

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Special to The Commercial.

If anyone is really inclined to take seriously the standpat talk about Col. Roosevelt being the Republican nominee for the Presidency in 1916 let him contemplate for a moment the resolution adopted by the Republican State convention of New York the other day denouncing the Progressive proposals to make the recall applicable to judges as well as to other elective officers and for the so-called review of judicial decisions. There is a genuine and unmistakable reactionary ring to the language of this Republican resolution. It says:

"The Republican party condemns all proposals to intimidate judges in the discharge of their duty by threats of a recall in case of an unpopular decision and all proposals to nullify the decisions of the courts at the will of a temporary popular authority through the recall of decisions."

The proposition for the recall of judicial decisions is Colonel Roosevelt's own, first enunciated by him in the famous Charter of Democratic speech before the Ohio constitutional convention in Columbus in February, 1912. This proposal, together with the proposal to make the recall applicable to judges, Colonel Roosevelt has supported upon nearly every platform from which he has spoken in the last 18 months.

Thus, unconsciously, and no doubt without in the least intending to interfere with the deep laid schemes of those Republicans who have been assiduously spreading the "Roosevelt for 1916" talk, these New York reactionaries have furnished in one paragraph of their platform the complete and final answer to all of it.

The most striking result of the recent gubernatorial primaries in New Jersey is the opportunity given the voters of the state for a fair and square expression at the polls in November of their beliefs and desires with regard to the great question of the regulation of trusts and corporations. The interest of the Jerseymen in this question is shown by the convincing manner in which the New Jersey progressives showed their preference for Everett Colby for their candidate for the governorship. Mr. Colby made his campaign for the nomination chiefly as an advocate of the regulation of trusts in accordance with the Progressive national and state platforms. He was opposed by Edmund B. Osborne, the chief feature of whose campaign was advocacy of a new system of local taxation. In 19 of the 21 counties of the state the Progressive vote was from 2 1-2 to 3 to 1 in favor of Mr. Colby's issue as against Mr. Osborne's.

The progressives of New Jersey have thus emphatically pointed out the issue in which they are interested. Fortunately, the Democratic and Republican primaries resulted in the nomination of candidates whose records on the trust question line them up squarely in opposition to Mr. Colby, and thus the issue at the polls is sharply drawn. The Democratic nominee is Governor James F. Fielder who succeeded President Wilson, and who was the President's choice in the primaries. The Republican nominee is Edward C. Stokes, who served as governor of New Jersey several years ago.

Both Governor Stokes and Governor Fielder have been indulging in the recently popular political pastime of playing "progressive" and they are able exponents of that artful and deceitful game. But in this case the record of each is clearly defined and it will be extremely difficult for them successfully to mislead the intelligent electorate of New Jersey.

During Mr. Stokes' term as Governor of the state the trusts increased and thrived and not a finger was lifted by him to check them. Mr. Stokes has demonstrated by his action that he is a disciple of the "let alone" doctrine held by Aldrich, Cannon and the rest of the Republican agents of special privilege, and which used to be so widely preached by standpat spell-binders.

Governor Fielder will "point with pride," no doubt, on many occasions during the campaign to the famous "Seven Sisters," placed upon the statute books of New Jersey during his administration by the insistent command of President Wilson. These "Seven Sisters," as the President's New Jersey trust laws are commonly known, were widely heralded, at the time of their enactment, as the last word on the trust problem. They were to settle the case in New Jersey and stand as a model for the other 47 states of the Union to copy. But thus far they have produced only one result. They have deprived New Jersey of revenue without exerting a single influence for the correction of any trust evil. The old trusts, so thickly domiciled in New Jersey, have remained there in large part and continued their old practices. New corporations have simply taken their charters in other states not subject to the possible, though remote, menace of the "Seven Sisters." Governor Fielder's share in this inglorious record of inaction can hardly now serve as proof to the voters of New Jersey

that hope of a genuine settlement of this great problem can be found in his re-election.

No one knows better than the people of New Jersey the futility of expecting any relief in this direction from Mr. Stokes.

The one hope of wise and honest action on the trust question in New Jersey lies in the election of Everett Colby to the Governorship. The issue is clearly defined and cannot be dodged.

POINTS THE WAY.

The Statement of This Hyndman Resident will Interest our Readers.

Our neighboring town Hyndman, points the way in the words of one of its most respected residents:

Mrs. D. F. Bartholamew, Water street, Hyndman, Pa., says: I was in poor health and suffered greatly from pains in my back and sides. I had chills and was often dizzy. Reading a great deal about Doan's Kidney Pills, I began using them. They brought prompt relief and as I continued using them, I steadily improved. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to many other people and I have never known of a case where they have failed to prove of benefit. Doan's Kidney Pills made a complete and permanent cure in my case and I have had no need of a kidney medicine during the past several years. I willingly confirm my former endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills, as I know that they are deserving of all the praise given them.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no others.

Lime-sulfur Spraying

Although State Zoologist H. A. Surface, of Harrisburg, and his inspectors have discovered and are disseminating a parasite, which is entirely destroying the San Jose scale, Professor Surface announces that it is not wise for fruit growers to depend entirely upon the parasite to destroy the scale in their orchard this season, unless knowing that it is present and at work in great numbers. In fact he issues a special warning against throwing away the spray pump, and says that those persons who have orchards and want fruit, should find out whether or not they have living scale, and if so prepare to spray this fall after the leaves drop, and again next spring before they appear, with the lime-sulfur solution, which has already been so efficient in placing Pennsylvania orchards well to the front for the production of first class fruit.

The reports of successful spraying with the boiled Lime-sulfur Solution continue to reach the office of Prof. Surface. One of these reports showing a very conspicuous example of the results of following the teachings of the State demonstrator comes from Centre county, where there is an enthusiastic Fruit Growers' Association which has co-operated closely with Prof. Surface in his public demonstration work during the past five years. The different members of this Association testify of the value of this service, and one of the conspicuous examples of success is quoted as follows:

"Mr. J. E. Miller, of Madisonburg, Brush Valley, Centre Co., who has one of the State Demonstration Orchards, sprayed his orchard during three years with Lime-sulfur Solution and sold 1,000 bushels of apple at \$1.00 per bushel in a season when he was about the only person in that region producing any apples what ever. His sprayed trees are more vigorous, and more fruitful than any others in that region, either sprayed with other material or left unsprayed."

The report is particularly gratifying to the State's demonstrator, as Prof. Surface was the original advocate of Lime-sulfur Solution, having proven its value in his own orchards near Mechanicsburg, Pa., which were so fruitful this season. Fruit growers in general have now recognized that the methods which this Department has shown for controlling the scale have been the most successful, and at the same time least expensive that could have been adopted, and unsatisfactory material are giving way to the general use of the boiled Lime-sulfur Solution.

Woman loves a clear, rosy complexion. Burdock Blood Bitters is splendid for purifying the blood, clearing the skin, restoring sound digestion. All druggists sell it. Price \$1.00.

To Clean Plumage.

The plumage of a white fowl can be cleansed of stain by washing with a clean white or transparent soap that is free from much alkali. Make a strong lather and use your hand feather downward from the head to the tail.

The Suffragists.

Pennsylvania suffragists will be glad to know that the Federal Bill to provide for Woman Suffrage now in the U. S. Senate will have the favorable vote of Senator Boies Penrose. In a letter to a Philadelphia Suffragist, Senator Penrose states:

"I have yours of recent date, urging favorable consideration of the passage of an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, relating to suffrage for women, to be submitted to the several States for ratification. I recognize that the request to have this amendment submitted is entirely fair, reasonable and logical, and I will be glad to support such an amendment in the Senate, with a view of having the question submitted to the States for action."

The school for suffrage workers, instituted by Mrs. Carry Chapman Catt, president of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance, is now in full swing in New York City, having been opened on September 22 with 125 students. Eighteen States of the Union are represented. The purpose of the school is to teach workers how to engage in almost every branch of equal franchise work and also to give them inspiration for the work.

At the Allentown Fair, Miss Edna Wright, the State organizer and Mrs. Maud L. McCreery the popular suffrage speaker were assisted by day contingents from Philadelphia consisting of Miss Lida Stokes Adams, Mrs. Harry Lovenburg, Mrs. Ellis, Mrs. Derr and Miss Wilcox.

The throne of Holland has formally announced that full suffrage will be granted to Dutch women shortly.

At the Bedford Fair both Suffragists and anti-Suffragists had exhibits. The suffrage booth was presided over by Mrs. Harry Cessna of Bedford, assisted by Mrs. E. E. Kiernan of Somerset, and Miss Louise Hall of Harrisburg. The Anti booth was managed by Mr. George Mann, an elder-

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ly bachelor and a dealer in antiques. His anti suffrage arguments were antique too—the favorite one being that he believed every woman should be provided with a home and kept in it—a belief strangely at variance with his practice. Mr. Hann was assisted by Miss Eliza D. Armstrong of Pittsburgh.

Eczema spreads rapidly; itching almost drives you mad. For quick relief, Doan's Ointment is well recommended. 50c cents at all stores.

Abuse of Roads.

Using the roadside for a "public dump" and filling the side ditches with waste material doesn't help appearances any, nor does it help to solve the drainage problem in the maintenance of roads.

Children cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CHURCH SERVICES.

Evangelical church, L. B. Rittenhouse, pastor—Sunday school at 2:00 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran church, J. A. Yount, pastor—Sunday school next Sunday at 9:30 a. m. Morning service 10:30. Evening services 7:30. Luther League, 6:45 p. m. Mid-week service Wednesday 8:30 p. m.

Brethren Church:—H. L. Goughnour, pastor.—No preaching services in the Meyersdale church, in the morning, but the Rev. A. S. Kresge, a minister of the Reformed church who resides in Meyersdale, will preach at the evening service. The local people should give this Brother a good hearing. Services are being held by the pastor in the Salisbury church each evening this week at 7:30. On Sunday the pastor will preach at Salisbury in the morning, at Summit Mills in the afternoon and conduct the Communion services at Salisbury in the evening.

Christian church, J. A. Hopkins pastor—Bible school next Sunday in the Christian church at 10 a. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Church of the Brethren—Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School, 9:30 a. m. Christian Worker Meeting at 6:30 p. m. Bible Class, Saturday evening, 7:30 p. m. Teacher Training classes meet Monday evening 7 and 8 o'clock, respectively. Sunday School Workers' Meeting, Friday evening, 30th inst., at 7:30.

At the A. M. E. Zion church Sunday School at 3:00 p. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. Christian Endeavor at 7:45 p. m.

SS. Philip and James Catholic church, Rev. J. J. Brady, pastor.—Mass next Sunday 9 and 11 a. m. Vespers and Benediction at 7:30 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal church service, Rev. G. A. Needl pastor.—Services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Epworth League at 6:45 p. m. Evening service at 7:30.



More Men will Wear Oppenheimer Superior Clothes this Fall and Winter than Ever Before

In all communities where Oppenheimer Superior Clothes are handled their sale is increasing steadily.

We know this because of the increased demand we have been receiving through dealers.

The dealer is the point of contact. He feels the pulse of the buying public first, and if he is a good merchandiser, responds to it instantly.

Oppenheimer styles and patterns and quality never fail to win the favor of every man who wears Oppenheimer clothes.

And that complete satisfaction which Oppenheimer clothes give the man who wears them is the one and only reason for the continued and increasing growth of our business.

Men wear Oppenheimer Superior clothes because they measure up in all respects to their highest

conception of what ready-for-service clothing ought to be. The price with them is secondary.

Other men choose Oppenheimer clothes for the first time perhaps because in the medium price field to which they limit themselves they look best. They continue to choose them because long service proves them to be best.

There is a dealer in your community who handles this celebrated line of clothes. He has a complete showing of Fall and Winter models ready for your inspection. Look him up.

Our Style Book shows all new models and contains a guide to correct Fall and Winter attire for all occasions. It will be sent free upon request.

INSURANCE CLAUSE

Every OPPENHEIMER Garment is inspected rigidly and then offered for sale with ABSOLUTE INSURANCE against defect of any kind whatsoever. Should the slightest irregularity be discovered, the makers will correct it without argument, quibbling or delay.

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