

**HE HAS 300 DEPUTIES
READY FOR STRIKERS**



Photo by American Press Association.
SHERIFF EUGENE KINKEAD.
On guard at Constable Hook oil plants, Bayonne, N. J.

**REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR
SENATOR IN NEW JERSEY**



Photo by American Press Association.
J. S. PRELINGHUYSEN.

**A GENERAL SURVEY OF
THE WAR**

While the entente armies in northern France and the Austro-Italian war theater are keeping up their heavy blows on the lines of their Teutonic foe, the latter is continuing to counter heavily by delivering crushing strokes on the Transylvanian front.

The Rumanians are being forced back in northeastern Transylvania, as well as along the Rumanian border in Hermannstadt and Kronstadt regions, according to the current war office reports.

Italian gains in the fighting on the Carso front, where General Cadorna is pushing toward Trieste, are admitted by Vienna, which mentions progress for the Italians east of Oppachbiassella and their capture of the town of Novasvas. Elsewhere, however, they are declared to have failed in their attempts to advance and to have lost a total of 2,700 prisoners in recent engagements.

An air raid carried out by forty French and British machines on the Mauser works at Oberndorf, Germany, during which four tons of explosives were dropped and six German machines shot down as they attempted to defend the works, is announced by Paris.

Progress for the British on the Somme front was announced in an official statement. The British advances were scored between Guedecourt and Lesbouefs and northwest of Guedecourt. Some 150 Germans were made prisoners.

Some activity has developed on the northern front in Russia, which has been quiescent for some time. The Germans attacked and captured a Russian trench section on the Snaia river, near Goldevitich, but according to Petrograd were shortly afterward driven out with heavy losses. No heavy fighting is reported in either Volhynia or Galicia in the Russian official bulletin.

East of the Struma river, in Macedonia, the British apparently are making ready for a further effort against the Bulgarian positions. Their patrols have been pushed out and their armored cars have been successfully employed for reconnoitering, according to London. The Bulgarians were found to be holding the Seres-Demir-Hissar railroad in strength.

The entente allies have formally recognized the provisional government of Greece in the island of Crete set up by former Premier Venizelos.

SHIPS TO CARRY BIG GUNS

**America's Newest Vessels to Be Armed
With 12 16-Inch Guns Each.**

Naval officials anticipate that battleships authorized next year will be built to carry main batteries of twelve 16-inch rifles, as against the eight 16-inch guns to be put on ships for which bids will be opened Oct. 25. Members of the general board, which is considering characteristics for the next battle craft to be designed, are said to be in favor of radically increasing the size in order that the 50 per cent increase in gun power may be attained.

To carry twelve 16-inch rifles it has been roughly estimated the ships would require a displacement of probably 33,000 tons, as against the 32,000 tonnage of the four ships to be laid down next year.

The general board favored four 36,000-ton vessels, carrying ten 16-inch guns each, for the coming year. The decision of the department to make them 32,000 tons, with eight guns each, it is said, came of the desire to hasten construction by reproducing ships of the California and Tennessee type, now building at the Mare Island and New York navy yards.

Fairmont Wants Coal Miners.
Thousands of miners are wanted in the Fairmont (W. Va.) coal fields. The past few months has seen such an increase in the soft coal trade that the mines are not able to keep up with orders. Attractive offers from other lines of employment have helped to drain the mines of men, until now there is not a mine in the section that is not running short-handed.

MAIL SEARCH LEGAL--ALLIES

Claim Made Information in Letter May Be Useful to Enemy.

In reply to American protests against interference with neutral mails, the allied government reiterates their right to intercept and search all genuine mail found on neutral vessels on the high seas or in allied ports, but they promise to remedy "any faults, abuses or serious mistakes" in censorship that may be brought to their attention.

They declare unjustified by facts the American charge that illegal jurisdiction has been gained by diversion of neutral ships from the high seas into the territorial waters of the allies. The next move of the American government has not been determined.

The note, transmitted jointly by the British and French governments, was delivered to the state department by the embassies last Thursday. It makes reply to Secretary Lansing's memorandum of May 24, in which the United States declared the allies had been guilty of "lawless practices" in their mail censorship methods and that "only a radical change, restoring to the United States its full rights as a neutral power, will satisfy this government."

It is maintained by the allies in their latest note that they are "sincerely endeavoring to avoid any encroachment on the legitimate exercise of the rights of inoffensive neutral commerce."

"A few lines of a letter conveyed to the enemy may be as useful or even more useful, to his warlike operations than a cargo of arms and ammunition. Experience in the course of the present war has in fact demonstrated the truth of this observation. Hostile acts have failed which had been planned through the mails. Dangerous plots, which the enemy does not even spare neutral countries, have been detected in the mails and foiled."

Note Not Satisfactory.
Examination of the allies' note on the censorship of mails has brought a feeling among officials that it does not satisfactorily meet the protests set forth in the American note of May 24, which said that "only a radical change restoring to the United States its full rights as a neutral power, will satisfy this government."

All the information indicates that the allies have determined to maintain the firmest attitude on the subject. Officials are said to feel that any further positive step by the United States might bring the controversy to a much more critical stage.

NO PLACE FOR A GERMAN

**So Pittsburgh Saloon Keeper Sold Out
Place in Italian Neighborhood.**

In the hearing before Judge Carpenter in Pittsburgh of applications for transfer of liquor licenses came up the case of J. C. Goller who wants to purchase the saloon of Hieronimus Dach, 23 Graeme street.

"You had a licensed house yourself just a few months ago and sold out, did you not, Mr. Goller?" Judge Carpenter asked.

"Yes, sir," Mr. Goller replied. "Well, why did you sell out then and now ask to be allowed to go back into the business?"

"Well, your honor, the place I had was at 1000 Webster avenue in an Italian neighborhood."

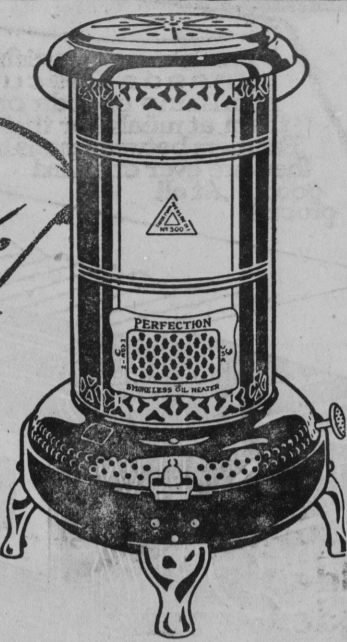
"What has that got to do with your selling out?" asked the Judge.
"Well, your honor, I am a German and since Italy got into the war on the side of the allies, that is no place for a German to keep a public house."

FILIBUSTER IS NIPPED

Machine Guns, Said Bound For Mexico, Held in Los Angeles.

Ten machine guns consigned to a Los Angeles sporting goods house were seized by federal authorities in that city and held as evidence in an alleged conspiracy to violate neutrality, in which four men are held.

Lawrence Dodge, who claimed to be a French government purchasing agent, told federal authorities, they said, that the guns were bought by Frederick Dato, brother-in-law of Colonel Esteben Canis, governor of Lower California.



Cats and Kerosene

If your Tabby were an alley cat and had to eat any old scraps instead of good milk and choice tidbits, she wouldn't have that smooth, velvety fur and you wouldn't hear that low, contented purr.

If you feed your lamp ordinary, inferior kerosene, you won't have that clear, soothing light that you enjoy when you use

**ATLANTIC
Rayolight**

This super-refined and perfectly purified kerosene doesn't smell, smoke and char the wick like other kinds usually do.

In an oil heater it keeps you warm and comfortable. In a lamp it sheds a brilliant yet restful light. In a lantern it shows the way on the darkest, stormiest night.

Ask for it by name. The storekeeper won't charge you any more than for ordinary kerosene. Then, if you're the kind that looks ahead, haul home a barrel of Atlantic Rayolight Oil. You'll know the genuine by the brand name on the barrel.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
Pittsburgh and Philadelphia

For Comfort's Sake

Did you suffer from the cold last winter? Were there days when you just couldn't get the house warm? A Perfection Oil Heater will make your favorite nook snug and cozy. No smoke, soot, ashes or unpleasant odors. Ask your dealer to show you his line of Perfection Oil Heaters. They are moderately priced—\$3.50 to \$5.00.



Go to the store that displays this sign: Atlantic Rayolight Oil For Sale Here. You'll find it a good place to buy regularly.

**TO PLANT TREES ALONG
STATE HIGHWAYS**

Arrangements have been completed for cooperation between the Department of Forestry and the State Highway Department in planting shade and fruit trees along the State Highways. The Department of Forestry will grow the trees from seed in its big nurseries. They will be transplanted into areas set aside for the purpose, and when they have reached suitable size the trees will be turned over to the Highway Department and private good-roads organizations for planting.

The Highway Department of Missouri has been planting fruit and nut-bearing trees along state roads for a number of years. Many of the trees are now bearing, and in a letter to the Pennsylvania Commissioner of Forestry the Missouri Highway Commissioner says that very little of the fruit is stolen. The idea is favored by Governor Brumbaugh, and undoubtedly will be given a thorough trial.

The Department of Forestry has no fruit trees for transplanting except those which bear small fruits for bird food, hence only shade trees will be used at present. The species already transplanted are Scotch, white, and larch pines; Norway spruce, Douglas fir, sugar maple, white ash, white elm, black cherry, honey locust, and European larch.

FIRE WARDENS OF SOMERSET COUNTY

Following is a list of the forest fire wardens of Somerset County with their addresses. Forest fires should be reported to the nearest warden as soon as noticed, and all assistance possible should be given the wardens in extinguishing fires.

- John A. Merrill, Fort Hill.
- N. J. Topper, New Baltimore.
- G. P. Benson, Holsopple.
- C. J. Lehman, Holsopple.
- G. W. Buckman, Berlin.

- Adam A. Baker, Rockwood.
- Ed. Golder, Boswell.
- S. P. Miller, Berlin.
- J. M. Kretzman, Meyersdale.
- J. S. Stevanus, Elk Lick.
- Edgar W. Emerick, Fairhope.
- U. S. Shober, Garrett.
- A. E. Baer, Sand Patch.
- J. M. Armagast, Hooversville.
- Wilson R. Barndt, Somerset R. D. 3.
- Chas. I. Gardner, Somerset R. D. 3.
- John H. Sarver, Somerset R. D. 3.
- Edward Zufall, Somerset R. D. 3.
- Nelson F. Moore, Kuhn.
- Wm. G. Baker, Boswell R. D. No. 2.
- Harvey Lohr, Somerset R. D. No. 2.
- Lee Rauch, Jennertown.
- Walter Hoffman, Jennertown.
- Geo. W. Tressler, Sand Patch.
- Edw. H. Shaulis, Somerset.
- H. W. Shaulis, Somerset R. D. 2.
- Alvin Burdworth, Confluence.
- Jas. W. Tannehill, Ursina.
- John S. Thomas, Confluence R. D. 1.
- D. A. Barron, Rockwood, R. D. 2.
- Jacob P. Snyder, Rockwood.
- M. O. Wolfersberger, Rockwood.
- H. W. Beachy, Glencoe.
- Edison Brick, Glencoe.
- D. H. Whitaker, Rummel.
- Russel Holsopple, Seanor.
- Albert S. Hoffman, Hooversville.
- R. L. Manges, Cairnbrook.
- G. R. Wechtenheiser, Cairnbrook R. D. No. 1.
- John G. Bender, Friedcons.
- H. I. Troutman, Sand Patch R. D. 2.
- W. H. Foy, Shanksville.
- Russel J. Engle, Meyersdale.
- H. Pe'd Weimer, Casselman.
- J. H. Hummel, Windber.

No girl should acquire a husband until she is able to convert a round steak into a square meal.

A man is sometimes his own worst enemy but he is more likely to be his own best friend.

The spinster who celebrates her birthday anniversaries usually does so in silence.

Most of the crazy people we know have managed to sidetrack the asylum so far.

It costs all it is worth to be popular—but it is seldom worth what it costs.

If a man praises his wife's cooking he may never have to pay alimony.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

WAVERLY
Waverly—the best petroleum products made—all made from high grade Pennsylvania Crude Oil.
Gasolines, illuminating oils, lubricating oils and paraffine wax. For all purposes.
320 Page Booklet Free—tells all about oil
Waverly Oil Works Co.
Independent Refiners
PITTSBURGH, PA.

OIL
Waverly Products Sold by
Meyer Machine Works,
D. H. Weisel P. J.
Cover & Son,
Meyersdale, Pa.

Driving It Home

Let us drive home to you the fact that no washwoman can wash clothes in as sanitary a manner as that in which the work is done at our laundry.

We use much more water, change the water many more times, use purer and more costly soap, and keep all the clothes in constant motion during the entire process.

It's simply a matter of having proper facilities.

Meyersdale Steam Laundry

**MUST PAY HIGHER
PRICES FOR MILK**

Ohio Association Victor In Demands on Pittsburghers

6-MONTHS' CONTRACT MADE

Pittsburgh Wholesaler Says Settlement Was Compromise; Product to Retail to Urbanites at 11 Cents.

The threatened milk strike in Pittsburgh has been averted.

The Pittsburgh milk dealers have reached an agreement with the Ohio farmers that involves an increase of one cent a quart to the housewife. Milk is being shipped into Pittsburgh from Ohio as usual. The farmers had threatened to stop all Ohio milk shipments unless their demands for higher prices were granted.

Announcement was made by the Pittsburgh dealers that at a meeting with the committee of the Ohio Milk Producers' association, in Ashtabula, they had succeeded in inducing the farmers to modify their demands. Under the agreement reached at the conference, according to Edward E. Rieck, president of the Pittsburgh dealers, the farmers will receive an increase of approximately 20 per cent more for their milk than they received last year, "which is about 15 per cent less than the terms of the original demand," according to Mr. Rieck.

Dr. W. O. Ellsworth of Austinburg, a leader of the Ohio Milk Producers' association, said that the threatened strike had been settled in the milk producers' favor, all their demands being granted.

"The Pittsburgh milk dealers met with our committee at Ashtabula to make final settlement of the milk strike. The strike was settled in our favor on a six-months' contract basis, and all our terms granted, after a long and difficult struggle with the Pittsburgh dealers."

It is expected that the producers of Allegheny and Washington counties, who contribute 10 per cent of Pittsburgh's milk supply, will accept the terms accepted by the Ohio farmers.

JAPAN MAKES INQUIRY

**Seeks Information as to American
Concession in China.**

Japan has instituted an inquiry into the granting by the Chinese government for reconstruction of part of the Grand canal in Shantung province to the Siemens-Carey company of St. Paul, Minn.

Japanese officials declared that no protest had yet been lodged by Japanese with the Chinese government against the American railroad project, and it was added that the future action of the government could not be discussed.

Japanese newspapers assert that Russia, Great Britain and France have protested against the signing of a contract between the Chinese government and the St. Paul concern for the building of a railroad in China, claiming that such action would be violation of previous agreements with these powers.

LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN

Pittsburgh, Oct. 17.
Butter—Prints, 38½@39c; tubs, 37½@38c. Eggs—Fresh, 28@29c.

Cattle—Prime, \$8.75@9; good, \$8 @8.60; tidy butchers, \$7.75@8; fair, \$6.75@7; common to good fat bulls, \$4.50@7; common to good fat cows, \$3 @6.50; heifers, \$5@7.75; fresh cows and springers, \$4@8.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, \$7.75@8; good mixed, \$7.15@7.65; fair mixed, \$6.25@7; culls and common, \$3.50@5; spring lambs, \$7@10.60; veal calves, \$12.50@13; heavy and thin calves, \$6@9.

Hogs—Prime heavy, \$9.95@10; heavy mixed, \$9.90@9.95; mediums, \$9.85@9.90; heavy Yorkers, \$9.75@9.90; light Yorkers, \$9.25@9.40; pigs, \$9@9.15; roughs, \$9@9.25; stags, \$7.50 @8.

Cleveland, Oct. 17.
Cattle—Choice fat steers, \$8@8.50; good to choice butcher steers, \$7@8; fair to good butcher steers, \$6@7; common and light steers, \$5@6; fair to good heifers, \$6@7; good to choice butcher bulls, \$6.25@6.75; bologna bulls, \$5@6; good to choice cows, \$5.50@6; fair to good cows, \$4.75@6.50; common cows, \$3.50@4.50.

Calves—Good to choice, \$11.50@12; fair to good, \$10@11.25; heavy to common, \$6@9.

Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice springers, \$10@10.25; fair to good, \$8 @9.50; culls and common, \$6@8; good to choice wethers, \$7@7.25; good to choice ewes, \$6.50@6.75; mixed ewes and wethers, \$6.75@7; culls, \$3.50@4.50.

Hogs—Mediums and heavies, \$9.75; mixed, \$9.70@9.75; Yorkers, \$9.60@9.70; pigs, \$9@10; roughs, \$8.75; stags, \$8.

Chicago, Oct. 17.
Hogs—Bulk, \$9.25@9.80; light, \$8.85 @9.80; mixed, \$9.05@10; heavy, \$8.90 @9.85; roughs, \$8.90@9.15; pigs, \$6.50 @8.75.

Cattle—Native beef cattle, \$6.50@11; western steers, \$6.10@9.25; stockers and feeders, \$4.70@7.65; cows and heifers, \$3.40@9.20; calves, \$7@11.50.
Wheat—Dec., \$1.57½. Corn—Dec., 76¾c. Oats—Dec., 47¾c.