

HARVEY SICKLER, Editor.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA

Wednesday, May 18, 1864.

S. M. Pettengiil & Co .-- No. 37 PARK Row NEW YORK, & 6 STATE St. Boston, are our Agents recaptured three hundred and seventy-eight for the N. B. Democrat, in those cities, and are authorize t to take Alvertisements and Subscriptions me at our lowest Rates.

MATHER & CO., No. 335 Broadway N. Y. are our Authorized Agents to take Advertisements er this paper, at out published rates.

Elsewhere, in our paper of to day, will be found such brief extracts in relation to the late battles, as we have room for, clipped from the great mass of news, rumors &c., cinct account of this terrible struggle between the two greatest armies that ever met | Richmond. in deadly strife on this continent. There has Both armies seem now sated with the carnage and are resting now from their bloody work, only to renew it after taking breath .-Lee has fallen back but a short distance from the scenes of the last battle and taken up a position which Gen. Grant will only take after desperate fighting. Grant awaits reinforcements which have been sent him. Everything considered, his victories of the past few days, as they have been styled, are very expensive ones. The advance from the Rap. idan has been disputed inch by inch, and every mile has cost thousands of lives.

The army of Lee is now sullen and defiant, and under the eves of Gen. Grant who does not advance, if indeed can do so. In spite of all the flank movements Lee is said to be now receiving reinforcements. It is not clamed that he has lost in killed and wounded, as many as Grant. As he recedes toward Richmond his defences grow stronger. It seems quite certain, that unless that city shall be taken by some movement not now looked for, that immense sacrifices of human life will yet have to be made before the great object of the campaign shall have been at-

late battles. We have heard nothing directly from Co. B. of the 12th; but find in the of Factoryville.

LATEST NEWS ITEMS .- The report that being captured by the rebels on Saturday last, having passed a few rods to the front to take an observation.

Butler is said to be advancing on Petersburg, Fort Darling, and Richmond.

Beaureg and is said to have eluded his (Butler's) vigilance, and has marched his forces to reinforce Lee, Gen, Bragg is said to be in command of the fortifications of

WENDELI PHILIPS AND THE ADMINISTRA TION .- Wendell Phillips has written a letter to a friend in this city in severe denunciation of the Administration. The following is the conclusion: " Believing that this Administration is carrying us to a point where we shall be obliged either to acknowledge the Southern Confederacy or reconstruct the Union on terms grossly unjust, intolerable to the masses, and sure soon to result in another war, I earnestly advise an unpledged convention, to consider public affairs and nominate for the presidency a statesman and a patriot.

The National Debt Measured and Weighed. Mr. John Fair, a calculating machine of New York city, thus measures and weighs four thousand millions of dollars, which he

assumes is, or is to be, the National Debt. that it is to vast for comprehensions. Now as a practical man I propose to weigh and measure it, that we may thereby obtain a more definit idea of its immensity.

A silver dollar measures 1 1-2 inches in diameter; \$8 placed edge to edge will make the conflict on that day : yet the maneuvers one foot in length, \$24 so placed will make one yard in length, and \$42540 so placed will make one mile in length.

The earth is 21,500 miles in circumfer-

It would, therefore, require \$912,304,000 to go once around it. This vast sum must be multiplied by four and four tenths to make it equal to the amount of our National debt, which would make the silver dollars go around the earth's circumference four times and cover 8,940 miles besides. Allowing a silver dollar to weigh an ounce. 16 to a would weigh 125,000 tons, and would require 125 ships of 1,000 tons burthen to

tons each ; and calculating that each truck son. will cover a space of 30 feet, they would and six days a week.

A GALLANT RAID. Sheridan at the Gates of the Rebel Capital.

[OFFICIAL ] WASHINGTON, May 14-11:40, P. M. Major General Dix:

An official dispatch from General Sheridan d. ted at Bottom bridge, via Fortress Monroe, May 13. states that on the 9th inst., he and on the evening of that day reached the North Anna river, without opposition.

During the night he destroyed the enemy's cars and one hundred cars, two fine locomotives, two hundred thousand pounds of bacon, and other stores, amounting in all to also the telegraph and railroad track for about ten miles, embracing several culverts of our men, including two colonels, one major, and several other officers.

On the morning of the 10th he resumed operations, crossing the South Anna at Grand Squirrel bridge, and went into camp about day light.

On the 11th be captured Ashland station; destroyed here one locomotive and a train of cars, an engine house, and two or three government buildings containing a large amount of stores; also destroyed six miles of railas published in the N. Y. World. It has thus road, embracing six culverts, two trestlefar been impossible to get a reliable and suc- bridges, and the telegraph wire. About 7 A. M. of the 11th he resumed the march on

He found the rebel General Stuart, with been no general engagement since Thursday. his cavalry, concentrated at Yellow Tavern. immediately attacked him, and, after an obstinate contest, gained possession of the Brockel turnpike, capturing two pieces of artillery and driving his forces back toward Ashland and across the north fork of the Chickahominy.

At the same time, a party charged down the Brock road and captured the first line of the enemy's works around Richmond. During the night he marched the whole of his command between the first and second line of the enemy's works on the bruffs overlooking the live of the Virginia Central Railroad and the Mechanicsville turnpike.

After demonstrating around the works and finding them very strong, he gave up the intention of assaulting, and determined to recross the Chickahominy at Meadow bridge. It had been partially destroyed by the enemy, but was repaired in about three hours under a heavy artilery fire from a reb-

General Merritt made the crossing, attacked the enemy, drove him off handsomely, the pursuit continuing as far as Gaines' mills. The enemy observing the recrossing of the

Chickahominy, came out from 'his second All accounts show that the Penna line of works. A brigade of infantry, and a Reserve Corps has suffered terribly in the large number of dismounted cavalry attacked the divisions of Generals Gregg and Wilson, but after a severe contest, were repulsed, lists of wounded the names of James Gillis- and driven behind their works. Gregg and pie of this place and of Lieut P. H. Reynolds | Wilson's divisions, after collecting the wound ed, recrossed the Chickahominy.

On the afternoon of the 12th, the corps encamped at Walnut grove and Gaines' mills. Gen. Lee was wounded seems to be untrue On the A. M. of the 13th (yesterday) the also the report of Gen. Stuart's death, Gen. march was resumed, and we encamped at Longstreet is said to be slightly wounded. Bottom bridge. The command is in fine Gen's. Grant and Wright narrowly escaped spirits. The loss of horses will not exceed

All the wounded were brought off, except about thirty cases of mortal wounds, and those were well cared for in the farmhouses of the country. The wounded will not exceed two hundred and fifty, and the total loss not over three hundred and fifty.

The Virginia Central Railroad bridges over the Chickahominy and other trestlebridges-one sixty feet in length, one thirty feet, one twenty feet, and the railroad for a long distance south of the Chickahominy, were destroyed.

May 15-12:30 A. M. In a dispatch this moment received from terday mention the death of General J E. ment for the last two days. B. Stuart, shot in battle. This no doubt happened in the battle with Sheridan.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

## THE FOUR TERRIBLE BATTLES

ON THE RIVER PO. The particulars which I have received of the battles of the 9th, 10th, 11th, and 13th inst, at Spottsylvania on the river Po, prove them to have been fiercely contested and sanguinary beyond description. On the 9th, It has been said that this debt is so great to say nothing of other losses, we suffered the great calamity of the death of General Sedgwick, who might well be called General Grant's right arm. On the 10th, although General Grant had telegraphed to the Secretary of War that he did not intend to renew of the rebel general in the morning were so threatening that General Grant altered his mind before noon, and at 12 o'clock issued orders for a resumption for hostilities at five in the afternoon. In this consemplated attack, however, he was anticipated by General Lee, who himself assumed the offensive before I o'clck in the afternoon. This of course ally. deranged General Grant's plans to some extent, and made some modification in them necessary. The whole of the fifth corps, as I am intormed, and the divisions of General pound, 2,000 pounds to the ton, our debt Birney and General Gibbons, of the Second corps, were ordered to assault the center of the enemy's position. There are no better troops in the army than these. The assault It would make 62,500 truck loads, of two was made. It was led by the officers in per-

The regulars took part in it, and it was stretch a distance of 335 miles, and make a beautiful to see the steadiness with which chain of New York, Albany and Troy in an they moved to the attack, and the coolness years and 40 days to count the amount of this the galling fire of the enemy. But the as- dispatch of this afternoon. vast debt, estimating that he would count sault was repulsed with frightful loss on our \$60 per minute, working ten hours a day side, and the enemy still held their position. The enemy did more than that. When this

assault was ordered. Barlow's division of the Second corps had been left alone in an exposed condition on the extreme left, across a To Hon. Edwin M. Stanton: little rivulet that flows into the Po. Observing this, and knowing their ability to repulse the assault of the Fifth Corps, General Long strect seut twe divisions and some ffeld pie ces to attack General Barlow's divisions .-The latter, although unsupported, and although it could not expect support, made a marched around the enemy's right flank, most gallant resistance, and did indeed hold the position which they had been ordered to maintain, for some time. But they were outnumbered more than two to one, and were depot at Beaver Dam, three large trains of literally pushed back upon the main body of their corps. Further than that, the rebels. seeing a whole Union division in full retreatand having by this time repulsed the assault about one million and a half of rebel rations; of the Fifth corps, followed up the advantage which they had gained with such vigor, and pressed back our lines so far, that General Meade's headquarters were considered in danger, and were removed without ceremony a considerable distance to the rear. General Grant's 5 o'clock attack was made

an hour later. It may be said to have been made by the whole army, for a good portion of all the corps were engaged in it. It was repulsed, the same as the assault of the Fifth corps had been repulsed, but with even greater slaughter, and the enemy, at nightfall held their position unshaken. On the 11th the terrific conflict was renewed, the heavy rains began, and General Grant telegraphed his determination "to fight it out all summer on that line."

On the 12th both armies were still on the north side of the Po. Drenching rains poured down, which made the mud knee deep .-But a battle, in many respects, the hardest fought battle of the whole campaign, took place on this day also; and in this engagement not only was it necessary to bring the reserves into action, but two divisions of he reserved corps were very badly cut

> Another Battle Probable. WASHINGTON, May 14.

Late rebel papers state that Lee is wound ed and is now in Richmond. His army is out of gear and is now in full retreat.

Careful investigation fixed the total losses of the army of the Potomac in killed, wounded and missing, including prisoners -captured by the rebels and stragglers, up to the commencement of the battle of Thursday, at about twenty thousand, not thirty thousand as has been represented in unofficial de-

From the fact that no cannonading was heard yesterday from the front, it is believed that Lee, in shifting position, has taken care to put himself out of immediate fighting range, if he has not actually moved off rapidly toward Richmond.

The public may expect to hear soon of the been so weakened as to compel him to seek the cover of the Richmond fortifications, or to received its supplies ever since Grant crossed the Rapidan.

We may add that we do not share the apprehensions of many around us that Lue can make a more obstinate defence on the North ed States Government is the duty of every or South Anna river than he has made on the Abolitionist." Po, as the lines to be held on both of those rivers are much longer than that on the Po. and therefore much weaker and more easily pierced or turned.

Brigadier General Joshua Owen, of Pennsylvania, is not dead, as reported. He is still on duty, having only lost a finger-

SHERMAN FIGHTING ALL DAY SAT-URDAY-THE ADVANTAGE ON OUR SIDE, BUT NO DECIDED RESULT.

[OFFICIAL.] WAR DEPARTMET, Washington, May 15-10:15 P. M.

To Major-General Dix: Dispatches from General Grant have been

Admiral Lee, he reports to the Secretary of received by this department down to 7 o'clock the Navy that the Richmond papers of yes- this morning. There has been no engage

Dispatches from General Sherman down to 8 o'clock last night, state that his forces had been actively engaged during the day with advantage on our side, but no decided

Nothing has been heard from General Butler's operations since his telegram of last night heretofore published.

> EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

27,700 Wounded Already Brought In.

WASHINGTON, May 14. The total number of our wounded brought up from the battle-field so far is twelve thousand seven hundrel. Of this number one thousand four handred have been placed in hospital at Alexandria, and the remainder distributed throughout the hospitals of this

Our army surgeans who came up last evening say that we have about fifteen thous and remaining at Fredericksburg and Belle Plain. These figures include many "skedaddlers," who, when separated from the wounded, will decrease the number materi-

# ON THE PENINSULA.

THE ATTACK ON FORT DARLING-THE WORKS ON THE RIGHT CAPTURED BY GILMORE-SMITH CARRIES THE FIRST LINE-OUR ARTILLERY PLAYING ON THE ENEMY.

WASHINGTON, May 14-9: 50 P M. Major-General Dix:

The felowing telegrams have just reached this department from General Butler, No

EDWIN M. STANTON. Secretary of War. GENERAL BUTLER'S FIRST DISPATCH.

HALF-WAY House, May 14-8 A. M. We are still before the base of the enemy's works at Dury's bluff, Fort Darling. The

enemy are here in force. General Gillmore, by a flank movement with a portion of his corps and a brigade of the Eighteenth corps, assaulted and took the enemy's works on their right. It was gallantly done. The troops behaved finely .-We held our lines, during the night, and shall move this morning.

BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, Major General Commanding.

GENERAL BUTLER'S SECOND DISPATCH. HEADQUARTERS, HALF WAY HOUSE, ) May 14-10 A. M.

Hon. Edwin M Stanton, Secretary of War General Smith carried the enemy's first line on the right this morning at 8 a. M .-Loss small. The enemy have retired into three square redoubts, upon which we are now bringing our artillery to bear with effect. BENJAMIN F. BUTLER,

Major-General Commanding.

Before the Battle.

BERMUDA HUNDRED, May 13-8 P. M At an early hour this morning General within three miles of Drury's bluff.

3 o'clock, P. M centration of his batteries. Yesterday after- must be wounded. noon his advance pickets captured a rebel courier with a dispatch from Beauregard to The dispatch says : "Hold your position until day under a gailing fire. I reinforce you."

Four o'clock, p. m. In two hours the rebel reinforcements came. Gen. Butler had sent a force to turn the pike, and drove the rebels back. Our loss was slight.

General Ames is in position to keep Beauregard in Petersburg. The rebels at Drury's Buff are evidently not disposed to fight without reinforcements.

#### Nuts to Crack.

"This Union is a lie! The America Union is an imposture. I am for its overthrow! Up with the Flag of Disunion."-Wm. Lloyd Garrison.

"The Constitution of our fathers was a mistake. Tear it in pieces and make a better. Don't say the machine is out of orderit is in order-it does what its framers in tended." "Our claim is disunion, breaking up of the States! I have shown you that our work cannot be done under our institu occurrence of the next fight, If Lee has not tions (laws.) The Republican party is the first sectional party ever organized in this country. It does not knew its own face, retreat rapidly in the direction of Lynchburg and calls itself national, but it is sectional, and Stanton, from which points his army has It is a party of the North, pledged against the South I"- Wendell Phillips.

At an anti slavery meeting in May 1844 at New York-Resolved, "That secession from the Unit-

American Union."

for the dissolution of the American Union." "This petition received three votes-J. P. Hale, W. H. Seward, S. P. Chase."

"I can conceive of a time when this Con stitution shall pot be in existence, when we shall have an absolute, military, dictatorial government, transmitted from age to age, with men at its head who are made rulers by military commission, or who claim an hereditary right to govern those over whom they are placed."- N. P. Banks, 1856.

"The dissolution of the Union is not primarily a question of conscience but of policy. We made the Union and we have a right to unmake it if we choose."-H. W. Bellows,

Sin: I hope it will be done (the issue,) and if it comes to blood, let it come, it cannot come too soon-and when the war has been proclaimed, with the knife, and the knife io the hilt. J. P. Hale, 1857.

"You call this revolution-it is-we must we will have it-let it come."-C. Schuzra,

"The portents which darken our land, foreshadow a strife, which unless averted mulated wickedness, beyond the wickedness of any war in human annals."-C. Sumner.

## 'Adjournment of the Legislature.

The Legislature adjourned on Thorsday a week to meet again on the twenty-third of August. Spite of the dead lock in the senate, it has managed to dispatch a surprising amount of business during the session. The adjournment was characterized by the usual ceremonies; and the Apportionment Bill has sent many of the members to their long farewell. The Democratic members of the late body

have acquitted themselves well of the trust imposed to them by a tried constituency .-To those who are to return, and to those who retire with the satisfaction of having done their duty to the country and themelliptical line. It would take a man 365 with which they formed and reformed under other reports have been received since my the steadfast manner, in the face of a pamselves, we tender a warm congratulation for pered and arrogant majority, with which have stood by the time honored principles of the party and done honor to its ancient prestige and renown .- Patriot & Union.

Letter from the 1431,

er, to his mother, who now resides at this place, is the first we have heard from the redited the same as if paid to us. 143d regiment, since the commencement of the great contest. Though hastily written, in pencil, and deficient in details, it will be read with interest by all.

Among the names of wounded in Co. K. they would not dispuse with it for any price.

143d, as published in the papers, we find We are gial to learn that our friend J. W. Crawthose of Samuel Spencer, Joseph A. May- ford, who has the agency for the gale of them in sevbe seen, does not pretend to give a list of them and will soon offer them to the public. We killed and wounded in his company; but ing - (Mrs. S.) and expect her as a committee of one such, only, as he supposes his mother will be to make a roport thereon, the substance of which, more particularly auxious to hear of. We we shall make public. might add that it is now feared by the Father and friends of Col. Dana, at this place that he suffered more than the pangs of a death on the battle field; as he was left LONG-At LaGrange Hill, Thursday, April, 14th, wounded in the woods, which shortly after, took fire and burned. It is possible that some of his men, may have shared the same terrible fate.

IN THE WILDERNESS, May 12th 1864.

T is is the first time Butler renewed his advance toward Fort I have had an opportunity of writing to you Darling. He reached Kingsland creek at 12 since we broke camp, on the morning of the o'clock, noon, and formed his tine of battle on 4th inst. We went into battle on the mornthe southeast side of the creek, with the ing of the Fifth, in a dense wood; and were right on the James river. The monitors and completely routed. Our loss that morning gunboats are near the mouth of the creek | was quite heavy-four killed that we know of, positively - and a great many missing .-Capt. Little is missing; is either killed, or General Butler is superintending the con- taken prisoner; and if taken prisoner he

This is the Eighth day of the fight, and they are at it now very hot. Our Regt. has the officer in command at Drury's bluff .- fought seven days out of the eight, and every

Our loss in the Regt. is terrible. We have upwards of four hundred killed and wounded.

Out of seventy five men that we went into the first day's fight with, we had but twen- LADIES! LADIES!! LADIES!! ty-one, yesterday morning. I left the Regt. then, as I was completely exhausted. Am now with the waggon train.

Col. Dana is wounded and a prisoner .--Col. Musser is dead-was killed on the second day. Maj Conyngham is severely wounded. We have but two officers left with the Regt. One of them is Lieut. Vaughn, and he has a slight wound in his finger. My mess-mates are all wounded-Clendenic, Dixon and Harding-they have all gone to Washington-Clendenin has lost his right unded. Sent by mail

I have no doubt that we are going to whip them ; but it will be one of the hardest battles ever recorded. Arthur Sproul and En Nichols have neither of them been in the fight. Arthur is sick and Eli is with the train. Samuel Durling of Tunkhannock, is wounded, but don't know how badly. I feel too bad to write more at this time ;

and will close by sending my love to all. I remain, as ever, your Affectionate Son, WESLEY M. COOPER.

Mr. Liscoln's Bold Avowal of the Doctrin

of Abolitionism . The Louisville Journal, in publishing Mr. Resolved, "That the only exodus of the slave to freedom, unless it be one of blood, must be over the remains of the present American Church, and the grave of the present ent Union."

Lincoln's late letter to Mr. Hodges, of the slave to freedom, unless it be one of blood, must be over the remains of the present American Church, and the grave of the present ent Union."

Lincoln's late letter to Mr. Hodges, of the slave to following commentary thereon. It is more just and pointed than anything we could say;—and in the closing words of Prentice, we less with the appartenances; late the estate of Abrain Trausue Decident to Mr. Hodges, of the slave to five decidence of the present to township. We quain \*\* country to the south by land of Alexander and Win. House, containing about fifty-eight acres, more or less, with the appartenances; late the estate of Abrain Trausue Decident to Mr. Hodges, of the south by land of Alexander and Win. House, containing about fifty-eight acres, more or less, with the appartenances; late the House and in the closing words of Prentice, we Resolved, "That the Abolitionists of this would call upon every free man in the Union upon the premises above described of this would call upon every free man in the Union country should make it one of the primary to take up the guantlet of despotism which objects of this agitation to dissolve the Lincoln has thrown down, and meet him and May 7. 1864. his courtiers and sycophants at the November election, with a determination to hurl In 1850, Senator Hale presented two pe- ber election, with a determination to hurl of "Tonie Bitters," "Sarsaparibla." "Nervous and addressed titions-" praying that some plan be devised absolute rule that would shame the "Autocrat of all the Russias:"

"Mr. Liucoln's letter contains a more direct and explicit enunciation of the doctrine of absolutism than he has ever before made."

"Street to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken-down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take hem with advantage. Imported and sold in the He says therein: " I felt that measures, otherwise unconstitutional, might become lawful, by becoming indispensable to the preservation of the nation. Right or wrong, I assume this ground, and now avow it. That Price—which is One Bollar—post free; is to say, whatever he deems indispensable to the preservation of the nation is lawful; which is to say his discretion is the supreme law of the land, anything in the Constitu tion or laws of the United States or of any State to the contrary notwithstanding !-This is a fair statement of the doctrine in its natural and naked proportions. The doctrine is simple absolutism. Mr. Lincoln more or less openly has been acting upon this doctrine for the la t eighteen months. but he has never before so openly and broadly avowed it.

"We venture to say that the annals of constitutional government may be searched by the triumph of freedom, will become war in vain for a parallel to this avowal. It is -fratricidat, parricidal war-with an accu- the most unworthy declaration that ever emanated from the chief magistrate of a free country. If it does not awaken the people to a due sense of the peril which the government must encounter from the re-election of Mr. Lincoln or the election of any other Republican, words cannot awaken them, unless followed by corresponding deeds even more flagrant than the edict of emancipation and the proclamation of reconstruction, though the consummation of these deeds threatens to involve the destruction of the Republic. Patsiotic freemen of the Union! Mr. Lincoln has boldly thrown the gauntlet of despotism at your feet. Take it up, and meet him at the ballot-box in November, meeting the champions in the meantime wherever and whenever they come forth."

> The Republican party has now four grand pillars on which it rests, to wit-

Emancipation ; Confiscation ; Extermination ; Miscegenation.

LOCAL AND PERS ONAL.

The following letter written on the day of Agent for the Democrat-Amira GAY, Esq. the last general engagement between the ar- has consented to act as our Agent in receiving and mies of Grant and Lee, by Wesley M. Coop- receipting subscriptions for the North Bronch Democrat. All monies paid him either on subscription or for advertising will be duly accounted for and

Important to the Women .-- " The Universal Clothes Wringer," is acknowledged to be far ahea d of all other inventions of the kind now offered for sale. Those who have tried it, in this vicinity, say

nard and Lewis J. Yale, The writer as will eral Townships in this co mty, has ordered a lot of

## Died.

little Jerry, lufant son of Elisha and Sarah Long Aged 10 months and 7 days. Another charm is added -

To the Paradise-above. But oh ! we miss the baby voice That filled our home with love

Special Notices.

#### Administrator's Notice.

Whereas letters of Administration, have been ranted to the undersigned on the estate of Solomon Whiteomb late of Windham Township Dec'd. All crsons owing said decedent are requested to make numediate payment, and those having claims against he same are requested to present them duly authen control to t cated to

HENRY LOVE. Alministrator.

ADMINISTRATORS, NOTICE. Whereas lefters of Administration to the estate

of Samuel Oakley, late of Nicholson Town hip, have been granted to the subscriber. All ersons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will make known the same with-

N. OAKLEY Adm's

Nicholson Pa.

a't fail to read the advertisement in this pape IMPORTANT TO FEMALES. DR. CHE (SEMAN, of New York, has devoted the last thirty years of practice to Female com-plaints His Pills act like a charm. They are

USE NO OTHER!-BUCHAN'S SPECIFIC
PILLS are the only Reliable Remedy for all
Diseases of the Seminal, Urinary and Nervous Systems. Try one box, and be cured. ONE DOLLAR A htox. One h

on receipt of price. JAMES S. BUTLER. Station D. Bible Pouse v3-n31-3m M. & Co.

YOU WISH TO BE CURED ?-P oss than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESSmpotency, Premature Docay, Seminal Weakness,

Importency, Premature Doeny, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urmary, Sexual, and Nervons Affections, no matter from what cause produced.—Price, One Pollar per box. Sent, postpild, by mail on receipt of an order. Address,

JAMES S. BUTLER. Station D, Bible House

3-131- 3m. M. & Co.

Orphan's Court Sale. NOTICE is hereby given that I will expose to

CHARLES HOUSER, Adm'r of

Abram Trausue, Dec'd

WALLOW two or three kogsheads of "Dreuh" with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTORS BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS-and be

nited States only by
JAS. S. BUTLER, Station D. Bible House.

P. S.—A box sent to any address on receipt of

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility. Inempetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, stuatee by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge ), the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his, and possess a Valuable Remedy, will releive the came, sess a Valuable named, return mail, (carefully scaled.) by addressin JOHN B. OGDEN

No. 60 Nassau street, New York.

MRS. MILTON COOPER, (AN EXPERIENCED TAILORESS,) will make

# MEN'S WEAR GENERALLY,

in the best style, and most substantial manner. She solicits a share of the public patronage, Residence, two doors below the Methodist Church, on 2nd St., Tunkhannock Pa.

INGHAM and WRENCH. Manufacturers and Dealers in

WOOLEN GAARS! ON WYALUSING CREEK,

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MANUFACTURE CLOTH FOR CUSTOMERS ON SHARES OR AT THE FOLLOWING PRICES PER YARD: Cassimere, Best Finish, fine 45 cents Gray and Mixed Cassimeres,45 " Tweeds, 32 "Common Fulled Cloth, 40 "

White Flannel. 22 "
Madder Red Flannel, 32 " Gray Flannel 25 "
The Gray Flannel made with taste and very suita

HARVEY IMGHAM AMOS WRENCH. Persons living at a distance can have rolls

carded so as to take them home with them; and