THE ENTIRE CITY SUBMERGED

Citizens Were Held Prisoners Like Rats in a Trap.

FIRST REPORT NOT EXAGGERATED

Galveston Newspaper Man Declares the Loss of Life in That City Will Be Fully a Thousand-The Largest Structures in the City Suffered the Greatest From the Fury of the House of Cards-Need For Immedi- Cotton Exchange saloon, and when dug ate Assistance For the Stricken Survivors.

Houston, Tex., Sept. 11.—Richard Spillane, a well known Galveston newspaper man and press correspondent in that city, who reached Houston yesterday after a terrible experience. ten blocks by the hurricane.

A woman who had just given birth
to a child was carried from her home the following account of the disaster at to a house a block distant, the men who were carrying her having to hold

One of the most awful tragedies of modern times has visited Galveston.

The city is in ruins and the dead will number probably a thousand. I am moved. just from the city, having been com-missioned by the mayor and citizens' committee to get in touch with the outside world and appeal for help. Houston was the nearest point at which working telegraph instruments could be found, the wires, as well as nearly all the buildings between here and the part slipped down into the water. Not

Gulf of Mexico being wrecked. When I left Galveston shortly before When I left Galveston shortly before noon on Sunday the people were organizing for the prompt burial of the dead, distribution of food and all necessary

work after a period of disaster.

The wreck of Galveston was brought about by a tempest as terrible that no words can adequately describe its intensity, and by a flood which turned the city into a raging sea. The weather bureau records show that the wind attained a velocity of 84 miles an hour when the measuring instruments blew away, so it is impossible to tell what

Beginning of the Storm.

The storm began at 2 o'clock Saturday morning. Previous to that a great storm had been raging in the gulf, and the tide was very high. The wind at first came from the south, and was in direct opposition to the force from the gulf. While the storm in the gulf piled the water upon the beach side of the city the next wind piled the water from the bay on to the bay part of the

About noon it became evident that the city was going to be visited with disaster. Hundreds of residences along the beach front were hurriedly aban-doned, the families fleeing to dwellings in higher portions of the city. Every or white. The winds were rising constantly and it rained in torrents. The wind was so fierce that the rain cut

like a knife.

By 3 o'clock the waters of the gulf and bay met, and by dark the entire city was submerged. The flooding of the electric light plant and the gas gas plants left the city in darkness. To go upon the streets was to court death. The wind was then at cyclonic velocity. Roofs, cisterns, portions of buildings, telegraph poles and walls were falling, and the noise of the wind and the crashing of the buildings were terrifying in the extreme. The wind and waters rose steadily from dark un-til 1:45 o'clock Sunday morning.

During all this time the people of Galveston were like rats in traps. The might as well start over again. highest portions of the city was four to five feet under water, while in the great majority of cases the streets were submerged to a depth of ten feet. To leave a house was to drown. To remain was to court death in the wreckage. Such a night of agony has seldom been equaled. Without apparent reason the waters suddenly began wegian steamer Gyller is stranded between Texas City and Virginia Point. to subside at 1:45 a. m. Within 20 minutes they had gone down two feet, and before daylight the streets were practically freed of the flood waters. In the meantime the wind had veered to the southeast.

Very few if any buildings escaped injury. There is hardly a habitable dry house in the city. When the people who had escaped death went out at daylight to view the work of the tempest and the floods, they saw the most horrible sights imaginable. In the Alamo is stove in and the bow of the three blocks from Avenue N to
Avenue P, in Tremont street, I saw

the Red Cross is crushed.

Down the channel to the eight bodies. Four corpses were in one other ocean steamships lie grounded. Some schooners, barges and smaller

The whole of the business front for craft are strewn bottom side up along three blocks in from the gulf was strip- the slips of the piers. The tug Louise, ped of every vestige of habitation, the dwellings, the great bathing establishments, the Olympia and every structure having been either carried out to sea or its ruins piled in a pyramid far into the town, according to the vagaries of the tempest.

The first hurried glance over the city

The first hurried glance over the city is wiped out, and that one-half

showed that the largest structures, of the residents have to face absolute supposed to be the most substantially built, suffered the greatest. The Orphans' Home, Twenty-first and Avenue M, fell like a house of cards. How many dead children and refugees are ruins could not be ascertained. Of the sick in St. Mary's Infirmary, to gether with the attendants, only eight are understood to have been saved.

The Old Woman's Home, on Rosenberg avenue, collapsed, and the Rosenberg school house is a mass of wreck-age. The Ball high school is but an empty wall, crushed and broken. Every church in the city with possibly one or two exceptions is in ruins.

At the fort nearly all the soldiers are reported dead, they having been in

At the fort hearly an the soldier are reported dead, they having been in temporary quarters, which gave them no protection against the tempest or no protection against the tempest or

At military headquarters, depart- picture on a

ment of Texas, at San Antonio, the in-formation is that of 120 men stationed of the whole naat Fort San Jacinto, Galveston, only | tion. By a curi-15 escaped. Further infromation is ous contradiction that the captain in command is among the very frequen the victims. Lieut. Col. C. S. Roberts, adjutant general, department of Texas, is in Galveston on a tour of inspection. It is not known if he is among the small number at the fort with excepted.

who escaped. No report has been received from the | weak Catholic Orphan asylum, down the island, but it seems impossible that it could have withstood the hurricane. If it fell all the inmates were no doubt lost, for there was no aid within a mile.

The bay front from end to end is in

Nothing but piling and the wreck of great warehouses remain. The elevators lost all their upper works,, and their stocks are damaged

by water.
The life saving station at Fort Point was carried away, the crew being swept across the bay 14 miles to Texas City. I saw Capt. Haines, and he told me his wife and one child and one of the crew were drowned

Enough Wreckage to Rebuild a City. The shore at Texas City contains mough wreckage to rebuild a city. Eight persons whom were swept acros the bay during the storm were picked up there alive. Five corpses were also picked up. There were three fatalities of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. in Texas City. In addition to the liv- Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

at Texas City caskets and coffins from one of the cemeteries at Galveston were being fished out of the water

How many more corpses are there will not be known until the search is

animals there is danger of posthence Some of the stories of the escapes are

miraculous. William Nisbett, a cot-ton man, was buried in the ruins of the

Dr. S. O. Young, secretary of the

Some Miraculous Escapes.

falling and inmates escaping. Clarence

hune had his family and the families

An entire family living on Thirty-

sixth street was swept away. The family consisted of Angeline Parker and

grandchild, Tommy Lesker, Sullivan Parker and his wife, Lily, and their

three children.
The bodies of four white persons and

seven colored were found in the first

Mrs. J. B. Treadwell and infant, Mrs.

necker, Mrs. Beveridge and two chil-

Ocean Steamers Stranded

Eight ocean steamers were torn from

their moorings and stranded in the

bay. The Kendall Castle was carried over the flats, Thirty-third street

wharf, to Texas City, and lies in the wreckage of the Inman pier. The Nor-

An ocean liner was swirled around through the west bay, crashed through

of the railroad bridges. The steam-

miles up the east bay. The Mallory

steamer Alamo was torn from her

steamer Red Cross, which had previ-

ously been hurled there. The stern of

Down the channel to the letties two

It will take a week to tabulate the dead and the missing and to get any-

thing to an approximate idea of the

At Texas City three of the residents

were drowned. There are but few buildings at Texas City that do not tell

the story of the storm. The hotel is

One Man Saved

attention to the life-saver. Yet let the life-saving be continued every day, and

screen, it would

coughs, bronchitis

the respiratory or-gans, "Golden

offers certain help

and almost certa

cure. It contai

nor narcotics.

neither alcohol

The People's Common Sense Medical

escaped with serious injuries.

one in the house was hurt.

six children.

Many stories were current of houses

out in the morning had no furth jury than a few bruised fingers.

for miles, and is a hundred yards of For ten miles inland from the shore it is a common sight to see small craft such as steam launches, schooners an oyster sloops. The lifeboat of the li of them escaped.
Up to the time I left Galveston three saving station was carried half a mi inland, while a vessel that was anchor dead had been taken from the ruins They were: Stanley G. Spencer, man five miles up from La Marque.

FIVE THOUSAND DEAD.

complete ruin. The office of

the piers except the piling. The wreck age from Calveston litters the short

Texas City company was almost tirely destroyed. Nothing remains

Austin, Tex., Sept. 12.-Official reports from Galveston to Governor Sayers are that 400 bodies have been vised morgue awaiting identification, and many more are thought to have drifted out to sea and their identity will not be known for weeks. A telegram from Adjutant General Scurry, who is at Galveston, to the governor, is as follows:

"Have just returned from Texas City with several Galveston parties, who assure me that conditions there beggar description. Accounts have not been exaggerated. One thousand lost is too conservative. While a portion of by water sufficient on hand to relieve immediate necessities. The citizens were beheaded. seem to have the situation well in hand. United States troops and Company C. volunteer guard, with citizens. patrol the streets to prevent looting. I respectfully suggest that the distress

to stand, and that a general appeal for help would be welcomed. The estimate of 10,000 destitute does not seem to be From reports reaching the governor it will be necessary to co-operate with H. Ouley, editor of the Everying Trithe federal troops to place all the mainland opposite Galveston, as well as the island, under martial law. If

reports reaching here are true thieves have begun to enter the city for the purpose of pilfering the bodies of the dead. The governor has been informed that the commander of the Texas troops has been ordered to Galveston The family of Stanley G. Spencer, who met death in the Cotton Exchange by the federal authorities and the governor will lend him every assistance possible with state militia to keep saloon, is reported to be dead.

Thirteen were killed in one building

vandalism down. nor the work of recovering corpses continues unabated, and while a number of them are so mutilated that they cannot be recognized, they cannot be recognized, they cannot be recognized. on Eighth street and Broadway. Dom-inick Porretto is the only one of the party who lives to tell the tale. Among the dead are James Wren, his wife and cannot be recognized, they are being held as long as possible in the hope held as long as possible in the hope held as long as possible in the hope in their names. Quite a number of them are so mutilated that the recognized they are being their names. The latest reports received here from Pekin say that the empress dowager is in the province of Shan-Si, and that I. M. Cline, local forecast official of the United States weather bureau, his brother, Joe Cline, and three children drifted about in the raging

list. torrents for three hours on a roughly constructed raft. They were all bruis-A large number of state militia tents were shipped from here to Galveston ed and cut from their struggle with for temporary use on the island.

Governor Sayres received upwards of 1,000 telegrams during the day from parties in the west and east offering assistance to the flood sufferers at Galveston, and from various portions of the state reporting the collection of money and supplies. A telegram from New York informed the governor that two relief trains of supplies had left

story of W. J. Reitmeyer's residence New York for Galveston. Sunday morning. Reitmeyer and family were in the second story and es-Approximately one-third of the residence portion of the city has been swept away. There are several thousand people who are homeless and des-T. Clark and infant, Mrs. A. Longtitute. How many there is no way of finding out. Arrangements are now being made to have the women and dren, Mrs. George M. Schroeder and four children and the mother of United States Deputy Marshal Wood were all children sent to Houston and other places, but the means of transportation lost in one building. Mr. Longnecker are limited. Thousands are still to be cared for at Galveston.

"Francois," a well known waiter, re-ports the loss of 22 persons who took More bodies have been picked up on the beach at Virginia Point and Texas City, and searching parties are now refuge in his house, six of them being members of his family.

The Mistrot House, in the West End was turned into a hospital. All of the regular hospitals of the city were ungetting into the country between the two points. One member of the life saving crew says he believes that not one-third of the dead bodies are being available. Of the new Southern Pacific recovered. Many sank before reaching works little remains but the piling. recovered. Many sank before reaching Half a million feet of lumber was carwill pass before the bay gives up all ried away and Engineer Boschke says

A man just arrived from Galveston says that bodies are being cast into the gulf with weights attached as the best where found. Many of these are un-identified, and so the death list will never be known. Scores of people are trying to get into Galveston. Many of ent. All of the small boats and tugs in the bay have been taken down the bay to be used in ferriage.

The great storm covered a large

the bay bridges, and is now lying in a few feet of water near the wreckage area of the cotton growing section of ship Taunton was carried across Peli-can Point, and is stranded about ten wharf and dashed upon Pelican flats and against the bow of the British been destroyed. Southwist of Houston the fields are ruined. In large cotton growing counties around Houston it is said crops have been beaten into the ground and are worthless.

AN APPEAL FROM GALVESTON.

It Says the Loss of Life Will Reach Three Thousand. Galveston, Sept. 12.—The following statement of conditions at Galveston and appeal for aid is issued by the local relief committee, headed by Mayor W. C. Jones:

"A conservative estimate of the loss of life is that it will reach 3,000. At least 5,000 families are shelterless and wholly destitute and the entire remainder of the population is suffering in greater or less degree. Not a single church, school or charitable institu-tion, of which Galveston had so many, is left intact. Not a building escaped damage, and half the whole number were entirely obliterated. There is imnediate need for food, clothing and ousehold goods of all kinds. If nearby cities will open asylums for women and children the situation will be greatly relieved. Coast cities should send us water as well as provisions, including kerosene oil, gasoline and can-

dles." Some order is being brought out of chaos, and something like a systematic attempt is being made to clear the debris and remove the dead. Idlers are being pressed into service at the point of the bayonet and made to work, and a military cordon is being drawn ighter and tighter about the place Every horse and mule that was left in the city is in service. Supplies are coming in from Houston, and the first ine of communication with the outside world was opened yesterday via Texas City. Large forces are working on the railroads, and in a few days the people

of Galveston believe the situation will be greatly improved. Among the saddest of many sad incidents of the storm was the loss of the families of two police officers while the husbands and fathers were engaged in rescue work. Officers Joe Bird and John Rowan were assigned to rescue work in the East End early Saturday afternoon, and together with other officers they worked faithfully to succor waterbound families near the gulf. They rescued about 100 people from the fury of the storm. They returned to the station only when the high water floated the patrol wagon and threatened to drown the team of horses attached to it. They had no idea that the waters of the gulf had invaded the western portion of the city, where they lived, until they returned to the police station and heard the report Rowan and Bird started immediately for their homes, but their families had been swept away. Officer Bird lost his wife and five children and Officer Row-

VICTIMS OF CHINESE.

Confirmation of Massacres of Christians by Regular Troops.

EMPRESS DOWAGER IN SHAN-SI.

Japanese Troops Still Pursuing the Fleeing Ruler-Americans and British May Transfer Their Supply Base to Near Shan-Hai-Kwan.

Tien Tsin, Sept. 3, via Nagasaki, Sept. 10.—The Americans and British are considering the feasibility of transferring their winter supply base from Tong-Ku to a point near Shan-Hai-Kwan, on the Gulf of Liao-Tung, which is free of ice and is also a railway terminus. The chief difficulty in the way of the project is the lack of troops to guard the railway.

Boxers are reported massing along the grand canal. A Christian refugee from Pao-Ting-Fu, where Pekin officials were enlisting

troops when he left, asserts that he saw a large force of Boxers between the massacre by provincial soldiers of the American missionaries at Fen-Chow-Fu on Aug. 15. Mr. Atwater and the provisions have been destroyed his wife, with their two children, Mr.

He also confirms the report of the killing of 23 members of the English mission at Tai-Yuan-Fu. At Tai-Ku, where Miss Coombs was thrown into the flames of the burning mission is too great for the people of Galveston, buildings, and where ten French priests even with the assistance of Houston, were killed, all the members of the American mission were exterminated. the men making a gallant defense until their ammunition was exhausted. He says there is no doubt that Miss Whitechurch and Miss E. E. Searell were murdered at Hsiayo, and he confirms the reported massacre of Miss French and Miss Palmer, as well as hundreds of native Christians in the Chi-Shien district of the province of

Shan-Si. The same refugee, giving further details as to the condition of the party of foreigners already reported as under siege, Aug. 25, by Chinese regulars in the province of Shan-Si, says that the party consisted of four priests, five nuns, five European engineers and several missionaries, and that they were

the Japanese are pursuing her.

The British marines and two naval

guns have been withdrawn on ship-

Thirty-five villages in the vicinity of Tien Tsin have petitioned the provisional government for protection

RUSSIA'S PREDOMINANCE IN PEKIN Will Soon Outnumber the Combined Force of the Allies.

London, Sept. 12.-The Times publishes this morning additional advices from its Pekin correspondent, Dr. Morrison, under date of Aug. 31. "The censorship, which is under Sir Alfred Caselee's control, makes it difficult," says the correspondent, "to convey a true picture of the present situation in Today the foreign community was thrilled with horror at the news of the massacre of the missionaries at Pao-Ting-Fu, who were under the pro tection of the imperial troops. Children were butchered before the eyes of their parents. White women were ravished and carried into captivity.

Parents were tortured and murdered.
"Massacres by red Indians never call in vain for vengeance. Yet the troops remain here inactive. Their one thought and wish are to be given work or to be recalled from Pekin. Surely the civilized world will not suffer this cruel massacre to remain unavenged and make no effort to ascertain the of the poor martyred Christians and white women "Since the relief of the legations one

method of disposing of them, while others are being buried in the sand inence of Russia and the overmastering position she is now asserting here. The pageant in the Forbidden City on Aug. 28 was a triumphant entry by Russia, followed by the other powers. them claim relaives there, but it is not possible to reach that city at preschagrin of the other ministers.

"Russian troops are pouring into Pekin daily. Nineteen hundred came vesterday and 2.800 the day before Already the Russians outnumber the Japanese, and they will soon outnumber Texas and did tremendous damage to the combined forces. Their stay is the crop. A traveling man who covers assuming every characteristic of pera big area of the state reports that for manency. Cossacks daily raid the a hundred miles west of Houston the country and drive the Chinese peasants wind and storm have wrought great havoc, and all chances for a crop have

> Damage Claims From Hawaii. Washington, Sept. 12.—Claims aggregating \$2,300,000 or more have arisen in connection with the efforts made, principally in Hawaii, to prevent the bubonic plague from securing a foothold in this country and its outlying possessions by burning down a considerable part of the Japanese and Chinese quarter, where it was thought the disease might find lodgment. Two thousand Japanese residents are said to have lost their homes, furniture and practically all their belongings. Their loss is estimated at \$300,000. The Chinese loss was estimated at about \$2 .-900,000. The authorities here feel that It is a matter which Hawaii should adjust, but it is hoped that some means may be adopted by co-operation between Washington and Honolulu for

> > DO IT YOURSELF.

adjusting the matter.

You can tell just as well as a physician whether your kidneys are diseased or nealthy. The way to do is to take a bottle or glass tumbler, and fill it with urine. If there is a sediment—a powderlike substance-at the bottom after standing a day and a night, there is something wrong with the kidneys. Another sure sign of disease is a desire to urinate often, and still another sign is pain in the back If urine stains linen, there is no doubt that the kidneys are affected.

Any and all diseases of the kidneys, iver, bladder and of the urinary passages and constipation of the bowels are cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy- There is no question about its being the best and surest medicine in the world for such troubles. It quickly elieves and cures inability to hold urine and people, young or old, who take it are not compelled to get up a number of times during the night. For putting ar end to that scalding pain experienced in passing urine, nothing is so good as Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It corrects the bad effects of whiskey and eer; is plessant to the taste, and does not seam to be medicine at all. Diseases of the kidneys and the bladder often require the use of instruments to push ack the sandy matter so the urine can e voided. In such cases Favorite Remv should be taken without further de lay or the disease may prove fatal. It is sold for one dollar a bottle at all drug

THE M'KINLEY WEDDING. STRIKE CLOUDS GATHER.

The President at Somerset to Witness His Niece's Marriage. Called Out Tomorrow.

A FORTUNE IN WEDDING GIFTS.

The Presents Include a Highly Polished Quarter-Oak Chest, Filled With Silver Tableware From "Un-

Somerset, Pa., Sept. 11.—The president and party arrived here over the Baltimore and Ohio road at 5:30 yesterday afternoon to be present at the wedding of Miss Mabel McKinley, the president's niece, and Dr. Hermanus L. Baer, which takes place tomorrow. In the party were President and Mrs. McKinley, Mrs. Katherine Matthews, of Washington, sister of Mrs. Abner McKinley; secretary to the president, G. B. Cortelyou; Dr. P. M. Rixey, medical inspector of the navy and the president's physician; A. J. Leonard and N. P. Weaver, stenographers; S. B. Hage, general agent of the Baltimore and Ohio passenger department, in charge of the train.

Among other guests expected from a distance are Secretary and Mrs. Gage, Postmaster General and Mrs. Smith, Adjutant General and Mrs. Corbin, Comptroller of the Treasury Dawes, Surgeon General and Mrs. Sternberg, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Crowninshield, Quartermaster and Mrs. Luddington, Governor and Mrs. W. A. Stone, Mrs. Helen McKinley, Miss Grace McKinley, Miss Mary Barber, Miss Sarah Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. John Wilty of Canton, Conessman and Mrs. John Dalzell, Mr. and Mrs. William Gibson of Pittsburg, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Cheney of Bos ton and Frank A. Munsey. It will be a plain, simple wedding.



MISS MABEL M'KINLEY. had been desired to have a swell wedding it could have taken place at the home of the McKinleys in New York

President and Mrs. McKinley's present to the bride is a highly polished quarter-oak chest, with silver mountings, filled with magnificent table silver, including everything that Mr. and Mrs. Baer will need in the way of spoons, forks, knives, carvers and off pieces during their lives. The plate on top of the chest bears the following inscription: "From Uncle William and Aunt Ida, Sept. 12, 1900."

Other presents received by the bride include a generous supply of brilliant jewels, a bewildering assortment in silver and cut glass tableware, unique specimens of the celebrated Favritte glass, solid gold soup spoons with the bride's monogram, M. A. M., artistically moulded in the specially designed pattern, rare pieces of bronze and marble candelabra of wondrous beauty and design, hand decorated china of great beauty and value, almond sets of silver work, salad sets both in silver and china, boullion set of painted china silver bread trays of artistic patterns and great intrinsic value, pieces of antique China and Japanese ware, a mass of table cutlery, weighty pitchers of hammered silver of unique design, silver toilet and manicure sets, an endless variety of rare pieces of bric-abrac and numberless odd pieces of silver, from bon bon dishes to massive urns. In addition to the presents mentioned Miss McKinley has received a large number of articles for her personal adornment, valuable oil paintings, engravings and etchings, table linen of the finest texture and choice

speciments of embroidery.

Saturday it was thought that all of the presents had been received, but vesterday the single expressman of the town was obliged to make two trips from the express office to the McKinley residence in order to deliver Sun-day's accumulations of some fifty packages, large and small. One large room in the McKinley house has been found inadequate to hold the mass of presents, and everything that has arrived since Sunday has been placed in an adjoining room. It would be hard to tell which room contains the largest number or which lot is of the greatest value. There are enough, however, to crowd an immense vault. It is a notice. able fact that all of the presents with few exceptions, those which came from old Ohio and Pennsylvania friends, came from the close New York friends of the family. Less than twenty are from Washington. Many of the presents are unique in that they are not to be found in jewelry or silversmith establishments, but have been made from specially designed patterns.

A Victim of Religious Mania. Lewiston, Me., Sept. 11.-A large aumber of men are searching the woods in this vicinity for Miss Lizzie Bell, daughter of a citizen of Topeka, Kan., who is thought to be suffering from insanity, due to religious excitement. About a week ago Miss Bell, who had been at Shiloh, the institution in Durham, conducted by Evangelist F. W. Sanford, disappeared, but a few days later she was found wandering in the woods ten miles from Lewiston, demented. In a day or two she apparently recovered, but without warning she again disappeared yesterday. Miss Bell is about 21 years of age.

Philadelphia, Sept. 12.—One man was killed and seven others were seriously, some perhaps fatally, injured ously, some perhaps fatally, injured and a number of other men slightly hurt by the bursting of a four-inch steam pipe at the Baldwin locomotive works yesterday. The dead man James Mulcachy, aged 24 years, and the most seriously injured are Dennis Delaney, aged 38; Andrew Burns, 48; James Kelly, 32; Harry McQuinn, 29; Adolph Hoeschler, 34; Patrick McConagle, 36, and James Smith, 25 years, All the injured men, including Mulcachy, were either scalded by escaping steam or burned by live coals, which were blown out of the fire boxes of four boilers by the force of the ex-

stores. It is well worth many times its No Prize Fighting in New Jersey. Jersey City, Sept. 12.—Supreme Court If you wish to test Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy before buying to send your full post office address to the Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper. We will then mail you a sample bottle free, as well as circulars giving full directions for its use. Every reader of the Mostour Remeans and the remainder of the genuineness of this liberal offer and all Justice Gilbert Collins, in charging the genuineness of this liberal offer and all sufferers from kidney troubles should ake advantage once of it at meanor for any one to engage in such sport, whether with or without gloves, or assist or abet such exhibitions.

PRESIDENT MITCHELL'S VIEW. Leader of the United Mine Workers Organization Says That the Strike

Order Seems Now Unavoidable-The

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 12.—Benjamin James stated last night that the United hers would not back down, and that the only outcome would be a strike or a satisfactory adjustment of the miners' grievances. Father Phillips left yesterday afternoon for Philadelphia and Washington. While he refused to say that his mission was to confer with the officers of the National Federation of Labor at the capital, it is believed here that he will make fur-ther efforts to have the trouble in the anthracite coal fields settled in an amfeable manner. There is a rumor affoat that Father Phillips has had a conference with President Mitchell in Beach Favon.

It is reported that about 125 men employed at the Scotch Valley colliery, 15 miles from Hazleton and inacces sible by either telephone or telegraph, have gone out on strike for higher wages. They are not members of the United Mine Workers' organization, and it is expected that the trouble will

be settled in a few days.

The superintendents of the Mineral company and of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, at Shamokin, were notified from their respective executive headquarters yes-terday afternoon that if the men at terday afternoon that if the men at the Cameron, Burnside and Henry Clay collieries go on strike in sufficient number to cause the operations to be closed down, then the mules and iron shall be taken from the control of the control shall be taken from the operations and the latter be abandoned. For some time the collieries had not been paying investments, according to statements by the companies. If the three operations are shut down 3,000 men and boys will be thrown out of em-

the United Mine Workers, arrived at Scranton yesterday direct from the session of the national executive board in Indianapolis, and after learning from tary Dempsey of the unrest and mutterings of discontent regarding the de-lay of the strike order, framed and gave out a statement in which he says:
"I ask al! men to be patient and to not discuss your matters on the street, but do your business in your hall,

which is the proper place. So please remain at work until called upon to stop, and then let all quit and remain idle until your rights have been granted and justice done to all. "The matter is now absolutely in the hands of President Mitchell, to whom was delegated all the power necessary to act in behalf of the board. No man can yet say what that action will be, to be the say what the satisfactory of the say what the satisfactory of the same say what the satisfactory of the same say what the satisfactory of the same say what say what say what say what say we say what say what say we say we say we say what say we 'The matter is now absolutely in the

can yet say what that action will be, but we have confidence enough to know that not until the very last effort at conciliation fails will there be a move on his part not inconsistent with the "How about the funds for the support of the men?" he was asked. "That is a matter about which we are not yet bothered," responded Mr. Dil-cher. "We will dispose of that when

the actual necessity arrives. There is no condition yet which demands of us any levy, and the present conditions are substantially provided for. We control absolutely the bituminous region, and not a pound of coal therefrom will be allowed to enter into compeition with the anthracite market if any conflict results."

STRIKE ORDER PROBABLE. President Mitchell Declares It Seems

Now Unavoidable.

o, Sept. 12.—"I will lea I fail to hear anything from the oper-ators in New York indicative of their willingness to meet us in conference, I shall immediately order a strike." These were the words of John Mitchell president of the United Mine Workers of America, last night.

"It is with the greatest reluctance that I take this step," continued Mr. us to do. It is possible that the operators will at the last moment agree to arbitrate our difficulties, but I must say the prospect is most encouraging.

New York's Democratic Ticket. Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 12.—John B. Stanchfield will be nominated for governor by the Democratic state convention today and his name will be presented to the convention by Judge \$. Taylor, of Chemung. This is the ticket which seems most probable of final acceptance: For governor, John B. Stanchfield of Chemung; lieutenant governor, William F. Mackey of Erie; secretary of state. John T. Norton of Rensselaer; comptroller, Edwin A. Atwater of Dutchess; attorney general, George H. Palmer of Schoharie; treas-George H. Palmer of Schoharie; treasurer, Guy H. Clarke of Madison; engineer and surveyor, Russel A. Stewart of Opendors. urer, Guy H. Clarke of Madison; enof Onondaga.

Five Congressional Nominees. A. M A M P M

Harrisburg.... ar | 1 55 | 3 40 | 9 10 | 3 10 New York, Sept. 12.—Conventions to nominate Republican candidates for congress were held last night in the eight congressional districts of New York county. The results follow: Eighth district, Richard Vancott; Lewistown Jc. " 7 30 9 20 twelfth, Alderman Herbert Persons thirteenth, William R. Wilcox; four-Baltimore..... 11 41 | 4 50 | 8 45 | 11 45 Philadelphia... 11 20 | 4 25 | 8 40 | 12 25 teenth, William H. Douglas; fifteenth, Alderman Elias Goodman. The ninth, Harrisburg... lv 3 35 7 7 55 11 40 4 4 00 Sunbury... ar 5 05 9 36 1 10 5 40 tenth and eleventh districts failed to nominate.

Joined His Brother in Jail. Atlantic City, Sept. 12.—Richard Mathis, of Pleasantville, who was wanted on the charge of being an accessory to the murder of William Matthews, colored, near Pleasantville last Friday, yesterday walked into the local police station and surrendered. He is a brother of John Mathis, now in jail, charged with having killed Mat-thews. He was sent to the county jail to join his brother.

TABLETS Do Destroy Dyspepsia and restore the

bowels and liver to perfectly natural action promptly, or money refunded by any drug-

DIAMOND DIGEST TABLETS for two months past and am practically a well man for the first time in 10 years. Everything I ate distressed me, more or less, and I was all run down from lack of proper nourishment. I am eating everything that comes my way now, without the slightest inconvenience. Two tablets after a hearty meal and one after a light meal seem to thoroughly digest everything, and I am daily gaining flesh. My daughter commenced taking them about two weeks and for constitution. them about two weeks ago for constipation and while they do not act as quickly as some powerful cathartic, they are positive, and much more satisfactory, because they do not gripe or distress her in any way, and the relief seems to be of a permanent nature. All other medicines have left her in worse condition after taking than before. D. V. BERGEN, 27 Boyd Ave., Jersey City.

DIAMOND DIGEST TABLETS and they are the only remedy I have ever found that stops the HEARTBURN. I enclose 50c. for another box. MRS. HENRY CUMMINGS, Pelican Rapids, Minn. Free sample package for two cent stamp. I.B. HUTCHINSON, J. R. WOOD, Diamond Drug Co., 84 W. Broadway, N. Y. Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Pass'n'r Ag

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SUPERIOR ANTHRACITE COAL
P.M. A. M. A.M. P.M
St. 9 30 10 00
Pegg's Coal Yard.
A.W daily o.m. P.M.
10 00 55 8 35 50 Samples of Peggs Coal
10 10 4 00 111 58
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ve 10 3 2 17 3 30 10 Rook Store No 220 Mill
100 100 100
Street, where orders may
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$\frac{8}{10} \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} \frac{3}{10} \frac{49}{355} \dots$ Store with Coal Yard.
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GOING EAST.

spy.... loomsburg....

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE

In Effect May 28th, 1900,

cranton(D&H)lv | A M A.M. PM.P. M | 6 45 | 59 38 | 2 18 | 4 27 | 7 08 f 10 00 | 2 12 | 4 52 |

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p. m. aliman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run ough trains between Sunbury, Williamsp Eric. between Sunbury and Philadelph Washington and between Harrisburg, Pit g and the West.

8 49 3 46 8 35 11 45 3 42 8 27 3 34 8 15 11 30 3 24 8 04 3 13

Office, Removed to Yard on Canal slip, off Ferry St. hulasky - - - 4 49 8 40 umeron 9 20 12 57 4 54 9 10 CORTHUMBERLAND 9 35 1 10 5 08 9 10 Ar. A.M. P. M. P. M. P. M. (formerly Woolley's yard).

PAS PAS. PAS. PAS. PAS. PAS. Robert J. Pegg,

COAL!

COAL DEALER.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY IN EFFECT JUNE 30, 1900.

TRAINS LEAVE DANVILLE

For Philadelphia 11.25 a m.
For New York 11.25 a m.
For New York 11.25 a m.
For New York 11.25 a m., 6.04 p. m.
For Milton 7.42 a, m., 4.00 p m.
For Milton 7.42 a, m., 4.00 p m.
Trains for Baltimore, Washington and the auth leave Twenty-fourth and Chestnut rects, Philadelphia, weekdays—3.23, 7.14, 22 a. m., 12.16 [1.35, 3.03, 4.12, 5.03, 7.25, 8.26 p.
12.21 might. Sandays 3.25, 7.14 a. m., 12.16, 3, 4.12, 5.03, 7.26, 8.29 p.
ATLA NTIC CURY F.

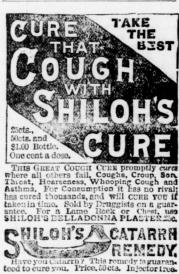
ATLANTIC CITY RAILROAD, ATLANTIC CITY RAILROAD,
Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Wharf
nd South Strøet Wharf.
or ATLANTIC CITY—Weekdays—Express,
8,00, 9,00, 10,45 A. M., (1,00 Saturdays only)
1,30, 2,00, 8,00 (3,40 slxty minutes), 4*00, 4.30,
6,50 60 Minutes), 4*00, 4.30 (5.00 slxty minutes),
5,40 (South St., 5,30) 7.15, 8,30 P. M., Accom6,15 A. M., 5.40 (South St., 5,30) 6,30 P. M., Sundays—Express, 7,30, 8,00, 8,30, 9,00, 10,00, 11.0,
A. M., 4,45, 7,15 P. M. Accom. 6,15 A. M., 5,00
P. M. r. ai. eave ATLANTIC CITY-Weekdays—Express 6.45-Mondays only), 7.00, 7.45, (7.55 from Mas-sachusetts Ave.₂), (8.20, sixty minute) 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 A. M., 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30 P. M. P. M. Accomodation 4.20, 7.05 A. M., 3.50 P. M. Sundays—Express, 8.45 A. M., 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 9.30. P. M. Accom. 7.15 A.M., 4.32 P. M., arior cars on all express trains, or CAPE MAY—Weekdays—8.45, 9.15 A. M., 2.15, 44.10, 5.30 P. M. Sundays—8.45, 9.15 A.M., 5.00 P. M.

2.15, a4.10, 5.30 P. M. Sundays.—8.45, 9.15 A.M. 5.00 P. M.
For OCEAN CITY.—Weekdays.—8.45, 9.15 A. M. d1.50 c.120, 5.30 P. M. Sundays.—8.45, 9.15 A. M., 5.60 P. M. Sundays.—8.45, 9.15 A. M., 5.60 P. M. Sundays.—8.45 A. M., 2.15 c.1.20, 5.40, P. M. Sundays.—8.45 A. M., 5.6 P. M. a South St. 4.16 P. M.; d South St. 1.45 P. M. C. South St. 4.15 P. M.; d South St. 1.45 P. M.
Sundays.—8.45 A. M., daily additional Sunday 7.30 A. M., daily additional Sunday 7.30 A. M. Sea Isle, Sundays.—9.00 A. M., additional Ocean City, only Thursday, 7.00 P. M. A. M. Additional Ocean City, only Thursday, 7.00 A. M., additional Ocean City, only Thursday, 7.00 A. M. A. Additional Ocean City, only Thursday, 7.00 A. M. A. A. A. M. A. T. A. T. C. CITY NEW YORK AND ATLANTIC CITY EXPRESS.

eave NEW YORK (Liberty Street) 3.40 P. M eave ATLANTIC CITY, 8.30 A. M. Detailed time tables at ticket offices.

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