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L. M. ALLEN, Passenger Traffic Manager, CHICAGO

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REAL ESTATE

- WILL SELL OR TRADE FOR CROWN** property or small farm, my 280 a. in Dunklin co., 250 a. cult. Hillery Worthen, Malden, Mo.
- FOR SALE—160 A. IN MONTRAIL CO., N. Dak.**: 30 a. cult., plenty hay, good for mixed farming, \$16 a. a. Tiller, Paterno, N. Dak.
- FOR SALE—160 A. IN EMBEDIA CO., N. Dak.**: 90 a. cult., best of improvements, etc., mach., etc. Addr. Ed. Wold, Waltham, N. D.
- FOR SALE—480 A. IN HAND CO., S. DAK.**: 160 a. cult., all tillable, best of improvements complete. F. B. BEKLE, ROCKHAM, S. DAK.
- FOR SALE—BEST 140 A. NEAR KEYS-** town, Sask. Can.; 400 a. cult., complete imp. Stanley Davey, Keystone, Sask., Canada.
- FOR SALE—320 A. NR. VANSOCOT, SASK.** Can.; 300 a. cult., completely imp., mach., etc. 217 a. E. H. Kappen, Vansocot, Sask., Can.
- FOR SALE—160 A. NEAR HEMERS, ONT.** Can.; 30 a. cult., 140 a. tillable, complete imp. \$4,000. F. Barrett, Hymers, Ont., Can.
- FOR SALE—249 A. COLUMBIA CO., WIS.** 100 a. cult., best improvements. For particulars addr. Ed. Stetter, R. 7, Portage, Wis.
- FOR SALE—140 A. IN HENRY CO., MO.**: 80 a. cult., fully improved, bargain price. Address Owner, R. 37, Box 15, Deepwater, Mo.
- FOR SALE—BEST ALL CULT. 218 A. IN** Marshall co., Minn.; best improv., complete. \$50 a. John P. Anderson, R. 1, Drayton, N. D.
- FOR SALE—160 A. IN MORTON CO., N. D.** 100 a. cult., house, outbuildings, orch., etc. CHAS. HILDORF, SHIELDS, N. DAK.
- FOR SALE—81 1/2 A. ALL CULT. IN OUT-** going co., Wis.; 10 a. residence, outbuildings, etc. C. A. Schmidt, R. 11, Neenah, Wis.
- FOR SALE—153 1/2 A. IN IDAHO CO., IDA.**: 25 a. cult., complete improvements, orch., etc. Price \$3,750. F. J. Corah, Genese, Idaho.
- FOR SALE—161 A. IN CROOK CO., ORE.** 30 a. cult., 20 a. alfalfa, complete improvements, team, mach., etc. H. Solberg, Lehigh, Ore.
- FOR SALE—61 A. NEAR KINCAID, SASK.** Can.; 110 a. cult., completely improved, etc. \$4,000. J. Nelson Edwards, Kincaid, Sask., Can.
- FOR SALE—480 A. NEAR WEYBURN,** Sask., Can.; 230 a. cult., complete improv., etc. 250 a. G. J. Wiley, Weyburn, Sask., Can.
- FOR SALE—BEST 320 A. NEAR MORSE,** Sask., Can.; 200 a. highly cult., complete imp. Trade. H. G. McPhatter, Morse, Sask., Can.
- FOR SALE—160 A. NEAR TABER, ALTA.** Can.; 60 a. cult., all tillable, good farming and hunting, \$17.50 a. H. S. Evans, Pocatello, Ida.
- FOR SALE—237 1/2 A. IN WASH. CO., ORE.** 140 a. cult., new 8 r. house, outbuildings, bearing orch., Owner, R. 5, Box 81, Hillsboro, Oregon.
- FOR SALE—625 A. IN LAUDERDALE CO.,** Miss.; 200 a. cult., 425 a. tillable, complete imp. \$50 a. Eugene Barrett, Lauderdale, Miss.
- FOR SALE—62 A. IN ST. LUCIE CO., FLA.** 22 a. cult., 1,000 citrus fruit trees, 200 banana, Ezzelin, Owner, E. 25, Fort Pierce, Fla.
- FOR SALE—40 A. IN LAKE CO., FLA.**: 20 a. cult., citrus grove, 700 fruit trees, house, sheds, etc. Owner, Box 64, Groveland, Fla.
- FOR SALE—160 A. IN POLK CO., ARK.**: 50 a. cult., 10 a. bearing orch., complete imp. \$36 a. J. W. Sherman, E. B. 51, Cove, Ark.
- WILL SACRIFICE MY 160 A. IN CUSTER** co., Okla.; 100 a. cult., best of improv., steel silo, etc. G. K. Harris, Weatherford, Okla.
- FOR SALE—217 A. IN DEWITT CO., TEX.** 120 a. cult., 7 r. house, outbuildings, etc. Price \$50 per a. M. Griffith, Karnes City, Texas.
- FOR SALE—607 A. IN WASHINGTON AND** Lincoln cos., Colo.; 130 a. cult., all tillable, \$20 per a. Geo. W. Stone, Thurman, Colo.
- FOR SALE—160 A. NEAR MORTLACH,** Sask., Can.; 140 a. cult., complete improv., \$25 per a. E. L. Maynard, Morse, Sask., Can.
- FOR SALE—320 A. NEAR HERSCHEL,** Sask., Can.; 280 a. cult., complete improv. \$25 per a. Jas. Lindsay, Herschel, Sask., Can.
- FOR SALE—320 A. NEAR MARCELIN,** Sask., Can.; 205 a. cult., complete improv., \$25 per a. E. W. Knaus, Marcelin, Sask., Can.
- FOR SALE—240 A. NEAR ELM CREEK,** Man., Can.; 150 a. cult., complete improv. Will see D. N. Shotts, Grayville, Man., Can.
- FOR SALE—160 A. IN DEWEY CO., OKLA.** 140 a. cult., 1,000 bearing fruit trees, best of improv., etc. Henry Hanson, Oklawood, Ok.
- FOR SALE OR TRADE—255 A. IN HILL** co., Tex.; 225 a. cult., complete improv., outbuildings, etc. J. G. Stone, West, Texas.
- FOR SALE—320 A. IN HETTINGER CO., N.** Dak.; 270 a. cult., house, outbuildings, stock, etc. \$25 a. F. W. Knaus, Bentley, N. Dak.
- FOR SALE—160 A. ALL TILLABLE, IN** Brookings co., S. Dak.; all improvements, all fenced, erect. F. H. White, Cookeville, Tenn.
- FOR SALE—418 A. IN MARQUETTE CO.,** Wis.; 155 a. cult., 2 r. house, 2 barns, outbuildings. Owner, R. 1, B. 55, Packwaukee, Wis.

BOOK ON
Dog Diseases
AND HOW TO FEED
Mailed free to any address by the author
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118 West 31st Street New York

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100 DOLLARS CASH PRIZES
From one to ten dollars each to advertise.
POLLARD'S FURNITURE POLISHES
Dull or bright finish. Best in the world; for any kind of wood or brass; which kind will you have? Wash with order, 25 cents each. POLLARD & CO., 828 S. 15th St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

BOTH VILLA AND ZAPATA TO QUIT

Caranza Resigns on Condition That Rival Leader Retires

HE IS WILLING TO BE EXILE

Constitutionalist Chief Will Resign Only Under Three Stated Conditions—Message Causes Turmoil in Convention Hall.

Mexico City.—The resignation of General Venustiano Caranza as Provisional President and first chief of the Constitutional army, based on the condition that Generals Villa and Zapata retire to private life, was read to the peace convention at Aguascalientes. In the document General Caranza even expressed a willingness to leave the country if his absence would tend toward the re-establishment of peace.

The message caused a turmoil in the convention hall, and at one time spectators tried to intervene and break up the meeting. Order finally was restored and business proceeded.

In demanding that Villa and Zapata retire General Caranza said:

"There is a greater ambition than that of being President of the Republic, and that is to hold such military omnipotence as to permit one man to overstep all powers of union. The insistency of General Villa in keeping command of a division supposed to be all-powerful, and at the same time pretending to re-establish at once constitutional order upon the basis of the old regime, is a clear indication that the dream of this chief is to constitute himself arbiter of the destinies of Mexico with the faculties to appoint a President, elect a Congress, designate a Supreme Court and rule the Government of all the State. I am ignorant of what the pretensions of General Zapata are, but believe that they will not differ greatly from those of General Villa.

"I wish that my retirement from power shall not be sterile and that I am not merely to relinquish the helm to enemies of the revolution, to chiefs who will not differ greatly from those of General Villa.

"I consequently state to the convention that I am disposed to deliver the command of the Constitutional army and the executive power of the Nation and, if necessary, to leave the country, only under the three following conditions:

"First—A pre-constitutional government shall be established with the support of the Constitutional army until such time as conditions justify a full legal, constitutional regime.

"Second—General Villa shall resign, not his candidature to the Presidency or Vice Presidency, which have never been offered him, but military command of the Northern division, retiring to private life and leaving the Republic if the convention should vote that it would be wise for me to do so.

"Third—General Zapata shall resign his command likewise, turning the same over to a general designated by the convention."

General Caranza concluded his message as follows:

"But if the only thing desired is to remove me from the leadership so that personal ambitions or reaction may find the way cleared, I then declare that I am firmly resolved to serve the cause for which I have been struggling."

Lucky Hubby.
Mrs. Green—Do you ever flatter your husband?
Mrs. Wyo—Yes, I sometimes ask his advice about things.—Boston Transcript.

ERUPTION COVERED HANDS

Centre, Pa.—"The trouble began on my hands in small white blisters and completely covered them. Both palms and backs came out in water blisters like live fire poison and my hands became so badly swollen that I could not move my fingers. The blisters burst and then became full of pus and came off in scales. It then spread all over my body and the skin became red and like raw meat. I could not sleep nor have any rest day or night with such terrible itching and burning and I could not bear to put my hands in water.

"I tried every remedy that could be thought of but nothing did any good until a friend advised Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Relief was almost instant and in less than a week my hands were completely healed after using Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Miss Anna J. Couch, Feb. 6, 1914.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Most of us need the money because that is what money is for.

W. L. DOUGLAS

Men's & Women's Shoes
\$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10.00

Over 150 Styles All Sizes Within

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
For 33 years W. L. Douglas has guaranteed the value by having his name and the retail price stamped on the sole before the shoes leave the factory. This protects the wearer against high prices for inferior shoes of other makes. W. L. Douglas shoes are always worth what you pay for them. If you could see how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why they look better, fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes for the price. If the W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity order direct from factory. Write for literature. Postage free in the U. S. Write for literature. Address: W. L. Douglas, 233 Spring St., Boston, Mass.

NOTHING else but the adroit blending of pure tobaccos—the choicest—gives you the excellence of FATIMA Turkish-blend Cigarettes!

If you cannot secure Fatima Cigarettes from your dealer, we will be pleased to send you three packages postpaid on receipt of 50c. Address: Fatima Dept., 112 Fifth Ave., New York, N.Y.

"Distinctively Individual"
Leggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

20 for 15¢

FATIMA
TURKISH BLEND
CIGARETTES

Finest Quality

Auto License Requests for 1915.
Harrisburg, Pa.—The automobile division of the State Highway Department has received more than 1,000 applications for licenses for 1915 and they are pouring in in increasing numbers daily. A statement issued by the department says that it has been found necessary to warn applicants that requests received on 1914 blanks will not be accepted.

U. S. Marines at Port Au Prince.
Washington, D. C.—The naval transport Hancock with a regiment of marines arrived at Port Au Prince, Haiti, to protect Americans and their property if necessary during the latest revolutionary outbreak. The commanding officer will confer with officials of the American legation there as to the need of landing marines.

Mine Fire is Destructive.
Chicago, Pa.—The tipples and stables of the Morris Coal Company near Claytona were destroyed by fire. Quick work on the part of the miners saved the horses and mules of the company from burning to death. The damage is estimated at \$14,000.

Wales Fund \$17,825,000.
London.—The Prince of Wales relief fund now totals \$17,825,000, of which \$4,350,000 has been distributed for the relief of those in distress.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director Sunday School Course, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)

LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 8

SOWING AND REAPING.

(World's Temperance Lesson.)

LESSON TEXT—Gal. 6:1-10.
GOLDEN TEXT—Whatever a man soweth, that shall he also reap.—Gal. 6:7.

Nowhere do the Scriptures excuse men from the results of their own sins. The effects of sins, and of blessings alike, are unto the succeeding generations. France is still paying in the physical realm the cost of Napoleon's ambition. Europe will have a greater debt to pay biologically than any which will be charged against its exchequers as the result of this inhuman and uncalculated war.

I. Those Who Trespass, vv. 1-5. Jesus plainly instructs us that "trespasses must needs come." Our problem is (a) to avoid being the trespasser and (b) the manner of our conduct towards those who do trespass. In this lesson the second question is treated first. Though a man be overtaken in the very act of trespassing, those who are taught and governed by the Holy Spirit (see chapter 5:16-25) are to prove to the world by their conduct that they are thus taught and governed. They are to "restore such an one," considering at the same time themselves lest they, too, stumble. To restore is to replace, "to reduce a fracture," to put a member of the body into its proper place. Every believer is a member of the body of which Christ is the head I Cor. 12:13, 14, 27, and one who falls (stumbles) into sin is a member out of place.

Man's Duty to Man.

The first step is to help our erring brother to bear his burdens (weights) of temptation, weakness, failure and sin, and in so doing we "fulfill the law of Christ," Ch. 5:14; John 13:34; Rom. 15:3. Jesus Christ not only gave us this law, but he also lived it as well, Phil. 2:5-8. The true disciple, who is really trying to help his brother bear his burden, does so with the consciousness not of his own rectitude, but rather that through the grace of God he has been kept from a like fate. Otherwise the man who "thinketh himself to be something" deceives himself, and no one else. God knows, so does the one whom we seek to help, if we are animated by spiritual pride and boastfulness. This is a measuring line whereby we may judge ourselves (v. 4). Pride and criticism of others largely comes from a desire to glory in ourselves, not so much that we condemn the acts of our neighbor. In verse three we are admonished to bear the burdens—"weights"—of others. In verse five we are told that every man must bear his own burden—"load," i. e., the burden of his own responsibility. No man can bear that load for another, whereas all men can share the "weights" of temptation, weakness, failure and sin.

II. Those Who Are Taught, vv. 6-10. Paul clearly sets before us the responsibility of being enlightened. Being taught, we must pass on the knowledge we have been taught, share the "good things" (v. 6) we have received, see Prov. 11:24; II Cor. 9:6. Those who refrain from thus adding their teachers gain no personal advantage. The word "mocked" means to sneer. Men may sneer at God and think they escape the result of their sin, but like still produces like. Sow corn, reap corn; sow figs, reap figs; sin, reap sin; Rom. 8:5, 6. In spite of the contempt men have for God and in the face of their acceptance of this principle in their sin with a strange fatalistic persistence.

Habits Bless or Curse.

This principle has a wide application. Sow shame, reap dishonor; sow hate, reap bitterness; sow love, reap the fruits of love, kindness, affection and esteem. Every act is a process of sowing. Every appetite fostered, gratified and pampered helps to produce a crop of habits either to bless or to curse. This gives color and significance to the words of verse eight. "He that soweth to his own flesh shall of (his own) the flesh reap corruption." If, however, under the leading of the Holy Spirit (cf. John 6:63; II Cor. 3:6) we sow to the Spirit, we will reap eternal life for "this is eternal life that we may know him."

Sow a thought, reap an act;
Sow an act, reap a habit;
Sow a habit, reap a destiny.

The practical application is in verse nine. If there are such possibilities of development, "let us not weary of well-doing." Our sowing is not a matter of caprice or convenience. Nor should we, through weariness, cease our activity. The temperance application is all too plain. We must constantly sow in the minds of the youth the "reaping of the flesh" for those who cultivate a taste for liquor. We must sow in the minds of taxpayers the criminal waste and folly of trying to regulate this traffic or seeking to tax it for the support of governments. We must sow in the minds of those poor souls now in the clutch of this damnable evil that there is a way of deliverance—the way of the Cross, a permanent and complete cure for the one who has gone the farthest or sunk the deepest in sin.

Condensed Report of the Condition of the SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF MEYERSDALE, PENN'A.

At the Close of Business, September 12, 1914

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Investments,	\$422,216.34
U. S. Bonds and Premiums,	72,231.87
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	68,924.08
Case and due from Banks,	67,286.11
Due from U. S. Treasurer,	3,250.00
Total Resources	\$633,958.40
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in,	\$ 65,000.00
Surplus Fund and Profits,	55,923.39
Circulation,	64,200.00
Dividends Unpaid,	60.00
Deposits,	448,775.01
Total Liabilities	\$633,958.40

Growth as Shown in Following Statements made to Comptroller of Currency.

	ASSETS
JULY 15, 1908,	\$262,014.92
JUNE 23, 1909,	\$411,680.13
MARCH 7, 1911,	\$512,574.48
APRIL 18, 1912,	\$692,884.92
APRIL 4, 1913,	\$605,870.62
September 12, 1914,	\$633,958.40

Advertise in the Commercial

ORGAN GRINDER'S DAY AS TO MAKING CAKES

HARVEST REAPED BY WASHINGTON STREET MUSICIAN. EXPERT ADVICE FROM DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Story From the Capital Concerning French and German Ambassadors Is a Good One, Though It is Not Official.

Cases Where Rendered Beef or Veal Fat May Be Substituted for Butter—Introducing Variety Into the Confections.

It was before the war came in grim earnest, of course, but here is the form in which a perfectly respectable old story used to be told over the cigarettes in Washington. When the governments of France and Germany were merely barking at each other across the conference table, it happened one day that an Italian organ grinder, strolling along the streets of Washington, planted his instrument of torture on the curb in front of the German legation and began grinding out the Marsellaise.

The strains of France's great national air fell upon the ears of the German ambassador, Count Bernstorff, as he sat within, deep in the diplomatic puzzles of his office, and a frown overspread his brow; for the Germans, though a music-loving people, loathe not the tune of the Marsellaise.

When the musician, having reached the end of the Marsellaise, proceeded to adjust his machine and play it over again, the ambassador grew restless. And when the third round broke, Count Bernstorff's patience broke under the strain. Hammering upon his call-bell, he summoned an attendant.

"Go out and drive that fellow from the block!" he commanded, and was turning again to his work when a bright idea flashed upon him. "Here, wait a moment," he called, and, drawing a coin from his pocket, gave the valet some instructions along with the money.

The valet, swiftly making his way to the street, addressed the organ grinder.

"Can you play 'Die Wacht am Rhein'?" he asked.

"Yes, sure, Mike, I play him," replied the son of Italy, in the lingo of the country.

"Do you know where M'sieur Jusserrand, the French ambassador, lives?" now queried the servant.

"Yes, yes, sure, Mike, I know," responded the dago.

"Well, here's a half-dollar," said the servant, handing him the coin. "I want you to go up to Ambassador Jusserrand's house and play 'Die Wacht am Rhein' for 15 minutes without stopping. Understand?"

"Yes, yes, sure, Mike," exclaimed the dago eagerly, and, silencing his organ across his back, as he prepared to move on, added proudly:

"Today, beeg day; today I make de beeg mon'. Ambass' Jusserrand, just now he giva me one dollar to come here and play de Marsellaise for 15 minutes."—New York Evening Post.

Cancers That Cure Themselves.
In the annual report of Doctor Bashford of the Imperial Cancer Research fund an announcement of great importance is made. It is to the effect that transplanted tumors fall into two categories, a very small group that grow progressively because they do not produce resistance to their own growth, and a large group that tend to disappear spontaneously because they induce in the body a powerful resistance to their growth.

While this remark is applied only to tumors artificially produced in animals for experimental purposes, it may be that some at least of the apparently extraordinary cures of cancer in human beings have been due to this power of the body to resist the growth of the cancer. If further experiments shall result in the discovery of the method by which certain resistant bodies throw off the cancerous growth, it will be a long step toward finding a way of conferring this power upon those who do not possess it.

Sply Chili Sauce.
To make chili sauce cut 24 tomatoes up in small pieces and cook as for the table. Run twelve green peppers and eight onions through the meat chopper. Rub the tomatoes through a sieve or colander and have the peppers and onions ready to add to the tomatoes, with two tablespoonsfuls each of ground cinnamon, ground cloves and allspice, four tablespoonsfuls of brown sugar, four tablespoonsfuls of salt and three quarts of elder vinegar. Mix all together and boil for three hours. Put, when hot, in sterilized jars or bottles and keep in a cool place.

Pastry flour will make lighter and more tender cake than standard flour. If standard flour is used take two tablespoonsful less for each cupful measured. In making cake only fine granulated or powdered sugar should be used as a rule.

In preparing the pans for cake they should be greased well with butter or lard or lined with paraffin paper. Bright, new pans will not need to be buttered for sponge cakes and if left unbuttered a more delicate crust is formed.

If a wood or coal fire is used there should be a small or moderate-sized fire, but one that will last without much addition through the baking. Regulate the oven long enough before the cake is to go in to have the dampers adjusted as they are to remain throughout the baking. If this is not done the dampers must be changed to regulate the heat during the baking, and the cake will not be so well baked. Most cakes can be at once removed from the pan when baked, but very rich cakes and dark fruit cake will be liable to break unless allowed to stand about five minutes.

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