



HARVEY SICKLER, Editor.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA.

Wednesday, Feb 20, 1867

The Executive Mansion in Washington has been thoroughly renovated, at a cost of forty thousand dollars.

A COMPLIMENT.—The Erie Dispatch, the loyal organ of that county, in closing a pathetic appeal in reference to the election of Senator, and warning the loyal members of the Senate and House against voting for Cameron, said: "Give us a fool, like Geary, but for God's sake do not give us a knave."

The Judiciary Committee of the Rump have already asked for ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) to pay expenses in the preliminary examination of witnesses in the impeachment case.

Texas is the largest, and Rhode Island the smallest of the States of the Union, the former containing 274,356 square miles of territory, and the latter only 1,306.

How to Get Rid of the National Debt.

"There are twenty millions of people in the North. If each one of these would destroy a five cent currency note daily, it would amount to a million of dollars in a day toward the removal of the National debt.

Thereupon the Rochester (N. Y.) Union (Dem.) discussed:

"There are twenty millions of hairs on one or more yellow dogs. If each of these hairs could be made to yield a dollar a day, every day for a year, there would be enough realized by this time to pay off the entire debt and leave several thousand millions in the treasury.

GEN. W. W. H. DAVIS, has recently published a history of the 104th Pennsylvania Regiment, which, as a record of the operations of his regiment and others connected with it must prove very interesting.

As the educational interests of the State are of the greatest importance, I have devoted considerable space to a synopsis of the act referred to. Every reader of this paper is interested to some extent in the public schools, and all should know what are the provisions of the bills that are now under consideration by the Legislature.

THE MORAL MARKET.—The following report of matters in the moral market has been made. We hope it is not entirely true.

- Honor.—Scarce. Old stock exhausted and the new will be a complete failure.
Virtue.—Old growth nearly consumed.—Young growth—prospects very unpromising.
Honesty.—None in market.
Patriotism.—First quality scarce; none to be disposed of. Second quality easily bought on speculation at 100 per cent discount.
Prudence.—All in the hands of old stockholders.
Modesty.—Stock badly damaged. None for sale.
Vice.—Market overstocked.
Pride.—Market glutted.
Politeness.—Cheap. Holder unwilling to dispose of stock at present rates.
Scandal.—None genuine on hand. Stock generally adulterated. Very few investments.
Love.—None offered—except for greenbacks.
Talent.—Scarce article. Sold exclusively for cash.
Consistency.—Out of fashion.
Soot.—Twelve quarts of soot in a bog-head of water, will make a powerful liquid manure, which will improve the growth of flowers, garden vegetables, or root crops.

EDUCATIONAL. A correspondent of the Montrose Republican furnishes that paper with the following synopsis of two important bills now pending in our State Legislature:

Educational matters promise to receive considerable attention from our Legislature this winter, and it is almost certain that a bill will be passed ere the close of the session, calculated to enhance the interest of education in the Commonwealth. Two bills have been introduced in the House, one of which is a supplement to an act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools, approved May 8th, 1864; the other is "an act to increase the efficiency of the common schools for the education of teachers."

The first provides that from and after the first Monday in June, 1867, and every year thereafter, there shall be levied upon the real estate and personal property a tax of two mills upon the assessed valuation thereof—the amount thus raised to be applied exclusively to defraying the expenses of instruction in the common schools of the Commonwealth. Said tax shall be levied, assessed, and collected by the same officers who levy, assess, and collect State and County taxes, and the same shall be paid to the State Treasurer, who shall pay it to the State Treasurer as fast as collected.

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PHILIP JOHNSON, a Representative in the other House from the eleventh congressional district of Pennsylvania, is no more.—The House of which he was a member has adopted appropriate resolutions to do honor to his memory, and to express, so far as any expression by them can go, their sincere condolence with his wife and friends over the great bereavement which they have suffered. I embrace the opportunity to express some words, suited to the occasion, and they will be words, not of warm or extravagant eulogy, but of sincere regard and genuine respect for the character and memory of the deceased.

EULOGY OF SENATOR BUCKALEW, ON THE DEATH OF HON. PHILIP JOHNSON.

Mr BUCKALEW. Mr. President, I have certain resolutions to present to the Senate for adoption consequent upon the information just received from the House of Representatives. Before submitting those resolutions, however, I must say a few words which I think appropriate to the occasion.

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In 1863 he was elected to the House of Representatives of the Legislature of my State, and was re-elected in the year following, having thus two years of service in that body. In 1860, just before the commencement of our unexampled difficulties and sufferings in this country, he was elected from his congressional district to the national House of Representatives.—He was again elected in 1862, and still again elected in 1864, though more than two elections to that branch of Congress is unusual in the practice of my State.

Almost at the end of his third term he has been struck down. We will no longer move among us to give his counsel or to utter those words of encouragement which are as necessary in public as in private life to the honest and faithful discharge of duty.

Mr. Johnson was my friend, and he exhibited that friendship on more occasions than one. It is therefore a duty in which regret and pleasure are mingled to stand forward and cast upon his bier an offering of some few, poor words.

The closing of a life career, especially of one which has been passed under public observation, is well calculated to arrest the attention and to subdue the passions of the human breast. We know that we are all destined, sooner or later, to pass through the dark valley and experience new conditions of existence in a future state; and naturally we feel concern and interest in the character and fate of the traveler who precedes us.

But thanks be unto God, whose power and presence fill alike the earth and the heavens, that He hath established a moral government for the world, and that whatsoever is excellent and true and noble and just is pleasing in His sight and accordant to His will! And that even finite man, in his low estate, may in some measure glorify His government and His laws.

Our departed associate had earnestness of conviction and sincerity of soul. He did not ever bow basely to Mammon; he did not scorn or scoff the humble; he was not subject before the face of power; he was not subservient to the passions of others; nor did he shrink and cower before difficulties and opposition.

His warfare was honorable, while his sagacity adapted him to leadership and secured him within the limited field of action frequent and signal triumphs.

He made no pretensions to high ability. He claimed no front rank among the men of his age. But the place which he chose to fill he filled completely and with honor and his chief ambition to be considered a true man by his fellows was completely realized.

I have reason to believe that our deceased associate, in spite of the depressing influence of disease and of what he regarded as unfortunate and inopportune occurrences in the political world about him, was not dispirited and unhopeful of the future of his country. He looked beyond the clouds to that light which, though it may be obscured, can not be extinguished, and which will surely return after a time to adorn and beautify the earth.

Resolved, That the Senate has received with deep sensibility the announcement of the death of Hon. Philip Johnson, late a member of the House of Representatives from the State of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That the members of the Senate, as a mark of respect for the memory of the deceased, will go into mourning by wearing crape on the left arm for the residue of the session.

Resolved, That the members of the Senate will attend the funeral of Hon. Philip Johnson to-morrow, at the hour designated by the House of Representatives.

Resolved, That, as a further mark of respect for the memory of the deceased, the Senate do now adjourn.

PARDONS.—The mode of obtaining pardons from the Governor of our State; even in the cases where lenity may have seemed to be just and desirable, has heretofore been conducted too loosely and given just occasion for complaint. Governor Geary, with that prudence and foresight which exhibits the elements of a true statesman, has issued a statement of Regulations to govern the public upon what system pardons in the future, during his Administration, can alone be granted.—Burgess Republican.

Yes, William; and in the very first case that came before him, that of Bieber, for refusing the vote of a qualified elector, he violated every one of the regulations he had made. Instead of waiting for the recommendations of judge, jury, etc., the man was pardoned before sentenced. We may congratulate ourselves, however, that in the civil suit for damages, the Governor cannot pardon.—Columbian.

THE LAST OF FORTY THOUSAND.—Mr J. Heithington, of the Toronto City Chamberlain's office, a few days ago received a bank note, on the back of which was written—"This note is the last of four thousand pounds sterling, all gone in fun within four years. Hurrah! I'm a man again. Now for hard work. Hell's not far from here. Roll up your sleeves, Tom. Breakers ahead! All friends have disappeared like rats from an old ship.—Never say die—buckle to—grin and bear it. Thank God for health and strength good spirits—spirits of the right sort. No more old rye for this boy. Keep up heart, old fellow, and go to work. Who wants a hired man, ready for anything that's honest?—T. H. R. C."

NEGRO PRIVILEGES IN CARS.—Dr. Worthington has procured the passage of a law giving railroad companies \$500, that refuse to let the negro choose his own seat without respect to the convenience of others.

There are negroes in this town who complain that the abolition Doctors refuse to attend on their families when sick. Would it not be well for Dr. Worthington to get up a bill imposing a similar penalty on Doctors for making such odious distinctions in their practice?—Ez.

The Hartford Times advises people to get up before seven o'clock in the morning and "see Venus, the beautiful morning star." A newly married man requested to say that he can "see Venus without the trouble of rising at that unseemly hour."

IMMENSE PRODUCT.—Pittsburg contains 500 large manufacturing establishments.—It has 50 glass factories and 15 potteries, 46 iron foundries, 31 rolling mills, 33 machinery establishments, and 53 oil refineries; besides miscellaneous works of almost every variety, the whole turning out an annual product worth \$100,000,000.

Prentice says "Massachusetts has more dead lions and more live jackasses than any other member of the Union, and every one of the latter is flinging his heels at some one of the former."

Negroes in Railroad Cars.—The Act as it Passed.

The following is the act making it a crime for any distinction to be shown between whites and negroes in railroad cars as it passed the Senate. It will be seen that every Republican except one voted for it.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That on and after the passage of this act, any railroad or railway corporation within this Commonwealth that shall exclude or allow to be excluded by their agents, conductors of employees from any of their passenger cars any person or persons on account of color or race, or that shall refuse to carry in any of their cars thus set apart, any person or persons on account of color or race, or that shall for such reasons compel or attempt to compel any person or persons to occupy any particular part of any of their cars set apart for the accommodation of people as passengers shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof, shall be liable in an action of debt to the person aggrieved, in the sum of \$500, the same to be recovered as actions of debt are now by law recoverable.

Sec. 2. That any agent, conductor, or employer, of any railroad or railway corporation within this Commonwealth, who shall exclude, or allow to be excluded, or assist in the exclusion, from any of their cars set apart for the accommodation of passengers, any person or persons on account of color or race, or who shall refuse to carry such person or persons on account of color or race, or who shall throw any car or cars from the track thereby preventing persons from riding, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500) nor less than one hundred dollars (\$100) or be imprisoned for a term not exceeding three months nor less than thirty days, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Those voting in favor of the bill, as above, were Messrs. Bigham, Billingsfield, Browne, Brown, Coleman, Connell, Cowles, Graham, Landon, Lowry, McConaghy, Kilgway, Shoemaker, Stutzman, Taylor, Werthington and Hall—all Republicans. Those voting "no" were Messrs. Bennett, Davis, Donovan, Glatz, Haines, Jackson, James, McCandless, Randall, Schall, Sarright, Wallace and Walls—all Democrats, except Mr. Haines.

Local and Personal.

Selling Out at Cost.—Ross, Mills & Co., we are assured, are now disposing of their entire stock of dry goods and groceries at cost—and no mistake. Those wishing to purchase cheap goods, will do well to call soon and get some of them. See their advertisement in to-day's paper.

The Horse-race Dam, we learn, has been seriously damaged by the recent ice freshet. A portion of it having been completely carried away; so that the entire waters of the river pass through the break. This will of course cause an entire suspension of boating operations on this end of the canal, during the fore part of the season.

The Small Pox case of which we spoke a week or two since, at the house of Mr. Peter Sharps, has resulted fatally. As yet, there is no indication that the infection has spread in the least. ELLA BARKES, a sweet faced, sunny-hearted little girl of thirteen years, after weeks of pain and suffering, was the victim of this terrible disease, which respects neither youth, nor beauty, nor innocence. How sad, and yet how true it is, that "Death loves a shining mark."

Church Music Books.—Among the most popular works for sale at the Music establishment of L. B. Powell of Scranton, are the "Jubilate" and "Harp of Judah," by Emerson; the "Psalm King" by Perkins; and the "Key Note," by Bradbury.—These and other Music Books can be had of Mr. Powell by the quantity at the wholesale price.

The Revivals—were continued in both the Methodist and Presbyterian churches, and by Elder Grow, Baptist, in the school house. Thirty-eight have already received the ordinance of baptism by immersion, though the ministry of the last named Minister. From twenty to thirty have united themselves to the Methodist church with a prospect of large future accessions. Quite a large number, too, have been added to the Presbyterian church, where the meetings are kept up, nightly. The whole town seems to have been brought under the influences now at work, so that crowded houses are now found at all these three places of worship.

The Canal Bridge on the main street, leading to the river, in this place, went down with a crash, on Friday last. A young boy, son of Thomas Osterhout, was passing over on horseback, when rider, horse, timbers and plank fell to the bed of the canal in one promiscuous heap. The boy and horse, almost as if by miracle, escaped, but with slight injuries. The bridge was about eighteen feet high, with sides. The stringers, at their bearing upon the abutments were almost wholly rotted away. But a short time previously, a heavy coach with four horses had been driven over it with no apparent signs of danger. Heavily laden teams, have frequently passed over the bridge during the winter. Everything considered, it was a very fortunate breakdown.

The Firm of Clark Keeney & Co., dealers in Hats, Caps, Furs, and Straw Goods, has been dissolved by the withdrawal therefrom of Mr. Seth L. Keeney. Mr. B. F. Clark the successor, continues the business at No. 359, Broadway—five doors above the old stand. Men, hants and dealers from this and a joining counties will find this one of the best of places to purchase goods in their line. Mr. Clark has associated with him as principal salesman, Mr. James McKune, a Wyoming County man, late of the Custom house, and brother to Wm. McKune who is so well and favorably known in this region. Jim, with whom we have caught trout out of the same holes, we can vouch for, as an "A. N. O. 1." man;—but only as a second rate trout fisher. Our friends visiting the city, should not fail to call on him.—They can be certain of fair and courteous treatment. "Make a man!" No. 359 Broadway.

Married

ROBERTS—McKUNE.—In Falls Township, the 11th inst. by the Rev. C. R. Lutz, S. T. Roberts and Roseline, eldest daughter of Mr. Wm. McKune. MILLER—VAN SOY.—Also, the 12th inst. by the same, at the residence of Mr. B. Haight, Hugh Miller of Tunkhannock Township and Corvella, daughter of the late Abraham Van Soy, of Dallas, Luzerne County, Pa. The printer received, and was fortunate enough to keep, for a few minutes, substantial tokens of remembrance, from both parties in the above cases, but very shortly found a verification of the old adage that, "all things are changing here below." The greenbacks in this case changed pockets pretty suddenly. As Love is of Heavenly origin, and Marriage an ordinance of God; we are justified in the hope that matrimonial felicity for all who pay the printer will outlast all the greenbacks in the world. So, note it!

Special Notices

NOTICE. Whereas, my wife Mary has left my bed and board, without just cause or provocation. I forbid any one harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date. PORTER CARPENTER. Nicholson, W. Co Pa, Feb. 16th, 1867.

FARM FOR SALE.

Situate partly in Northmoreland and partly in Eaton Townships; containing SIXTY-SIX ACRES, Well watered, with a fine young orchard, in bearing. Farm well adapted to Grain or grazing will be sold cheap for cash. For further particulars enquire of R. R. LITTLE, Esq., Tunkhannock, Pa., or of F. D. CARPENTER, Pittston. v6a28-4w.

Executrix Notice.

LETTERS Testamentary having been granted the L undersigned on the estate of East H. Carey late of Tunkhannock Township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payments, and those having claims against said estate will present the same duly authenticated for settlement to ELIZABETH CAREY, Executrix. Tunkhannock, Feb. 18, 1867. v6a28-6w.

NOTICE.

The firm of Fitch & Buck having been dissolved by mutual consent. The books of accounts, for collection, those having unsettled accounts with them will save costs by calling and arranging the same without further notice so to. FITCH & BUCK. Tunkhannock, Pa. Feb. 6th 1867.

NOTICE.

The Stockholders of the MILL CITY WOOLEN MANUFACTURING COMPANY will meet at the Mill City Hotel in Falls Township, on Wednesday the 20th day of March, 1867, at 1 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of electing Directors, and organizing said Company. The books for the subscription of stock in said Company will continue open for the subscription of stock at said Hotel until that date, unless the entire amount thereof shall be sooner subscribed.

LUTHER A. HOWARD, DARWIN HOWARD, F. V. SICKLER, C. S. HARRWOOD.

NOTICE.

Persons having Book accounts with us of more than 4 months standing, are respectfully requested to call on and settle the same without delay. We mean this, and hope our customers will realize the necessity of "paying the merchant" in order that we may continue to supply them with the BEST GOODS at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES. JENNINGS & CO. Mahanoying Feb. 12, 1867. v6a27-6w.

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby cautioned purchasing or negotiating a certain note, dated August 2, 1866, for \$250, given by us to William Waterman. The consideration therefor having failed, by reason of the non-compliance on the part of the said Waterman with the agreements made at that time, said note was null, and the undersigned will not pay the same unless compelled to do so by the law. D. D. SPAULDING, C. S. JACKSON, SAMPSON BILLINGS, Nicholson, Feb. 8, 1867. v6a27-4w.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of Sarah Hunter late of Overfield township, dec'd., have been granted to Caroline DePew, of said township, all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same to her, duly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted will make payment with, out delay. CAROLINE DEPEW, Administratrix. de bonis non, cum test. annexo, Overfield Feb. 8, 1867.

DR. TOBIAS'

VENETIAN LINIMENT. AN INSTANTANEOUS REMEDY FOR CHRONIC rheumatism, headache, toothache, croup, colic, quinsy, sore throat, and all pains in any part of the body. Remember, this article is subject to an experiment—for 19 years it has been tested. No medicine ever had such a reputation as this. It is sold in bottles of 25 cents each, and all are sold in this price. "Chronic rheumatism," "headaches who laid for weeks on a bed of agony, and never walked without the aid of crutches, with this complaint, can testify to the magical effects of this liniment. They are cured and proclaim its virtues throughout the land. Remember, relief is certain, and a severe case is cured in 24 hours. Headache of all kinds we warrant to cure. Putrid sore throat, quinsy, and diphtheria are robbed of their terrors by a timely use of the Venetian Liniment. It has saved hundreds in the past three months—Price, 40 and 50 cents a bottle. Office, 56 1/2 Grand street, New York. Sold by all druggists. v6a26-m

REASONS WHY THE

AMERICAN WATCH

Made at WALTHAM, MASS., is the best.

It is made on the best principle. Its frame is composed of SOLID PLATES. No jar can interfere with the harmony of its working and no sudden shock can damage its machinery. Every piece is made and finished by machinery, (still famous for its novelty, as well as for its effectiveness) and is therefore properly made. The watch is what all mechanism should be—ACCURATE, SIMPLE, STRONG AND ECONOMICAL. Except some high grades, too costly for general use, foreign watches are chiefly made by women and boys. Such watches are composed of several hundred pieces, screwed and riveted together, and require constant repairs to keep them in any kind of order. All persons who have carried "Ankers" "Lepines" and "English Patent Levers" are perfectly well aware of the truth of this statement.

At the beginning of our enterprise more than ten years ago, it was our first object to make a thoroughly good low priced watch for the million, to take its place of these foreign impositions; the refuse of foreign factories, which were entirely unsuitable at home and perfectly worthless everywhere.

How well we have accomplished this, may be understood from the fact that after many years of public trial, we now make MORE THAN HALF OF ALL THE WATCHES SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES, and that no others have ever given such universal satisfaction. While this department of our business is continued with increased facilities for perfect work, we are at present engaged in the manufacture of watches of the very HIGHEST GRADE KNOWN TO CHRONOMETRY, unequalled by anything hitherto made by ourselves, and unsurpassed by anything made in the world. For this purpose we have the amplest facilities. We have erected an addition to our main building expressly for this branch of our business, and have filled it with the best work men in service. New machines and appliances have been constructed which perform their work with consummate delicacy and exactness. The choicest and most approved materials only are used, and we challenge comparison between this grade of our work and the finest imported chronometers. We do not pretend to sell our watches for less without fear of contradiction that for the same money our product is incomparably superior. All our watches, of whatever grade, are fully warranted, and this warranty is good at all times against us or our agents in all parts of the world.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned to buy only of respectable dealers. All persons selling counterfeits will be represented.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,

AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH CO., 182 BROADWAY, N. Y. v6a12m