

Destroy Tussock Moth Eggs Now.

A representative of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Altoona, wrote to Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, Harrisburg, and sent a number of white cocoons which were attached to masses of small white eggs covered with a white frothy substance. He said he had obtained them from the shade trees of that city, and asked, "Will you kindly advise me what they are and the best method of destroying them?"

To this communication Professor Surface replied as follows:

"We duly received the specimens that you sent to us from trees in your city, and can say that all the specimens received were the egg masses and cocoons of the White-marked tussock moth. This insect is peculiar in the fact that the wingless females come from the cocoons and lay their eggs in masses on the old cocoons, and then cover them with a frothy substance that dries and protects them. There they remain exposed, chiefly on the trunks and larger branches of the trees, until spring, when the worms or larvae hatch and spread to the leaves, where they feed extensively. After reaching their full growth they again form cocoons on the bark, or in some protected place, and the cycle is completed.

"The best means of suppressing them is to pick them by hand during the leafless season when they can be seen. It would be an easy thing to pick hundreds of such masses in a day and thus get rid of tens of thousands of the worms or caterpillars that would come next summer. These caterpillars are covered with tufts of white, black and red hairs, and it is from the white marks on them caused by these hairs that the species takes its name.

"Where it is not convenient to climb the trees to pick off the cocoons, these can be destroyed by touching them with a sponge or rag saturated with kerosene or some other penetrating oil and attached to the end of a pole. It is a good plan to have some lamp black in the kerosene, so that the cocoons and egg masses that have been touched will become discolored, and the person working around the trees will know when they are finished, rather than leave some untreated, because by not being stained he can not see that they were destroyed.

"After the worms or larvae hatch in the spring they can be destroyed easily by spraying with two pounds of dry arsenate of lead or four pounds of lead paste in fifty gallons of water, but this is more of a job and more expensive than destroying the egg masses now.

"They commence to feed shortly after the green leaves first appear, and consequently the spraying for them should be done early. It is a matter of considerable importance to order the spray materials that are needed during the season, and have them on hand. Also, prepare proper apparatus for the work. No special powerful apparatus is necessary for this, as all that is needed is hose long enough to reach to where the pests are feeding, and then ordinary methods of spraying will destroy them. A barrel sprayer is sufficient if it is equipped with long hose, extension rods and ladders for reaching parts of the trees that are infested.

"I recommend an earnest effort to enlist the co-operation of school children in destroying the egg masses of the Tussock moth. This can be done and will be found very successful."

Clears the Complexion.

Discovery that Removes Pimples, Eczema and all Skin Troubles.

If you are troubled with pimples, blackheads, acne, barber's itch, blotches, freckles or other skin disease or blemish, now is the time to get rid of it with Hokara.

This pure and simple skin healer is being introduced in Meyersdale by S. E. Thorley at the low price of 25c for a liberal sized jar, and they have sold hundreds of treatments.

It contains no grease or acid, is cleanly to use and it is a true nourishment for the skin, cleaning and clearing it in every pore, making it soft, white and beautiful.

If Hokara does not do even more than is claimed for it and give perfect satisfaction, return the empty jar to S. E. Thorley's Drug Store and they will refund your money. If you have any skin trouble, you cannot spend 25c to better advantage than for a jar of this skin food.

Sold on a guarantee by S. E. Thorley, Druggist.

Useful Hint.

If the white of an egg is used in making a mustard plaster there will be little danger of the plaster's blistering the most sensitive skin.

"Suffered day and night the torment of itching piles. Nothing helped me until I used Doan's Ointment. The result was lasting."—Hcn. John B. Garrett, Mayor, Girard, Ala.

PICKED UP IN PENNSYLVANIA

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Ogontz.—Wearing an ultra-fashionable gown, which he had explained he had "hooked" from a delivery wagon, John Brendall, a tramp, was arrested by Policeman Brown as he was strolling along Old York road. The prisoner said he took the skirt to "protect my physical system from the wintry winds." "Darn the narrow skirts," said Brendall, when he was arraigned before a magistrate. "If it hadn't been for these new-fangled notions I could have got away. But what chance has a guy to run in skirts like those?" As it was the second time Brendall has been arrested in the Ogontz section recently, the magistrate sentenced him to 30 days in prison.

Sharon.—No reason has as yet been assigned for the mysterious disappearance of Miss Esther Kiss, a teacher in the Farrell public schools. Miss Kiss left her home in Farrell on Wednesday, January 14. Her parents believed she would return in a day or two, but a week having passed and no word having been received from her, the police were asked to make a search. Later her parents received a telegram from her, dated Chicago, and the next day they got a letter from her saying she was safe and intimating that she would return in a few days. Her brother and sister started for Chicago upon receipt of the message.

Sunbury.—"I came to Sunbury to murder a policeman, but now I can't do it. Here is my gun," said a rough-looking young man to the Rev. Dr. Henry W. Stough in his tabernacle here.

Sunbury.—When the York Bridge Co. stockholders held a meeting, Guy Webster of York, the principal promoter of the York Bridge Co. and a number of subsidiary companies in and around Sunbury, could not be found. It is said that he has charge of the finances of the York Bridge Co.

Columbia.—The Rev. George Wells Ely, pastor of the Presbyterian church, has completed the thirty-first year of his pastorate here, having come to this church from Wyoming, Pa., in 1882.

Connellsville.—When Mrs. Eliza Garlets went forward in a revival service in the Methodist Protestant church, a thief stole her handbag containing \$3.15 which she had left in her seat.

Columbia.—A paternal mansion along the Manheim trolley line, owned by Amos Weidman, was found to be on fire by the conductor of a trolley car as he was passing the place. He stopped the car, and with five male passengers, got off and fought the flames with buckets of water until firemen from adjacent towns could respond to a call for help. The men were handicapped by lack of water and used a milk pail and a dishpan to put out the flames, which raged in a second-story room. When the fire was discovered, the family was at church, only an aged man, John S. Weidman, father of the owner, and the hired man being on the premises, and they had been in the tobacco shed looking after the stove there when the fire in the house broke out. The loss was several hundred dollars.

Pottsville.—George W. Slater of Meriden, Nev., and Bessie Allen Slater of Pottsville lost the suit they brought to invalidate the will of their father, H. P. Slater, who left only a small portion of his \$200,000 estate to his children, giving a large amount for the establishment of an aged women's home under the auspices of the Second Presbyterian church of Pottsville. He named Joseph W. Moyer as executor.

Sunbury.—Florence Scofield, colored, and daughter, Maud Scofield, of Sunbury, were taken into custody by the police, charged with being implicated in numerous thefts at Shamokin which reached a total money value of several thousand dollars. The latest store robbery was the Mirbach store at Shamokin, where \$500 worth of furs were stolen, several sets of furs being found in the Scofield residence. The women are being held for the February term of the criminal court in Sunbury.

Salisbury.—Three men were injured when a westbound freight on the Pennsylvania railroad was derailed a few miles east of here. The injured are: Conductor O. F. Cummings, aged 33, of 2043 Verona-st, Verona, cut and bruised; Flagman W. J. Haines, aged 37, of Freeport, cut and bruised; Brakeman L. C. Bush, aged 21, of 814 Canal-st, North Side, Pittsburgh, cut and bruised.

Tyone.—When Miss Maude Fahs, daughter of a preacher, was married to the Rev. Charles G. Aurand, seven ministers took part in the marriage ceremony. All of these ministers were relatives of the bride.

Lancaster.—Ferdinand Koeber, 90, an inmate of the soldiers' home at Marion, Ind., who was spending a furlough here, fell down a flight of stairs and was instantly killed. Koeber was the man who caught Gen. John F. Reynolds, who was shot at the battle of Gettysburg, as he fell dead from his horse.

Columbia.—A skating party, composed of six young men, came to grief while skating on the Susquehanna river. They had enjoyed the sport and ventured out along the shore of an island, where the ice was smooth and the skating excellent. They had, however, failed to notice that the water began running over the ice toward shore, and being unable to return on the island, were marooned on the shore. Seeing their predicament, some of their friends on the shore procured boats and went to their rescue, subsequently landing them safe on land.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Evening Department, the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.

LESSON FOR FEBRUARY 1 THE UNFRIENDLY NEIGHBOR

LESSON TEXT—Luke 11:1-13. GOLDEN TEXT—"Ask and it shall be given unto you; seek, and ye shall find; knock and it shall be opened unto you."—Luke 11:9.

The only record we have of this parable is in this gospel. This portion of Scripture is usually thought of as being a great teaching on prayer. It is that, and it is more than that. It is a great illustration of the sound principles of pedagogy employed by that wonderful Bible teacher, our Lord and Savior.

I. Teaching by example (v. 1). There was that in the prayer life of Jesus that was different than that of the formalistic religionists of his day, something that inspired the request, "Lord teach us to pray." His prayer life was different, it was effectual. Notice, in passing, the respect of the disciples "when he had ceased." If there is one lesson the oncoming generation needs to learn it is that of reverence. His prayers were too sacred to permit of any intrusion. His praying also awoke in their memory the prayer life of John the Baptist. There is deep psychology here. Observation, memory, perception, concept, all in their logical order.

II. Teaching by formula (vv. 2-4). The human mind is weak and needs that assistance which is to be found in a clear statement of truth. Not always can we have the benefit of a strong personality. Hence Jesus gives us a formula, or prayer, often called the "Lord's Prayer," but more correctly termed "the disciples' prayer." This is in some respects the world's most wonderful prayer, certainly the most familiar. Lacking in personal pronouns, it begins with that matchless conception of God, "our Father." It descends step by step from a consideration of his hallowed name, his kingdom, and his will (Luke 22:42) in heaven and upon earth, down to the question of our need of daily food. It then sweeps backward through the relations of mankind to each other, to temptation, to the power of sin, back to Matt. 6:13 to God once more, back to the Alpha and Omega. In it is invocation, supplication and adoration. It sweeps the whole gamut of man's need, physical, mental and spiritual. It begins in heaven, it encircles the earth, it rebounds to those realms of glory from which the Son came, and to which he returned. A study of the prayers of the saints, living and dead, ought to be more emphasized. This kingdom here mentioned is yet to be fully established. A kingdom demands a king (Rev. 22:20); its beginning, though, is in the hearts of men; it implies entire submission to God's will (Luke 22:42); it delights in doing that will (John 6:38, Eph. 6:6); it demands an entire sanctification of our lives, and a desire that his will shall rule in the earth (1 Thess. 4:3). The fifth petition is not the prayer of the unwary sinner (John 9:31). Fellowship with God depends upon our willingness to forgive others (Matt. 6:14, 15; Mark 11:25); but that is not the ground of God's forgiveness (Eph. 1:7, 4:32). God does not tempt men (Jas. 1:13); he does permit temptation to assail us, such as modern economic conditions (Mark 1:12, 13), but God never allows us to be tempted about what we can bear (1 Cor. 10:13). Volumes have been written about this prayer and yet its fullness has not even been suggested. The teacher who really prays cannot be a failure, for he has the power of God behind his labor. He must, however, not limit himself to this prayer only (Phil. 4:6; Jas. 5:13, 14). The Christian's prayer must be in the name of Christ, which is not named here, for he was not yet crucified.

III. Teaching by parable (vv. 5-13). "A parable is an earthly story with a heavenly meaning." Only the teacher who can translate truth into terms of "it is like" has really begun to teach. Let us beware, however, of a wrong comparison and of too vivid details. This is not a picture of God, only by way of contrast is he suggested. There are three friends here: (1) The needy one in his journey; (2) the needy one who was his host; and (3) the needy one who was a selfish neighbor. The parable of the second was inexcusable (Phil. 4:19); the wandering of the first at night time cannot go unchallenged (Matt. 28:20). As for the third, it was a most unreasonable hour and his friend's insistence was unreasonable, yet, his insistence emphasized the urgency of the request and the confidence of a friend.

IV. Teaching by contrast (vv. 11-13). Pedagogically considered this is the application. Notice it is introduced by the word "for" and the summary is the sum and substance of all good, the Holy Spirit. Jesus contrasts a bread, that which preserves life, with a stone, which is dead and lifeless. He contrasts fish, one of the most common meat foods, with a serpent, which signifies deception, and an egg, which is not only nutritious but reproductive as well, with a scorpion, which has in it the sting of death. Each promise is predicted upon a command (Jas. 4:2), ask, seek, knock.

Condensed Report of the Condition of the SECOND NATIONAL BANK, of Meyersdale, Pa., AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, JANUARY 13, 1914.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments.....	\$395,950 30	Capital Stock paid in.....	\$ 65,000 00
U. S. Bonds and Premiums.....	65,231 87	Surplus Fund and Profits.....	52,656 86
Real Estate, Furniture & Fixtures.....	70,779 42	Circulation.....	65,000 00
Cash and Due from Banks.....	64,744 18	Dividends Unpaid.....	114 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer.....	3,250 00	Deposits.....	417,184 91
Total Resources.....	\$599,955 77	Total Liabilities.....	\$599,955 77

"Waverly" Oils and Gasoline

Cost More—Worth Most
Gasolines—Illuminants—Lubricants—Wax—Specialties
Waverly Oil Works Co., Pittsburgh

JURORS DRAWN.

The following have been drawn as jurors for the February term of court, beginning February 24th.

- GRAND JURORS.
Alexander Shaulis—Somerset borough.
Mahlon Blough—Jenner twp.
Cyrus McClintock—Addison twp.
W. L. Graves—Meyersdale.
Wash Custer—Shade twp.
Frank C. Lancaster—Somerset borough.
George Haer—Summit twp.
Samuel J. Maust—Lincoln twp.
John Mowry—Somerset twp.
Albert Young—Black twp.
William Kulis—Lincoln twp.
Wesley A. Barron—Somerset twp.
D. H. Brown—Confluence.
Homer Fritz—Brothersvalley twp.
Albert Swartzendruber, Miller—Beaumont.
Joseph F. Reich—Meyersdale.
Joseph C. Kline—Jenner twp.
Lemon Weaver—Paint twp.
Silas Lyons—Middlecreek twp.
C. Newton Magnot—Middlecreek twp.
E. N. Hayes—Paint twp.
G. K. Logue—Meyersdale.
John N. Felling—Meyersdale.
Solomon Asp—Jenner twp.

- PEER JURORS.
J. C. Cunningham—Ursina.
G. E. Mense—Somerset twp.
W. J. Hoffman—Somerset twp.
W. E. Oaks—Hooversville borough.
Henry Seiple—Summit twp.
W. A. Miller—Northampton twp.
Morris A. Walker—Somerset borough.
Joseph Plough—Somerset borough.
Jesse Baer—Benson borough.
B. G. Dively—Brothersvalley twp.
Austin J. Barber—Quakertown twp.
Peter G. Weimer—Black twp.
W. Scott Matthews—Somerset twp.
M. K. Johns—Paint twp.
Wm. F. Horner—Somerset.
Frederick Koonz—Windsor borough.
Charles E. Boyer—Meyersdale.
Albert Burkholder—Brothersvalley twp.
Edward Cramer—Summit twp.
Hiram Weaver—Paint twp.
Ross A. Barclerode, Sr.—Windber borough.
Frank Newman—Salisbury.
Milton H. Boucher—Meyersdale.
Charles Zeigler—Somerset.
Samuel A. Shaulis—Jenner twp.
C. W. Williamson, Jr.—Stony creek twp.
Howard Marges—Somerset twp.
W. H. Cosse—Berlin borough.
John M. Deal—Greenville twp.
G. W. Tannehill—Lower Turkey-foot twp.
Milton E. Hershberger—Elk Lick twp.
Milton W. Hauger—Somerset.
Thomas A. Johnson—Shade twp.
Oran Shaulis—Somerset.
Frank Dickey—Somerset twp.
Thomas Sanner—Somerset borough.
Clarence E. Livengood—Meyersdale.
W. H. Ryland—Meyersdale.

Colds to be taken Seriously.

Intelligent people realize that common colds should be treated promptly. If there is sneezing and chilliness with hoarseness, tickling throat and coughing, begin promptly the use of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It is effective, pleasant to take, checks a cold and stops the cough which causes loss of sleep and lowers the vital resistance.

Sold by all Dealers Everywhere.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man an unhappy slave. For impure blood and sluggish liver, use Burdock Blood Bitters. On the market 35 years. \$1.00 a bottle.

Orchard Demonstrators to Lecture in Public Schools.

Plans have been completed for the demonstrators of the Bureau of Zoology, Department of Agriculture, Harrisburg, to present some of the important points of their practical work to the school children in the different counties of Pennsylvania during the next few weeks. Professor Surface has always tried to assign his inspectors and demonstrators to work of a nature that could be done with the best results according to conditions and one of the difficulties in the inspection and demonstration service has been to keep the men profitably employed during the winter months when the roads are often impassable. For the solution of this problem a great many enlarged drawings of insects have been prepared in the office of the State Zoologist. These are in the form of very large cloth charts which take the place of lantern slides for illustrated lectures. They can be displayed before an audience and the speaker is able to describe, them and speak of them as he would of illustrations projected upon a screen.

In addition to the charts there are a number of specimens of insects, beneficial birds, and other creatures, spraying apparatus, spraying materials and other devices used in suppression, as well as enlarged photographs of orchards and other crops, sprayed and unsprayed. These charts, specimens and photographs are placed in the hands of the demonstrator, who, by previous arrangement with the County Superintendent of Schools and the teachers in the different schools, takes them from one school building to another and delivers a lecture of three-quarters of an hour upon the subject of "Pests and their Suppression."

The facts that are brought out during this brief period are such as will help each community in saving an immense quantity of agriculture produce during the year, and must help materially in adding to the income of the State, as well as instructing the youth. Teachers are pleased to receive this aid to their work, and generally cooperate by asking their pupils to take notes upon what the inspectors say, and later to write an essay on the subject. If any persons wish to make service of availing themselves of this free service at an early date they can write to Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, Harrisburg, Pa.

As long as the present stock of goods last, we will make photographs at one half the regular price. All portrait frames will also go at the same rate. We guarantee all goods to be strictly first class and p-to-date. E. E. Conrad, ad

Things to Keep in Mind.

To pack books for a long journey line the packing box with oilcloth—this will preserve the volumes from damage during long journeys or from mold or mildew if left in a damp storage room.

To restore crocheted buttons that have lost their shape through much laundering dip them in cold starch, shape them with the fingers and let them dry.

To add to the enjoyment of the children who are blowing bubbles put a little vegetable coloring to the glycerin to a quart of water gives greater strength or durability to the bubbles.

To remove tight rings from fingers that have become swollen from sweeping or other labor, take a piece of wrapping cord and wrap it closely around the finger from tip to ring. Do this twice, slipping the end under the ring with the help of a tooth pick. Then as you remove the string the ring comes off easily.

CHURCH SERVICES.

Methodist Episcopal church services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Epworth League at 6:45 p. m. Evening service at 7:30.

St. Philip and James Catholic church. Rev. J. J. Brady, pastor.—Mass next Sunday 9 and 11 a. m. Vespers and Benediction at 7:30 p. m.

Church of the Brethren—Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School, 9:30 a. m. Christian Workers Meeting at 6:30 p. m. Bible Class, Saturday evening, 7:30 p. m. Teacher Training classes meet Monday evening 7 and 8 o'clock, respectively. Sunday School Workers Meeting, Friday evening, 30th inst., at 7:30.

Brethren Church, H. L. Goughnour pastor—Services on Sunday, February 1st both morning and evening in the Meyersdale church. The evening subject "The Duties and Privileges of the Rich." Sunday school and Christian Endeavor at usual hours. All are cordially invited. Christian church, J. A. Hopkins, pastor—S. S. 10 a. m. Preaching 11 a. m.

A Difference in Working Hours.

A man's working day is 8 hours. His body organs must work perfectly 24 hours to keep him fit for 8 hours work. Weak, sore, inactive kidneys can not do it. They must be sound and healthy active all the time. Foley Kidney Pills will make them so. You cannot take them into your system without good results following. Sold by all Dealers Everywhere.

International Harvester Co. at San Diego.

The International Harvester Company, which has been an exhibitor at all the big expositions of the past, is now building on the grounds of the San Diego Exposition an exhibit that will be the greatest of all the exhibits it has ever made. Every implement manufactured by this great concern will be practically demonstrated on the exhibit grounds now being prepared by experts of the company for this purpose, and in the building which the company is erecting for its exclusive use all processes and methods of manufacture used in the making of these implements will be shown.

The outdoor exhibit of this concern, however, is not to be confined to demonstrations of the agricultural implements and machines it manufactures, but its model farm, with all the various products of the farm, will be one of its greatest attractions. As the intent behind much of the San Diego Exposition, in a general way, is to aid the "back to the land" movement, this exhibit will be a complement of what the exposition is endeavoring to do with its model dairy and grain ranches and its model citrus and deciduous groves.

Throughout the entire year 1915, while the San Diego Exposition is in progress, the International Harvester Company will have its experts on the exposition grounds daily, demonstrating its various implements.

Do you begin to cough at night, just when you hope to sleep? Do you have a tickling throat that keeps you awake. Just take Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It will check the cough and stop the tickling sensation at once. Does not upset the stomach, is best for children and grown persons. Sold by all Dealers Everywhere.

Accidents will happen, but the best regulated families keep Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil for such emergencies. Two sizes 25c and 50c at all stores. ad