

Uneeda Biscuit
Soda Crackers with a Flavor
Flavor is not expected of ordinary soda crackers. But Uneeda Biscuit are extraordinary soda crackers and have a distinctive appetizing flavor.
Buy Uneeda Biscuit because they are soda crackers with a flavor, but, above all, buy them for their crisp goodness.
5 cents everywhere
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

MEYERSDALE COMMERCIAL
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CONSUMERS SHOULD INSIST ON CORRECT WEIGHT

Dealers who sell fruit by the basket or crate, instead of by weight, measure or count, as the law directs, are placing themselves in danger of arrest, says James Sweeney, chief of the state Bureau of Standards. Mr. Sweeney, who has general supervision over the enforcement of the weights and measures law, advises householders to insist upon knowing the weight in each purchase. There are many abuses arising, he says.

The chief said a few days ago: This being the season when there are large sales of peaches and potatoes, notwithstanding the requirements of the law that all commodities must be sold by weight, measure or count, many dealers persist in selling by the crate or basket. This is in direct violation of the law.

Wherever peaches, potatoes or any other commodity are offered for sale in crates or baskets the net quantity must be plainly marked on the outside in terms of weight, measure or count.

The standard weight in a bushel of peaches as fixed by law in 48 pounds. The standard weight in a bushel of potatoes is 60 pounds. If sold in the sub-divisions of a bushel, the purchaser is entitled to receive the fractional number of pounds fixed by law.

The consumer should insist on knowing the amount in weight or measure of his purchase and refuse to buy commodities of any kind by the basket or crate.

As we understand it, the Democratic party denies responsibility for the doubling of the price of gasoline a few months ago, but takes credit for the recent two-cent reduction.

Time was when Woodrow Wilson was vice-president of the National Civil Service Reform League and began his raid on the civil service for the benefit of "deserving Democrats." We doubt if Mr. Wilson be again elected to office in the League after the fourth of next March, though he will then have ample time for such things.

Secretary McAduo has issued an order informing employees of the Treasury Department that they must no do certain things during the political campaign, among which is a rule against using their positions to influence an election. But did not Mr. McAduo deliver a partisan speech which was printed as a public document and then circulated in envelopes addressed by government employees? Were not those government employees forced to use their positions to influence the election? Evidently the McAduo rules apply only to the real Republicans who remain in government employ.

CIVIC LEAGUE PRIZES SOON TO BE AWARDED.
Judges will make their last rounds the first week in September and will meet with the League on September 14 in the Municipal building at 2:30 to announce prizes; all members of the League are urged to be present. The election of officers will be held at this meeting. Everybody will be welcome.

Our Job Work Pleases

WELLERSBURG.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Deal of Clarksville are the guests of Mrs. Deal's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Shacer. The Sunday School convention was a very good success; a large crowd attended both the afternoon and evening sessions, even then a lot of good eats was left.

Mrs. G. A. Trossler of Meyersdale is spending a week with friends in town.

Miss Susan Shaffer of Deal is the guest of relatives and friends in this place, the present week. Miss Ella Rizer of Mt. Savage spent Saturday and Sunday with her grandmother and grandfather, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Shaffer.

A party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Long on Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Helen Staley of Waynesboro, Pa. The evening was passed with many interesting games until eleven o'clock when refreshments were served. Those present were—Bertha, Loretta, Homer and Ellsworth Beal, Cecil, Mildred and Hattie Long, Johnnie Kennell, Elthea, Lillian and Susan Wilhelm, Harry Delbrook, Albert Bittner, Helen Wingert, Edna Witt, Joseph and Lewis Bland all of this place, Wm. Ellman, Mr. Walse, Pearl Bridges and Dorothy Shaffer of Cumberland, Gertrude Bridges of Georges Creek, Susan Shaffer of Deal Pa, Anthony Fink of Philadelphia, and Nyna DeHaven of Cumberland.

WITTENBERG.

Mr. W. H. Knepp killed a black snake in his barn last Monday measuring about four feet.

Miss Eliza Smith is visiting friends in Meyersdale for a few days.

Mr. James Geiger was a caller in Meyersdale on Saturday evening. Mrs. Elmer Petenbrink of Mountain Valley who had been visiting friends in Meyersdale for the past week returned to the home of her mother Mrs. Susan Smith on Thursday and on Sunday evening she returned to her home at Mountain Valley.

The Reformed Sunday School will hold the annual Picnic next Saturday the home band will furnish the music. Subscribe for the Commercial and get the news.

Miss Eliza Miller, a Missionary from India will speak in the Summit Mills Church of the Brethren on Sunday morning at 10:30 and at Meyersdale in the Church of the Brethren on Sunday evening at 7:30.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Naylor and Mrs. Alice Howard, of Washington County, who had been visiting at the Henry Naylor home in this place last Friday accompanied by Mrs. Henry Naylor, left by auto for Cleveland, Ohio. While visiting here they in company with Mr. Henry Naylor motored to Jerome.

The man who drinks like a fish does not take kindly to water.

If it wasn't for men, fewer women would dislike each other.

You don't need bank references in order to borrow trouble.

CARLOAD OF APPLE BUTTER CROCKS AND STONE JARS AT HABEL & PHILLIPS

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

NICE ASSORTMENT OF MARKET BASKETS AT HABEL & PHILLIPS

Our Job Work Pleases

A STITCH IN TIME

The combination of green apples and small boys usually makes work for the doctors about this season of the year.

The temptation of unripe fruit is not the only danger which wise parents must guard their youngsters against at this time of the year. Owing to the extreme heat and the variety of diet it is not at all unusual for children to develop serious digestive disturbances.

These are among the first symptoms of infantile paralysis as well as numerous other diseases of childhood. The exact relation of this condition to the disease has not as yet been determined. The unnatural fermentation might help the germ of infantile paralysis to multiply. For this reason it is especially important that intelligent supervision should be exercised over the diet of children.

All food should be cooked. They should not be permitted to eat white bread in excessive amounts and sour bread should never be fed to children. Too many sweets are apt to upset the digestion at this season of the year.

With bottle fed infants care should be taken to keep the milk at a temperature of from forty to sixty degrees until it is prepared for feeding. The nipples of the nursing bottle should be sterilized before they are used and the water which babies, in common with all of us require in unusual amounts during the hot weather, should be sterilized by boiling.

By following these simple precautions it may be possible to spare children from digestive disturbances which may lead to serious complications, even prevent the way for infantile paralysis if the germ comes along.

SAID TO BE CURE FOR INFANTILE PARALYSIS

Serum manufactured from human blood is prominent in treatment of persons afflicted with infantile paralysis, in the opinion of Dr. Simon Flexner, director of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research in New York. It became known Sunday. Dr. Flexner has recommended the treatment to the members of the American Medical Association, the largest organization body of physicians in the world.

Dr. Flexner's views and the facts he has adduced are embodied in an article contributed to the Journal of the American Medical Association.

The experimental evidence in favor of this treatment shows that of a serum prepared from the blood of monkeys which have had the disease is injected into healthy monkeys, they either cannot acquire infantile paralysis when an effort is made to infect them with it, or else, if they do contract it, the severity of the ailment is modified to the extent that the onset of the inevitable paralysis is delayed. Sometimes the treatment arrests the paralysis in the midst of its progress. Dr. Flexner comments on the report of Dr. A. Netter, who put the treatment to the test in the course of his practice.

Dr. Netter, in making the serum, using the blood of patients who had alysis. An interesting and significant feature of his work, it is said, is the fact that one of the persons who donated blood for this purpose had had the disease 30 years prior to its use as a life-saving agent. This demonstrates, according to modern medical teaching, that the immunity conferred upon this person by the disease 39 years before had lasted throughout this long period because the agents, or "anti"-bodies, which originated in the blood when the invading germs attacked him had remained on duty to repel a possible second invasion.

Dr. Flexner gives the necessary condition of the serum and says doses of from five to 20 cubic centimeters probably will be found to be about right. The injections should be repeated several times at 24 hours intervals, according to the clinical conditions and indications.

On Sunday last a little daughter eight days old of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. R. Logue, died.

ST. PAUL

Mrs. Mary Tennesoff and Margaret Lepley were visiting friends in the vicinity of Springs on Sunday.

The electric storm on Saturday evening interfered somewhat with the lawn fete at the Reformed church. The ladies, however succeeded in disposing of the ice cream.

The Sunday school and churches of St. Paul are closed to persons under sixteen years old to conform with the order of Dr. Samuel Dixon of the State Health Department till Sept. 18.

What do you think! It is too terrible for words! there are some fellows in St. Paul who want to do away with property; if they would succeed wouldn't it put many people out of their present jobs?

3-10 CENT PACKAGES CORN STARCH FOR 25 CENTS AT BITTNER'S GROCERY.

WHERE COSTS ARE.

While the expense of marketing livestock is high enough it is handled at about as low a percentage cost as anything the farmer sells. Counting freight, commission, yardage, feed, etc., the cost of selling runs below 5 per cent when prices are good and the road to market is not too long. The higher the price and the less the freight the lower the percentage cost of selling, the other charges being fixed. When the stock gets to market the slaughterer buys it and converts it into meats and many other things. For buying, slaughtering and selling to retailers this middleman gets an average profit of less than three per cent. These are not our estimates but those of official investigators in more than one inquiry. No other manufacturer runs his business on so small a margin, but the slaughterer can turn his money oftener than most men and usually prospers. Up to this point no excessive costs stand between the producer and the consumer. There is loss by shrinkage in shipping and dressing but that is unavoidable under any system of marketing. The meat now goes from the slaughterer to the retailer who distributes it to consumers. Here a high cost per pound intervenes, far exceeding the sum of other costs up to this point. The average retailer does not handle a large amount of meat. He must pay rent, ice, telephone, delivery, labor and other bills and must charge sufficient to cover waste in cutting, spoilage and bad debts. All this involves a high charge against every pound of the small quantity he handles, and in this respect he is akin to the average retailer of all foods. Perhaps the average retail charge against meats is not less than five cents a pound, though one investigation in a limited territory showed that it was much more than that.

We have heard for years protests from producers and consumers about the excessive costs that stand between them, and yet no way toward a general reduction of these costs has been found. The trouble is not lack of competition among slaughterers, for there are about a thousand wholesale slaughterers who do an interstate business in meats. It is not in the high percentage of cost in marketing the livestock. But it is in the distribution by retailers, of whom the law demands service as well as meats. If there were fewer retailers and each one handled more meats the margin necessary on each pound of it would be less. Any retailer can handle 10,000 pounds of meat at less cost per pound than 1,000 pounds. But how can this concentration be effected? Or if the people demanded less service, they could enjoy cheaper meats. But they seem to want more and better service rather than less. Cooperative slaughtering plants have failed to bridge the gap, in fact everything has failed thus far. And no amount of shouting and tumult will ever narrow this margin between producer and consumer. The slow process of education, particularly education of the consumer, seems to be the only hope of getting the two classes much closer together. Let those who can offer a quicker solution come forward with it.—National Stockman and Farmer.

BRIEF DECISIONS.

Most of us can appreciate the strategic value of a retreat without any explanations from the military experts.

Some people don't get things coming their way until it is too late for them to get out of the way.

Clothes do not make the man, but they often fool the fellow who is wearing them.

A luxury is sometimes the other fellow thinks we don't know he can't afford.

He is indeed a clever mathematician who can square a domestic triangle.

Even the man who is always kicking at nothing occasionally hits it.

The man who thinks that all women are alike is hopelessly married.

A woman must be carming indeed to win praise from her sex.

Before following the advice of a man who tells you how to run your business, it might be well to have a look at the way he is running his own.

When love has occasion to make its exit through a window, it usually selects the dining-room window.

If men received all they pray for, they would soon be too lazy to get out of one another's way.

We have heard of the blessings of poverty, but we can't recall having ever seen any of them.

One way to improve the memory is to assume for a moment that you have everything you want.

Unless a man has scored at least one failure, he is unable to appreciate success.

The millennium, like most good things, is in no hurry about showing up.

Whom the gods would destroy they first induce to marry foolishly.

Under dogs do the most whining.

Vulcanizing

The Cemented Patch is but a very unreliable makeshift-- have the puncture repaired permanently by our VULCANIZING.

Our Vulcanizing Method repairs the puncture forever--it it does not melt off, slip or develop slow leaks etc.

Our Service is Prompt and the cost is really nominal.

TRY US.

Meyersdale Auto Company.

MEYERSDALE, PENNA.
EARL KELLEY Both Phones FRED FLOYD

MANY COMPLAINTS OF HEATED EGGS

The Rockwood Board of Trade is going for some much needed improvements for that borough. At a meeting on Monday night, J. D. Snyder, Dr. C. J. Hemminger and E. H. Miller were named a committee to meet with council and arrange in some way to have the road leading from Rockwood to New Centreville repaired as far as the borough line. A resolution was adopted asking the Baltimore & Ohio to provide better, passenger and freight facilities for Rockwood. The matter of attracting visitors to the town was considered and a committee will be named to look into the matter.

President Conway resigned and H. W. Musser was chosen president and J. C. Enos, first vice president. Committees were named as follows: Membership—J. D. Snyder, I. D. Hechler, J. R. Shanks and H. F. Berkebile.

Contest and By-Laws—H. H. Shumaker, N. F. Meyers and I. J. Duks.

Railroad—C. J. Hemminger, H. H. Shumaker, C. A. Miller, J. E. Schmittle and H. W. Musser.

Advertising—H. A. Miller, U. S. Werner, W. M. G. Day, John Erier, G. H. Moore and C. T. Saylor.

Berkebile, J. R. Shanks, E. J. Welmer, E. E. Miller, B. F. Phillippi, N. F. Meyers and E. D. Miller.

Executive—H. W. Musser, Irvin Wolf, J. D. Snyder, I. D. Hechler, H. E. Miller, E. A. Malsberry, J. C. Ence and W. B. Conway.

THE VERY BEST LOOSE COCOA 25c lb. AT HABEL & PHILLIPS

A WORD FROM REV. HCWE

The following message from one of Meyersdale's very highly esteemed ministers was received at the Commercial yesterday.

"Dallas Center, Iowa, Aug. 28, 1916. Greetings to all from Iowa. Fine country here. Hogs and cattle and corn on every hand. Home next week. Bro. W. M. Howe."

Everyone keeping laying hens should remember that incubation begin at 95 degrees Fahrenheit. That eggs with two or three hours of this temperature develop a living germ, which later dies and smells and tastes most unpleasantly.

Eggs should be collected at least twice daily in hot weather and at once stored in a cool, clean place. All roosters should be shut up or killed off so there may be no fertility to start hot days.

ISN'T HE THE HANDSOME MAN!



—Lanning in Providence Bulletin.