Farmer's Columu.

LOOK WELL TO YOUR DAIRY COWS.

The Canadian *Agriculturist* gives the following timely, judicious and humane advice for the management of dairy stock:

Much of the profit of a dairy cow depends on a plentiful supply at all times of nutritious food. Cows, it is well known, receiving food poor in alimental matter, fall away in milk. Add to the nutritive properties of the food, and they immediately increase their flow. The quantity of milk, then, does not depend on giving a particular kind of food, but on giving a quantity equal to the support of the natural waste of the body, and a remainder to be converted into milk. Farmers err very much when they undertake to keep more cattle than they have means to sustain in the best condition, especially in winter. The result is, their cows come out of the stable in the spring, weak and feeble, and struggle through half of the summer before they are in a condition to yield milk in quantity more than equal in paying expenses. Dairy cows should at all be in good condition. They should receive their food at regular intervals; their milk should be drawn at stated hours, and by quiet, gentle milkers, and they should be treated at all times with the greatnest kindness. In short, every means in the power of the dairy farmer should be used to insure their tranquility. Harsh treatment also exerts a very injurious action on the milk, rendering it less buttery, and more liable to acidity. Respiration is a species of combustion. At every breath, we inhale oxygen of the atmosphere, which unites with and consumes the fatty matter of the food.—When cows are worried or driven too rapidly, they breathe more frequently, inhale more oxygen, and more of the buttery portion of their food is consumed, leaving less to be converted into milk.—Warmth is a substitute, to a certain extent, for food. Hence the importance, in cold weather, of tight buildings, avoiding cold draughts, with proper attention, however, to perfect ventilation. Impure air acts as injuriously on the animal frame as impure or insufficient food. Cows, when warm and comfortable, will consume yroportionally less food, and it is well known to all experienced dairymen, that their cows yield more milk in warm pleasant days, or when they have the run of warm, well-sheltered pasture, than in cold rainy days, or when they run in cold bleak pastures. When cold, they inhale more oxygen; the result is a combustion of more of the carbon or oily part of the food, and less remains to supply the lacteal vessels with rich milk.

CULTIVATION OF THE PLUM.

It having become very difficult to cultivate the peach successfully in nearly all of the northern States, it becomes us to look carefully into the proffered treasures that Pomoma still holds out to us, and, if possible, select from her bounteous hand a substitute for this most delicious fruit. The plum is of easy cultivation where its habits are fully understood—the adaptation of certain varieties to certain soils, and the best manure to be used in its cultivation. The curculio has made such ravages with this fruit for several years that people have neglected to plant trees, and the leading pomologists of the country have confined themselves so closely to *generalities*, that but little information has been obtained from that source, *in detail* as regards its successful cultivation. I know of no authority at this time sufficiently definite to direct an inexperienced person in selecting such varieties as would be best adapted to the soil in which he wished to set them. In nearly every case the curculio can be effectually driven away by placing a *smudge* under the tree two or three times while in blossom. This is done by putting old boots, shoes or bits of leather with a shovel full of coals into an old kettle, or other vessel, and placing it under the tree just before sundown. Plum trees may be manured with unfermented animal manure, spread upon the surface the tree, and if spread about the time of its blossoming it will have a strong tendency to be borne in mind that every spring the tree should have two to four quarts of salt spread under it, as a saline alternative. I know of no treatment that carries with it such power to correct the poisonous particles in the sap, which, from its peculiar formation and composition, carries stronger traces of mercurial deposits than that of any other tree or plant which we cultivate, save the tomato. Any deficiency in the soil which renders the leaves powerless to properly elaborate the sap into fruit and fibre, in the latter part of the season, will show itself in excresences bursting out upon the limbs, which carry poison into the maturing ducts by the descending sap, and very soon pervades every part of the tree, and eventually hills it. I fancy people do not duly appreciate the great value of this fruit in the promotion of health; and how little effort upon suitable soil and in the selection of trees is required to keep a family supplied with this delicious fruit from mid-summer to late autumn. Old brine is lexcelent to turn upon the soil under the trees Should we be compelled to abandon the cultivation of the peach, apricot and nectarine, by carefully studying the laws of propagation and growth, we can still supply ourselves with apples, pears, plums and the smaller fruits of the first quality.

It will be well to be careful of the salt, as a little too much will kill the trees.—*Rural New Yorker.*

L. L. Pierce.

To Make Superior Vinegar and Pickles.—The following receipe was communicated by Thomas Arnor to the *Scientific American.* Our readers who desire a good and wholesome article would do well to preserve the directions here given; "To one gallon of soft water add a pint of sugar or sorghum molasses; stir all well, and then add nearly a gallon of fresh ripe tomatoes. Set the vessel aside, and in a few days you will have the sourest pickles you ever tasted and the best vinegar.

Warmth.—The best fire in winter is made up of exercise, and the poorest of whiskey. He that keeps warm on liquor is like a man who pulls his house to pieces to feed his fireplace. The prudent and temperate use of liquor is to let it alone. If not used it certainly won't hurt you; he that says there is no danger, boasts that he is more than other men.

About Cattle.—The way to summer your cattle well is to winter them well; and half the secret of good wintering is to keep them warm. Animal heat is generated in proportion to the abundance and excellence of their food. Exposure to the cold air withdraws heat rapidly, and of course makes more food necessary to re-supply it, just as an open door makes it necessary to have more wood in the stove. If your stock run down in the winter and come out lean and feeble, all the summer will not bring them in condition again.

Wise and Otherwise.

THE IRISHMAN AND HIS DRINK.

When Mr. Dodge, electic physician, was lecturing through the State on the laws of health, and particularly on the effects of tea and coffee, he happened to meet, one morning at the breakfast table, a witty son of Erin, of the better class. Conversation turned on the doctor's favorite subject, as follows:

"Perhaps you think I would be unable to convince you of the deleterious effects of tea and coffee?"

"I don't know," said Erin, "but I'd like to be there when you do it."

"Well," said the doctor, "if I convince you that they are injurious to your health, will you abstain from its use?"

"Sure and I will, sir."

"How often do you use coffee and tea?" asked the doctor.

"Morning and night, sir"

"Well, did you ever experience a slight dizziness of the brain on going to bed?"

"Indeed I do."

"And a sharp pain through the temples, in and about the eyes, in the morning?"

"Troth, I do, sir."

"Well," said the doctor, with an air of assurance and confidence in his manner, "that is the tea and coffee."

"Is it indeed! Faith, and I always thought it was the whiskey I drank!"

The company roared with laughter, and the doctor quietly retired. He was beaten.

A Smart Man.—My friend lives three miles from the post office; and one stormy night last winter he told his new help to harness the horse, go down to the office, and see what there was in the box, giving him the number.

In due time Jerry returned, and put up his horse at the library door of Mr. C——, who sitting in gown and slippers, was impatiently waiting the arrival of the mail.

"Well, Jerry, what was there at the Post office for me?"

"Two letters and a paper, sir."

"Well, hand them to me! What are you standing there for?"

"Indade you didn't tell me to bring them at all at all!"

"Mr. C——, finding that Jerry had the best of it, asked him what he went to the office for."

Jerry replied:

"You tould me to go to the office and *see* what was in this box, and haven't I done it, sure?"

Jerry had to harness up again, and take another ride in the cold, muttering as he went that he wished his Honor would bh after maning what he said next time.

"Enough."—A Frenchman was being terribly beaten by a brawny sailor who held his victim to the earth while he severely beat him, The unfortunate fellow kept yelling out with all his might, "Hurrah! I say, hurrah!" but a man who was passing saw his predicament and told him to cry "enough." "Enough! enough!" shouted the soundly flogged foreigner. "By gar zat is the word I try to tink of dis several minutes gone" The sailor let him get up when the Frenchman rubbed his hands with delight, and cried: "Enough! by gar, 'tis very mooch good word for little fellow to remember."

☞ Mr. A——, formerly a member of the constituent assembly, has just died at Avignon. He ascended the tribune but once "Gentlemen," said he, "man is an animal;" awed by the imposing aspect of the assembly, he stopped short. A member exclaimed, "I move that the speech be printed with the portrait of the orator prefixed."

☞ A country girl was spilt from a wagon at Columbus, Ohio, and had all her finery mussed and dirtied, she lay for some time insensible. Her first tremulous exclamation on recovering, was.

"I hope there is no *Editors* in sight."

☞ A "live Yankee" being awakened by the captain of a steamboat with the announcement that he "must'n occupy his berth with his boots on," replied: "Oh, the bugs won't hurt 'em much, I guess, they're an old pair—let 'em rip."

☞ A Western editor, on hearing it remarked that persons in a drowning condition suddenly recollected all the transactions of their lives, wished that a few of his delinquent subscribers would take to bathing in deep water.

☞ A boosy fellow was observed, one day driving a "porker," holding on to its tail, and when asked what he was doing, replied that he was studying gehog-raphy.

☞ It is singular how rapidly some young gentlemen from the country lose their color when visiting large cities. They go there very green, and invariably come away done very brown.

☞ All flesh is grass, and one would imagine hay was in great demand, from the frequent advice to "dry up."

☞ An old bachelor geologist was once boasting that every rock was as familiar to him as the alphabet. A lady who was present declared that she knew of a rock of which he was ignorant. "Name it, madam!" said Cyclops in a rage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the lady.

☞ "Get out of the way, boy, get out of the way," said a gentleman on horseback to a boy in the road. "My horse don't like donkeys," "Don't he," said the boy, "then why don't he kick you off."

☞ Woman is like ivy—the more you are ruined the closer she clings to you. An old bachelor adds: "Ivy is like woman—the closer she clings to you, the more you are ruined."

☞ "My yoke is easy and my burden is light," as the young fellow said when his girl was sitting in his lap with his arm around her neck.

☞ A Western paper speaks of a man who "died without the aid of a physician." Such instances of death are exceedingly rare.

☞ Some people say much and do nothing; but Christians should do much and say nothing.

☞ Though good ends make not bad actions lawful, yet bad ends make good actions sinful.

☞ A drop of praise is an unsuitable acknowledgment for an ocean of mercy.

☞ It were better for us to have no being than not to have a new being.

☞ It is unnatural for a Christian's tongue to be larger than his hand.

☞ The summit of moral religion consists in imitating God.

Beautiful Extract.—Helping a handsome lady out of a mud puddle.

TO TRAVELERS.

DAILY LINE OF STAGES!

FROM

Tunkhannock to Pittston,

CONNECTING with STAGES running to and from Wilkes-Barre, and all other points, from Pittston. Also, with stages running to and from Towanda, Laceyville, Meshoppen, Montrose and other oints, from Tunkhannock.

NONE BUT GOOD HORSES,

AND

CAREFUL AND OBLIGING DRIVERS

are engaged on this Line.

Extra Horses and Carriages constantly on hand,

FORWARD PASSENGERS

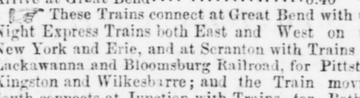
from Tunkhannock to Springville, Mehoopany and all other points off the line of regular Stage route.

J. RITTERSPAUGH, Proprietor.

Tunkhannock, September, 18, 1861.

DEL. LACK. & WESTERN RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME



ON and after Monday, November 25th 1861, Trains will run as follows:

EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS

Leave	Great Bend at	7:20 A. M.
	New Milford	7:39 "
	Montrose	8:00 "
	Hopbottom	8:23 "
	Nicholson	8:40 "
	Factoryville	9 04 "
	Abington	9:20 "
	SCRANTON	10:00 "
	Moscow	10:41 "
	Gouldsboro	11:07 "
	Tobyhanna	11:20 "
	Stroudsburg	12.32 P. M.
	Water Gap	12:46 "
	Columbia	1:00 "
	Delaware	1:25 "
	Hope (Philadelphia connection)	1:35 "
	Oxford	1:53 "
	Washington	2:10 "
	Junction	2:32 "
Arrive at	New York	5:30 "
	Philadelphia	6:50 "

MOVING NORTH.

Leave	New York from foot of Courtland Street	8:00 A. M.
	Pier No. 2, North River,	7:00 "
	Philadelphia, from Kensington Depot	7:10 "
Leave	Junction	11:15 "
	Washington	11:33 "
	Oxford	11:50 "
	Hope (Philadelphia connection)	12:14 P. M.
	Delaware	12:43 "
	Columbia	1:00 "
	Water Gap	1:16 "
	Stroudsburg	1:30 "
	Tobyhanna	2:42 "
	Gouldsboro	2:55 "
	Moscow	3.17 "
	SCRANTON	4:10 "
	Abington	4:40 "
	Factoryville	4:56 "
	Nicholson	5:16 "
	Hopbottom	5:38 "
	Montrose	6:00 "
	New Milford	6:21 "
Arrive at	Great Bend	6:40 "

☞ These Trains connect at Great Bend with the Night Express Trains both East and West on the New York and Erie, and at Scranton with Trains on Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad, for Pittston, Kingston and Wilkesbarre; and the Train moving South connects at Junction with Trains for Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

Passengers to and from New York change cars a Junction. To and From Philadelphia, via. B. D. R. R., leave or take cars at Hope.

For Pittston, Kingston and Wilkes-Barre, take L. & B. R. R. cars at Scranton.

For Jessup, Archbald and Carbondale, take Omnibus at Scranton.

ACCOMODATION TRAIN.

MOVING NORTH

Leaves	Scranton	9:50 "
	Abington	10:35 "
	Factoryville	11:00 "
	Nicholson	11:30 "
	Hopbottom	12:05 P. M
	Montrose	12:45 "
	New Milford	1:20 "
Arrives at	Great Bend	1.45 "

MOVING SOUTH

Leaves	Great Bend	2:10 P. M.
	New Milford	2:35 "
	Montrosem	3:05 "
	Hopbotto	3:45 "
	Nicholson	4:15 "
	Factoryville	5:13 "
	Abington	5:40 "
Arrives at	Scranton	6:30 "

This Train leaves Scranton after the arrival of the Train from Kingston, and connects at Great Bend with the Day Express Trains both East and West on New York and Erie.

JOHN BRISBIN, Sup't.

Superintendent's Office,
Scranton, Nov. 25, 1861.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE PERSON OF EITHER SEX in every neighborhood to sell J. R. Stafford's Olive Tar, and also J. R. Stafford's Iron and Sulphur Powders. Olive tar is a thin, transparent fluid; it is the best remedy known for diseases of the Throat, Lungs, or Catarrh. Also for Diptheria, Croup, Whooping Cough, &c. My Iron and Sulphur Powders strengthen the system, aid the digestion, and purify the blood. I have a 16 page pamphlet containing full explanations, and over 100 testimonials from well known prominent persons which I will send to any one *free by mail.*

J. R. STAFFORD, Chemist,
v1n24,1y. 442Broadway, NewYork

MRS. WOOD'S

CELEBRATED

STIMULATING ONGUENT,

FOR WHISKERS AND HAIR.

THE STIMULATING ONGUENT AND INVIGORATOR will restore hair to the bald head, give new life and restore to original color gray hair cause red hair to grow dark. Is warranted to bring out a thick set of

WHISKERS OR A MUSTACHE!

in from three to six weeks. This article is the onln one of the kind used by the French, and in Lendoy and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp it will cure BALDNESS, and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair Applied according to directions, it will turn RED or light hair DARK, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth, and flexible. The "Onguent" is an indispensable articl. in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers—or a box of the "onguent," warranted to have the desired effect, will be sent to any, who pa sire it, by mail, (direct) securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, $1.18.

Apply to or address HORACE WOOD
South 7th St., cor. Grand, Williamsburth, N

JACOB BERLINGHOF.

Fashionable Shaving, Hair cutting,

AND SHAMPOOING SALOON.

Shop Opposite Maynard's Hotel.

Ladies' hair cut in the most fashionable style, either at his Saloon, or their residence, if desirable.

Mr. Berlinghof is recently from New York city, where he was employed in the best establishments, and consequently feels warranted in guaranteeing satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

New Arrangement,

AT THE

Farmer's Store,

NICHOLSON, WYOMING CO. PA.

New Arrangements

AND

NEW GOODS!

TERMS: POSITIVELY READY PAY.

L. HARDING & O, have on hand and are constantly receiving a large Stock of

FALL & WINTER Goods,

which they will sell for CASH OR

READY PAY

At least 20 PER CENT LESS

than those selling on the OLD CREDIT SYSTEM,

Our Motto:

SMALL PROFITS & READY PAY

WANTED.—All kinds of Grain Produce, Lumber, good Hemlock Shingles, Wool Socks, Sheep Pelts, Beef Hides, in fact everything that will sell, for which the highest market price will be paid.

L. HARDING & CO.

Nicholson Depot,

Oct. 30th, 1861.

L. Harding & Co., Nicholson, Pa.

The Ready Pay System Adopted.

Lowell Warner's

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

An Institution to Qualify Young Men for Business.

D. W. Lowell, Principal, Professor of the Science of Accounts, Practical Accountant, Author of Lowell's Treatise upon Book-Keeping, Diagrams illustrating the same, &c.

Jno. Rankin, Commercial Accountant, Professor of Book-Keeping and Practical Mathematics.

A. J. Warner, Professor of Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, Commercial Calculations and Correspondence.

J. J. Curtil, Assistant Teacher in Bookkeeping Department.

LECTURERS.

Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, LL, D Lecturer on Commercial Law and Political Economy.

Hon. Ransom Balcom, Lecturer on Contracts, Promisary Notes and Bills of Exchange.

Rev. Dr. E. Andrews, Lecturer on Commercial Ethics.

Students can enter at any time; no vacation. Graduates are presented with an elegantly engraved Diploma. Usual time required to complete full commercial course, from 8 to 12 weeks. Every student is guaranteed to be competent to take charge of the books of any business firm, and qualified to earn a salary from $800 to $1500 per annum. Assistance rendered to graduates in obtaining situations. Board $2 00 to $2 50 per week.

For particulars send for Circular, enclosing stamp. n5-1y.

SINGER & CO'S.

LETTER "A" FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

With all the Recent Improvements,

Is the Best and Cheapest and Most Beautiful of al Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything, from the running of a tuck in Tarletan to the making of an overcoat—anything from Pilot or Beaver Cloth, down to the softest Gauze or Gossamer Tissue, and is ever ready to do its work to perfection. It can fell, hem, bind, gather, tuck, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only Machine that can hem, fell, bind, and so forth, but it will do so better than any other Machine. The Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case, which is now becoming so popular, is, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box or case which, when opened, makes a beautiful, substantial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design—plain as the wood grew in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them.

The Branch Offices are well supplied with silk twist, thread, needles, oil, etc., of the very best quality.

Send for a copy of "Singer & Co.'s Gazette."

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
458 Broadway, N. Y.

Philadelphia Office, 810 Chestnut St.

Mrs. C. T. Marsh, and D. A. Bardwell, Esq., agents in Tunkhannock

Blanks!! Blanks!!!

BLANK
DEEDS
SUMMONSES
SUBPŒNAES
EXECUTIONS
CONSTABLE'S SALES

Justice's, Constable's, and legal Blanks of all kinds, *Neatly and Correctly* printed on *good Paper*, and for sale at the Office of the "North Branch Democrat."

TRY THE

NICHOLSON MILLS!!

(*NEAR BACON'S OLD STAND.*)

THIS Mill has been lately re-fitted and all the modern improvements added and is now in charge of

MR. WINT,

of Providence, Luzerne county, one of the best Miller in the country.

Particular attention paid to

Custom Work,

which will be done on short notice.

ALL WORK WARRANTED, and if not satisfactorily done may be returned at the expense of the subscribers.

FLOUR of all kinds, MEAL and FEED, constantly on hand and for sale, at the Lowest Cash prices

☞ Cash or Flour paid for grain at the Highest Cash prices.

N. R. WINT P. B. BALDWIN,
Proprietor

Traveling Public!

TO accommodate persons wishing to go by public conveyance from this place to any section, or return, the undersigned continues to run a

Daily Line

OF

STAGES,

to and from Factoryville Depot, leaving his hotel at 6 o'clock, a. m., arriving at Factoryville in time for Trains to

Great Bend, Scranton, New-York,

and PHILADELPHIA.

Returning, leaves Factoryville on the arrival of the New York, Philadelphia and Accommodation Train from Great Bend, arriving in Tunkhannock at 7 o'clock, p. m.

N. B.—All Express matter, packages and goods will be conveyed to and from the Depot, at reasonable rates; the proprietor holding himself responsible for the safe delivery of all such entrusted to his care.

Towanda stage arrives at this hotel at 12 o'clock, m. Returning, leaves at 3 o'clock, p. m

Stages for Pittston, Wyoming, and Wilkesbarre, leave on the arrival of the Towanda stage, and returning connect with the same.

Montrose stage leaves on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 7 o'clock, a. m., connecting at Montrose with stages for Binghamton, &c. Returning, connects with stages for Pittston, Towanda, &c.

Persons wishing to be called for at their residences will be accommodated by leaving their names at the hotel of the proprietor.

Horses and Carriages in readiness to forward passengerf at all times.

T. B. WALL.

sept24—v2n7.

AYER'S PILLS,

A new and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all Bilious diseases—Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fever, Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflammations, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Indeed very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and much sickness and suffering might be prevented, if a safe less but effectual Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides, it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This is alike true of Colds, Feverish symptoms, and Bilious derangements. They all tend to become and produce the deep seated and formidable disease which load the hearses all over the land. Hence a reliable family physic is of the first importance to the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with consummate skill to meet that demand. An extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Professors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing any thing hitherto known of any medicine. Cures have been effected beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth.

Among the many eminent gentlemen who have testified in favor of these Pills, we may mention

Prof. J. M. Locke, Analytical Chemist, of Cincinnati, whose high professional character is endorsed by

John McLean, Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Thos. Corwin, Secretary of the Treasury

Hon. J. M. Wright, Governor of Indiana.

N. Longworth, great wine grower of the West.

Also, Dr. J. R. Chilton, Practical Chemist, New York City, endorsed by

Hon. W. L. Marcy, Secretary of State.

Wm. B. Astor, the richest man in America.

S. Leland & Co., Propr's of the Metropolitan Hotel, and many others.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred certificates, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but evidence even more convincing than the experience of eminent public men is found in their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete which the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded not of the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical process in a state of purity, and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. The system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of unharmonious and injurious qualities, by this each individual virtue only that is desired for the cure effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of each substance employed are left behind, the curative virtues only being retained. Hence the self-evident the effects should prove, as they have proved, more purely remedial, and the Pills a surer, more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently expedient that my medicine should be taken under the counsel of an attending Physician, and as he could not properly judge of a remedy without knowing its composition, I have supplied the accurate Formulæ by which both the Pectoral and Pills are made to the whole body of Practitioners in the United States and British American Provinces. If, however, there should be any one who has not received them, they will be promptly forwarded by mail to his request.

Of all the Patent Medicines that are offered, a few would be taken if their composition was known. Their life consists in their mystery. I have no mysteries.

The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge of the subject freely acknowledge their convictions of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral is pronounced by scientific men to be a wonderful medicine before its effects were known. Many eminent Physicians have declared the same thing of my Pills, and even more confidently, and are willing to certify that their anticipations were more than realized by their effects upon trial.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Being sugar-wrapped, they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY

DR. JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for $1.

SOLD BY

H Stark, Tunkhannock; T D. Spring, Laceyville; Harding & Co., Nicholson; E & J. Frear, Factoryville, and by dealers in Medicines everywhere.

NEW GROCERY —AND— Provision STORE!

The Subscriber has opened a Grocery and Provision Store in the Store Room, formerly occupied by Thos. Osterhout, in the borough of Tunkhannock, and intends to keep on hand a good assortment of such articles as are usually sold in such an establishment. He intends to deal in none but good goods, and to dispose of them at just so small advance on cost as it is possible for any man to do with safety to himself—being willing to share in these "hard times" the profits with his customers. Any one wishing to purchase any of the following articles, will do well to call on the subscriber before purchasing elsewhere.

Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Syrup, Kerosene, Candles, Tobacco, Snuff, Saleratus, Sal Soda, Ginger, Pepper, Allspice, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves, Raisins, Cream of Tartar,

Pork, White Fish, Mackerel, Trout, Nails, Glass, Wheat Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Corn Meal, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Apples, Vinegar, Starch, Pen-Holders, Pencils, Ink, Paper, Envelopes,

Pocket Books, Money Purses, Spool Thread, Linen Thread, Sewing Silk, Buttons, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Shawl Pins, Watch Guards, Buck Skin, Cotton, Silk, and Lisle thread Gloves,

Cotton and Woolen Socks and Hose, Suspenders, Spectacles, Tobacco Boxes, Coarse, Fine, Dress and Circle Combs, Hair Brushes, Shaving Boxes, Soaps, &c., &c.,

Also, a general assortment of custom made Boots and Shoes of the very best quality warranted. Also salt by the barrel. Wanted in exchange for goods and for which the highest market price will be paid, Grain of all kinds, Buckwheat Flour, Butter, Eggs, Beeswax, Honey, Lard, Tallow, Poultry, Paper Rags, Dried Peaches, Beans, Onions, &c.

GEO. LEIGHTON.

Tunkhannock Dec. 10, 1862.