

SEEK INSURANCE AGAINST ILLNESS

Movement Started to Protect Workers in State.

WANTS MATTER INVESTIGATED

Bill Presented for Appointment of a Commission to Look Into Feasibility of Question—Notes of Doings Among Lawmakers.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 5.—For the purpose of studying the possible workings of a system of health insurance in Pennsylvania, Representative Vickerman, of Allegheny county, has introduced a bill calling for the appointment of a state commission to investigate the feasibility of a plan to meet the ordinary illnesses and disabilities of Pennsylvania workers as the compensation law aids them to bear the burdens of accidental injuries or deaths. They would investigate the amount of sickness among the workers of the state, the loss to the individuals and to the public through time lost during illness. The adequacy of the present methods of treatment and care of sickness would be studied, the extent to which mutual, fraternal or insurance companies aid employees to sustain the losses caused thereby and the lessened efficiency of workers caused by the avoidable ailments.



HON. WILLIAM C. SPROUL, Dean of Senate, Who Was Tendered a Big Dinner Recently.

But in addition to gathering complete data and information on the above points, the commission will also be charged with the duty of recommending ways and means for the better protection of employees from accidents as well, and in their report, which is to be made in 1919, they will be called upon to advise whether the time is ripe for Pennsylvania to adopt health insurance.

Bill Would Establish System.

Another bill in the legislature, however, aims toward establishing such a system of compensation immediately, by insuring all wage-earners making less than \$100 a month to the extent of two-thirds their wage, the compensation fund being obtained through a two-fifths contribution by both the employer and employer and one-fifth contribution from the state.

Many members of the medical profession favor health insurance as a means to the more scientific co-operation of the public and private agencies concerned with promoting the health of the worker. Whether the latter result is attained to any great extent is problematical, but the system has at least the merit of teaching the value of thrift to those whose improvidence and lack of foresight prevent their accumulation of any reserve fund to meet the workers' rainy day. But at the present stage of the legislation it looks as if the investigation would precede the establishment of a system of state insurance against sickness to take its place alongside the state's system of insurance against accidents.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

There will be a hearing early next week on the pure macaroni bill.

The governor has vetoed the Catlin bill placing boxing under state regulation.

Final adjournment is not expected before the latter part of June or early in July.

No session was held on Constitution day and legislators "did their bit" in rounding up eligibles to register.

The senate insurance committee gave a hearing last week to the Crow bill placing non-secret insurance lodges under the state insurance department. There was considerable argument for and against the measure.

After much cutting and changing generally, the house appropriation committee reported out the following amounts for the big colleges: University of Pennsylvania, \$1,000,000; State College, \$1,500,000; University of Pittsburgh, \$750,000; Temple University, \$200,000.

A dinner was tendered Senator Sproul on Tuesday evening of last week at the Harrisburg club by Senator Vane and other members of the upper branch. It proved one of the biggest social affairs held in the capital city. All senators and officials were present.

BOTH BRANCHES PASS GAME CODE

Only Thing Remains is Signature of Governor.

MOST PROGRESSIVE MEASURE

Amendments Inserted That Restrict Bag Limits and Prevents Sale of Feathers and the Killing of Game Birds in December.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 5.—The new game code is now up to the governor for approval or disapproval. By a big majority the house last week concurred in the amendments made by the senate. As it was finally passed the new code is the best and most complete game law ever adopted for the commonwealth. It comprises within the one act all the important and essential points of some fifteen separate game laws that formerly ornamented the statute books of the state, and sets forth completely the methods which shall be used, the legal seasons, the bag limits, the restrictions on transportation and sale of game and all other points of interest to the hunter.

The amendments restricting the bag limits and preventing the sale of feathers and the killing of game birds in December were put in by the senate at the instance of the organized sportsmen under the leadership of the Wild Life League of Pennsylvania, as were also other protective features.

Open Seasons.

The new game code fixes the open season for game as follows:
Woodcock, quail, ruffed grouse, ring-neck pheasant, Hungarian quail, gray, black, red and fox squirrels, from October 20 to November 30.
Wild turkeys, November 15 to November 30.
Rabbits and hares, November 1 to December 15.
Bear, October 20 to December 15.
Deer, December 1 to December 15.
Raccoon, September 1 to December 31.
Upland or grass plover, August 1 to November 30.
Ralls, coots, mud-hens, jack-snipe, blackbirds, and all shore birds except woodcock, September 1 to November 30.
All varieties of wild water-fowl, from September 15 to January 31.

The bag limits are fixed in the bill as follows:

	Day	Season	Limit.	Limit.
Wild Turkey	1	1	1	1
Deer	1	1	1	1
(Which in all cases must be a male deer with horns not less than two inches above the hair.)				
Ruffed Grouse	4	24		
Quail (Virginia Partridge)	8	25		
Woodcock	10	20		
Ring-neck Pheasants	4	10		
Hungarian Quail	4	10		
Squirrels (of all varieties combined)	6	20		
Rabbits, cottontail	10	60		
Hares	3	15		
Bear	1	1		

It will be noted that the new code gives the red squirrel a season, shortens the season for squirrels and game birds five days, lengthens the rabbit season fifteen days, lengthens the raccoon season and changes its dates and makes general reductions in the bag limits except for rabbits, hares, deer, bear and wild turkeys.

Strengthens Ferret Law.

The provision forbidding the ownership or sale of ferrets, except under license from the game commission has been strengthened.

A camp limit of six deer has been established. Taxidermists are placed under effective but reasonable control.

Game propagation is encouraged by provisions for licensing propagating plants.

All birds excepting game birds are absolutely protected, with the exception of the following: Blue-jay, English sparrow, European starling, kingfisher, buzzard, goshawk, red-shouldered hawk, Cooper's hawk, broad-winged hawk, marsh hawk, rough-legged hawk, duck hawk, pigeon hawk, barred owl, great gray owl, great horned owl, showy owl, hawk owl, raven, crow, blue heron, green heron and night heron. Traffic in the plumage or skins of all these birds as well as other birds is prohibited.

All persons who knowingly use game, or aids in the killing of game illegally killed is liable for the same penalty as if he had done the killing.

The game commission is given full authority to remove any game birds or animals that prove destructive to property and the property owner may pursue and kill a bear that attacks person or property and may kill a deer of any sex that is actually engaged at the time in destruction of crops or trees on his property.

It is unlawful to hunt for or to kill any game bird or animal excepting raccoon between sunset and sunrise, and to shoot at or kill any game bird or animal in any other way than with a gun such as is fired from the shoulder or a pistol or revolver which is not automatic. Boys under fourteen may take rabbits in box traps on the lands on which they are resident, but all other trapping of game birds or animals is forbidden.

The Length of Revolutions.

For its size and significance the Russian revolution was one of the quickest and least sanguinary on record. Six days practically saw the end of it, whereas more than three years elapsed between the storming of the Bastille and the proclamation of the French republic. It took six days of barricade fighting in 1830 to persuade Charles X. to abdicate, but Louis Philippe fled in 1848 after only two, though the subsequent state of siege lasted four months.

England was ten years in establishing a commonwealth, and five weeks sufficed to convince James II. that French soil was healthier for him than English. The Italian wars of liberation occupied most of 1800, and the insurrection in which the Greeks deposed King Otho in 1802 was over in fourteen days. The quickest revolution on record was that of Portugal in 1910, which was over in a day.—London Observer.

How the Horsely Bites.

When a horsely alights on a horse he walks around looking for a tender spot, and this he finds with his hairy feelers. Then he cuts a hole with the scissors on each side of his central tubular tongue.

An ordinary lead pencil cannot be sharpened to a point without sharpening the lead. So it is with the tubular end of this tongue-like extension of the horsely, says the Popular Science Monthly. Nature has provided it with barbed, piercing "derrick ropes." The fly inserts these sharp points into the horse and then pulls back on them. The barbs hold, and the fly's tongue is forced down into the horse's flesh. But if the hole has already been made then it is not necessary for these elaborate tools to be taken from the sheath in which they are placed within the tongue or proboscis. The blood is sucked up by the tongue in practically the same way as by other forms of flies.

Inequality of Punishment by Fines.

An anomaly in our jurisprudence, limited, however, to the administration of criminal law, is the evil of allowing the purchase of immunity from punishment, writes Franklin Taylor in Case and Comment. A penalty is imposed with the alternative of paying a fine. The rich man pays and goes free. The poor man is imprisoned for not having the money. And even among those who can afford to thus purchase immunity the result is most unfair, because the punishment, instead of being commensurate with the degree of the offense, meets its severity according to the size of the defendant's pocketbook. To one man the amount is of no consequence, is not even a punishment. To another, because of his lowly position, a similar amount may mean weeks of toil, hardship, privation and suffering to himself and his dependents.

China and the Tartars.

The Manchu Tartars, who conquered the early Chinese, have left the impress of their former manner of life upon many styles seen today in Chinese fashions of clothing. For instance, the official coats, as seen in China at the present time, are made with very peculiar sleeves, shaped like a horse's leg and ending in what is an unmistakable hoof, completely covering the hand. These are known as horseshoe sleeves. This is owing to the intense love of the early Tartars for horses, from whom they were practically inseparable during their generations of wild wandering before settling down in China proper. The old one is also said to have been worn in imitation of the horse's tail and also as a useful halter to tie about the horse when the Tartar curled up beside his beloved dumb friend for a sleep.

Walrus of Alaska.

The Alaska walrus are enormous. The average one is as big as an ox, and it often weighs more than a ton. A walrus was recently killed by some whalers near Point Barrow, whose head weighed eighty pounds, and skin, including flippers, 500 pounds. That animal had a girth of fourteen feet, and its weight was over 2,000 pounds. The skin was from half an inch to three inches in thickness, and the blubber weighed 500 pounds.

Air in the Lungs.

In one minute, in a state of rest, the average man takes into his lungs about 48.8 cubic inches of air. In walking he needs 97.6 cubic inches; in climbing, 149.3 cubic inches; in riding at a trot, 201.3 cubic inches; and in long distance running, 347.7 cubic inches.

Enigmatical.

"Bluffy certainly speeded some in his new automobile before the cops got him. The machine attracted lots of attention."

"Yes, I noticed a great many persons were struck by it."—Baltimore American.

Almost Unforgivable.

"I asked Arthur how old he thought I was, and he guessed right the very first time."

"Have you made up yet?"—London Stray Stories.

Reduced to Nothing.

Boy—What is "slag," papa? Dad—The residuum of a man's iron will after going through the matrimonial furnace!—Town Topics.

Planting Potatoes.

Twelve to fifteen bushels of potatoes are required to plant an acre when the potatoes are cut two eyes to a piece.

One learns from time an amiable latitude with regard to beliefs and tastes.—Justice Holmes.

Meyersdale Auto Co.,

A Full Line of Accessories, Oils and Supplies,

Godyear United States and Kelly-Springfield Tires

We expect to open our Steam Vulcanizing Plant on or about May 1st. On account of the vast increase in the price of tires, it will pay you to take good care of your tires and have all cuts and bruises Vulcanized at once --You know [A Stitch in Time]

All Work Guaranteed.

WEDNESDAY

RIGHT in the midst of everything—a sudden thought: "Wonder how the fire is?" Then, it's leave your sweeping, run downstairs, rake and shake, shovel coal and trudge back again. Wouldn't it be fine to go right ahead and forget about the kitchen? It certainly would! And you can.

NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK-STOVES

have brought a new kind of sweeping day—a new kind of every day to thousands of busy housewives.

A Perfection Oil Cook Stove will come into your kitchen and lighten your burdens. All you do is strike a match and "put on the things."

You can regulate the heat exactly as you want it. It stays that way without watching. You'll be specially interested in the fireless cooker and the separate oven. Look up the dealer near you who sells Perfection Oil Cook Stoves.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY Philadelphia and Pittsburgh



Another important thing is that Perfection Oil Cook Stoves burn the most economical of fuels—kerosene. There's a difference in kerosenes—not a price, but a quality. To be sure of getting perfect results, ask for Rayolight Oil. It's so highly refined and scientifically purified that it always gives an even, intense heat without sputter, smoke or smell. Look for the sign:



READ THE COMMERCIAL

Meyersdale's Leading Newspaper

J. T. Yoder

JOHNSTOWN

Sells the Champion Cream Saver

THE NEW DE LAVAL

THERE is no machine made in which proper lubrication is more vitally important than it is in a cream separator. A separator that is not properly oiled will turn hard and soon wear out. The old-fashioned method of oiling through a number of little holes with a squirt-can was unsatisfactory for the reason that some users would oil too much and too often, while others would not oil often enough.

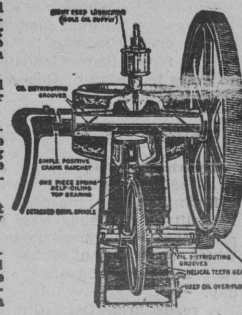
The NEW De Laval is automatically oiled

You don't have to fuss around a NEW De Laval with a squirt-can. Simply keep the sight-feed lubricator on top filled with oil and the automatic oiling system will see that every gear and bearing in the machine has just the right amount of fresh, clean oil at all times. The automatic oiling system saves time and saves trouble, makes the machine run easier and adds years to its life.

The De Laval oiling system has been greatly improved by the addition in the NEW De Laval of an automatically oiled neck bearing and the consequent elimination of the tube that formerly carried oil to this most important part.

There has never been a cream separator that embodied so many improvements as the NEW De Laval. The new self-centering bowl with its improved milk-distributing device, and the ball speed-indicator which insures operation at the proper speed, are two of the greatest improvements that have ever been made in cream separator construction.

Come in and see the NEW De Laval.



Showing automatic oiling of NEW De Laval.