

COURT NEWS

Orphans' Court Proceedings, Real Estate, Marriage Licences, Etc.

REAL ESTATE.
Elizabeth P. Gugas to County Trust Co., Somerset \$700.

Robert Nicholson's administrator to Jedi Show, Confluence, \$300.
Jedi Show to E. S. Thomas, Confluence, \$750.

C. L. Spencer to Ellen L. Spencer, Paint Borough, \$1,975.

D. B. Zimmerman to W. Park Kooser, Jenner twp., \$5,000.
P. T. Miller, to Irvin E. Miller, Stonycreek twp., \$600.

J. W. Mayr., to Somerset Coal Co., Jenner twp., \$10.

J. M. Wolfersberger to Baltimore & Ohio, R. R., Black twp., \$900.

Austin G. Schrock, to Norman Neimiller, Brothersvalley twp., \$600.
Wm. Wable to Hiram Wable, Rockwood, \$1,700.

J. J. Hoblitzell to W. T. Hoblitzell, Summit twp., \$1.

George S. Mowry, to Uriah Weaver, Windber, \$1,000.

Elizabeth E. Beale to Helen Beale, Somerset twp., \$2,800.

Charles S. Fifer, to Harry W. Boys, Somerset twp., \$12,500.

Nancy Homers, executor to Earle T. Fulton Stoyestown, \$810.

Barle T. Fulton to Lucy Penrod, Stoyestown, \$975.

Klimence Sadey to Annie Sadey, Jenner twp., \$1.

Jacob Neff to Thomas Neff, Jenner twp., \$150.

Wilson K. Walker, to First National Bank of Stoyestown, Stoyestown, \$1,500.

Steve Briticak to Andrew Tarrigan, Windber, \$1,075.

Rose A. Hase, to John R. Scott, Somerset \$1,400.

Belinda Hite to First National Bank of Stoyestown, Stoyestown, \$1.

Wilmore Coal Co., to Mikele De Otto, Windber, \$200.

David Evans to Daniel Evans, Windber, \$1.

Arthur Evans to same, Windber, \$1.

F. E. Straub, to G. T. McGough, Jr., Allegheny twp., \$1,000.

Lucinda Geiger to George T. Beall, Meyersdale, \$1,300.

Jonathan Growall, to Elizabeth Growall, Rockwood, \$6,000.

Alvin E. Fritz to Elsie M. Lohr, Jenner twp., \$1,000.

Mary Ellen Miller, to Bertha A. Miller, Summit twp., \$1.

Lewis C. Lambert, to Joseph M. Miller, Stonycreek twp., \$10.

Kate Vinseck to Motys Marslanika, Boswell, \$2,000.

Josiah Ankeny, to Emma E. Weaver, Paint twp., \$1,000.

C. W. Weigle to R. W. McGregor, Hooversville, \$200.

Susan McGregor, to same, Hooversville, \$3,500.

Edward Engle, to Harrison Fuller, Salisburg, \$400.

Simon P. Naugle to Joseph De-lorie, Windber, \$300.

Benedick Shuto to Michael Peter, Windber, \$535.

Hugh W. Marrow to Wm. Geddes, Windber, \$10.

Frank A. Wolfhope to Henry Wolfhope, New Baltimore, \$1.

Wiley O. Ringler, to L. C. Long, Somerset twp., \$6,000.

MARRIAGE LICENCE.

Ralph Lloyd, of Windber, and Elsie Witchew, of Reitz.

Earle Trevour of Hooversville and Emma Darl Wagner, of Shade twp.

John Bosak and Annie Alaty, both of Adams twp., Cambria county.

James Garfield Shaffer, of Windber, and Lillie Belle Parson, of Rummel.

Charles Turina and Theraso Busco, both of Jenner twp.

George Horopka and Bertha Elco, both of Boswell.

John Strancak and Reggie Rustak, both of Hagevo.

John Szvinar and Annie Gowalsky, both of Windber.

Giuseppe Vadacchino and Maria Degrazia, both of Windber.

Cragio Lattanzi and Ollie Gennaro, both of Confluence.

Antonio Crososki and Julia Czar-linski, both of Windber.

Wasul Wilcho and Annie Lellem, both of Listie.

WILLS.

The will of Levi Hanlin, late of Jenner twp., directed that his farm be divided between his two sons, Robert H. Hanlin and Harrison E. Hanlin, the former to pay for the same the sum of \$2,000 and the latter \$1,500. The balance of his es-

tate is left to his three daughters as follows: Zernah, L. Speicher, Huldah E. Hanlin, and Margaret A. Custer. Testator's two sons are appointed executors. The will was dated May 13, 1911, and witnessed by the Hon. R. W. Lohr, and Laura M. Lohr.

Alice B. Largent, late of Meyersdale, directed that J. A. Gaaves, shall be paid for caring for her during her illness, and the balance is left to the trustees of the Meyersdale Lutheran church. J. A. Grayes is named as executor. The will was dated March 26, 1913, and witnessed by W. B. B. Cook and Elda Cook.

John J. Blough, late of Elk Lick twp., left his estate to his legal heirs, while a cash bequest of \$150 is made to Martha J. Brant. Milton J. Blough is appointed executor. The will was dated December 14, 1912, and witnessed by J. C. Lichter, and C. S. Lichter.

Simon P. Sweitzer, late of Somerset, made the following cash bequest: Edna Torpey, \$1,000; Eva Lichtv., \$500 and Pearle Lichty, \$300. The balance of his estate is to be equally divided among his children, as follows:—Jennie Rhodes, John L. Sweitzer, and Charles B. Sweitzer. Attorney J. H. Uhl, is named as executor. The will was dated November 19th 1908, and witnessed by Frank K. Sanner and H. B. Schlag.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

To Edward E. Harkoom, estate of H. R. McClintock, late of Addison twp. Bond \$1,000.

To Somerset Trust Co., in the estate of Theresa Welsh, late of Jenner twp. Bond \$2,000.

For Good Roads.

State Road building, which had been to a considerable extent held back because of delay in the enactment of the legislation necessary to an adequate supply of funds, has been resumed for the season, and the State Highway Department is counting on a substantial quantity of construction before winter puts a stop to work of this character. Three contracts have been let for improved highways in Lancaster county. Bids have been asked for twelve pieces of work, involving 95,000 feet of road in various parts of the state. Additional bids are to be asked at an early date for 150,000 feet of road, partly on the state-aid plan and partly main state highways.

An interesting feature of this year's contracts is that wherever possible the department has chosen work that will connect existing stretches of improved highway or extend pieces of road previously improved. Each section is designated to fit into the general scheme of a comprehensive system of main highways. A notable instance of this is found in two sections of Route 5, which extends from Scranton to Wilkes-Barre by way of Pittston. One section contains 11,652 feet and the other 24,435 feet. They will connect municipalities that have improved their streets. As a result there will be in a short time a continuous improved highway between the county seats of Lackawanna and Luzern counties. Another case of the kind is in regard to a short piece of road between Harrisburg and Steel-ton, which is the only unimproved portion in twelve miles of highway. Similar connections are to be made in Fayette and Beaver counties and on Rote 286, in Blair county. Later contracts are to be characterized by a like policy. The three contracts already awarded in Lancaster county cover 54,291 feet and will connect important roads greatly increasing the amount of continuous good roads in that region.

While the work for the present season is now under way, there is no likelihood that the actual road improvement in 1913 will exceed that of 1912. The same will be true of 1914 as no money will be available either this year or next except such as can be spared from the current revenues. As the recent Legislature appropriated \$27,000,000 more than the estimated income of the state for the two years, good roads must bear their share of the enforced curtailment. It is apparent to those familiar with the situation that this condition of affairs will continue until some plan has been evolved for financing the road building program independently of the regular revenues, because the temptation of the legislators to appropriate the state money for their private charities and other institutions at the expense of public roads has been demonstrated time and time again to be too strong to be resisted.

Meanwhile, the demands of the State Highway Department for the construction and repair of roads all over the state are far in excess of its ability to meet, by reason of the limited amount of money that can be diverted from the public revenues for that purpose.

"I have been somewhat costive, but Doan's Regulents give just the results I desire. They act mildly and regulate the bowels perfectly.—Geo. B. Krause, Altoona, Pa. ad

Over the State

Schoolmaster Did a Little Thinking and Astonished His Crowd of Competitors.

Men wonder at what they do not understand, but a seeming marvel often becomes absurdly simple when it is explained. Many years ago a schoolmaster, in the course of his travels, had occasion to stay for a day or two at a country tavern. As he sat in the public room with a dozen other persons, evidently natives of the place, there came along a man with a fat hog that he was driving to market. Leaving the animal outside, he entered the inn and joined the little company. Several of the latter went to the window to look at the hog.

"That's a fine pig you've got there, neighbor," remarked one. "Do you know what he'll weigh?"

"Yes, sir," returned the pig's owner. "I had him on the scales just before I started out. What do you guess he'll weigh?"

The questioner, thus questioned in turn, looked at the pig carefully, and made a guess. The owner turned to the rest of the company, and said: "Will not somebody else give a guess? Just for the fun of it, let everybody have a try."

The proposal met with favor. One after another the men eyed the pig critically, and after due consideration, gave their estimates of his weight. The schoolmaster, who seemed deeply absorbed in his own thoughts, alone took no part in the contest. But he was not to be let off.

"Say, friend," the owner of the pig urged, aren't we going to hear from you?"

The pedagogue, who perhaps had never in his life looked attentively at a pig, rose, went to the window, and gazed out at this one. He deliberated for a moment, then, with modest reservation, named a certain number of pounds.

At hearing it, the eyes and the mouth of the pig's owner opened wide in astonishment.

"Wal, I swan!" he exclaimed. "You're the champion! All the others guess'd either over or under, but you've hit it almost to a pound."

Every one stared at the schoolmaster admiringly, but no one was shrewd enough to tell how he had been able to make so good a guess. It had not been a lucky hit, although he could have done quite as well without seeing the pig. He knew nothing about swine, but he knew a good deal about figures. Having heard the guesses of 11 more or less expert judges, he had added together their guesses, divided the sum by 11, and "guessed" the result.—Youth's Companion.

MANY MEN WITHOUT RELIGION

Agnosticism and Deliberate Unbelief Astonishingly Prevalent Among Citizens of Florence, Italy.

Prof. Ugo G'usti, head of the statistics bureau of Florence, gives some curious particulars in regard to the religious beliefs of the Florentines, declared in last year's census.

Heading the section of "No Religion" about ten per cent are printers and about the same number of professional men and artists, nine per cent of civil servants, the finer trades and railway and tramway employes. In answer to the query on their religious curious answers were received.

"I believe in the God of Garibaldi and Mazzini," "Religion is home," "Catholic, but do not believe in God's ministers," "Catholic of my own conscience," "Agnostic," "Positivist," "Materialist," "Anti-clerical Christian," "Anti-Catholic Christian."

In the population of 232,860 almost 205,695 declare themselves to be Catholic, 1,541 Protestants, Protestants of other nationalities 1,798, Jews 2,569, other creeds 144, no religion 8,315, undeclared 12,798.

Early Showed Heroism.

As a boy, Rear Admiral Young, who died last month, showed qualities that were sure to put him in the front rank of his profession. As a midshipman, he leaped overboard to rescue a seaman, and before the boats could be lowered and rowed to him, he was three miles astern, swimming and supporting the unconscious sailor. Later, when the ship Huron was wrecked on a reef off the North Carolina coast, he and another man tried to reach the shore on a raft. When the raft capsized, he not only swam ashore, but dragged his companion to safety with him. Then he ran to a life-saving station, broke into the building, dragged out the apparatus, and succeeded in saving 34 officers and men out of a crew of a hundred and thirty-two. For this act of heroism congress advanced him in rank, and the legislature of Kentucky, his native state, made him an honorary member.—Youth's Companion.

Save the Label.

"Awkwardness in pouring medicine from a bottle cost me \$2," a man said. "Because I poured it out on the label side and got the number of the prescription and the date blurred the druggist wouldn't refill it, and I had to give the doctor another call. I got no sympathy from the druggist."

"But you had to learn your lesson," he said. "Nearly everybody does. It seems second nature for everybody except nurses, doctors and druggists to pour medicine from the label side of a bottle. The professionals never do. They always pour from the opposite side and keep the label clean. Laymen, after they have paid the price of a consultation for the experience, also adopt that method."

HIS "GUESS" EASILY THE BEST

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NEW LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA

A Brief Outline of Acts of the General Assembly of 1913 As Approved by the Governor

No. 54. Validates bonds illegally issued by certain municipalities.

No. 55. Appropriates \$125,000 to pay the tuition at state normal schools of pupils preparing to teach in the public schools.

No. 56. Makes it unlawful for an officer after his term has expired, as well as while in office, to charge or demand any fee except that provided by law, and providing a penalty for failing to refund excess fees collected.

No. 57. Amends the law allowing pay to witnesses held without bail to include commitments by coroners.

No. 58. Provides for appointments and compensation of janitors for the various courts in counties of 1,200,000 and over.

No. 59. Extends the scope of the law prohibiting persons who have not been admitted to the bar from advertising as "lawyers."

No. 60. Amends the law requiring county recorders to record free of charge the certificates of all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors of the state, making it possible for the discharge to be presented by an agent.

No. 61. \$15,500 is appropriated for deficiency the two past years in maintaining the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mt. Carmel coal fields.

No. 62. Provides for transportation to Gettysburg of state officials, guests of the state, and old soldiers to attend the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg.

No. 63. Game Laws. Provides for the better protection of wild birds and game; requires license for hunting to be procured before using guns, and fixes the "Resident Hunter's License" at one dollar.

No. 64. Repeals the supplement to the act for preventing clandestine marriages.

No. 65. Repeals the act for preventing clandestine marriages.

No. 66. Commissioners of public parks in cities of the first class given full power and control over parks.

No. 67. Gives commissioners of public parks in cities of the first class power to make rules and regulations governing drives.

No. 68. Appropriated \$195,000 to pay one-half the expense of caring for veterans at the Gettysburg reunion.

No. 69. Joint City and County Building. Permits city and county authorities to construct buildings for their joint use. The site may be selected from land belonging either to the city or county and the cost of the building apportioned between the city and county. Also authorizes purchase or condemnation of additional ground for site and for bonds to pay cost of erection.

No. 70. Game law providing for the protection and preservation of game.

No. 71. To provide for the classification of fish in lakes of 5,000 acres, and to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase. Imposes a license fee for fishermen and requires counties to pay costs of prosecution.

No. 72. Extends the list of birds protected by the game laws and regulates the sale of feathers of protected birds.

No. 73. Provides necessary medical attention for persons supposed to be in danger from hydrophobia, after having been bitten, and providing for expenses previously incurred in like cases.

No. 74. Provides for the construction of a fish way across the Susquehanna at McCall's Ferry.

No. 75. Repeals a supplement to the act to establish a board of wardens at the port of Philadelphia, by which pilots shall no longer be required to serve an apprenticeship of six years.

No. 76. After July 1st, when this act took effect, wages shall be paid as often as semi-monthly, the first payment between the first and fifteenth, and the second before the last day of the month.

No. 77. Validates certain receivers' sales.

No. 78. Amends the act relating to receivers' sales by providing for notices by mail to all interested parties describing the property to be sold.

No. 79. Relates to the manner of making services in actions at law.

No. 80. Mothers' Pensions. Under this act the governor appoints a board of women in each county as trustees, to carry into effect the

provisions of this law, providing monthly payments as approved by the board to indigent, widowed or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes. Payments are to be made direct to the pensioner by the state treasurer and the county treasurer. Payments must be discontinued when the child is of legal age to secure employment. The trustees are to serve without pay, but shall be allowed traveling expenses. The trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint an investigator. They are also given permission to employ a stenographer. The yearly office expense shall not exceed \$3,000 for counties with cities of the first class, \$2,400 for counties with cities of the second class, \$1,800 for counties with cities of the third class, nor \$1,200 in other counties. \$200,000 appropriated to carry the law into effect. No mother can become a pensioner who has not continuously resided three years in the county where the application is made.

No. 81. Provides for the protection of elk and deer and provides for any county to be closed to hunting for a term of years upon petitions and hearings.

No. 82. Regulates the storage and sale of linsed oil; fixes standards for raw and boiled linsed oil, and repeals previous legislation.

No. 83. Repeals section 2806 of the act of May 18, 1911, to establish a public school system.

No. 84. Regulates the sale of seeds—clovers, timothy, alfalfa, barley, wheat, oats, rye, spelt and buckwheat, and provides standards for purity.

No. 85. Amends section 1125 of the act to establish a public school system in regard to the county superintendent's office.

No. 86. Appropriates \$6,209.52 for deficiency in salaries of orphans' court judges in Philadelphia and Allegheny counties.

No. 87. Reorganizes the Attorney General's office; designates the number of employees, and fixes salaries.

No. 88. Prohibits the killing of foxes in Delaware county, except those destroying property.

No. 89. Permits boarding house keepers in suits before magistrates, aldermen or justices to attach the wages of delinquents, but to not exceed the sum due for four weeks.

No. 90. Concerns mattresses; regulates their making, prohibits the use of unsanitary materials.

No. 91. Allows the killing of deer between November 10th and 25th only.

No. 92. Provides for the establishment of vocational schools; for state aid in maintenance, and for payment of tuition by the state.

No. 93. Repeals the act "to encourage the repression of tuberculosis of cattle."

No. 94. Commissioners of townships of the first class may make appropriations to support fire companies in their townships.

No. 95. Decreases by \$30,000 the appropriation for printing and binding and increases \$30,000 the appropriation for paper required for the executive, judicial and legislative departments.

No. 96. Validates certain elections not held in conformity to law.

No. 97. Permits an abandoned wife to sue her husband.

No. 98. Makes an appropriation of \$2,520 to pay the judgment obtained against the state by W. C. Wolfe.

No. 99. The deputy prothonotary of the supreme court of the Eastern district is to receive a salary of \$5,000 during the absence of his superior.

No. 100. Relates to hospital fees paid by the state in certain cases.

No. 101. Confers additional powers on the Board of Public Charities, and fixes the salary of the secretary at \$5,000.

No. 102. Makes it unlawful to throw broken glass, metal or dangerous refuse on any public highway.

No. 103. Changes the terms of directors of the poor in districts where the number of directors is eight.

No. 104. Requires separate specifications for plumbing, heating, ventilating and electrical work, and calls for separate bids on all public buildings costing \$1,000 and over, and the letting of contracts to the lowest bidder.

No. 105. Because the federal government has made no appropriation the additional sum of \$15,000 is appropriated for the statue of Gen. George G. Meade at Washington. The president of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, the commander of the Central Pennsylvania Grand Army Association, and John Wanamaker are made additional members of the commission.

No. 106. Appropriates \$50,000 for the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview.

No. 107. Regulates the employment of county detectives in counties of from 300,000 to 700,000.