the Proclamation.

FEARS HE WOULD BE EXCEPTED. NINE MILES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Gen. Pio Del Pilar Desires to Become a Good American Citizen-Col. Pettit, Tried by Court Martial, Restored to His Regiment.

Washington, Aug. 14.-Copies of Manila papers received at the war department contain a letter purporting of three words, received at the war described by the contains a letter purporting of three words, received at the war described by the contains a letter purporting of three words, received at the war described by the contains a letter purporting of three words, received at the war described by the contains a letter purporting of three words, received at the war described by the contains a letter purporting of three words. to be from a personal friend of Aguinaldo, which states that the Filipino chief does not take advantage of the amnesty proclamation because some time ago he gave orders to his followers to hreak up into guerrilla hands. time ago he gave orders to his followers to break up into guerrilla bands. The amnesty order excepts those who violated the laws of war and it states that Aguinaldo fears that he would be in the excepted class, should he undertake to surrender under the amnesty proclamation.

The latter is deted at Piac-No-Bato.

personal friends.

dated at San Pedro Macati, states that
Gen. Pio Del Pilar, who recently surIt was deemed hardly likely that the

committed various outrages upon the whole population and kept the people ment, and in the influence it would ex-

less entitled to protection, and to have way and the river. his guilt determined in the regular way by war tribunal. Although the acquit-tal is disapproved, there was nothing Tsin and Ching Chia Wan. The latter tal is disapproved, there was nothing further for Gen. MacArthur to do, and he restored Col. Pettit to his regiment.

Stevedore Strike in Baltimore. Baltimore, Aug. 14.—The strike of the 2,000 union stevedores who went out last week is assuming an ugly aspect an minor disturbances are of daily occurrence. Last night a gang of 15 colored men was attacked as the latter emerged from the Baltimore and Ohio docks at Locust Point, following them several blocks and pelting them with stones and bricks. At the foot of Allen street one of the negroes drew a pistol and fired five shots into the crowd of men, women and boys who were following them. Three of the shots took effect, wounding Henry Pressor, Joseph Benesch and Arthur Raynier. None of the wounds is serious, and the man who did the shooting together with his companions.

Advance For Telegraphers.

Pittsburg, Aug. 14.-After several conferences with the Baltimore and Ohio railroad officials, the Order of Railroad Telegraphers have secured recognition of the order and a re-adjustment of wages and conditions which will mean an advance and betterment to the majority of the 2,000 Baltimore and Ohio system. The readjustment will reduce a few men, but because of a reduction in hours and will be between \$5 and \$10 a month.

New York, Aug. 14.—Announcement has just been made of the death Sunday at the Manhattan State hospital, of this city, of William Steinitz, the chess player. The deceased was born in Prague, May 18, 1837. Since 1862 he had made chess playing his profession. In the great tournament at London in 1872 he gained the world's championship, and held it until 1894, when he was defeated by Emanuel Lasker. Since then he seemed to be on the decline, and his mind began to fail.

LORD CHIEF JUSTICE RUSSELL DEAD. Head of England's Courts Succumbs

to an Operation. London, Aug. 11 .- Lord Russell of Killowen, lord chief justice of England. died yesterday at his residence, Cromwell House, Kensington. He had been suffering from gastric ailment, and the doctors decided upon an operation as the only possible way of saving his life. The operation was performed, but the shock was too much for a man of his advanced years.

Lord Russell was the first Roman Catholic to hold the post of lord chief justice of England in over 300 years



THE LATE LORD RUSSELL. He was appointed to the office in 1894, succeeding Lord Coleridge, and he was claimed to be the most eminent jurist England has been blessed with in the present century. He was born in Ire-and in 1833, and soon after his marriage came to England, where he spent he balance of his life. He served in parliament from 1880 to 1885, and was attorney general in both Gladstone ad-

Texas' Democratic Ticket.

Waco, Tex., Aug. 11.-A full state convention, as follows: For governor oseph D. Sayers; lieutenant governor N. Browning; attorney general Tharles Regan; comptroller, R. M.

ove; superintendent of public instrucion, J. S. Kendall; chief justice sureme court, R. S. Gaines; associate astices, A. L. Williams and John N. lenderson: treasurer, John W. Robins; railroad commissioner, L. J. story. One of the knotty questions be ore the resolutions committee was the lank endorsing the state administraion for issuing a charter to the Vaters-Pierce Oil company after the ompany had been convicted of violating the anti-trust law. The result was nplete victory for the state admin-

Why Aguinaldo Does Not Accept Believed to Be Fairly Within Striking Distance of the City.

Washington, Aug. 14.-The

nesty proclamation.

The letter is dated at Biac-No-Bato, which is said to be the present provisional headquarters of Aguinaldo. It states, however, that Aguinaldo never stays more than one night in a place on the process of the state of the same rate of progress, Chaftee is even now fairly within striking distance of the walls of Pekin. It was a communication which the war department had awaited calmiy, and stirring as the news was that the American force was now nearing the gates and only a few hours in any one location. He allows no one to come near him, except his most intimate and Adjutant General Corbin evinced resonal friends.

A dispatch in one of the papers.

no surprise as it accorded with calculations, although the advance has been

rendered, says he wishes to become a good American citizen, and intends to accept the American terms offered to his people. He said he would like nothing better than to raise a regiment of native Filipinos to serve in China.

Copies of orders received at the war department announce the sentence of Jacinto Ebron, a native. Ebron was sent to the penitentiary for five years. sent to the penitentiary for five years.

The order states that Ebron was a member of a band of outlaws operating in Cagayan province, Luzon, which Chinese hordes had not been sufficient

the constant state of terror.

The orders also contained the acquital of Col. James S. Pettit, Thirty-first volunteer infantry, who was charged with being responsible for the death of a prisoner named Juan Ramos sang and then Yangtsun. It has gone by turning him over to the president of steadily forward along the left bank of Zamboanga. The findings and the acquittal are disapproved by Gen. Macquittal are disap Arthur, who says that, notwithstand- Yangtsun the railway crosses the river, ing the alleged character of the prison- and branches off to the west. Now the er, which tended to reveal him as a forces have left the railway far in the rear, and are depending upon the high-

Ho Si Wu is a place of considerable slace and Tung Chow are the two cities f considerable size in the line of adance after leaving Ho Si Wu. It is surounded by orchards and gardens and not a place likely to have afforded prortunity for strong defence. It is the highest point on the Pei river where the river water is depended on, as the native wells are the source of

supply on the balance of the route to Pekin. One of the chief sources of congratulation among officials is that the fan-cied hordes of China has not materialized or at least have not prevented the international column from drawing close to the gates of Pekin.

Shortly after this dispatch arrived, another mesage from Gen. Chaffee, far more lengthy, gave the melancholy result of the fight at Yangtsun. The casualty list was given in detail, with the additional information that the dead had been buried at Yangtsun and that the wounded had been sent back to the hospital at Tien Tsin. The reply of the United States gov-

ernment to China's overtures of peace shows that a firm and final position has been taken. A specific statement of what the United States expects as a condition precedent to a cessation of hostilities, is that a body of the relief work to be begun on the road at once. force be permitted to "enter Pekin unmolested" and escort the ministers or more operators employed on the back to Tien Tsin. Exchanges between the various powers have been going on constantly, and as a result the officials have the satisfaction of knowing that work. In some instances the advance the position of the United States had the approval and support of all the great powers.

BATTLE OF YANGTSUN.

Heaviest Losses Sustained by the American Troops. London, Aug. 14.—The Shanghai correspondent of The Daily Express, wiring yesterday, says: "The allies, at noon Saturday, were within 20 miles

of Pekin." As Gen. Chaffee's report, which is the only authentic news received here regarding the advance, located the inernational forces about 40 miles from Pekin on Friday, it seems probable that this Shanghai report is optimistic. It is scarcely likely that the allies could advance 20 miles in as many

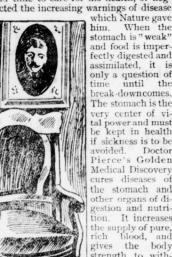
A Yangtsun dispatch, dated Aug. 7, riving details regarding the capture of that place, says:
"The Russians and French held the

left, the British the center, the Ameri-cans the right center, and the Japanese the extreme right. The British and Americans advanced on the village at a rapid rate for 5,000 yards, under a severe shell and rifle fire. The Rus sians opened and the British-American advance became a race for positions, culminating in a brilliant charge.

"The neavest loss of the day was sustained by the Americans, the Fourteenth infantry having nine killed, 62 wounded and several missing. The Bengal lancers unsuccessfully attempt

## **Symbols of Success**

A vacant chair and a portrait on the wall—strange symbols of success! Yet, in many a home these are the symbols of the success of the man who did not find time to care for his health, or neglected the increasing warnings of disease



sickness is to be Medical Discovery It increases of that country to the United States. gives the body strength to with-stand the strain put upon it by the

The sluggish liver made active by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Russian guns shelled the Fourteenth United States infantry during the

night, wounding ten."
The Daily Mail's St. Petersburg correspondent says: "No prisoners were taken by the Russians. Wholesale massacre was the order of the day, and when the battle was over, the Cos-sacks rode over the field, killing all This is the Deduction From the Lat-

The press of England remarks on the ability of the American government to the Marches Are Ucino Made-May secure new ahead of the rest of the world. "It is to Gen. Chaffee," says The Daily News, "that we are again in-debted for news from the front. Not a single dispatch from Sir Alfred Gaselee has thus far been issued by the war

CHINA'S EMPRESS DOWAGER.

Is Advised by Her Minister in Ger-

many Not to Leave Pekin.

Berlin, Aug. 14.—At the Chinese legation in Berlin the press correspondent was informed that the empress dowager had declared her intention to leave Pekin and to transfer her court to another city before the allied forces reached the capital. Lu Hai Houan, the Chinese minister here, on learning of this intention, telegraphed to both the empress dowager and the emperor not to leave Pekin, but quietly to await the arrival of the international forces. The Chinese protest against the landing of troops at Shanghai has been officially received here. A foreign office official, discussing it, said this afternoon: "The protest is here, but who pays any attention now to Chinese protests?" Great Britain, according to the German foreign office, has not given any other declaration of purpose in landing troops at Shanghai than the declaration made by the British consul general to the other foreign consuls

Russian Minister's Report. St. Petersburg, Aug. 14.—M. DeGiers, Russian minister in Pekin, reports in cipher, under date of Aug. 4, as follows: "The Chinese government recently applied to us and to all the foreign representatives in order to arrange the date and conditions of our journey to Tien Tsin. We replied that we required instructions from our governments, without which we could not leave our posts. I consider it my duty to point out, as indispensible to our journey, as the allied troops sent as an escort should be of sufficient force to protect 800 Europeans, including 200 women and children, and 50 wounded. The families of the imperial mission and the Russian colony are well.'

SUFFERING PORTO PICANS.

Laborers With Their Families Make

Long March For Work. San Juan, P. R., Aug. 14.-More than a hundred laborers, with their wives and children, reached this city yesterday morning, after two day's of weary marching, without food, from San Lorenzo, a distance of 27 miles. The procession, made up of all shades and conditions, led by a colored woman with an American flag and carrying banners on which was inscribed the words "Give us work," marched quietly through the city to the executive man-

sion, where a halt was made. The spokesman then called upon Civil Governor Hunt and explained that the object of the visit was to ask the government to open a road between Caguas and San Lorenzo, thus enabling the laboring classes of the district to get a livlihood. He pointed out that at present there was no work of any kind in that district, and that the people, who were wholly dependent upon their daily earnings, were without bread and were suffering.

Mr. Hunt promised that the gov-

ernment would do all in its power to relieve the situation. The delegation immediately retired, and the procession left the city an hour after it had and for the employment of as many from the district. Official investigation shows that the district in question is very badly off and that no work of any sort has been in operation there for

The Coal Miners' Convention. Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 14.-At yesterday afternoon's session of the miners' convention President Mitchell spoke at some length on conditions in the anthracite region. He said that this was the most important gathering of mine workers since the death of John Siney. He told the men to organize to have their wages properly adjusted, secure a lower rate on powder and have the dockage system abolished. A committee will report today on the scale of wages the mine workers will demand shall be paid in the three districts of the anthracite region,

Susquehanna. Bryan and G. A. R. Encampment. Chicago, Aug. 14.—The Chronicle says: "Colonel W. J Bryan will not be in Chicago on Tuesday, Aug. 28, the day of the great parade of the Grand Army of the Republic. Rather than embarras President McKinley by a counter demonstration, the Democratic nominee for the chief magistracy will defer his arrival to the next day or perhaps two days latter. This decision was reached after Mr. Bryan was made acquainted with the program and the part to which he was assigned by Executive Director Harper.

namely, the Lackawanna, Luzerne and

London, Aug. 14.—The Boers have left Machadodorp, according to the Lorenzo Marquez correspondent of The Daily Mail, and occupied Watervalonder in force. A considerable portion of Commandant General Louis Botha's camp and stores at Dalmanthua was destroyed by fire on Sunday. According to another special dispatch Barberton has been proclaimed the new seat of the Transvaal government.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 14.—According to a decree of the trades and labor council, union men cannot hereafter serve in the militia. This is the outgrowth of the salmon fishermen's strike, during which the militia was called out to prevent the strikers from attacking the Japanese fishermen who broke the deadlock by accepting the terms offered by the can-

Troops Again at Fort Myer. Washington, Aug. 14.—The post at Fort Myer, Va., which has been deserted practically since the departure of the Sixth cavalry, for San Francisco es diseases of stomach and home of a squadron of the Fifth

cavalry. These troops have been sta-tioned in Porto Rico since the cession

Inster Mechanic Meets Death For Dispersing Crap Shooters. Pittsburg, Aug. 13.-Jasper Houston master mechanic for Eigemann & Hellerback, contractors on the new gov-ernment dam near Sewickley, was murdered in cold blood yesterday by William Fobbs and another called "Rag Time." Houston, who had charge of the plant, ordered a crowd of negro crap shooters to disperse. As he turned around Fobbs, who held a revolver in his hand, shot him in the side near the heart. Fobbs and "Rag Time" jumped on the wounded man, eat him over the head with the butts

of their revolvers until he was uncon-

Ind., where he has a wife and child.

Multi-Millionaire Suddenly Stricken at His Mountain Camp.

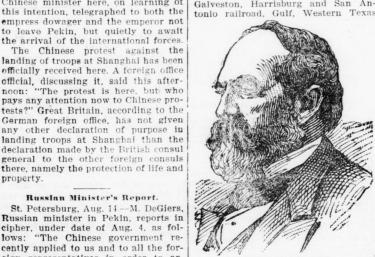
CAREER OF A SELF-MADE MAN.

Began as a Peddler of Tinware and Amassed a Fortune Estimated at Eighty-two Miljion Dollars-His Many Enterprises.

Racquette Lake, N. Y., Aug. 15 .-Collis P. Huntington, the railway mag-nate and multi-millionaire, died suddenly yesterday morning at his camp in the Adirondacks. He was stricken without warning. Before assistance could be summoned he expired, it is

presumed of heart disease.

Mr. Huntington at the time of his death was president and director of the following: The Southern Pacific rail-road, the Pacific Mail Steamship company, Southern Pacific Railroad company of California and the Guatemala Railroad company, and director of the California Pacific railroad, Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio railroad, Gulf, Western Texas



and Pacific railway, Louisiana Western railroad, Mexican International railroad, Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad and Steamship company, Newport News Light and Water company, New York, Texas and Mexican railroad, Old Dominion Steamship company, Old Dominion Land com-pany, Oregon and California railroad, Western Union Telegraph company, Detroit Gas company, Fuente Coal company and Metropolitan Trust com-pany, of New York. His aggregate wealth was \$82,000,000.

These are said to be some of Collis

P. Huntington's properties: Three-quarter interest in the Southern Pacific, \$45,000,000; Newport News ship-yard \$10,000,000; Rockaway Beach possessions, \$1,000,000; Hotels Del Monte, Del Norte, Castle Crag and Arcadia, \$10,000,000; New York city estates, \$5,-000,000; San Francisco estates, \$4,000,-000: the Pacific Improvement company,

The boyhood of Collis P. Huntington was spent in Harwinton, Litch-field county, Conn., where he was born Oct. 22, 1821, in an old fashioned, dilapidated house in the poverty hill district. His mother was a hard working Christain woman, but the father was a man in whose makeup ambition had no part. He was a "tinker" and traveled about the country mending umbrellas and sharpening razors. The inincome of the elder Huntington was far too meager to supply the wants of his large family, and when Collis was ten years old the parents separated, Mrs. Huntington going to make her own living and the children being placed with families in the town. Collis made his home with the family of Orson Barbier.

Young Huntington was not a parhis teacher, Russell Wilson, and threshold long enough to bid goodbye to his schoolmates and to his teacher in a bit of verse which furnished considerable amusement for the pupils and a good deal of discomfort for the teacher. This hasty leave taking occurred just before Mr. Huntington was 14 years of age. He then went on the road as a peddler of tinware. He never again returned to Harwinton to make his home. Fifteen years ago he returned to his native town and erected memorial granite chapel to his

Cuban Bandit Shot.

Santiago de Cuba, Aug. 14.-Parejita, the well known bandit, was killed vesterday at Palma Soriano, about 20 miles from Santiago. He was shot by a corporal of the rural guard, under command of Col Vaillant This outlaw, who was a Cuban mulatto, had been terrorizing the country for several years. He was a thoroughly desperate character and had committed numerous murders. In his possession was found a Springfield rifle, which was identified as the property of a private of the rural guard recently

New York, Aug. 14.—C. F. W. Neely, who is accused of embezzling Cuban postal funds, was not extradited, as was expected. A respite until Sept. 7 has been obtained for him through an appeal to the United States supreme court. The appeal will he heard in Washington on the day men-

DO IT YOURSELF.

You can tell just as well as a physician whether your kidneys are diseased or healthy. The way to do is to take a bot-tle or glass tumbler, and fill it with urine. If there is a sediment -a powderlike abstance—at the bottom after standing day and a night, there is something rong with the kidneys. Another sure ign of disease is a desire to urinate often and still another sign is pain in the back. f urine stains linen, there is no doubt that the kidneys are affected.

Any and all diseases of the kidneys liver, bladder and of the urinary passag

es and constipation of the bowels are cur-ed by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy- There is no question about its being the best and surest medicine in the world for such troubles. It amckl relieves and cures inability to hold urme and people, young or old, who take it and people, young or old, who take it are not compelled to get up a number of times during the night. For putting an end to that scalding pain experienced in passing urine, nothing is so good as Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It corrects the bad effects of whiskey and beer; is pleasant to the taste, and does not seam to be medicine at all. Diseases of the kidneys and the bladder often require the use of instruments to push back the sandy matter so the urine can

price.

If you wish to test Dr. David Kenne-ly's Favorite Remedy before buying to send your full post office address to the Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper. We will then mail you a sample bottle free, as well as circulars giving full directions or its use. Every reader of the Monof their revolvers until he was unconscious and then escaped up the river. Houston lived only a few minutes. Houston came here from Rockford, Ind., where he has a wife and child.

## Another Yangtsung special says: "Owing to a mistake, British and C. P. HUNTINGTON DEAD. | CONFIDENTIAL MESSAGE

Mr. Conger Sends Cipher Cablegram Which Is Kept Secret.

NO NEWS FROM GENERAL CHAFFEE

Assault on Pekin, Yet Officials Are Hopeful That a Solution May Soon Be Reached.

Washington, Aug. 15.-The state de partment gave out the following of-ficial announcement last evening: "The department of state announce that a message from Minister Conger has been received but of uncertain sent to him on Aug. 8. It will not be made public." This came at the conclusion of a

period of intense expectancy, and yet one devoid of any actual developments,

save in the foregoing meagre an-nouncement. Minister Conger's message was received in Washington shortly before noon, coming first to the Chinese legation by the usual route through Chinese officials. It was in the American cipher, without date, and signed with the minister's name.

It was stated authoratively that while the message was of a confidential character, and for that reason could not and would not be given out, vet as a means of allaying possible misinterpretation, it could be said that the dispatch showed neither a better condition nor a worse condition on the part of the legationers at Pekin. It did not indicate whether Minister Conger has, or has not, received any messages from this government. Nothing was contained in the message which will cause any change in the instructions

to Gen. Chaffee.

No word came from Gen. Chaffee as to the development of the military sitnation near Pekin, nor did Admiral Remey send anything on the situation. The officials are taking into account that an advance even up to Pekin leaves much to be accomplished in a military way. It was stated yesterday by an official who has lived at Pekin that nothing short of the heaviest artillery could make any impression upon the walls of the imperial city. He said light artillery would be of no avail, and for this reason the advance of a flying column, even up to the walls of the city, could effect little if stubborn defense were determined upon. The walls are some 50 feet high, and wide enough on top for two coaches to pass abreast. From an offensive standpoint the walls afford opportunity for planting guns, while from a defensive standpoint they could not be breached. except by the use of very heavy pro-

Although the situation admits of the prospect of an assault upon Pekin, yet government officials were decidedly more hopeful yesterday that a solution of the Chinese problem would be found without recourse to such heroic measares. The improved feeling is based largely on the belief that China, re alizing that her sacred capital is about to be besieged by the armies of the world, will yield everything, and that the legations will be delivered on the

terms of the allies.

While the war department has no specific information as to the future movements of Gen. Chaffee it is thought that he may have covered the 20 miles between Ho Si Wu and Tung Chow. Here are stored the immense supplies of grain on which Pekin would depend in case of siege. The city would be almost as hard to carry as was Tien Tsin, probably more so, owing to the labyrinth of streets and houses out-side its walls, where, in case of determined resistance, mines and ambu-scades of all sorts would naturally be encountered at every street corner. In case a determined stand is made by the Chinese at this point, there is no ticularly bright student in his school days, and the last day he attended a will be forced to wait and form all the days, and the last day he attended a school of any sort he had trouble with his teacher. Russell Wilson and officials here are very much in hope that China will come to terms before our forces are to the extremity of forcing this key to the gates of Pekin.

> AGAIN ATTACKING LEGATIONS. Which Have Few Defendants-Exodus of Residents.

London, Aug. 15.—A special dis patch from Shanghai, dated Aug. 13 says numerous reports from Pekin, dated Aug. 6, have arrived there, describing the situation at the Chinese capital. It appears the Chinese are again desperately attacking the lega-tions, which had very few defenders left. It is also alleged that Prince Tuan and a hundred high officials have left Pekin and that the news of the capture of Yangtsun caused a heavy exodus of the residents.

Finally, it is said that the execu tion of Cheng Yin Husn, the Canton ese, who was special ambassador fron China to Queen Victoria's jubilee, has created widespread terror, and it is believed to be a fact that Yu Lu, the vormer viceroy of Chi Li, was killed in battle at Yangtsun.

The only news which takes the advance upon Pekin further than Ho Si Wu comes from Paris. The London morning papers contain nothing to confirm the French report that the although a Chefoo dispatch is printed saying that they were within 27 miles of the goal on Saturday.

Confirming the report of the arrival of the international forces at Ho Si Wu, The Daily Mail's correspondent adds: "The Chinese offered little real on

position. The arrival of the allies frus trated a determined attempt to divert the course of the river. The heat is intense, but health of the troops is good.' A St. Petersburg special says: "The latest news from Gen. Linevitch, commanding the Russian troops in the Province of Pe Chi Li, is that the allies, after the capture of Yangtsun 7, a vanguard was formed, consisting of one Siberian regiment, one regiment of Bothnia Cossacks, three battalions of Japanese infantry, one Japanese Sapper company, and an American mounted battery.

"In spite of the condition of the road, this column proceeded by forced marches about 11½ versts toward Pekin, encountering at Mantuang, about 49 miles from the capital, Chinese detachment which fought for an hour and a half. Finally the Chinese threw down their arms and fled n a panic.

the allies started forward in three columns, with Cossacks in front and on the flank." The Chinese minister in London, Sir

Chih Chen Lofeng Luh, is quoted as saying that he hoped and believed that peace would be established between China and the powers within the next six weeks. Yesterday he transmitted to the British foreign office another message from the British minister in Pekin, Sir Claude MacDonald, the conthe British foreign office another meso be voided. In such cases Favorite Rem-edy should be taken without further de-lay or the disease may prove fatal. It is sold for one dollar a bottle at all drug stores. It is well worth many times its "The allied troops," says the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times,

> position. The artillery is being moved satisfactorily, in spite of the bar in repairing.
> The German armored cruiser Fuerst Bismarck, with the German trans ports Wittekind and Frankfurt, rived at Tsing Tau vesterday and pro ceeded immediately for Taku

chang, without meeting any great op

nding of British troops at Shanghai

tically eliminating the United States from the question. Neither the French nor the German government is dis-posed to accept calmly the landing of posed to accept calmiy the landing of British troops, and it is understood that strong representations, both from France and Germany, are now being made at London. As summed up by a well informed diplomat, these repre-sentations in effect are that for every pritish marker landed at Shanghai British marine landed at Shanghai. France and Germany also would land a marine. It is felt, moreover, that the issue involved relates not only to Shanghai, but virtually to the control of the entire Yangtse Kiang valley, known as the Paradise of China.

Indemnity For American Lives. Washington, Aug. 15.—A high government official said yesterday that the indemnity which the United States would demand for every American citizen killed or maimed by the Chinese during the present trouble would be sufficiently comfortable to support their families for the remainder of their lives. "This government does not want a province, a town, village, or a single square foot of Chinese territory as indemnity," said the official, who is close to the president. "There is but one indemnity which they can give our people, and that is a monetary indem-nity to the families of their American

Skeletons Found in the Klondike Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 15.—The managers of the Charleston party, engaged in stringing the All Canadian telegraph wires to Dawson, returned telegraph wires to Dawson, returned yesterday from sections of the Klondike country where it was thought that the foot of white man had never trod before. Near Pike river, in a dense forest, they found the skeletons of 12 horses in a clearing. Further on there was a complete saw mill and several houses. In the cabins there was no human being, but all were stocked with provisions, and besides there were lying around overalls, grind-stones and axes. It is supposed the party owning the things were frozen to death. The outfit was found 40 miles off an old Indian trail.

Sault Ste Marie, Mich., Aug. 15.—The schooner Maida, bound down in tow of the steamer Matoa, and loaded with a cargo of iron ore, parted her wheel chains when abreast of the Sailor's Enday afternoon and went aground across the channel, completely block-ing navigation for loaded boats for Lake Superior. The Maida brought u in almost exactly the same position where the steamer Douglass Houghton was sunk across the channel last year Lake Superior for over a week and cost the business interests over

Criticizing the Exchequer Loan. London, Aug. 15.—Truth, Henry Labouchere's paper, replying to some of the criticism upon the placing of a large portion of the exchequer loan in the United States, says: "We can see nothing degrogotary in selling the bonds to America. It is an indication of the enormous growth of wealth in the United States. Nor would we be surprised if in view of their continued prosperity, our American cousins were to act as our bankers in the future in a good many instances. We can see no harm in such a relation." Policeman Shot Quelling a Row.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 15.—While quelling a row at an Italian saloon in Dunmore last night, Policeman James Golden was shot twice through the body by Tony Long and will probably die. After the first shot which it is sup-

Washington, Aug. 15.-Ex-Representative George W. Shonk, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., died at the St. James' hotel here yesterday morning from heat prostration. He arrived here Sunday and immediately retired to his room. complaining of feeling badly. Medical assistance was summoned but the former congressman never rallied, His brother, A. D. Shonk, has come to take charge of the remains.

Senator Mason For McKinley. Seattle, Wash., Aug. 15.—Senator W. E. Mason, of Illinois, who has arrived here from Alaska, announced his intention to support President Mc-Kinley, and in two weeks will begin campaigning in Illinois. Gen. Joe Wheeler Saves the Life of

Presidential Candidate's Son. Chicago, Aug. 14.—General Joseph Wheeler, commander of the department of the lakes vesterday saved the life of William Jennings Bryan, Jr., the 12-year-old son of the Democratic candidate for the presidency. The lad visited Gen. Wheeler and the latter, after his first greeting, turned to his amuse himself as best he might. Young Bryan found a loose chair caster and big bundle of rubber bands. These he tied into a long string and then, securing the caster to the bottom, went to a window and began bouncing the piece of iron up and down on the sidewalk, 70 feet below.

The general, engrossed with his labors, paid no attention to the boy who gradually became so intent in his play that he leaned farther and farther out of the casement of the window. "Fighting Joe" happened to glance up a few moments later and was horrified to see the lad hanging with his whole body over the sidewalk and only the toes of his shoes visible, clutching the angle of the window. He sat aghast for a moment. Then, rushing to the window he pulled the lad in by his legs and landed him safely on the floor. Speaking of the occurrence afterward Gen. Wheeler acknowledged that Young Bryan was within an inch of being dashed to death on the pavement below when he caught sight of him.

A SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY.

ver endorsed by prominent physicians.



"having, on Aug. 9, occupied Ho Si Wu, have now moved on toward Mu-DIAMOND DRUGCO..82-86 W. B'way, N. Y.

> PENNY HEADACHE CURE. aly wonderful discovery containing f the dangerous drugs found in ALL R headache remedies.

One Tablet Cures One horrible Headache in just One Minute, for only One Cent—GUARANTEED. Ask your Druggist for Strong's Penny Headache Tablets. D., L. & W. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

In Effect September 1st, 1899

GOING WEST

				-	
NEW YORK.	P.M.	А. М.	A. M.		P.M
Barclay St. Lv.	9 30		10 00		
Cristopher St	9 30		10 00		
Hoboken	9 45		10 15		
scrantonAr	2 30		1 52		
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		daily		P.M.	
SCRANTON	A. M	10 00	o.M.	9 25	
Pollowno		10 00	55	3 40 3 45	50
Bellevue			0.00	3 45	$5^{50}$
Taytorville		10 15	2 03	3 52	
Lackawanna		10 23	2 10	3 55	
Duryea		10 26	2 13	3 59	
Pittston		10 3	2 17	4 02	
Susquehanna Ave		10 35	2 20	4 05	
West Pittston	6 5	10 39	2 24		
Wyoming	7 0	10 44	2 29	4 09	0.14
Forty Fort				4 13	
Bennett	7 0	10 52	2 36	4 16	6 30
Kingston	71	10 56	2 42		6 36
Kingston	7 1	10 56	2 44	4 28	6 38
Plymouth June	7 1		2 47	4 3)	
Plymouth	7 2	11 05	2 52	4 35	
Avondale	7 2		2 57		
Nanticoke	7 3	11 13	3 02		
Hunlock's	7.3	11 19	3 10		6 58
Shickshinny	7.5	11 30	3 24		7 10
Hick's Ferry	8.0	f11 43	3 35		
Beach Faven	8 1	11 48	3 42		32
Berwick	8.1	11 54	3 49		38
Briar Creek	f8 2	11	f 3 55		
Lime Ridge	8 3	f12 09	4 04		7 53
Espy	8 3	12 15	4 11		8 03
Bloomsburg	8 4	12 22	4 17		8 08
Rupert	8 50	12 27	4 23		8 14
Catawissa	8 56	12 32	4 29		8 10
Danville	9 10	12 47	4 42		8 37
Chulasky			4 49		
Uameron	9 20	12 57	4 54		8 46
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 35	1 10	5 08		
	A.M.	P. M.			
2211					

GOING EAST.

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Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P and E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren Jorry, and Erie. PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD,

TIME TABLE In Effect May 28th, 1900, Ceranton (D&H) | A M A.M. | PM.P. M § 6 45 §9 38 2 18 §4 27 7 08 f 10 00 § 2 12 4 52 posed missed fire the policeman made a dash for Long and dealt him a blow across the face with his baton and closed with hin. Before he could disarm his prisoner, the other two shots laid him low and Long escaped. He is still at least 1.00 km shots 1South Danville " 9 14 12 38 4 53 7 51 Sunbury..... " 9 35 1 00 5 15 8 15

Sunbury ..... lv | 9 50 § 1 55 | 5 25 | 8 31 Harrisburg... ar | 11 30 § 3 15 | 6 55 10 10 Lewistown Jc. : Pittsburg.....

work, and allowed the youngster to Pittsburg.....ar | 6 55 | 1130 | 1 50 5 30 .... Lewistown Je. " ..... 7 30 ..... 7 30 ..... 3 10 5 00 Washington...lv | P. M. A M A M A M | A M | Washington...lv | 10 40 ...... | 7 45 | 10 50 Washington... IV | 10 40 ..... | 27 45 Baltimore..... | 11 41 | 4 50 | 8 45 Philadelphia... | 11 20 | 4 25 | 8 40 A. M. A. M. A. M. P. M. Harrisburg.... lv | 3 35 | 7 55 211 40 2 4 00 Sunbury..... ar | 5 05 | 9 36 1 10 2 5 40 P. M. A M A M P M 

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 8.05

 Pottsville
 11.30 2.08 6.30 9.05
 

Plym'th Ferry f 12 02 3 57 f 7 55 Wilksbarre . . . . 9 05 12 10 4 05 8 00 Pittston(D&H) ar | A M | P M | P M | 4 52 | 8 36 | Scranton " " | 10 08 | 1 18 | 5 20 | \$9 05

Weekdays. I Daily. f Flag station. Additional Train leaves Hazleton 5.15 p. m., ombleken 5.25 p. m., Fern Glen 5.43 p. m., ock Glen 5.50 p. m., arriving at Catawissa

Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Pass'n'r Ag.

COAL!

SUPERIOR ANTHRACITE COAL

Pegg's Coal Yard.

Samples of Peggs Coal may be seen at Brown's Book Store, No. 229 Mill Street, where orders may be left, and all desired information obtained.

Local telephone line connects Brown's Book Store with Coal Yard.

Office, Removed to Yard on Canal slip, off Ferry St. (formerly Woolley's yard).

Robert J. Pegg,

COAL DEALER.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY

IN EFFECT JUNE 30, 1900. TRAINS LEAVE DANVILLE TRAINS LEAVE DANVILLE

(weekdays only)

For Philadelphia II, 25 a m.,
For New York II, 25 a m., 6.04 p. m.
For Nawwissa II, 25 a m., 6.04 p. m.
For Milton 7.42 a. m., 4.09 p. m.
For Milton 7.42 a. m., 4.09 p. m.
Trains for Baltimore, Washington and the South leave Twenty-fourth and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, weekdays—3.3, 7.14, 10.22 a. m., 12.16, 1.33, 3.03, 4.12, 5.03, 7.26, 8.26 p. m., 12.21 night. Sandays 3.23, 7.14 a. m., 12.16, 1.33, 4.12, 5.03, 7.26, 8.26 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY RAILROAD, Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Wharf and South Street Wharf. and South Street Wharf.

For ATLANTIC CITY—Weekdays—Express, 8.00, 9.00, 10.45 A. M., (1.00 Saturdays only) 1.30, 2.00, 8.00, 63.40 sixty minutes, 4.00, 4.30, (5.00 69 Minutes), 4.00, 4.30, (6.00 sixty minutes) 5.40 (South St., 5.30) 7.15, 8.30 P. M., Accom. 6.15 A. M., 5.40 (South St., 5.30) 6.30 P. M., Sundays—Express, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 A. M., 4.45, 7.15 P. M. Accom. 6.15 A. M., 5.00 P. M.

2. M. 2007 (a.45 ANTIC CITY-Weekdays—Express (b.45 Mondays only), 7.00, 7.45, (7.55 from Massachusetts Ave.,) (8.20, sixty minute) 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 A. M., 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30 P. M. P. M. Accomodation 4.20, 7.05 A. M., 3.50 P. M. Sundays - Express, 8.45 A. M., 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 9.30. P. M. Accom. 7.15 A.M., 4.32 P. M. Parlor cars on all express trains. For CAPE MAY – Weekdays--8.45, 9.15 A. M., 2.15, a4.10, 5.30 P. M. Sundays--8.45, 9.15 A.M. 5.00 P. M. For OCEAN CITY--Weekdays--8.45, 9.15 A. M. dl.50 ct.20, 5.30 P. M Sundays--8.45, 9.15 A. M., 5.00 P. M. A. M., 5,00 P. M.
For SEA ISLE CITY—Weekdays—9.15 A. M.
2.15 ct.20, 5:40, P. M. Sundays—4.45 A. M.,
5.46 P. M. a South St. 4.00 P. M.; b South St.
1.45 P. M.; c South St. 4.15 P. M.; d South St.
1.45 P. M.; o South St. 4.15 P. M.; d South St.
1.45 P. M.; o South St.
1.45 P. M.; d South St.
1.4

NEW YORK AND ATLANTIC CITY EXPRESS. EAPRESS.

Leave NEW YORK (Liberty Street) 3.40 P. M

Leave ATLANTIC CITY, 8.30 A. M.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices.

I. A. SWEIGARD, EDSON J WEEKS
Gen. Superintendent. General Agent.

S ccident



Washington, Aug. 15.—The question f making the permanent repairs on the Oregon at home instead of in Japan has been discussed by some of the au-thorities of the navy department, and may result in her being brought back to the Pacific coast. The repairs, so far as the department is informed, will amount to \$200,000, and it has been urged that, as the run to San Francisco can be made in sixteen days it would be better to have the Oregon repaired where she was built, and where the department will feel that an absolutely satisfactory job can be done, rather than to have her laid up four months at the Kure docks.

The Pope to the C. T. A. U. New York, Aug. 15.—The convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America, held recently in Philadelphia, received the official approbation at Catawissa of the pope. The pontifical approba-tion comes in the following cable dis-patch: "The sentiments of filial de-Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on Fullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Eric. between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the West. For further information apply to Ticket Agents

J. B. HUTCHINSON,

J. R. WOOD,

the holy father. He accordingly most lovingly gives them his blessing