africa and to issue a proclamation that Boers refusing to lay down their arms will be treated as outlaws."

Maher Outclassed Jefford.

Philadelphia, Sept. 15.—Peter Maher, of this city, completely outclassed Jim Jefford, of California, in two rounds of what was to have been a six round fight at the Penn Art club last night. At no stage of the fight did the Californian show any cleverness. Maher scored his first knockdown in the first round with a left on the jaw. Jefford was evidently weak at the end of the round, and when he met the Irishman in the second round Maher went at him hammer and tongs, securing three knockdowns in quick succession. It was evident that Jefford could not stand another punch, and although he made every effort to get to his feet the referee stopped the fight.

Americans Defeat World's Cyclists.

Paris, Sept. 15.—The grand race of the nations, one of the leading events of the cycling carnival at Vincennes, was yesterday won by America. Great Britain, Germany, Italy, Austria, Belgium, France and Holland also competed, each country being represented by three men. Cooper, McFarland and Banker constituted the American team. In the preliminary America defeated Belgium by eight points to thirteen, and in the semi-final heat America won from Italy by the same score. The purse was 6,500 francs, divided into individual prizes and three prizes for the winning team.

Murderous Robber Arrested.

Vineland, N. J., Sept. 15.—William N. Wright, of Philadelphia, was shot to death last night by Abraham Galblume, of Rosenhayn, near here. Galblume had asked Wright to accompany him to Norma, where he said a number of carriages could be purchased cheaply. Wright complied, and while going along a unfrequented road Galblume shot him three times. Robbery was the motive, as the victim had a large sum of money on his person. The murderer was arrested.

Hundreds Witness Double Drowning

Detroit, Sept. 17.—Paul E. Dodt, of this city, a fireman on the United States ship Yantic, and his cousin, Paul Salonky, were drowned in the river yesterday afternoon, the result of their boat capsizing. The boat was one of the yawls of the Yantic with a sail rigged in her. There were six men in the party, but the other four clung to the capsized craft and were picked up. Dodt and Salonky tried to swim to the shore and drowned in full view of several hundred people.

Denounces Wife's Charges That the McCoy Fights Were "Faked."

Queenstown, Sept. 14.—A press representative, on boarding the Cunard line steamer Campania yesterday from New York, handed to James J. Corbett, the pugilist, a number of dispatches relating to the charges made against him in New York. He read them and said: "It is ridiculous to say that my fights with Sharkey and McCoy were fakes." Corbett and Marguerite Corneille, the actress, were booked as "Mr. and Mrs. Martin." Her mother was with her, and Corbett occupied a separate state room.

Vacation Mishaps.

In poisoning occasioned by poison ivy or oak the skin becomes red, swollen, hot and irritable, with intense itching and burning. As the poison is due to a volatile acid a solution of baking soda or saleratus may be used or, still better, strong soap suds. Later dry starch dusted over the affected part is beneficial.

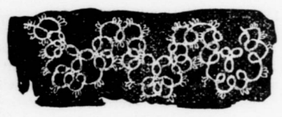
Poisonous mushrooms cause colic, vomiting, dilated pupils and muscular weakness. An emetic of hot water and mustard should be given at once. Later a tablespoonful of castor oil and stimulants, together with applied heat. The symptoms usually occur within an hour.

When a person has been bitten by a snake, the wound should be immediately applied to the mouth and the poison removed by suction. It is believed the venom has no effect upon the mouth unless cuts and abrasions are present. The treatment of a wound caused by the bite of a dog is substantially the same.

Wounds caused by tarantulas, centipedes, spiders, bees, wasps and other insects are rarely dangerous. The local application of bicarbonate of soda generally relieves the pain at once. Wet fresh earth, common salt or a slice of an onion are also valuable.—Table Talk.

Pretty and Useful Tatted Edge.

This strong and attractive edge pictured by The Designer may be made with No. 60 linen thread or No. 40 cotton. In the center of each scallop is the three leafed clover which gives the edging its name. The edge may be used for trimming underwear or if made of silk for trimming silk waists. It can also be made of coarser linen thread for trimming sideboard or bureau covers of linen. The directions are as follows: To make the three leafed clovers make * 5 d s, 3 p, 5 d s, close, *, repeat directions from * to * three times and tie off. Thirty-six of these



A CLOVER LEAF EDGING.

clover leaves will be required for a yard of the edging. With two threads begin the edge. With one thread make 4 d s, 1 p, 3 d s, 3 p, 3 d s, 1 p, 4 d s, close. With two threads make * 3 d s, 3 p, 3 d s, 3 p, 3 d s. With one thread make 4 d s. Join to first p of a three leafed clover. With two threads make 3 d s. Join to side p of the large ring, 3 p, 3 d s, *, repeat directions from * to * eight times. With two threads make 3 d s, 3 p, 3 d s, 3 p. With one thread make 4 d s, 1 p, 3 d s, 3 p, 3 d s, 1 p, 4 d s. Repeat until the edge is of the desired length. This may be set between two hems of fine lawn for trimming a child's dress with very pretty effect.

LI HUNG CHANG'S TASK.

Chinese Peacemaker Will Travel on a Russian Warship.

ALLEGED FRANCO-RUSSIAN PLAN.

It Is Said They Have Agreed to Demand the Complete Disarmament of China—American Interests May Be Placed in Gen. Chaffee's Hands.

London, Sept. 15.—"Li Hung Chang will be taken on board a Russian warship at Wu-Sung and received by the Russians at Taku," says the Shanghai correspondent of The Morning Post, "and he will be accompanied by the Chinese minister of railways."

According to the Shanghai correspondent of The Times, wiring Wednesday, Earl Li considers that the preliminary difficulty of the negotiations consists in the necessity, which he realizes, of denouncing Prince Tuan and his accomplices to the throne. He is of the opinion that it would be advisable for the allies to take the initiative by compiling a list of those held chiefly responsible and by formulating their demands accordingly.

"Other Shanghai dispatches locate the empress dowager on Sept. 8 at Hsing-Chou, two days' march from Tai-Yuan-Fu.

The Times has advices from Pekin dated Sept. 1 saying that 5,000 Russians had arrived there during the previous three days.

The Paris correspondent of The Morning Post says: "France and Russia, I have been assured, have agreed to demand the complete disarmament of China, including the razing of the Taku forts and the fortifications and arsenals elsewhere.

The Russian legation in Pekin, according to a Taku special dated Tuesday, was then preparing to move to Tien Tsin or to some other point, owing to the difficulty of communicating with the home authorities.

Gen. Chaffee is preparing to make his troops comfortable for the winter. When asked his opinion regarding the situation, he is reported to have answered:

"It would be better for the United States troops to leave, but, in any event, the Chinese Christians will be provided for."

A Pekin dispatch of Sept. 3 says looting in Pekin continues, both authorized and unauthorized. Few houses are guarded except those occupied by foreigners, the palaces and those in the Sacred City. Almost every house is destitute of furniture. Gen. Chaffee says he could not have believed that any city would ever be given over so completely to looters, and he earnestly desires the co-operation of any nation to prevent this. On the other hand the missionaries complain that the Sacred City has not been looted. They urge that the royal family and other highly placed Chinese personages, who were behind all the trouble, should be made to suffer more than those who blindly followed them.

THE WAR OF EXTERMINATION

Against Catholic Missions in China Assuming Greater Proportions.

Berlin, Sept. 15.—The Cologne Volkszeitung, the leading Centrist organ, has received special advices from Hankow saying that the war of extermination against Catholic missions in China is assuming greater dimensions. The apostolic vicarate in South Shan Si has been completely destroyed, including all the churches, the Christians have been driven away and their houses have been burned. In the provincial capital, Tai Yuan Fu, which is the seat of the bishop of North Shan Si, the Catholic orphanage, with 300 orphans, has been burned.

"Germany has not yet recognized Li Hung Chang as a plenipotentiary," said a foreign office official, "and she will wait to see what the other powers intend to do before she acts. We do not believe the report that the United States government has recognized Li Hung Chang, neither do we credit the statement that Russia has sent an ultimatum to China. In all probability Li Hung Chang concocted the story himself.

"It is premature to consider what will be the effect upon the relations between China and Germany of the statement of Baron Von Ketteler's assassin that he acted under orders from the Chinese authorities. So far as the Boxer attack upon Kiao Chou is concerned, it was unimportant and easily repulsed."

CHAFFEE MAY BE SUPREME.

State Department May Transfer Chinese Control Into His Hands.

Washington, Sept. 15.—There were no developments in the Chinese negotiations yesterday with which the public could be made acquainted, the whole matter being still in the diplomatic phase, and therefore not calling for military orders. War department officials are awaiting word from the state deparment as to the next step expected of the troops, but it is now intimated that this next step will not be taken immediately. The situation has lost something of its acuteness, owing to the change in the attitude of the Russian government. No official confirmation has reached Washington of the postponement of the withdrawal, but the fact is not doubted here. Regardless, however, of the course to be taken by Russia, it is now said that there is nothing in the American note of response to Russia that demands an immediate evacuation in the event that the Russian troops are called away. Instead, it is stated that the control of the situation would simply pass from the state department into Gen. Chaffee's hands, and it would be for him, after conferring with the other military commanders, to determine how and to what extent the American forces should be withdrawn.

Charged With Killing His Sister.

New York, Sept. 15.—The inquest scheduled for yesterday into the death of Katherine Sparn, who was found murdered in her apartments on Aug. 18, will not be held until Wednesday next. An effort will be made to secure an indictment by the grand jury against Frederick Sparn, the 19-year-old brother of the murdered girl.

New York, Sept. 15.—It was learned yesterday that Paul Steibler, the artist who on Wednesday committed suicide and whose wife died the next day of poison, self administered, had within the last 18 months spent a fortune of nearly $200,000, which came into his possession on the death of his mother. Of this it is believed that only $200 remain in some bank in this city. The bodies of both Steibler and his wife are still at the morgue, but will find a resting place in potter's field unless they are soon claimed by some relative or friend.

Harbor Improvements For Manila.

Manila, Sept. 17.—Gen. Wright, of the Philippine commission, is preparing a bill for harbor improvements here. It contemplates an appropriation of $1,000,000 gold for the construction of protective dockage. The proposal is favorably commented upon, especially by the Spaniards, and the carrying out of the work, which will be completed in about 18 months, will be greatly beneficial to commerce.

McDonald Drives Out the Boers.

Capetown, Sept. 17.—The military authorities have taken over the Netherlands railway. Gen. McDonald, operating in the northeastern corner of Orange colony, compelled the Boers to make a hasty flight from the Vet river. He captured 31 wagons, a quantity of cattle and stores and 65,000 rounds of rifle ammunition.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

T. A. Slocum, M. C., the Great Chemist and Scientist, Will Send Free, to the Afflicted, Three Bottles of his Newly Discovered Remedies to Cure Consumption and All Lung Troubles.

Nothing could be fairer, more philanthropic or carry more joy to the afflicted, than the offer of T. A. Slocum, M. C., of New York City.

Confident that he has discovered a reliable cure for consumption and all bronchial, throat and lung diseases, general decline and weakness, loss of flesh and all conditions wasting, and to make its great merits known, he will send, free, three bottles to any reader of the AMERICAN who may be suffering.

Already this "new scientific course of medicine" has permanently cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases.

The Doctor considers it his religious duty—a duty which he owes to humanity—to donate his infallible cure.

He has proved the dreaded consumption to be a curable disease beyond any doubt, and has on file in his American and European laboratories testimonials of experience from those benefitted and cured, in all parts of the world.

Don't delay until it is too late. Consumption, uninterruped, means speedy and certain death. Address T. A Slocum, M. C., 98 Pine street, New York, and when writing the Doctor, give express and postoffice address, and please mention reading this article in the AMERICAN March 4 9-

DAMAGING EVIDENCE AGAINST HOWARD.

A Witness Swears He Admitted the Murder of William Goebel.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 18.—The first really sensational testimony in the trial of James Howard, charged with having fired the shot that killed William Goebl, was given yesterday. Bowman Gaines, a local liveryman, positively identified Howard as the man who ran out from the rear of the state house grounds and jumped over the fence immediately after the shooting. James Stubblefield, a one legged and one armed ex-deputy sheriff of Clay county, testified that Howard exultingly told him that he fired the shot that took Goebel's life, adding: "I never sight down my gun barrel but what I get meat or money, and this time I got both." Howard, he says, declared he believed his mountain friends would stand by him and that 500 men could not take him to Frankfort for trial.

Threatened Indian Outbreak.

Denver, Sept. 18.—An Indian outbreak is threatened in San Miguel county, Colorado, according to a dispatch received by Governor Thomas yesterday. The postmaster at Cedar, Colo., writes: "The Ute Indians are here catching and taking away range horses, and they insist on doing so contrary to our protestations. The stockmen have threatened to shoot if they don't desist, whereupon the Indian chiefs say they will make war upon the women and children and murder them." The governor sent a telegram to the secretary of the interior demanding that steps be taken to protect the settlers. The nearest troops are at Fort Duchesne, Utah, 160 miles from Cedar.

Insurrection Quickly Suppressed.

San Diego, Cal., Sept. 18.—The steamship Heredot brings the story of a quick suppression of an incipient insurrection at Salvador. Minister of War Castro was the instigator of a plot to remove the president, Thomas Hegalado, and have himself proclaimed president. In his plans to bring about the insurrection Castro deemed it necessary to remove the colonel of the barracks, and shot him down in cold blood. In the investigation that followed the whole scheme was unearthed. Castro was found guilty of murder, and on Sept. 5 was shot. With the death of the leader the threatened insurrection subsided.

Double Team and Driver Drowned.

New York, Sept. 18.—A double truck belonging to John Wanamaker backed off of the ferryboat Miscola, of the Fulton ferry line, yesterday, and both horses and driver were drowned. A helper is also thought to have been drowned. The team was the last to go on the boat on its way to Brooklyn. The boat had just started from the bridge when the horses became frightened and started backing. The driver tried to stop them, but failed.

Lunatic Burned in His Home.

St. Johnbury, Vt., Sept. 18.—A wooden tenement building owned and occupied by Mrs. Benjamin Cross caught fire here yesterday and was burned to the ground. Mr. Cross, who was insane, was taken from the building two or three times after the fire started, but he returned each time, and is supposed to have perished. He was more than 70 years of age. The man was caught trying to set the place on fire Sunday.

Reitz to Settle in This Country.

London, Sept. 18.—Mr. F. W. Reitz, state secretary of the abrogated South African Republic, is going to Paris, according to the Pretoria correspondent of The Daily Mail, from which point he will proceed to the United States, where he will probably remain.

SCRANTON DEALERS SELLING ARMS

Bosses and Company Clerks Do Most of the Buying.

Scranton, Sept. 17.—Yesterday was positively devoid of any excitement in connection with the strike. At the mine workers' headquarters Organizer Dilcher sat about during the greater part of the day chatting with the other officers, and being interrupted only by a question now and then over the telephone or from some local union officer personally as to some point not clearly understood in the instructions sent out from the headquarters to the local unions.

Scranton dealers have had their store of firearms completely exhausted by the demands of the past few days from the small storekeepers up and down the valley. The larger sized, expensive revolvers are almost exclusively specified in the orders, and from this it is gathered that it is not the miners, but the bosses and company clerks, storekeepers and the like who are doing the buying.

A mass meeting of miners was held at Throop yesterday afternoon. It was attended by 3,000 and was addressed by Organizer Fred Dilcher. He assured the men that they had the strike as good as won, and that all they had to do now was to keep away from the company's property and discuss their grievances in their halls, and not on the streets, and avoid the saloons.

The Lackawanna region is completely tied up today, and not a single colliery is being operated. The men seem to have gerat reliance on the judgment of the officers, and obeyed the order to keep away from the companies' properties.

Superintendent E. E. Loomis, of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, and Superintendent C. C. Rose, of the Delaware and Hudson mining departments, declare that a great many of the men want to go to work, but that they fear the majoriy.

MAY RECOVER FROM HER WOUND.

A Young Woman Who Agreed to Die With Her Lover.

Brooklyn, Sept. 17.—Helen Southgate, who was shot by Henry Grosvenor Barbour, who at the same time committed suicide, was operated upon in Seney hospital yesterday by surgeons, who successfully removed from her breast the bullet. The young woman is resting well. She is not yet out of danger, but unless complications arise her recovery is practically assured. While she is not now even nominally under arrest, it would seem to be the intention of the Brooklyn police to have Miss Southgate detained, at least until the story she has told has been thoroughly investigated. The hospital authorities have been requested to notify the police as soon as she has passed the danger point.

According to the young woman's story she and Barbour agreed to die together. He fired a shot into her breast and then killed himself. She managed to reach the home of her aunt, where she confessed the shooting, and was removed to the hospital.

Miss Southgate was formerly the adopted daughter of Mrs. Southgate, widow of Bishop Southgate, but the adoption had been legally annuled. Barbour was the son of a prominent New York clergyman.

New York's Labor Union Growth.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 17.—The quarterly bulletin of the state bureau of labor statistics for the quarter ending June 30 shows an increase of 151 unions—the largest quarterly increase yet recorded. The gain in membership was 15,069. At the close of the quarter there were 1,603 labor organizations in the state, with an aggregate membership of 247,602. The number of organized working women was 10,782, which is an increase of 40 per cent within the past year. Owing to extended stoppages of work caused by strikes for higher wages and by the advance in the price of building materials, the number of unemployed members of labor organizations in the second quarter exceeded the small number in the same quarter last year.

Decided Against Colombia.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The minister of Costa Rica at Washington, Senor Calvo, has received a cablegram from the minister of Costa Rica at Paris, which conveys the information that the president of the French republic, M. Loubet, who was the arbitrator appointed to decide the boundary question between Costa Rica and Colombia, by his award fixes the boundary line in the Pacific side at Punta Burica, as claimed by Costa Rica, and in the Atlantic denies the right of Colombia to any part of the territory of Nicaragua, or any portion of that of Costa Rica beyond Mona Point.

Greek Warship at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Sept. 17.—The first Greek war vessel that has ever visited the United States anchored in the Delaware river last night. The vessel is the corvette Nauarchos Minnis, which left St. Thomas on Monday. The vessel is used also as a training ship, and has on board a number of naval cadets. The vessel was sent to Philadelphia by the king of Greece in order that the naval cadets on board may have an opportunity to visit the shipyards on the Delaware river, as well as the great steel plants of Pennsylvania. The Greek consul general went on board the Minnis this morning.

DELAWARE REPUBLICANS UNITED.

A State Ticket With Five Unionists and Three Regulars.

Dover, Del., Sept. 15.—The two Republican factions of Delaware known as the Regulars and Union (or Addicks) Republicans buried their chief differences and united yesterday after a memorable meeting at the Hotel Richardson. Col. Henry A. Dupont and former Senator Anthony Higgins, leaders of the Regulars, were present. J. Edward Addicks, leader of the Unions, was not present, but was represented by his state chairman, Mr. Allee, Dr. Caleb R. Layton, of Sussex, and his personal counsel, Walter H. Hayes, of Wilmington.

The Regular's committee, consisting of Philip Q. Cheachman and Henry H. Billany of Wilmington, E. B. Shurter of Newark, George M. Jones of Dover and Robert G. Houston of Georgetown, announced their decision at 4:30 p. m., and called for a meeting of the entire state central committee. To the state committee they presented the following ticket, which was unanimously accepted by the Regulars and will be accepted at a special meeting of the state committee of the Addicks faction next Tuesday:

For governor, John Hunn (Union) of Wyoming; lieutenant governor, Philip L. Cannon (Union), Bridgeville; Fifty-seventh congress, Dr. Louis Heisler Ball (Regular), Faulkland; Fifty-sixth congress, Walter O. Hoffecker (Union), Smyrna; state treasurer, Martin B. Burris (Regular), Middletown; auditor of accounts, Purnell B. Normin (Regular), Lewes; insurance commissioner, Dr. George W. Marshall (Union); attorney general, Herbert H. Ward (Union), Wilmington.

Hollander Won International Race.

Paris, Sept. 17.—Cordang, of Holland, was the victor in the 24 hour international bicycle contest for the gold cup, which began at 6 p. m. Saturday at Vincennes. He covered 956 kilometers and 775 meters. Walters, of England, the former champion, broke the world's records from four hours to 19 hours. During the twentieth hour he collapsed. The Ameritans did not compete in this race.

Trouble Brewing For Lehigh Valley.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 15.—The grievance committee of the Brotherhood employes of the Lehigh Valley railroad were in secret session all day yesterday, and last night the local brotherhoods held a secret meeting. It is rumored that there was a strong sentiment in favor of taking some steps which would bring the officials of the Lehigh Valley to terms on the wage question. It is claimed that the Valley is paying its firemen and brakemen less wages than any other road in the country.

The German Loan in New York.

New York, Sept. 15.—The New York Life Insurance company yesterday closed negotiations for taking $5,000,000 of the imperial German government loan of the $20,000,000 negotiated in this city. The Evening Post says in reference to this: "The deal thus closed insures the success of the loan in the United States and marks the culmination of negotiations carried on with the utmost secrecy between leading financiers of both countries."

Deceit Galveston Victim Suicides.

Tuscaloosa, Fla., Sept. 15.—A man supposed to be Frank McGill, of Brownwood, Tex., killed himself here Thursday night. He came here from Jackson, Miss., and told several people he had lost a daughter and three grandchildren in the Galveston flood. Among his effects was a letter from the cashier of the First National bank, of Brownwood, Tex.

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for all nervous diseases, neuralgia rheumatism, nervous debility, paralsis, biliousness, dyspepsia, costiveness, piles, liver complaints, kidney troubles and female complaints. It goes to the seat of the disease and cures thoroughly and speedily. Sold by Rossman & Son's Pharmacy.

PUNISH THE LEADERS.

Germany's First Demand on the Chinese Government.

WHOLESALE EXECUTIONS UNWISE

Germany Declares Such Revenge Would Be Contrary to the Civilized Conscience—Lord Salisbury, Too, It Is Said, Has Sent a Similar Demand.

Berlin, Sept. 19.—The foreign office has sent a circular note to all the powers announcing that the German government considers that an indispensable preliminary to the beginning of peace negotiations with China is the delivering up of those who were responsible for the outrages. The note declares further:

"Wholesale executions would be contrary to the civilized conscience, and the circumstances of such a group of leaders cannot be completely ascertained. But a few whose guilt is notorious should be delivered up and punished. The representatives of the powers at Pekin are in a position to give or bring forward convincing evidence. Less importance attaches to the number punished than to the character as chief instigators as leaders. The government proposes that the cabinets concerned should instruct their representatives at Pekin to indicate those leading Chinese personages from whose guilt in instigating or perpetrating outrages all doubt is excluded."

The publication of Count Von Buelow's note was decided upon because it was deemed best to let the world see that Germany had nothing to hide regarding her real aims in China. The diplomatic corps here so interprets it.

The note shows also that Count Von Buelow's sober and moderate views regarding the Chinese muddle and its solution have now triumphed over Emperor William's more expansive plans.

The Freisinnige Zeitung says: "This is in striking contrast with Emperor William's instructions to the departing troops to spare no one and to make no prisoners."

LORD SALISBURY'S DECLARATION.

Powers Will Insist on Punishment of the Principals.

London, Sept. 19.—"On the eve of Li Hung Chang's departure," says the Shanghai correspondent of The Daily Express, wiring yesterday, "he received a strongly worded cablegram from Lord Salisbury, declaring that the British government would insist upon the return of Emperor Kwang Su to Pekin as an absolutely essential condition of peace negotiations, without which the disolution of the Chinese empire was inevitable. Lord Salisbury informed Earl Li that all desired to preserve China, but nothing would divert them from their irrevocable intention of punishing those responsible for the outrages, whom they would, if necessary, pursue all over China."

The German note, backed by Lord Salisbury's declaration, is by far the most important declaration of policy yet issued by any of the allies. As The Daily Mail remarks: "Germany's circular note has turned the tables on Russia, whose evacuation proposal had put Germany into an awkward corner. Now, if Russia assents to the German note, she will be unable to continue to pose as China's lenient and forgiving friend, while if she dissents Russia will lay herself open to the charge of reducing the punitive expedition to a farce."

The London morning papers have little but praise for what is called Germany's "admirable note." The Times goes so far as to wish that the credit for making such a proposal belonged to Great Britain. The Morning Post alone, in a cogent and well reasoned editorial, points out a grave objection, namely, that if the real authors and instigators of the uprising should prove to be identical with the personnel of the Chinese government, it can hardly be expected that they will deliver themselves up, and that, if the Chinese government should be designated as guilty, it would be under the ban of the powers, a condition of things only terminable by the conquest of China or a revolution producing a new government. "Therefore," says The Morning Post, "the powers should carefully weigh the matter before committing themselves."

Clergyman's Son a Suicide.

Brooklyn, Sept. 15.—The man who committed suicide at the St. Charles hotel Thursday night and whose woman companion mysteriously disappeared was positively identified yesterday afternoon as Henry Grosvenor Barbour, the son of the rector of the Church of the Beloved Disciple, of New York, the Rev. Henry M. Barbour. The identification was made by the clergyman himself. "That is my son," he said, with the tears running down his cheeks. "I know who the girl is. He met her at Good Ground, L. I., where he spent the summer." He refused to give the name of the girl. It is believed the man and the woman intended to die together, but that the woman weakened at the last moment.

Well Known Art Critic Dead.

New York, Sept. 17.—John B. Randolph, a well known art critic of this city, was killed by a fall down stairs in his residence on West Twenty-first street. The accident took place shortly after Saturday midnight, and death came at 9 a. m., his skull having been fractured by the fall. Mr. Randolph for years had been the purchasing art critic of the Goulds, Huntingtons, Mills and several other prominent families.

Over Confidence in a Friend.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Driven to desperation by the fear that he would be disgraced by financial trouble, the result of over confidence in a friend, George S. Forbes, teller of the First National bank, sought seclusion in the South Chicago hotel last night and deliberately shot himself through the heart. A letter addressed to his mother lay upon the bureau, in which he gave the reasons for taking his life.

Murdered by Daylight Robbers.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Peter Hartman, a resident of Burkett, Ind., was attacked by three highwaymen while walking in Van Buren street, near State, in broad daylight yesterday, dragged into the alley at the rear of the Trocadero theater and murdered for his money. The assault was witnessed by several persons, but before they could come to Hartman's assistance the robbers escaped and are still at large. Hartman's skull was crushed with a pop bottle and he died on the way to the hospital.

Frightened His Wife to Death.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Mrs. Florence Buehler died at the county hospital Monday evening because her husband, Ernest Buehler, frightened her. He threatened to kill her. She was so terrified that she fell unconscious into the street, where they were walking at the time. Afterward Buehler was locked up in the police station, where he committed suicide by puncturing the artery in his wrist with a pin. Mrs. Buehler, after falling unconscious, was taken to the hospital, where she remained until her death.

A Pocket Cold Cure.

Krause's Cold Cure is prepared in capsule form and will cure cold in the head, throat, chest or any portion of the body in 24 hours. You don't have to stop work either. Price 25c. Sold by Rossman & Son's Pharmacy.

A CINCINNATI HOLOCAUST.

Five Child Inmates of a Nursery Dead—Father Sacrificed Life Trying to Save Motherless Children.

Cincinnati, Sept. 18.—An old four-story tenement building at No. 403 East Front street, used as a branch nursery of the Salvation Army, burned last evening and its occupants were so imprisoned that six were suffocated to death and others seriously injured.

On account of the cold weather a fire had been started in the stove for the little tots who are cared for there during the day while their mothers are engaged at work elsewhere. It is thought that this caused the fire through some defect in the flues. Most of the mothers knew nothing of the calamity until they were through with their day's work.

Only the heroic work of the firemen prevented a more terrible calamity. The first floor of the building was used as a church, the second floor as headquarters for the destitute and for cooking, and the upper floors for the nursery. The women and children could be seen from these upper stories pleading for help when the stairways were enveloped in flames. The fire was soon controlled, but not until six had died of suffocation and others were seriously burned.

The nursery is near the old Spencer House, and children from that tenement were in the burned building. Capt. Ledge was suffocated while carrying children from her floor. James Harkins, who lived in the old Spencer House, now used as tenement quarters, lost his life while endeavoring to save his motherless children.

Early in the evening it was currently reported that a dozen were killed and as many injured, but later all were accounted for except six killed, two fatally injured and four seriously injured. All the dead were burned to a crisp.

The dead: James Harkins, painter, aged 40 years; Herbert Harkins, aged 4 years, his son; Rhoda Harkins, aged 5 months, his daughter; Maggie Williams, aged 3 months; Edward Mullen, aged 4 years; Myrtle Ferrell, aged 6 years. Fatally injured: Post Captain Elizabeth Erickson, of New York, a native of Sweden, aged 25; Staff Captain Bertha Anderson, of Chicago, aged 25, also a native of Sweden.

THE FASTEST AUTOMOBILE.

W. K. Vanderbilt's Time Beaten by Twenty-one Seconds.

Hoboken, N. J., Sept. 19.—Not in man years has the Guttenberg race track on the hill behind the New Jersey palisades presented such an animated and business like appearance as it did yesterday afternoon, when the Tri-state fair was opened. Fully 5,000 people flocked to the hill to take part in the revels, which will last until Saturday, and everything that goes to make a country fair a success has been provided by the management.

The novel feature of yesterday's program was a series of races between several kinds of horseless vehicles, which tore around the one mile track at a pace which eclipsed that of the fastest horse that ever raced around the same old elipse. Fast time was made in several of the events, the best being a record of 7:43 1-5 for five miles made by an imported machine which was said to have cost $13,000. Mr. Albert G. Bostwick, the owner, controlled this machine during the race, and it was announced that the best previous time for the distance was 8:04, made by W. K. Vanderbilt over a mile track at Newport, R. I., a short time ago. Mr. Bostwick also won the ten mile race, covering the distance in 15:09. Fastest mile, 1:27 4-5.

Kruger Going to Europe.

Lisbon, Sept. 17.—The Portuguese government has telegraphed to the governor of Mozambique authorizing the departure of Mr. Kruger for Europe. The governor, however, must satisfy himself that Mr. Kruger is really going to Europe. The government of the Netherlands has telegraphed to Lourenzo Marques offering a Dutch warship to bring Mr. Kruger to Holland. Mrs. Kruger has arrived in Lourenzo Marques, and will doubtless accompany her husband.

**Alleged Counterfeit Co