



# The Democrat.

HARVEY SICKLER, Editor.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA  
Wednesday, Sept. 2, 1863.

S. M. Pettengill & Co., No. 37 PARK ROW  
NEW YORK, & 6 STATE ST. BOSTON, are our Agents  
for the N. B. Democrat, in those cities, and are author-  
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### COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,

AHIRA GAY,

OF MESHOPPEN.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,

H. L. FURGERSON,

OF FALLS.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,

LEWIS PARISH,

OF MONROE.

FOR COMMISSIONER,

EDWIN STEPHENS

OF NICHOLSON.

FOR CORONER,

DR. J. C. BECKER,

OF TUNKHANNOCK BORO.

FOR AUDITORS,

HENRY NEWCOMB,

OF CLINTON, 3 years.

E. D. FASSETT

OF WINDHAM, 1 year.

### DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. G. W. WOODWARD,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT

WALTER H. LOWRIE,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

### Democratic State Central Committee.

The following is the State Central Committee as appointed by Hon. FINDLAY PATTERSON, of Washington county, who, as President of the late Democratic Convention, was authorized by a resolution of the body to announce the Committee. It consists of a Chairman, and Representatives of the several Senatorial Districts into which the State is divided:

- HON. CHARLES J. EDDLE, Chairman.
- |           |  |
|-----------|--|
| 1st Dist. | Theodore Snyder, Philadelphia.         |
|           | Robert J. Humphill, Philadelphia.      |
|           | John Fullerton, Jr., Philadelphia.     |
|           | Isaac Leach, Philadelphia.             |
| 2d "      | John D. Evans, Chester county.         |
| 3d "      | Wm. H. Witte, Montgomery county.       |
| 4th "     | Wm. T. Rogers, Bucks county.           |
| 5th "     | Thos. Heckman, Northampton county.     |
| 6th "     | Heister Clymer, Berks county.          |
| 7th "     | William Randall, Schuylkill county.    |
| 8th "     | Asa Packer, Carbon county.             |
| 9th "     | Michael Myler Sullivan county.         |
| 10th "    | Stephen S. Winchester, Luzerne county. |
| 11th "    | Mortimer F. Elliot, Tioga county.      |
| 12th "    | John H. Humes, Lycoming county.        |
| 13th "    | William Elliot, Northumberland county. |
| 14th "    | Samuel Hepburn, Cumberland county.     |
| 15th "    | Wm. M. Brislin, Lebanon county.        |
| 16th "    | George Sanderson, Lancaster co.        |
|           | James Patterson, Lancaster co.         |
| 17th "    | John F. Spangler, York county.         |
| 18th "    | Henry Smith, Fulton county.            |
| 19th "    | J. Simpson Africa Huntingdon county.   |
| 20th "    | William Bigler, Clearfield county.     |
| 21st "    | Thomas B. Seawright, Fayette county.   |
| 22d "     | W. T. H. Bailey, Green county.         |
| 23d "     | Geo. W. Cass, Allegheny county.        |
|           | James P. Barr, Allegheny county.       |
| 24th "    | James Campbell, Butler county.         |
| 25th "    | David S. Morris, Lawrence county.      |
| 26th "    | Thos. W. Grayson, Crawford county.     |
| 27th "    | Kennedy L. Flood, Jefferson county.    |

A delay in getting our paper in time, and scarcity of help, has put off this issue of our paper for a day. We hope to be able to catch up by next week, and will endeavor to issue our paper regularly as heretofore.

### Representatives.

The counties of Sullivan, and Montour, where the Democrats have held their Conventions, have respectively renominated Hon. Geo. D. Jackson, and John C. Ellis as candidates for the Legislature. Their nomination will doubtless be concurred in by the conferees of all the counties in the District which conference will be held at this place on Friday the 11th inst.

Mr. Ellis at last accounts was a private in the ranks of Capt. Chalfant, of the "McClellan Guards"—Chalfant is the so-called copperhead editor of the *Danville Intelligencer*.

MASS MEETING.—Arrangements have been made for holding a Mass Meeting at this place, on Monday the 21st inst. Hon. Heister Clymer, of Berks, Col. V. E. Piolette, of Bradford, and other distinguished speakers will certainly be in attendance.

TROOPS AT ELECTIONS.—By the 95th section of the Act of Assembly of the State of Pennsylvania of 21 July, 1839, it is enacted that—  
"NO BODY OF TROOPS IN THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES, OR OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, SHALL BE PRESENT, EITHER ARMED OR UNARMED, AT ANY PLACE OF ELECTION WITHIN THIS COMMONWEALTH, DURING THE TIME OF SUCH ELECTION."

Read Hon. C. R. BUCKALEW'S patriotic letter, published in another column.

### Our Ticket.

The ticket formed at our County Convention on Monday, and to-day placed at the head of our columns is a good strong one and will not fail to receive the hearty support of every Democrat in the County.

AHIRA GAY, our candidate for sheriff is a man upon whose record as a citizen, and a conscientious unflinching Democrat, there is not a spot or stain. His claims upon the party are based upon a life long devotion to its principles, and service to its success. A more zealous and faithful advocate it never had. To say that he deserves the office, and will do honor to it, and himself, would only be saying what every man who is acquainted with him, already knows, acknowledges, and will act upon. His election is certain.

H. L. FURGERSON, our candidate for Prothonotary, is an active, energetic business man. Having for many years been an acting Justice of the Peace, and as an officer, and in the capacity of local Attorney for his neighbors, been extensively engaged in the drawing up of contracts, Leases and Legal instruments of all kinds; he will assume the duties of the office, to which he has been nominated and will certainly be elected, with little if any of the diffidence and difficulties which new men first feel and experience. As a Democrat he is as firm as the rocks and hills of the Township he hails from. We know him, and the people who have presented him to the Democracy of the county, well; and we feel warranted in saying, that no man will ever regret ever having given his voice and vote to elect him.

LEWIS PARISH, the candidate for Register and Recorder, as will be seen by the published proceedings of the convention, was a prominent candidate for the office of Prothonotary. He is a young man who by dint of perseverance has acquired a good education; and by his honesty, straight-forward and gentlemanly conduct, has a stronghold upon the confidence and affection of all who know him.

EDWIN STEPHENS the nominee for commissioner is a man whose talents and sagacity as a business man peculiarly qualifies him for the position to which he is nominated. He was not present at the convention; never asked or aspired to this, or any other county office. His nomination will surprise no one more than himself. The office sought the man, not the man the office. No better evidence than this could be adduced of his fitness for the position. That he will be a faithful guardian of the interests of the county, no man who knows him can doubt.

DR. J. C. BECKER, our candidate for coroner—a German by birth and education—is a highly educated and accomplished man; and one of the most eminent surgeons in the country. The office though important in many places and necessary everywhere, in this county is almost and we have reason, to hope will be a sinecure as to employment, if not in emoluments. A more competent man for the office could not have been selected.

HENRY NEWCOMB, one of the candidates for Auditor is a man with whom we are but slightly acquainted; but living as he does, in Factoryville, it is sufficient for us to know that his fidelity to Democratic principles has been unshaken amid all the fanaticism bigotry, and intolerance with which he has been surrounded.

E. D. FASSETT, the other candidate for auditor is a ready, accountant and ripe scholar. Though quite a young man, he will bring more than ordinary talents to the performance of the duties of this very important, though, comparatively profitless office.

### Horrible Massacre.

A correspondent of the St Louis *Republican* relates the following horrible affair:

"On the 4th inst., eighteen negro soldiers, fully armed, came from the camp on Island No. 10 to Compromise, Tennessee, and went to the house of Mr. Beckham, on the river, and murdered him, aged forty years, his old father, (Major Benjamin Beckam, aged eighty) and four children of Mr. F. Beckam, Laura, aged 14; Kate, aged 10; Caroline, 7, and Richard 2 years. They first caught Mr. F. Beckam and his aged father, tied them, and marched them to the edge of the river, shot and stabbed them, and threw their bodies into the water. They then threw little Dick into the river, tied the two youngest girls together, and threw them in, then forced the oldest girl and beat her over the head with their muskets until she sank down. The bodies of old Major Beckam and the youngest child have been recovered. Many of our passengers and myself went to the house and saw them. Fortunately, two of the family of children were off at school and the mother and one child, four years old went to Owensboro', Kentucky, with us on our last trip. All the rest were murdered.

Twelve of the negroes were caught by our cavalry, and are now confined at Island No. 10. Six are yet at large. The immediate motive for the deed was thought to be that Mrs. Beckham took up the river, with her a negro girl as nurse whose mother had run off, and was at Island No. 10. The negroes had before endeavored to steal the girl away, but Mr. Beckham drove them off with arms.

Such is one of the results of putting arms in the hands of the negroes, and teaching them abolition doctrines. We ask where the man not lost to all sense of humanity who can approve of a scheme of which the above horrible occurrence is only the beginning of the end desired and sought after?

It is said that Simon Cameron refuses to support Gov. Curtin, giving as a reason that his administration has been corrupt! That may be well enough—but coming from Cameron, it is "enough to make the dogs laugh!"

There is nothing new from Charleston by the late mails.

### Wyoming County Democratic Convention.

The Democrats of Wyoming County met in convention at the Borough of Tunkhannock on the 31st day of August, 1863, and called to order by Dr. J. V. Smith Chairman of the Standing Committee.

Theron Vaughn was chosen President of said convention, and Nathan P. Wilcox, Daniel Hankinson were elected Secretaries.

The Townships being called the following delegates presented their credentials and took their seats in the convention.

Braintrim.—Edward Merritt, Ezra Keeney.

Clinton.—J. G. Mathewson, Henry Newcomb.

Eaton.—Wm. Benedict, Geo. Jayne.

Exeter.—Wm. Coolbaugh, T. D. Headly.

Falls.—Wm. B. Weller, A. Fitch.

Forkston.—John B. Hitchcock, Daniel Vaow.

Lemon.—Miles Avery, B. P. Carver.

Nicholson.—N. P. Wilcox, Perry Stark.

Northmoreland.—A. O. Lutes, Levi Winters.

North Branch.—Patrick Stafford, N. G. Phinney.

Overfield.—Joseph G. Osborn, Lewis Ager.

Monroe.—Miller Patterson, Wm. F. Cairl.

Meshoppen.—D. Hankinson, Clark Burr.

Mehoopy.—Theron Vaughn, Peter Aumick.

Washington.—J. C. Luce, Lyman Ellsworth.

Windham.—Hiram W. Keeney, Wm. Taylor.

Tunkhannock Twp.—Earl Carey, Wm. M. Stark.

Tunkhannock Boro.—Wm. M. Piatt, P. W. Redfield.

### Vigilance Committees.

The following named persons were returned as vigilance committees of the respective Townships for the ensuing year.

Braintrim; E. J. Keeney, Wm. Neigh, J. J. Knapp.

Clinton; Lewis Armstrong, Saml. Carpenter, J. G. Mathewson.

Eaton; John Ney, Alexr. Rogers, B. B. Harding.

Exeter; Thos. D. Headly, Wm. Coolbaugh, John Workheizer.

Falls; G. W. Sherwood, D. C. Post, D. C. Scott.

Forkston; Albert Garey, Chapman Hitchcock, Danl. L. Vaow.

Lemon; H. B. Travis, Geo. Lewis, Ziba N. Smith.

Meshoppen; Jeremiah Allen, Jno. Winans, S. J. Cortright.

Mehoopy; Richard Lott, Moses S. Kintner, D. Webster Sweatland.

Monroe; Danl. Morgan, Wm. Schooley, Saml. Billings.

Nicholson; Danl. Decker, Edwin Stephens, Joseph Bishop.

Northmoreland; Gordon Pike, Miles Eggleston, Theodore L. Shaw.

North Branch; Henry Clumpin, Welling Hoxie, Russell Kasson.

Overfield; Chas. M. Daley, Isaac Lattier, Andrew Ager.

Tunkhannock Twp.; Elisha Jenkins, John Wiley, Ed Sampson.

Tunkhannock Boro. Geo. D. Williams, L. C. Conklin, F. G. Osterhout.

Washington; J. C. Luce, Danl. Stephens, David Armstrong.

Windham; Peter F. Hope, R. L. Palmer, J. H. Rogers.

Wm. M. Piatt offered the following resolution which was adopted.

Resolved, That E. Mowry Jr. and Nelson Lee be and are hereby appointed Representative Conferees to meet the other conferees in this district to place in nomination Candidates for Representatives. Ahira Gay, and C. D. Gearhart were placed in nomination for Sheriff. P. W. Redfield before proceeding to a ballot withdrew the name of Mr. Gearhart, stating that under all the circumstances he deemed Mr. Gay entitled to the nomination, and moved that Ahira Gay be unopposedly nominated by this Convention for Sheriff, which motion was agreed to without a dissenting voice.

Wm. M. Piatt, offered the following resolution which was adopted.

Resolved, That the policy of the democratic party, to encourage rotation in office, therefore

Resolved, That no democrat is entitled to a nomination at the hand of this convention who has held an important County Office for the space of two full terms.

On motion of Mr. Piatt, the above resolution was reconsidered and laid upon the table. The following nominations were made for the office of Prothonotary. Wm. F. Terry Lewis Parrish, F. C. Ross, Eli N. Bacon, H. L. Furgerson, John G. Spaulding, Charles Harris and D. D. Dewitt.

The Convention proceeded to ballot and on the 7th Ballot, H. L. Furgerson of Falls received 20 votes and was declared duly nominated, on motion Wm. M. Piatt the nomination was made unanimous.

The following named persons were placed in nomination for Register and Recorder. Wm. SCHRAGE. Wm. F. TERRY. S. G. BRENTON. LEWIS PARISH.

On the first Ballot Wm. Schrage had 17 votes, Terry 6 votes, Parish 11 Brenton 2 votes.

On the 2nd Ballot Schrage had 17 votes, Parish 17 votes, and on the 3rd Ballot Lewis Parish of Monroe had a majority of all the votes cast and on motion the nomination was made unanimous.

The following nominations were made for County commissioner. Hiram Bodle, Warren Briggs, Ira Robinson John Wiley, Arah Squires, Timothy Jayne, Edwin Stephens, and on the 4th Ballot Edwin Stephens of Nicholson Township received a majority of all the votes and on motion was unopposedly nominated for County Commissioner.

On motion of Wm. M. Piatt, Doctor John C. Becker of the Borough of Tunkhannock was unopposedly nominated for Coroner.

### Edmund D. Fasset Auditor for 1 year.

Henry Newcomb—Auditor for 3 years were nominated unanimously by the convention.

Wm. Benedict offered the following resolution.

Resolved, That Wm. M. Piatt be Representative Delegate and C. D. Gearhart Senatorial Delegate to represent this District in the next state Convention with the right to select their conferees should meeting be necessary.

The following persons were chosen the Standing Committee for the ensuing year. C. M. KOON, A. P. BURGESS, Wm. BENEDICT, S. D. HEADLEY, S. D. INGHAM, HEISTER KEELER, THEO. WILLIAMS, GEO. OSTERHOUT, WARREN BRIGGS.

Wm. M. Piatt offered the following resolutions which were agreed to.

### Resolutions.

Resolved, That the American Constitution was ordained and established by our fathers, in order to form a more perfect Union, establish justice, ensure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to posterity.

Resolved, That the only object of the Democratic party is the restoration of the Union as it was, the preservation of the Constitution as it is.

Resolved, That the true and only object of the war is to restore the Union and enforce the laws.—Such a purpose alone is worthy the awful sacrifice which it costs us of life and treasure; with such a purpose alone can we hope for success. And those who from sectional feeling or party or private motives give any other direction to the efforts of our armies are unjust and unworthy to be entrusted with power, and would cause all our exertions, extraordinary and unparalleled as they are, to prove futile in the end.

Resolved, That we justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which pervades some of the departments of the Federal Government, and that a return to rigid economy and accountability is indispensable to arrest the systematic plunder of the public treasury by favored partisans, and that in view of the recent starting developments of frauds and corruptions at the Federal metropolis and throughout the country that we hold an entire change of administration to be imperatively demanded.

Resolved, That the party fanaticism or crime, whichever it may be called, that seeks to turn the slaves of Southern States loose to overrun the North and enter into competition with the white laboring masses, thus degrading and insulting their manhood, by placing them on an equality with negroes in their occupation, is insulting to our race and merits, in most emphatic and unqualified condemnation.

Resolved, That we denounce Northern Abolitionism and Southern Secession as the co-operating scourges of our present calamities—alike treasonable to the Constitution and inimical to the Union. The only way to a restored Union and a respected Constitution with returning peace and prosperity is through the overthrow of both.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Pennsylvania is equally opposed to all sectional legislation and geographical parties, which base their hopes for continued success on agrarianism of emancipation and hypercritical philanthropy, abolition, because neither is known to the Constitution, and both are intended to aid disunion and subvert the Constitution and to prevent the restoration, unity, peace and concord among States and people.

Resolved, That the Constitution and the laws are sufficient for any emergency, and that the suppression of the freedom of speech and of the press, and the unlawful arrest of citizens and suspension of the writ of habeas corpus in violation of the Constitution in States where civil liberties are unimpeded, is most dangerous to civil liberty, and should be restricted at the ballot-box by every freeman in the land.

Resolved, That the sectional Republican party shall go down, shall be voted out of power, all laws shall be observed as well by the President as by the people.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the confiscation of private property, except for crime judicially ascertained and that emancipation is not to be tolerated by the Federal power at the expense of the Federal Treasury.

Resolved, That the certain way to regain our former happy condition is by a return to the good old order of things, to stand by the Constitution in all its provisions, and maintain the union as established by our fathers, we are in favor of the administration of the government upon the principles of honesty and economy, with an eye single to the general welfare of all the people—and that the representatives of such platform are the standard bearers of the democratic party, and we will call upon all good citizens to unite with us in electing them to the offices for which they have been.

Resolved, That as the neighbors, acquaintances and friends of George W. Woodward, who have known him intimately all his life, we take pleasure in bearing testimony in favor of him as a moral, upright man, as an eminent jurist, and well qualified statesman, and will do honor to the position for which the Democracy have selected him—and will receive our cordial support.

Resolved, That the Hon. Walter H. Lowrie, our candidate for Supreme Judge, is deserving of the support of every man who desires a fair and impartial administration of the law. We can point to his long public life and can say in truth that no blemish is found upon it, he is sound and reliable upon the important issue of the day—but with great prudence refrains from participating in politics—believing with the democratic party that the Bench and the Pulpit is no place to proclaim the angry issues of the day.

Resolved, That our Senator and Representatives in the next State Legislature be and are hereby instructed to vote for the unconditional repeal of the charter of all corporations within this Commonwealth that have prevented the free circulation of Democratic newspapers among their employers or their circulation and sale on the passenger cars of their rail roads.

Resolved, That the delegates hereby pledge their best efforts to secure the election of all the candidates this day nominated.

The Convention adjourned with three cheers for the state and county ticket and three cheers for the Union. N. P. WILCOX, Secy. D. HANKINSON, President.

THRON VAUGHN, President.

FIRE IN KINGSTON.—The Ladies Boarding Hall of the Wyoming Seminary was burned to the ground yesterday morning. The origin of the fire is unknown, but supposed to have been incendiary, as it broke out in the upper story about 4 o'clock in the morning. The adjoining buildings were saved. Loss about \$7,000. Insured in the Aetna for \$4,000 on building and \$1,000 on furniture. It will no doubt be at once rebuilt. The building was just receiving the finishing touch of a thorough renovation.—Record of the Times.

### MR. BUCKALEW'S LETTER.

To the Meeting at Hughesville, Eastern Lycoming, August 22d, 1863.

GENTLEMEN OF LYCOMING:—You are to be commended for assembling yourselves as men opposed to the Administration at Harrisburg and Washington, and I am glad to contribute to your proceedings the expression of some few earnest words.

An issue between Power and Liberty is distinctly presented us by the policy of our rulers, and if we stand indifferent to it, or acquiesce in its decision according to the pleasure of those who aspire to be our masters, what shame will be ours! what loss and injury! what degradation and eternal disgrace!

By liberty I do not mean license, but that regulated freedom established by our ancestors which we have enjoyed hitherto without question, and the example of which we have held forth proudly before other nations as the reproof of their systems and the glory of our own.

By power I do not mean legitimate authority, but authority usurped and lawless, pursuing its own ends over a broken Constitution and through the baleful flames of civil war.

Between these—between power and liberty—can you hesitate in your choice? Will you hold up a balance and weigh, doubtfully, the arguments which sustain liberty against those which oppose it?

Necessity—Safety—are these the magical words by which despotism is to be changed in character, and made fit for our adoption? Shall the plea of tyrants be accepted as our standard of public rule? Shall we concede force, and justice and wisdom, to one of the most impudent, false and injurious doctrines ever intruded into the discussion of public affairs?

But there is a necessity (quite different from that asserted on behalf of power) which we must now admit as most evident and urgent—a necessity that we rid ourselves of those who plead necessity as the justification of their misdeeds. Those who cannot govern lawfully and justly are not to govern at all, but to give place to others. For it is monstrous to say that the incapable and vicious shall lord it over their fellows. The rulers who say they cannot govern by law and according to right, stand self-condemned. Judged out of their own mouths, they are unfit for rule and should be voted out of power.

Gentlemen: the greatest son of New England spent most of his life and won his great fame in this Commonwealth. We are proud that he became a Pennsylvanian and took rank in our history with the founder of this State, with the illustrious man who established it "in deeds of peace." Let us try the logic of tyranny by the judgment of that man. Let us invite the apologist of arbitrary power and advocate of "strong government," who fills our ears with impassioned discourse upon public safety, and national life, and necessity, to go with us to our great commercial metropolis and there stand with us beside the modest slab which marks the resting-place of "Benjamin and Deborah Franklin." Oh! how weak, and pitiful, and low, and utterly false and detestable will there sound all these apologies for wrong—all these pretenses for stealing away or taking away from the people, the rights and liberties achieved for them by the great men of former times! We will hear the voice of Franklin sounding in our ears those memorable words of wisdom and warning which should be written up or hung up in great letters wherever the people meet for consultation in times of public danger; "Those who would give up essential liberty to purchase a little temporary safety, deserve neither liberty nor safety!"

Gentlemen: Your political opponents think that patriotism should be called loyalty, and made to consist in unconditional, unquestioning devotion to an administration of the government. I believe you will agree with me that this great virtue requires no new name borrowed from the literature of monarchy; that it is shown in devotion to the Constitution and laws of the United States and of the several States, and that the true patriot regards public officials with a respect precisely proportioned to their observance of law, justice and right, and to their skill, wisdom and honesty in the performance of their public duties.

Judge your public men fairly but freely. Let no man put a padlock upon your lips, nor impose upon you any of the false and pernicious sophisms of arbitrary power.

An important election approaches in this Commonwealth, and another important one succeeds it next year. At these, you are required to judge those who have ruled or misruled you since 1860, and to determine, as far as your votes will go, the policy of the future. You need no labored exhortation from me to inspire you with zeal, courage, determination and fidelity in the discharge of your electoral duties. Behold! the evils which afflict the nation and the dangers which threaten it! These exhort you, beyond art of mine, to right action, and justify that opinion which we hold in common, that upon Democratic success in the elections just mentioned, depend the existence of free, liberal and just government in this country; a restoration of Union founded in consent; the avoidance of future wars, and the preservation and growth of that material prosperity which results from good government when vouchsafed to an united, industrious and virtuous people.

I am, your fellow-citizen, and obdt. servant.

C. R. BUCKALEW.

Works of Franklin, by Sparks, v. III. pp. 107, 429, 430.

This was the declaration of the Provincial Assembly of Pennsylvania, November 11, 1755, in answer to Governor Morris, upon the question of exempting Proprietary property from taxation. Despite the fact of Indian depredations in the border settlements and the danger of extended hostilities, the Assembly refused an appropriation of money for

military purposes unless the same should be raised or repaid in a just manner, by placing the burden equally upon the property and resources of the colony. Equality of taxation as an essential principle of liberty was then sternly vindicated by men of Pennsylvania, and military necessity was pleaded to them in vain as a reason for surrendering or waiving their rights as freemen, and bending their backs to a burden of injustice. Dr. Franklin was a member of the Assembly and prepared most of the documents on its behalf, in the dispute.—See *Life by Sparks, Works, v. I. pp. 179-80, 196.*

### Mr. Edron:

The inhabitants of the usually quiet village of Mehoopy, were thrown into great confusion, on the morning of June 25th, at the announcement of a *Loyal League* meeting, which was to be held the following evening, at the basement of the Methodist church. Advertisements were posted in the most popular places, by *Jason*, the *great warrior*, and mighty man of wisdom, who, it appears, spared no pains to make the meeting a grand affair. It was really amusing to see him walking the street, with his hands in his pockets, head thrown back—while his breathing resembled the sound of distant thunder.

At the time appointed, might have been seen an interesting company wending their way toward the church, while the sound of the drum and fife, the barking of dogs and the b