Here is a short chapter on the rearing of Turkeys which commends itself to the attention of our readers, for turkey raising is one of the departments of a farm with which most of our farmers and farmers' wives seem least acquainted A flock of good-sized, healthy. well-fattened turkeys, about holiday times, is not only pleasant to look upon, but to feed on, and, if you are economically disposed, to raise the wind

Why is it that at least three out of four farmers do not succeed in raising turkeys? With all other poultry they are successful, but turkeys are abandoned by most farmers is too uncertain and troublesome some to bother with. Now this is all wrong, for if a person gets the knack of raising these fine fowls, they can raise as many as they please. So far as I am concerned, I generally raise more turkeys than I know what to do with, and I have turkeys now, that were left over last year, that will be eaten as we want them. Last winter we fairly reveled in roast turkey, gave quite a number away, sold others, have some, besides the breeders, still left. My plan of raising is simple, and I will give it in as few words as posssible

First, I never allow a torkey to set until about the middle of May. They will commence to lay early in April, but I take their eggs away as fast as laid, and keep them unlil they lay their second batch, which will be finished about the second or third week in May. I then give her some eighteen or twenty of the eggs and let her set. Along the middle of June she will be off. I then put her and her young on an old barn floor, or other outbuilding that is dry and feed on curd and on cracked corn. Curd is the best for a continual feed when the farmer has plenty, but cracked corn or coarse meal, mixed with lobbered milk will answer just as well.

After they have been in-doors for two or three days, or long eneugh to get fairly on their legs-for the turkey is the weakest of all fowls when yet young-I I let them out, providing the weather is fine and there is no dew on the grass.

The great reason why people cannot or do not raise turkeys, is because they turn them out as soon as hatched, and about the first wetting they get they keel over and die. To succeed in raising turkeys, therefore, you must keep them dry until at least ten weeks old, when they will stand as much water as any fowls, gees; and ducks expected. Of course they must be driven in every night, and on all occasions when a storm is threatening. The reader will at once perceive there is care in all this; but when Christmas, Thanksgiving, etc., come to say nothing of the Sunday roasts during winter, our care 's lost in enjoyment, and we come to the conclusion that turkeys are worth raising.

GRAFTING WAX.

As the time is now approaching when fruit grafting will commence, and as we have been frequently asked of late for the manner of preparing grafting wax, notwithstanding the many times we have already given these receipts, though not exactly agreeing with later experience-we herewith publish what has been found by us to answer the purpose admirably :-

Five parts of rosin; One part of beeswax : One part of tallow.

Melt these in a skillet, tin-cup, or any metal vessel; the skillet being preferable as it can be handled better, and the wax keeps warm longer in it. Melt these over the fire and mix together well. When the scions are set-say as many as twenty or thirty, or as few as is wished-have the mixture ready and apply it warm, with a small wooden paddle. See that every part is covered and the air excluded. It require no bandage .- Germantown Telegraph:

GRAPE VINES.

than can be supplied by the ordinary modes of pro- This is good advice girls; see that you don't overpagation, some nurserymen multiply them by cut- look it. tings of the green wood. It is the experience of many of the best cultivators that vines propagated year after year in this way deteriorate and become less hardy. The Deleware is cited as having especially suffered from this mode of treatment. It seems very likely that continued propagation from unripe on earth who will not desort him when he is needy shoots would produce weak plants. We should not Hee affection flows from a pure fountain, and ceases think of sowing from seed so immature that it is just capable of germinating ; a feeble plant would be produced-and though the circumstances are not precisely the same with cuttings, there is no doubt that strong well-ripened wood will give plants of greate r vigor than can be raised from green cuttings.

THE APPLE WORM.

The moth from which this pest proceeds deposits its eggs in the blossom. The grub, when hatched penetrates to the core, and feeds on the growing pulp. When grown it eats its own way out, the fruit, meantime, ripening prematurely and falling. The grub then leaves it and ascends the trunk of the tree Here it makes its cocoon, generally under a scale o old bark, where it remains until laying time, and then comes out a moth, and lays its eggs in the blossome for a new generation. Now is the time to destroy it. Scrape the scales of bark from the trunk and lower limbs and wash with a weak solution of potash, a little stronger one of soda, or better, one part of soft soap to thre e of water. Whale oil soap is good, if to be had, and is as cheap as a broom. If you have nothing better put a bushel or two of ashes in a barrel of water-say two bushels. Let it stand twenty-four hours, and at sundown next day apply it plentifully, ashes and all, with a swab. This is a remedy always at hand, and is about as good as any other. It will take off the scaly bark, kill the mothers of the coming generation, and leave the trunk after a rain or two, as smooth and healthy as a girl's face of sweet sixteen.

FEED AND CARE OF COLTS .- A writer in the Germantown Telegraph gives the following directions on the subject : Wean the colt at five or six months old first teaching him, while sucking the mare, to eat oats. When taken from the dam confine the colt closely and put them out of hearing for one week .-During the first winter, feed daily two quarts of oats, and all the hay the colt will eat. This, with good, warm shelter, will keep him growing and improving Don't turn out in spring till the weather is settled and warm, and in a full bite of grass. The first year makes or ruins the colt. It is the most important of his life. Keep him fat the first year, whatever you do afterwards, for this year decides whether he is to be a full grown horse or a miserable pony-no aftercare can atone for neglect during the first twelve

To MAKE CHEAP - AND GOOD VINEGAR .- To eight gallons of clear rain water, add three quarts of molasses; turn the mixture into a clear tight cask, shake it well tw or three times, and add three spoonsful of good yeast, or two yeast cakes. Place the cask in a warm place, and in ten or fifteen days, add a sheet of common writing paper, smeared with molasses, and torn into narrow strips, and you will have the good vinegar. The paper is necessary to form the "mother," or life of the liquor.

STROKE OF LIGHTNING.—Throw cold water upon them as soon as possible. It will often restore persons struck by !ightning when apparently insensible, or even dead.

Wise and Otherwise.

A Shinplaster Story.

A shinplaster story has been localized here, and applied to a popular dry goods doaler. The story may have been in print, perhaps, but a repetition will do no harm. As the story goes, a farmer purchased a few cents' worth of goods from this trade, and gave him a bill to make change from. The latter returned him eighty-five cents in his engraved promises to pay, genteely known as checks but vulgarly known as shinplasters. "What's them?" inquired the astonished coun-

"Oh." said the merchant, those are a sort of currency we dry goods dealers have," and went way to another customer.

The countryman went off, not exactly satisfied but soon after returned, and bought nearly a dollar's worth of goods. After receiving the neatly tied up package, and being told the price, he deposited a number of pumpkin seeds on the counter.

"What are those ?" inquired the merchant. "Oh," replied the countryman, coolly, "them's a sort of currency, we farmers have," and thereupon

left the store. The story has it that the dry goods dealer, who appreciates good jokes, was so amused he did not call his unprofitable servant back,-Boston Post.

A SLIGHT MISUNDERING .- "Oh, I love you like everything," said a young man to his sweetheart, warmly pressing her hand

"Ditto," said she, very gently returning the pressure. The ardent lover, not happening to be over learned, was sorely puzzled to understand the meaning of "ditto," but was ashamed to expose his ignorance by asking the girl. He went home; and the next day, being at work in the cabbage-yard with his father he spoke out-

"Daddy, what's the meaning of ditto?" "Why," said the old man, "this here is one cab-

age-head ain't it ?' "Yes, daddy."

"Well, that ar's ditto."

for the girl he kept his word.

"Rot that ar' good-for nothing gal!" ejaculated the indignant son, " she called me a cabbage-head, and I'll never go to see her again," and fortunately

A REFORMED drunkard, in the course of an address, shocked his hearers by the following anti-cli-

"My friends, three months ago I signed the pledge." (Clapping of hands and loud cheers.)

"In a month afterward, my friends, I had a halfeagle in my pocket, a thing I never had before."-(Clapping and still louder cheers) "In another month, my friends I had a good

coat on my back, and I never had the like before." (Great applause and cries of "Go out.") "A fortnight after that, my friends, I bought a coffin." The audience were about to cheer again,

but paused and waited for an explanation. "You wonder," he continued, "why I bought a coffin. Well, my friends, 1 will tell you why. I bought the coffin because I felt pretty certain that if I kept the pledge another fortnight I should want

To THE GIRLS .- An exchange in giving an adice to young ladies on the subject of matrimony :-Never marry a fellow who is ashamed to carry : small bundle; who lies in bed until breakfast, and until his father has opened his shop, store or office and swept it out; who frequents taverns, bowling saloons, prize fights, &c : who owes his tailor, shoe maker, washer-woman, jeweler, barber, printer, and landlady, and never pays his debts-who is always talking about his acquaintances, and condemning them; whose tongue is always running about nonsense, who thinks he is the greatest man in the neigh-When the demand for choice grape vines is greater | borhood, and yet who every one despises and shuns.

> A writer beautifully remarks that a man's mother is the representative of his Maker. Misfortune and crime set no barrier between her and her son. While his mother lives, a man has one friend only at the ocean of eternity.

> A Deacon, not remarkable for good eyesight, once in giving out a psalm for the congregagation to sing, when he come to the lines-"The eastern sages shalt come in

With messages of grace."

put the audiance, in a roar of laughter by calling out in a loud voice:

"The eastern stages shall come in With sausages and grease."

An old bachelor geologist was once boasting that every rock was as familiar to him as the alphabet. A lady that was present declared that she knew of a rock of which he was ignorant. "Name it

madam !" said Cyclops in a rage. "It is rock the cradle," replied the lady. A "live Yankce" being awakened by the captain of a steamboat with the announcement that he musn't occupy his berth with his boots on," replied; "Oh, the bugs won't hurt 'em much, I guess,

Somebody, describing the absurd appearance of a man dancing the polka, says,-"He looked as though he had a hole in his pocket, and was trying to shake a shin-plaster down the leg of his trow-

they're an old pair-let 'em rip."

Why are ladies the biggest thieves in existence? Ans .- Because they steel the petticoats, bone the stays, and crib the babies. Yes, and hook

A Michigan soldier who was arrested for stealing a rebel's goose, said he found the bird hissing at the American flag, and he arrested it for trea-

4.>-----Why is the papil of the eye like a bad boy

as school? Because it is always under the lash, A hint for the lazy. The sun wouldn't be as

bright as he is if it were not for his early rising. Without the deer ladies, we should be

stag-nation. Angry friendship is not unfrequently as bad

Men resemble the gods in nothing so much as doing good to their fellow creatures.

Trust not the man who promises with an

Vews, like waistcoat-strings are frequently broken, when they bind a person too tightly.

He who -ravels through life in the hope of jumping into the boots of another, mostly goes on as bootless errand.

DEL. LACK. & WESTERN

RAILROAD. CHANGE OF TIME

O^N and after Monday, November 25th 1861, Trains will run as follows: EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS Abington 9:20

SCRANTON 10:00 "

Moscow 10:41 "

Gouldsboro 11:07 "

Tobyhanna 11:20 "

Stroudsburg 12.32 P. M. Delaware.....1:25 | 1:25 | Hope (Philadelphia connection) | 1:35 | Oxford | 1:53 | Washington | 2:10 |

Leave New York from foot of Courtland
 Street
 8:00 A. M.

 Pier No. 2, North River,
 7:90 "

 Philadelphia, from Kensington Depot
 7:10 "

 Tobyhanna
 2:42

 Gouldsboro
 2:55
 Arrive at Great Bend.....6:40

These Trains connect at Great Bend with the Night Express Trains both East and West on the New York and Erie, and at Scranton with Trains on Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad, for Pittston, Kingston and Wilkesbarre; and the Train moving South connects at Junction with Trains for Bethle-hem, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. Passengers to and from New York change cars a Junction. To and From Philadelphia, via. B. D. R.

For Pittston, Kingston and Wilkes-Parre, take L. & B. R. cars at Scranton.
For Jessup, Archbald and Carbondale, take Omnibus at Scranton.

ACCOMODATION TRAIN.

	MOVING NORTH	
	Leaves Scranton 9:50 "	
	Abington 10:35 "	
1	Factoryville	
	Nicholson	
	Hopbottom	ί
1	Montrose	
1	New Milford	
	Arrives at Great Bend	
	MOVING SOUTH	
	Leaves Great Bend 2:10 P. M	Ĺ.
	New Milford 2:35 "	
	Montrosem 3:05	
١	Hopbotto 3:45 "	
	37: 1 1	

Train from Kingston, and connects at Great Bend with the Day Express Trains both East and West on New York and Eric.

JOHN BRISBIN, Sup't. Superintendent's Office, Seranton, Nov. 25, 1861.

MRS. WOOD'S

FOR WHISKERS AND HAIR.

THE STIMULATING ONGLENT AND INVIG ORATOR will restore hair to the bald head, give new life and restore to original color gray hair ause rod hair to grow dark. Is warranted to bring

WHISKERS OR A MUSTACHE!

n from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in Lendoy and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp it will cure BALDNESS, and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair Applied according to directions, it will turu RED or light hair DARK, and restore gray hair tasts springly ador leaving it sets smooth and for to its original color, leaving it soft smooth, and flex-ible. The "ONGUENT" is an indispensable articl. in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use

they would not for any consideration be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be ad dressed.

Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists

and Dealers—or a box of the "onguent," warranted to have the desired effect, will be sent to any, who pe sire it, by mail, (direct) securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, \$1.18. HORACE WOOD South 7th St., cor. Grand, Williamsburth.n

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Shop Opposite Maynard's Hotel.

Ladies' hair cut in the most fashionable style, either at his Saloon, or their residence, if desirable.

Mr. Berlinghof is recently from New York city where he was employed in the best establish and consequently feels warranted in guaranteeing satisfaction to all who may favor him with their cus-

THE LADIES



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MRS. BARDWELL'S Opposite the Post-Office.

W HERE may be found a general assort-ment of Ribbons, Bonnet Material, Flowers, Ruches, Straw and Fancy Bonnets, Misses' and Children's Hats and Shakers, and all other articles in the milliney line, which will be offered at the lowest Please call and examine before purchasing else-

where.

Bleaching and repairing done in good order and at the shortest notice.

Tunkhnnock, Nov. 12, 1862—v2n14-3m.

WANTED -A RESPECTABLE PERSON OF R. STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR, and also J. R. STAFFORD'S R. STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR, and also J. R. STAFFORD'S IRON AND SULPHUR POWDERS. Olive tar is a thin, transparent fluid; it is the best remedy known for diseases of the Throat, Lungs, or Catarrh. Also for Diptheria, Croup, Whooping Cough, &c. My Iron and Sulphur Powders strengthen the system, aid the digestion, and purify the blood. I have a 16 page pamphlet containing full explanations, and over 100 testimonials from well known prominent persons which I will send to any one free by mail.

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New Arrangement,

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NICHOLSON, WYOMING CO. PA.

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AND

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TERMS: POSITIVELY READY PAY.

L. HARDING & O, have on hand and are constantly

FALL & WINTER Goods.

which they will sell for CASH OR

READY PAY

At least 20 PER CENT LESS

than those selling on the OLD CREDIT SYSTEM,

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WANTED .- All kinds of Grain Produce, Lumber, good Hemlock Shingles, Wool Socks, Sheep Pelts, Beef Hides, in fact everything that will sell, for which the highest market price will be paid.

L. HARDING & CO.

Nicholson Depot, Oct. 30th, 1861.

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

BINGH. MTON, N. Y. An Institution to Qualify Young Men for

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al Penmanship, Commercial Calculations and Correspondence.

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is guaranteed to be competent to take charge of the books of any business firm, and qualified to earn a salary from \$800 to \$1500 per annum. Assistance rendered to graduates in obtaining situations. Board \$200 to \$250 per week. For particulars send for Circular, enclosing stamp.

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With all the Recent Improvements, Is the Best and Cheapest and Most Beautiful of al Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything, from the running of a tuck in Tarletan to the making of an overcoat—anything from Pilot or Beaver Cloth, down to the softest Gauze or Gossamer Tissue, and is ever ready to do its work to perfection. It can fell, hem, bind, gather, tuck, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only Machine that can hem, fell, bind, and so forth, but it will do so better than any other Machine. The Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case, which is now becoming so popular, is, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box or case which, when opened, makes a beautiful, substantial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design— plain as the wood grew in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them.

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THIS Mill has been lately re-fitted and all the modern improvements added and is now in charge of

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torily done may be returned at the expense of the FLOUR of all kinds, MEAL and FEED, constant-

ly on hand and for sale, at the Lowest Cash prices Cash or Flour paid for grain at the Highest

P. B. BALDWIN.

Traveling Public!

To accommodate persons wishing to go by public conveyance from this place to any section, or re-turn, the undersigned continues to run a

Daily Line

to and from Factoryville Depot, leaving his hotel at 6 c'clock, a. m., arriving at Factoryville in time for

Great Dend, Scranton, New-York, and PHILADELPHIA.

Returning, leaves Factoryville on the arrival of the New York, Philadelphia and Accommoda-tion Train from Great Bend, arriving in Tunkhan-nock at 7 o'clock, p. m. N. B.—All Express matter, packages and goods will

be conveyed to and from the Depot. at reasonable rates; the proprietor holding himself responsible for the safe delivery of all such entrusted to his care. Towarda stage arrives at this hotel at 12 o'clock, Returning, leaves at 3 o'clock, p m Stages for Pittston, Wyoming, and Wilkesbarre, leave on the arrival of the Towanda stage, and re-

Montrose stage leaves on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 7 o'clock, a. m., connecting at Montrose with stages for Binghamton, &c. Returning, connects with stages for Pittston, Towanda, &c.

turning connect with the same

Persons wishing to be called for at their residences will be accommodated by leaving their names at the hotel of the proprietor. Horses and Carriages in readiness to forward passengerf at all times.



AYER'S PILLS

A NEW and singularly successful remedy for the gestion, Janndice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Ferm Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Indamations, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Bai and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Indeed very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and much siness and suffering might be prevented, if a hanless but effectual Cathartic were more freely and No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides, it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been arolated by the timely and judicious use of a good purgation. This is alike true of Colds, Feverish symptome, and Billious derangements. They all tend to become produce the deep seated and formidable distension which load the hearses all over the land. Hence reliable family physic is of the first importance to the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with consummate skill to meet that demand. An extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Profusors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing any thing hithertok known of any medicine. Cum have been effected beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth.

Among the many eminent gentlemen who have been effected heaven the suspicion of untruth.

Among the many eminent gentlemen who have been they be high professional character is an dorsed by

John McLean, Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Thos. Corwins, Secretary of the Treasury

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Hotel, and many others.

Hotel, and many others.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred certificates, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but evidence even more convincing that the experience of eminent public men is found in

the experience of eminent public men is found at their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete which the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded not of the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtue only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical process in a state of purity, and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of acrimonious and injurious qualities, by this each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of each substance employed are left behind, the curative virtues only being retained. Hence it is a substance employed are left behind, the curative virtues only being retained. Hence it is curative virtues only being retained. Hence it is self-evident the effects should prove, as they have proved, more purely remedial, and the Pills a sure, more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently expedient that my medicine should be taken under the convext of an attack.

(1)

should be taken under the counsel of an attending Physician, and as he could not properly judge of a remedy without knowing its composition, I have remeny without knowing its composition, I have supplied the accurate Formulæ by which both my Pectoral and Pills are made to the whole body of Practitioners in the United States and British American Provinces. If, however, there should be any one who has not received them, they will be promptly forwarded by mail to his request.

Of all the Patent Medicines that are offered, however, the provinces is the state of the promptly forwarded by mail to his request.

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The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge on the subject freely acknowledge their convictions of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was pronounced by scientific men to be a wondership medicine before its effects were known. Manyaminent Physicians have declared the same thing of my Pills, and even more confidently, and are willing to certify that their anticipations were more than realized by their effects upon trial. mysteries.

than realized by their effects upon trial.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangments as are the first origin of disease. Being sugar-wrapped, they are pleasant to take and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from

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For minute directions, see wrapper on the Ba PREPARED BY DR. JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist

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Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1 SOLD BY H Stark, Tunkhannock; T D. Spring, Laceyrille viarding & Co., Nicholson; E & J Frear, Factor, ville, and by dealers in Medicines everywhere.

NEW GROCERY

Provision STORE!

The Subscriber has opened a Grocery and Provi-ion Store in the Store Room, formerly occupied by Thos. Osterhout, in the borough of Tunkhanneet, and intends to keep on hand a good assortment of such articles as are usually sold in such an establishment. He intends to deal in none but good good, and to dispose of them at just so small advance upon contrast in proceedings. cost as it is possible for any man to do with safety to himself—being willing to share in these "hard times" the profits with his customers. Any one wis-ing to purchase any of the following articles, will to well to call on the subscriber before purchasing els-

Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Syrup, Kerosene, Candles, Tobacco, Snuff, Saleratus, Sal Soda, Ginger, Pepper, Allspice, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves, Raisins, Cream of

Tartar, Pork, White Fish, Mackerel, Trout, Nails, Glass, Wheat Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Corn Meal. Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Apples, Vinegar, Starch, Pen-Holders, Pen-

cils, Ink, Paper, Envelopes, Pocket Books, M ney Purses, Spool Thread, L nen Thread, Sewing Silk, Buttons, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Shawl Pins,

Watch Guards, Buck Skin, Cotton, Silk, and Lisle thread Gloves,

Cotton and Woolen Socks and Hose, Suspenders, Spectacles, Tobacco Boxes, Coarse, Fine, Dress and Circle Combs, Hair Brushes, Shaving Boxes, Soaps,

&c., &c., Also, a general assortment of custom made Bao and Shoes of the very best quality warranted, a salt by the barrel. Wanted in exchange for g and for which the highest market price will be Grain of all kinds, Buckwheat Flour, Butter, Beeswax, Honey, Lard, Tailow, Poultry, Paper Dried Peaches, Beans, Onions, &c.

GEO. LEIGHT Tunkbannock Dec. 10, 1862,